THIS PAPER IS NOT COMPLETE WITHOUT THE ART STUDY.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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VOLUME LXI.—NO. 333. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1902—TWENTY PAGES—WITH ART STUDY. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

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Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

THE FAMOUS SONNET OF ARVERS.

Translated by Mrs. R. W. Latimer.

Felix Arvers was born in Paris in 1806 and received a careful training from his father, who was a lawyer. At 30 he published a volume of poems called "Mes Heures Perdues." The principal pieces are "La Mort de François I." and a comedy, "Plus de Peur que Mal." The adverse criticism this book received so preyed upon Arvers' mind that he contracted a fever. He was taken to the hospital of Saint Louis and fell in love with the beautiful nun who nursed him back to life and health. Arvers kept his secret honorably and upon his death a sonnet was found among his private papers which, says M. Jules Janin, has made him immortal. It is called "Le fameux sonnet d'Arvers." The poet died in 1851.

My soul has its own secret, life its care,
A hopeless love that in one moment drew
The breath of life. Silent its pain I bear,
Which she who caused it, knows not, never knew.

Alas! by her unmarked my passion grew
As by her side I walked—most lonely there,
And long as life shall last I am aware
I shall win nothing, for I dare not sue.

While she, whom God has made so kind and sweet,
Goes heedless on her way with steadfast feet,
Unconscious of love's whisper murmured low.

To duty faithful as a saint, some day,
Reading these lines all filled with her, she'll say:
"Who was this woman?" and will never know.



"Poems You Ought to Know" previously published have been collected in a book under that title. On sale by booksellers, newsdealers, and at THE TRIBUNE office.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— SATURDAY, NOV. 29, 1902.

Showers and slightly warmer, with brisk southerly winds Saturday, probably followed by generally fair Sunday. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 37 degrees at 4 p. m. and the minimum 28 degrees at 6 a. m.

Sun rises at 6:57; sets at 4:21. Moon rises at 6:20 a. m.

WASHINGTON:—

Members of congress already arrived indicate tariff revision will be precipitated at once over anthracite coal duty repeal; President Roosevelt's supporters also threaten anti-trust legislation at approaching session; attempt to admit Oklahoma, New Mexico, and Arizona foreshadows bitter contest.

Secretary Moody's annual report declares shortage of 577 naval officers exists, while new ships being built will need 623 more, and 100 will leave service; eight battleships under construction are from ten to twenty-nine months behind contract.

President Roosevelt hurried government business and gave audience to Carlisle Indian football players; football talk exchanged with each of eleven players.

POLITICAL:—

Congressman Hopkins refused William Lorimer's appeal for aid in Illinois state speakership campaign; John Miller, organization candidate, and six supporters visited St. Louis and Springfield to secure pledges; 55 votes claimed by Lorimer faction.

Thomas Carey issued statement claiming 72 votes out of 113 for Cook county democratic chairmanship; Harrison-Carey slate claims 68; McGillen-Barrett faction declares 27 out of Carey's 72 pledged to McGillen.

DOMESTIC:—

John L. Sullivan cleared himself of $450 tailor's bill by New York bankruptcy proceedings, in order to fill Boston theatrical engagement without danger of arrest; event celebrated by foodless dinner to his friends.

New York wind storm revealed to shopping district observers that black hosiery is scarce this winter, while up and down stripes prevail for everything over 150 pounds and 'round and 'round stripes for lighter weights.

New York ordinance to forbid keeping of dogs in flat buildings defeated by public indignation; 600 dog owners attended aldermanic committee meeting called to discuss it.

Charles F. Kelly, former president of St. Louis house of delegates under indictment on boodling charge, arrested at Philadelphia while en route home from Europe to funeral of his son.

Edward F. Croker, chief of New York fire department and nephew of Richard Croker, dismissed following conviction for appropriating public property to his own use.

Florence Burns, suspect in Walter Brooks murder case, New York, married to Charles W. Wildrick, recently released from penitentiary after sentence for forgery.

FOREIGN:—

Attempt to pass German tariff bill without discussing details compelled adjournment of reichstag; socialists dragged Herr Gathein, radical, down stairs and prevented renewal of his speech when session was resumed.

Señor Tamayo's resignation as Cuban government secretary accepted by President Palma, and Señor Yero, secretary of public instruction, made his successor temporarily; resignation due to Havana strike.

The Rev. Joseph Parker, pastor of City temple, London, died at age of 72 years; was son of stonecutter and preached first sermon at 15 years.

President Castro will head off naval demonstration against Venezuela by England and Germany by paying claims due their subjects; Venezuelan financial crisis threatened.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Canadian colonization from United States centered in Winnipeg as gateway to farm lands; Galicians, Dunkards, Doukhobors, Icelanders, and Chinese also among new arrivals; land sold three times in a week with profits of $15,000 for every sale.

Boston store site, 77-79 Madison street, given valuation of $450,000 by W. D. Kerfoot, W. A. Bond, and John C. Fetzer, experts appointed by city council; 5 per cent rental on $540,000 recommended for ninety-nine year lease asked by Charles Netcher.

Employes of four Chicago elevated railroads organized branch of Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employés; 1,000 members enrolled out of 2,500 in "L" service; demand for wage increase planned.

Western immigrant bureau's fate depends on agreement of Rock Island, Southern Pacific, and Santa Fé railroad officials over California immigrant business; pool will dissolve unless committee decides to give percentage to Rock Island's El Paso line.

New York stock market dull, but prices strong; St. Paul and sugar trust shares gained three points; Louisville and Nashville, 6½; short interest and few speculative shares now for sale responsible for advance.

Chicago Underwriters' association appointed committee to plan deposit system.

PAGES.

1 Live Session of Congress Expected. John L. Sullivan a Bankrupt. Pranks of Gotham Gale. Battle for State Speakership.

2 Florence Burns a Bride. Cannot Banish Gotham Dogs. General News of New York. President Greets Carlisle Indians. Kelly, St. Louis Fugitive, Caught.

3 Castro Decides to Pay Claims. Russia's New Port Grows. Kaiser Scored by Vorwaerts. Stormy Day in the Reichstag. Dr. Joseph Parker Is Dead. Tamayo Quits Cuban Cabinet. Honorary Degree for Dr. Lorenz.

4 Winnipeg a Gate to New Dominion. Britons Bar New England Cattle. Contest in Democratic Committee.

5 Stock Show Opens Today. Kills Himself in a Cab. "L" Road Men Form Union. University Head Deprecates Books.

6 "Big Nine" Rejects Nebraska. Rest for Chicago Eleven. Navy and Army Play Today. Expert's Views on Football. Two Year Olds Furnish Upsets.

7 Hodgson Lands Three Long Shots. Arrest Made in Courtroom. Offer $10,000 for "L" Signs.

11 Records of the Courts. General News of Railroads.

12 Editorial Comment. Fontenoy Letter.

13 News of Society. Music and Drama News. Ender in Court at Last.

14 In the Commercial Markets.

15 Week's Review of Trade. Financial News of the World. Insurance Affairs. Lake Marine.

16 Navy in Need of More Officers. Ask New Lease for McVicker's.

17-20 Literary Supplement.

LOCAL:—

Elevated railroads offered city 10 per cent of billboard earnings if allowed to keep advertisements on station platforms; compensation would total $10,000; tunnel lowering ordinance, requiring $400,000 expenditure, to be introduced on Monday.

Front of McVicker's theater building will be torn down and ten story office structure erected if board of education will fix rental for balance of ninety-nine year lease agreeable to Jacob Litt, lessee.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz, Vienna surgeon, given degree of LL. D. by Northwestern university at dedication of Tremont Hotel building to educational purposes; he declared himself agent only of Vienna university, to whom honor of the degree belongs.

International Live Stock exposition will open at stockyards this morning; display of thoroughbred animals declared to break world's record; organization to make show permanent planned.

Adolph Ender, who declared his name used without his knowledge in Dunning injunction suits to prevent Dr. John R. Neely's appointment, testified to giving his name as petitioner to Attorney Hooper.

President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university, at banquet by Chicago alumni, told plans for Oxford tutoring system to cost $2,225,000, when $12,500,000 needed by university is given.

John Rohrlock, 651 Orchard street, Clark street cable conductor for fifteen years, committed suicide in cab near his home after resigning and starting for California trip.

Chicago, Milwaukee Avenue and Inland Lakes traction ordinance, for trolley line in Milwaukee avenue from city to county limits, withdrawn from county commissioners after being threatened with defeat.

Judge Clifford will decide Mrs. Josephine Moffitt's suit against W. W. Pike for separate maintenance at 10 a. m. today.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
LIVERPOOL	Cymric	Bovic.
MOVILLE		Dorinthian.
NEW YORK	Phœnicia	
QUEENSTOWN	Lucania	Merion.
S. FRANCISCO	Mariposa	Nevadan.
S. FRANCISCO	Crook	
TACOMA	Pleides	

MEMBERS EXPECT LIVELY SESSION.

Congress in for Hard Fights on Tariff, Trust, Statehood, and Other Questions.

QUAY VS. BEVERIDGE.

Senators Will Clash on the Admission of New Mexico—Oklahoma Is Most Likely to Be Taken In.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Enough members of the house and senate have put in an appearance during the last week or ten days to make it certain that the coming short session of congress will not be productive of much general legislation, but at the same time it will be a session of the liveliest description, marked by a series of hard fought fights on half a dozen different fields.

Those who are seeking to support the president in his efforts to secure legislation to curb the growing power of the trusts are not at all disposed to accept the belief that they must wait until after the close of the short session to secure definite results. The chances are all against any trust legislation this winter, but the fight is to be waged with just as much vigor as if the passage of a satisfactory law were already in sight.

The tariff revision people are also determined no grass shall grow under their feet. They propose to pave the way for future action and will begin by propositions to remove even the suspicion of a tariff from anthracite coal.

The statehood question is to be precipitated in the senate during the second week of the present session and all signs point to a fight of unusual bitterness. There is little prospect any of the three territories will be given the honors and privileges of statehood, with the possible exception of Oklahoma.

Immigration, the department of commerce, the ship subsidy scheme, and one or two other topics have in them volcanic elements which are almost certain to produce more or less of an eruption between now and the 4th of March.

***

The fight over the statehood bill involves something which is much like personal antagonism between Senator Quay of Pennsylvania and Senator Beveridge of Indiana. The Pennsylvania boss has business interests out in New Mexico and he is putting up a stiff fight in behalf of the admission to the sisterhood of states of Arizona and New Mexico.

The statehood bill, as it passed the house, embraced the three territories of Oklahoma, Arizona, and New Mexico. This was done to avoid opposition and to consolidate sentiment in the house. It was quite well understood at the time, however, that the purpose of congress was to admit Oklahoma alone and let the other two territories wait awhile.

This sentiment was not founded on political considerations, but solely on the question of the ratio of population to representation. Oklahoma had an abundance of population, and in addition thereto its percentage of illiteracy was remarkably small. On the other hand neither New Mexico nor Arizona had much population, and the percentage of illiteracy as shown by the census figures was dangerously large.

When the omnibus statehood bill was brought up for passage in the house it could not possibly have received a majority vote had it not been for the general understanding that the senate would run away with the omnibus and permit a vote on each territory separately.

***

Senator Elkins of West Virginia, who was once a delegate from New Mexico, is helping Quay to secure admission of the old Spanish-American territory. These two republican senators have quite a little following and have gained accessions of late among the democrats, who believe Arizona and New Mexico surely and Oklahoma probably will be found in the democratic column at the next general election. There is a strong sentiment in the senate, however, against the suspicion of anything like log rolling when it comes to so serious a matter as the creation of three new sovereign states.

Among the republicans I have talked with the sentiment is overwhelming that each territory will stand on its own merits. This is a principle likely to be adopted by the committee. It probably will separate the omnibus bill into three separate measures and the indications are that there will be a favorable report on Oklahoma and either an unfavorable report or no action at all on the other two territories.

The report will show that the population of Oklahoma now exceeds that of Vermont, Delaware, North Dakota, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, or Nevada. The territory is entitled to at least two congressmen under the ratio for the next house of representatives, whereas New Mexico would be entitled to but one and Arizona to about two-thirds of a member.

Senator Beveridge's committee, it is understood, will present its report during the first week of the session. There has been a good deal of bitterness stirred up over the statehood bills and Senator Quay and Senator Beveridge have constantly clashed.

***

The statehood bills are made a special order for consideration after Dec. 1. When the question is once divided there would be no doubt about a favorable vote for Oklahoma. The trouble is, however, that Mr. Quay's friends have announced that if Arizona and New Mexico are not first voted upon and accepted they will kill off the Oklahoma bill, at least for this session. There is no doubt of their ability to do this and it seems quite likely that when the Fifty-seventh congress adjourns the fourth day of March it will leave all the trust amendments, the tariff revision question, and the statehood dispute as legacies to the Fifty-eighth congress, so that when "Uncle Joe" Cannon first raps the house to order he will find confronting him three of the most important questions that could bother the busy brain of any speaker.

***

Sol Bethea, the United States district attorney for the northern district of Illinois, will be reappointed for a term of four years, beginning Dec. 20. Attorney General Knox today went to the White house with a long list of names of district attorneys who will be reappointed. Mr. Bethea's name was on the list. It is the president's intention to send these nominations to the senate on Monday or Tuesday, and, inasmuch as there

(Continued on fourth page.)

THE END OF THE GAME.



GIVES A FOODLESS DINNER

JOHN L. SULLIVAN CELEBRATES ENTRY INTO BANKRUPTCY.

Ex-Fighter Clears Himself of Debts So He Can Play in Boston Without Being Annoyed by Creditors—Messages Face of an Admiring Friend and Then Shows How to Get Down at Full Length, Touching Nothing but Floor.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—John L. Sullivan went into bankruptcy today in the interest of the drama and Boston. If he had not done it he could not have gone to Boston next week to fill a theatrical engagement without risking the indignity of arrest for a little matter of $450 for clothes.

The ex-fighter celebrated his release from debt by giving a little dinner tonight in his old friend's, Bill Bennett's, place, on Seventh avenue. It was a foodless dinner.

John L. wore to the party the $66 worth of clothes which are all his assets, and which, fortunately, are exempt. The most prominent part of the assets was the pink shirt with two yawning holes in the bosom.

"I put me lampe away," said John when a friend playfully stuck the end of an umbrella through the hole in the shirt. "How could I be a bankrupt with me jewels on me?"

Makes Speech on Creditors.

Before John and his three guests wound up the dinner the fighter made a little speech on creditors and other things.

"Sure, I'm a bankrupt," he began. "Who the h—l says I ain't? Where is he? Ain't thousands of prominent men bankrupt? I ain't got no time to bother with creditors. No prominent man has. They chase yer round the ring till their great country puts a foul on 'em and throws 'em out with a bankruptcy paper. That's what's happened to my creditors. They're counted out. Suppose the whelps hadn't been called off? It would have been a toss up between me belt or the drammer. Suppose I'd pawned me $250,000 belt to pay for me pants. And if I hadn't paid for me pants how could I go to Boston? Boston is a bum town, if I was born in it, but I ain't going to disappoint the people there.

Retracts as to Belt.

"Say, I retracts that statement about me $500,000 belt. I ain't got it now, I'm a bankrupt, but I've got to get it again for the sake of the whole American people what gave it to me.

"I see in the papers about a parson in Jersey what has started boxing in the Sunday school. If there is such a guy in the gospel business I'm with him for fair. I ain't stuck on being an actor, because I have to work all the time. But I'll get into that church all right and have every other Sunday school skinned alive. I'll see that parson in the morning."

"You can do 'em all, John," said an admiring friend. But the interruption annoyed John.

"Who's speaking this? Who asked you to talk?" Then John massaged his admiring friend's face, and pushed him firmly into the corner.

Shows He Is Still Good.

"I can lick 'em all yet," resumed the fighter. "There ain't a man living but me that can do this. Now watch me touch the floor with me fingers without bending me knees."

John did better than that. He showed his admirers how to get down full length without touching anything but the floor. There was no more speechmaking.

John's liabilities are about $2,600. Besides one debt of $450 to a Boston clothing firm he owes several bills in this city and St. Louis for beer and liquor.

The creditors are J. H. Lewis, $450; Anheuser-Busch Brewing association, $1,500, contracted in 1899 on notes disputed; Charles H. Stevens of 955 Park avenue, $150, disputed note, contracted in 1899; and Julius Falm & Co. of 669 Sixth avenue, $558, contracted in 1900 with his partner, J. I. Carroll, for liquors, when they had a saloon.

Says Sullivan Will Pay.

Attorney Mack said: "This petition is simply to prevent Sullivan's arrest in Boston. If he were arrested he could not make the money to pay these debts. I will not say he will pay all of the debts. He does not remember anything about this Boston bill, and the St. Louis brewery had no license to do business in this state, so he will contest payment of that."

CHARLES T. MESSINGER HURT IN AN EVANSTON RUNAWAY.

Head of the Lumber Company Bearing His Name Is Badly Injured and Condition Is Critical.

A runaway in Evanston yesterday resulted in serious injury to Charles T. Messinger of Glencoe, president of the Messinger Hardwood Lumber company of Chicago. Mr. Messinger, who is 72 years old, sustained a fractured shoulder and arm and serious bruises on his head, as well as internal injuries, and at the Evanston hospital last night it was said that his condition was critical.

Mr. and Mrs. Messinger, with Mrs. Messinger's mother, Mrs. John Schuttz of Glencoe, were in the carriage and all were thrown out. Mrs. Messinger escaped without injury, but Mrs. Schuttz's arm was sprained. Mr. Messinger was thrown against a tree, and was unconscious when taken to the hospital.

The runaway began at Church street and Orrington avenue, where the horses became frightened by a piece of flying paper. The horses ran for a mile till they reached Ingleside place, where the carriage overturned.

MAN TAKES WOMAN'S LIFE BECAUSE OF $8 MISSED.

Benjamin Full Goes to House at 16 North Green Street and Shoots Georgia Clark.

Armed with a revolver, Benjamin Full, a machinist, made his way into the house at 16 North Green street yesterday afternoon and fired two shots at Georgia Clark, 40 years old, killing her instantly. Then he turned the revolver upon himself and fired one shot. The bullet caused a slight scalp wound.

Full believed he had received a fatal wound, and, going into a saloon on the first floor, he said he had just killed a woman. It was thought that Full was joking till he exhibited a revolver. Then several men hurried to the third story and found the woman lying dead. Full was arrested.

He told the police that his motive was revenge for the loss of $8, which he accused the woman of taking. Full has been working for the L. Wolff Manufacturing company. The woman had lived in Chicago ten years, having come from Pittsburg.

SUDDEN DEATH OF WOMAN IN GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL.

Man Who Occupies Same Room in Custody of Police and Name Withheld—Deceased's Home Is in Springfield.

Laura L. Pattee of Springfield, Ill., who arrived at the Grand Pacific hotel last night, died suddenly in her room at 1 o'clock this morning.

A man who was in the same room with her gave the alarm, and he was later taken in custody by the Central police. The police refused to give his name.

Dr. C. P. Stringfield, who was called to attend the woman, said heart disease was the cause of death.

The deceased was 32 years old. A brother is said to live at 6510 Jackson avenue, and the police are trying to find him. The body was taken to Rolston's undertaking rooms, 22 Adams street.

ANNEX FOUNTAIN NO BATHTUB.

Another Youth Gets a Ducking and the Management Calls a Halt.

"Keep off the grass" is to be adapted into "Keep out of the fountain," and such a sign may be posted in the Auditorium annex.

Late yesterday afternoon a student of the University of Wisconsin fell into the pool in the Pompeiian room, and as this was the third time within the week that venturesome or careless young men had felt the waters of the pool, the management decided to call a halt.

"This foolishness must stop," said House Detective Repetto last night. "I have orders to eject the next person who enters the fountain, either by wager or otherwise. The order will be obeyed to the letter."

IT'S AN ILL WIND THAT—

BRISK GALE IN NEW YORK DOES VARIOUS EDIFYING STUNTS.

Shoppers Trying to Tack Around Flatiron Building Have Exciting Times—Some Fashion Styles Made Public—Policeman Tells of Remarkable Things That Happened While He Was Watching Pedestrians Struggle Through Cross Currents of Air.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—"Wind northwesterly, fresh to a gale, and winter hosiery signals displayed from Twenty-sixth street to Eighteenth," was the weather report today from Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street, and many shoppers reached their home ports tonight with stories of distress in the gale as well as at the bargain counters.

The wind storm was worst for the shoppers at Broadway, Fifth avenue, and Twenty-third street, where the Flatiron building splits the wind and throws it in two parts to Twenty-second street, where the halves come together and make a cyclone. Most shoppers rounded the point of the Flatiron under practically bare poles, with the lower rigging slashing in a whirl of white above.

Wind Reveals—What It Reveals.

The storm revealed to dustless eyes, if there were any, the fact that there is practically nothing this winter in solid black. Stripes prevail, up and down, for almost everything over 150 pounds and round about for smaller craft. Many garter buckles are of solid metal enameled in red and white.

Every shopper who hasn't left off the open work stockings or is waiting for Christmas for somebody to give her a pair of high shoes was sorry. She had a blue nose, features pinched by the cold, and too much vibration from shivers.

Gale Sweeps Away Cargoes.

Most of the craft were carrying heavy cargoes of Christmas goods. One, in sable, lost her whole deckload of parcels, which were swept into the street by an angry gust of wind. She got just as angry as the gust, when her gown tried to follow the parcels, and, peering over the hem of her skirt at one tall, lean bystander, with far-seeing eyes, exclaimed:

"You're every bit as fresh as this wind—every bit!"

The bystander, unabashed, continued to stand right in that corner, where he had been anchored over two hours. Finally, a policeman suspected him and told him to blow down the avenue. He went to Union square and staid there unmolested till the shopping was over for the day.

Policeman Tells Experience.

The policeman at the Twenty-third street crossing told how his club had been bent by the wind almost double when he held it up to warn a reckless cab driver.

"But what happened to my club," said the cop, "wasn't a marker to what happened to a pumpkin. A man was coming down Broadway carrying a big pumpkin left over from a Thanksgiving raffle. When he reached Twenty-third street the wind blew that pumpkin right out of his arms. It struck on the north edge of the flatiron and split in two. One half was carried down Broadway and the other down Fifth avenue.

"But at Twenty-second street something still more remarkable happened. The wind does all sorts of things behind the Flatiron. There several columns of hot air come up from the sidewalk vaults and mix with the cold air. There was great suction today, and the hot air of Twenty-second street drew in the southbound gales from Broadway and the avenue, and brought the two halves of the pumpkin together without losing a seed."

Twins Separated and Reunited.

"Almost the same thing happened to two little twins blowing down Broadway just ahead of their mother and quarreling over corn balls. One had a pink corn ball and the other a yellow one, and each was mad because she wanted the other's color. While they were boohooing about it the wind picked 'em up and the Flatiron separated 'em.

"But that hot air suction in Twenty-second street was still blending the Broadway and Fifth avenue gales and drew in both twins. When their mother found them they were in each other's arms whirling around in a terrible eddy and throwing off showers of popcorn by centrifugal force. I know centrifugal is the right word because I made grindstones before I was a cop."

LORIMER IS BUSY; HOPKINS NEUTRAL

Latter Says He Is Not Interested in Speakership Row and Is Going to Washington.

LINES SHARPLY DRAWN.

Miller "Flying Squadron" Out in the State; Edward Taggart Is for Sherman.

Lines were drawn more sharply than ever yesterday in the Illinois speakership contest. In the morning William Lorimer held an earnest consultation with Congressman Hopkins at the Great Northern café. Mr. Lorimer was deeply interested in the topic under discussion and urged Mr. Hopkins to lend aid to the Miller candidacy. After it was all over Congressman Hopkins told Charles T. Cherry that he had not, nor would he, take any interest in the contest over the speakership. He said he purposed going to Washington today, where he would remain until the holiday recess of congress.

Mr. Lorimer was on the main floor of the hotel nearly all day, while Augustus W. Nohe did the honors in the headquarters of the state committee, which have been preempted by the Miller-Lorimer party.

The Lorimer faction made claims during the day of fifty-five house members. Well informed politicians were inclined to name a considerably lower figure. As a matter of fact, the Lorimer-Miller paper has at this time from thirty to thirty-two signatures.

Work of the "Flying Squadron."

One of the events of the day's campaign was the visit of the Lorimer-Miller "flying squadron" to St. Louis, and later to Springfield, to secure signatures of representatives-elect to their pledge. Their success was not unmixed with troubles. At St. Louis they expected to meet nine representatives from southern Illinois. Eight appeared and listened to the exhortations of David E. Shanahan, spokesman. Of the eight, seven are said by the Lorimer faction to have signed in person and the eighth by proxy, his county chairman acting for him.

According to the Miller managers, the seven who signed were: R. J. McElvain and S. W. McGuire of the Forty-fourth district, Lowry E. Sunderland of the Forty-sixth, William Montgomery of the Forty-seventh, Martin Schnipper of the Forty-ninth, Charles M. Gaunt of the Fiftieth, and A. W. Walker of the Fifty-first.

The eighth name on the list is understood to be that of James E. N. Edwards of the Fiftieth district, whose proxy was secured. John W. Leaverton of the Forty-eighth district, was expected to attend the meeting, but he failed to appear.

With the possible exception of Edwards, all these were conceded to Miller by Mr. Sherman.

"Uncharted Reef" at Springfield.

At Springfield the luck of the "flying squadron" was not as good. The squadron expected to meet there Representatives Gallagher, Swigart, Uppendahl, and Samuelson. Only one—Swigart—was there to meet them, and he refused to sign. He is coming to Chicago with the Shanahan party, however, and the hope is that he may be persuaded.

Taggart Out for Sherman.

The Lorimer party has been claiming the support of Ed Taggart of Stephenson county, an ardent Hopkins man. His name appears in every statement the Lorimer people have given out. Yesterday Mr. Taggart came into Mr. Cherry's room and openly announced himself for Sherman, saying he was ready to go into the ditch with Sherman if need be.

The Lorimer followers said at first that Aaron Norden of the Fifth district was with them. This statement developed to be false. Then, by way of qualification, they said that Mr. Norden had not made up his mind on the speakership and they hoped to get him over to Miller. This statement was as unreliable as the first. Mr. Norden is unalterably opposed to Mr. Lorimer and will not support any Lorimer candidate for the speakership.

The Lorimer paper has some signatures made by proxy, as it were. The names of Mr. Jones, Mr. Weare, and Mr. Breidt are said to appear on it. All three of the men came out with denials of having signed, and last night "Gus" Nohe's lieutenants were chasing these three men to get signatures for the Lorimer program. It will be remembered that Mr. Nohe had, among other bills, one which was intended to put the Chicago board of trade out of business. Mr. Weare is, by indirection and family, connected with big grain dealers on the board, and may remember Mr. Nohe's attitude on the board of trade business.

Lorimer's followers expect Judge McEwen to land Mr. Breidt for them.

Lorimer's Strength in Cook.

At present Mr. Lorimer has a mechanic's lien on the following named Cook county legislators: Ball, Morris, Kopf, Greenebaum, Davies, Shanahan, Kleeman, Wilkinson, Cavanagh, Smejkal, Nohe, Fred Ericksen, Glade, Sam Ericksen, and Clettenberg, a total of fifteen. It is believed that he will be able to control about this number out of the 31 votes from Cook county, and not twenty-four, or twenty-six, or twenty-eight, as Mr. Nohe and Mr. Shanahan state. Lorimer will work especially hard for Struckman, Norden, Pendarvis, Jonas, Weare, Turner, and Breidt.

Mr. Turner says neither side has a right to claim him. Mr. Nohe asked Turner to sign the Miller-Lorimer paper and Turner promptly refused. Nohe said to him:

"Shall I telephone Billie [Lorimer] that you won't sign?"

"Do as you please," replied Turner.

Abner Murray has made the Lorimer people erase his name, which had been affixed to the paper by some officious friend. Mr. Murray says he wants a business session of the legislature and evidently has but little respect for the business capabilities of Curtis, Shanahan, Nohe, Glade, and Cavanagh, who are among Mr. Miller's cabinet members and closest advisers.

Anti-Lorimer Men Meet.

Six anti-Lorimer men among the Cook county legislators met yesterday in Mr. Beitler's office. They were Church, Struckman, Austin, Davis, Pendarvis, and Beitler. Mr. Nagel and Mr. Christian could not be present, but sent word they would be bound by any action the meeting took. The men present expressed themselves for Sherman and signed an agreement to be governed on the speakership and on matters of legislation as well by the action of a majority of the party. Mr. Brundage and several other important men were unavoidably absent.

The meeting adjourned subject to the call

of Mr. Beitler. The members will reconvene today or on Monday and are expected to come out to a man for Mr. Sherman.

Busy Day at Great Northern.

It was a busy day in the rotunda and on the "J" floor of the Great Northern, with Lorimer downstairs and the state outfit and Gus Nohe in headquarters. The legislators were caught by Mr. Lorimer and sent up the elevator to "Augustus," who ushered them into the presence of L. T. Hoy and Mr. Frenoh of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, who, it is said, was the custodian of the 5 per cent fund during the last campaign. Mr. Nohe frequently spoke of the necessity for organization and of the contempt he had for men who opposed regular party organizations such as the Miller-Lorimer crowd.

It was recalled that nine Lorimer members of the house at the last regular session bolted and refused to stand for congressional and senatorial apportionment bills. The state needed the legislation, but the nine men, among which Mr. Nohe was a conspicuous figure, would not vote for the bills and they were for a long time suspended in midair and in great danger. The measures did not please Mr. Lorimer. Nor would that gentleman, although entreated so to do, intercede with Shanahan, Nohe & Co. to get them to vote for them.

Finally, it is recalled, Mr. Lorimer's followers demanded and got for that statesman a district which gave McKinley 9,000 plurality and gave Lorimer about 1,000 plurality. The senatorial districts were arranged so that Glade, Cavanagh, Shanahan, and Nohe could be renominated and reelected. After this Mr. Lorimer's followers saw to it that the congressional bill was just passed. Mr. Lorimer rewarded these "bolters" by returning as many of them as he possibly could to the house. Today every bolter who was reelected is for the Lorimer-Miller combination, shouting for organization and denouncing as bad party men all who do not support Lorimer and Miller.

Outlook Pleases Sherman Men.

The Sherman people last night were pleased with the outlook, having received telegrams of support from half a dozen legislators confidently claimed by Lorimer and Miller. The presence in the old Cherry room of Rinaker and Trautman was not pleasing to the Lorimerites. Mr. Taggart's allegiance to Sherman annoyed them, too. Mr. Sherman will return to the city today and the fight will go merrily on.

The flying squadron which spent yesterday and last night in St. Louis and Springfield will return to Chicago this morning. It expects to get a number of signatures to the Miller paper while on the road, and according to the statements of the managers here twelve or fifteen legislators from the rural districts who could not go to St. Louis or Springfield will be in Chicago to sign up for "Lorimer, Miller, and the organization."

Day's Work of the Squadron.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—John Miller, the administration and combination candidate for speaker of the next house of representatives, arrived in Springfield tonight from St. Louis, accompanied by half a dozen members of his committee, to secure signatures. Miller and his following came here to meet Representatives Arthur J. Gallagher of Decatur, Macon county; Carl Swigart of Dewitt county, J. H. Uppendahl of Moultrie county, and C. A. Samuelson of Sherrard. They expected to get the signatures of the four to Miller's speakership list, but were disappointed. Carl Swigart was the only member elect who met the candidate's flying squadron in Springfield, and he refused to sign tonight. Swigart left at midnight, however, with the Miller party for Chicago, giving the crowd an all night's opportunity to work on him.

They expected to land A. G. Murray while in Springfield, but Murray didn't show up—not even to pay his respects.

D. E. Shanahan, who acted as speaker for the "flying squadron," explained that the representatives whom they expected to meet here all sent word they would be in Chicago tomorrow.

The members of the flying squadron include Mr. Miller, the candidate; Edward C. Curtis, Cicero J. Lindley, Dan Hogan, D. E. Spanfran, Fred H. Rowe, Charles W. Kopf, and Dr. J. A. Wheeler. It was announced here tonight that the committee was in St. Louis earlier in the day to meet nine representatives from southern Illinois, that eight of the nine signed the Miller list, and that the other one, kept away by illness, sent word that he would sign at the first opportunity. Of the eight, seven signed in person, and the other one, J. E. Edwards of Anna, was represented by H. H. Johns, chairman of the republican county central committee, who signed for him. The ninth man, John W. Leaverton of Palatine, was absent on account of his wife's illness. It is claimed that Leaverton telephoned to Miller last night at McLeansboro that he was all right.

Eight Who Signed.

Here are the eight who Miller's friends say signed the list at St. Louis today: William Montgomery, Forty-seventh district, Madison county; Martin Schnipper, Forty-eighth district, St. Clair county; Robert J. McElvain, Forty-fourth district, Jackson county; Silvester W. McGuire, Forty-fourth district, Randolph county; Charles M. Gaunt, Fiftieth district, Pulaski county; A. W. Walker, Fifty-first district, Pope county; James E. N. Edwards, Fiftieth district, Union county; Lowry E. Saunderland, Forty-sixth district, Wayne county.

Among the others who took lunch with the signers and the members of the flying squadron in St. Louis were John Duncan of Williamson county, A. M. Weber of the state committee, Senator Douglas Heim of Metropolis, Charles Enker of Belleville, and James A. White, chairman of the Jackson county republican committee.

When Swigart met the members of the squadron here tonight they asked him to make the thirty-fourth signer to Miller's list. The proposition was put to Swigart in this way: "We have, with you, thirty-four names on the list. Four more will sign as soon as we get to them, and by noon tomorrow there will be forty-five or more names, making Miller's selection as speaker certain. The four more who are expected by Shanahan to sign on sight are Uppendahl of Dalton City, Chipperfield of Canton, C. A. Samuelson of Sherrard, and Murray of Springfield."

It is claimed that the representatives who failed to put in an appearance here tonight to meet the squadron have heard a story that, while Miller will be the speaker, Curtis is to be the boss, and that this kept them away.

FOUR ARE VICTIMS OF FLAMES.

One Man Whose Clothes Are Ignited Runs in Street—Three Others Die.

With his clothing in flames, Bertram Nelson, 23 years old, rushed from his father's house at 454 Western avenue yesterday and ran wildly down the street. Policeman John Cody of the West Fifteenth street station and Edward Noolen, an inspector for the sanitary district, pursued him and extinguished the flames, but not until Nelson sustained burns that may prove fatal. The two rescuers also were painfully burned. Nelson was at work in the kitchen in the rear of his father's barber shop when an oil stove exploded, throwing the blazing kerosene in all directions. His clothes became ignited at once.

Burns sustained last Tuesday morning by falling in a vat at the Western Canning company's plant, 448 North Halsted street, proved fatal yesterday to Max Rosentofski, 19 years old, who lived at 37 Cherry street.

Frank Schwartz, 18 Pleasant street, who was burned in an explosion in the yards of the Chicago Ship Builders' company, North Halsted street and Chicago avenue, also died.

John Sommers, 44 years old, died from burns sustained Thursday afternoon at the Illinois Steel company's plant in South Chicago. He was married and lived at 8544 Superior avenue.

During the morning a fire in the basement of the Paris Fashion company salesrooms, 195 State street, caused excitement and did damage of $2,000. The blaze started in a pile of silk skirts and before the firemen could get it under control they were obliged to cut a hole through the floor of C. D. Peacock & Co.'s jewelry store, which adjoins on the south.

ILLINOIS GIRL, FORMER CHICAGO AMATEUR, WHO NOW IS E. H. SOTHERN'S LEADING WOMAN



MARGARET ILLINGTON AS KATHERINE DE VAUCELLES IN "IF I WERE KING"

Margaret Illington, who plays Katherine de Vaucelles in "If I Were King," in private life is Miss Maud Light, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Light of Bloomington, Ill. Miss Illington began her stage career as an amateur in Chicago and attributes her rise to the presence in the audience of Daniel Frohman when she won the Joseph Jefferson diamond medal at a Chicago school of acting in 1899. Mr. Frohman gave her the part of the gypsy girl in "The Pride of Jenico" with James K. Hackett. In the Frohman-Daly stock company she created the part of Victorine, the French maid in "Frocks and Frills," and later appeared as Fleur de Lys in "Notre Dame." At the beginning of the present season she was engaged to play the leading woman part in "If I Were King," with which E. H. Sothern returns to Powers' theater Monday night. Several score of Miss Illington's friends will come from Bloomington in a special car Monday evening to see her in her new rôle.

FLORENCE BURNS A BRIDE.

GIRL RECENTLY TRIED FOR MURDER IS MARRIED.

Wedded to Charles W. Wildrick, Who Has Served a Term in Prison for Forgery—Minister Who Performs Ceremony Does Not Know the Identity of the Young Woman and Is Surprised When Informed of the Facts—Witness' Mother Is Angry.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Florence Burns, who was arrested after the murder of Waiter Brooks in the Glen Island hotel, was married Wednesday evening to Charles W. Wildrick, who has served a term in prison for passing a forged check. The marriage was performed in the study of the Collegiate Reformed church in West Thirty-fourth street by the Rev. John H. Elliott.

Mr. Elliott says he did not know Miss Burns or the man whom she married until this morning, and that if he had known he might have refused to perform the ceremony. As it was, he expressed great regret, because of two young members of his church, who, at his request, acted as witnesses. They were James W. Cromie and Miss Edith Marriani, a stenographer, who lives with her mother. Mrs. Marriani went to the minister today and demanded an explanation.

The minister's story is that Miss Burns and Wildrick, who is the son of the late Lieut. Col. A. C. Wildrick, U. S. A., went to his home Wednesday evening and learned that he was at the prayer meeeting. Then they drove around to the church and were shown into the minister's study until the service was over.

Minister Tells of Marriage.

"I asked them if they had any witnesses," said Mr. Elliott, "and they said no. They seemed respectable young people desiring to get married, so I went down stairs and asked the first two young folks I saw if they would act as witnesses. They agreed. All they did, of course, was to stand and look on and then sign their names to the certificate.

"I asked Wildrick how long he had known the girl. He said for some time. Then I asked if either had been married before and he said no. When such answers are made I always consider it an impertinence to ask any more on those lines. The young man gave his age as 27 and the girl as 22, I think. They both signed their names in the proper manner, and the only thing I did notice was that they were quite cool and self possessed.

Witness Comments on Name.

"The girl signed her name Florence Wallace Burns. After they left Miss Marriani looked at the names and remarked that it would be funny if the girl was Florence Burns. I recalled the case, but as Miss Marriana said she had never heard that Florence Burns had a middle name I concluded that it could not be she.

"I feel bad about this affair, not because I think I did anything wrong, but because I know it will be distasteful all around."

When Mrs. Marriani called, Mr. Elliott explained to her that he thought Wildrick and Miss Burns were a young couple whom he expected to marry that evening by appointment and about whom he knew.

Neither Wildrick nor the young woman gave any other address than New York and no one could be found today who knew where they were. The girl's father, Fred Burns, would not say whether the marriage was a surprise to him. Apparently it was.

Sent to Prison for Forgery.

The girl and Wildrick have known each other for some time, but did not become friends until after the affair which landed Wildrick in prison. His arrest was for passing a worthless check on the Hotel Gerard for a board bill of $370 for himself and Mabel Strong. The girl was the daughter of a Cleveland man and had come to this city with Wildrick. She died of consumption, but not long before her death got up from her sick bed and went to intercede for Wildrick when she heard of his arrest. Wildrick was committed to the penitentiary. His army friends at Fort Wodsworth raised some money and he got out.

Claims a Remarkable Career.

Wildrick tels remarkable stories of his own career, and refers to himself as a "modern D'Artagnan." These are some of the things he says he has done:

Saved C. P. Huntington from a serious fall; shot and killed two Mexicans who held up a train; fought a duel with the brother of the woman proprietor of a hotel which he managed and escaped uninjured (so did the other man); planned a double elopement in Chicago, but failed to carry out his part of the bargain. W. A. Cockley of York, Pa., once named him as co-respondent in a suit for divorce from Mrs. Cockley.

St. Andrew's Society Banquet.

The fifty-seventh annual banquet of the Illinois St. Andrew's society will be held at the Auditorium hotel this evening. Among the speakers will be Capt. William Wyndam, British consul; Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, Samuel Alschuler, Mayor Carter H. Harrison, Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, and Arthur J. Eddy.

GOTHAM DOG IS A VICTOR.

ATTEMPT TO BANISH HIM FROM FLATS IS DEFEATED.

Ordinance Proposed in New York City to Forbid the Animals in All Buildings Occupied by More than One Family Meets with Such a Storm of Protest That It Is Killed—Women Appear to Fight for the Right to Retain Their Pets.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The right of dogs to enjoy life in New York flats was fully vindicated in the city hall today before the aldermanic committee on city ordinances. To say that the dog had his day would be putting it mildly. The defenders of New York house dogs appeared in hundreds and beat all opposition.

Public hearings involving millions of dollars and the future of New York city frequently have been unattended except by a few experts, but when Ald. Goldwater's proposed ordinance to banish the dog from all buildings in which more than one family lived was called the chamber could not accommodate the throng. In the first place more than 300 women, many elaborately dressed, came to safeguard their pets' interests. Blind men pleaded against the adoption of the ordinance, so that their dogs could continue to lead them through the streets.

As soon as the hearing was started Ald. Joseph Oatman said:

"This is the most outrageous ordinance ever presented to a public body."

Friendly Aldermen Is Cheered.

The 300 women and as many men arose, waved handkerchiefs and umbrellas, and shouted approval of Ald. Oatman.

"I would not be without a dog as long as I live. Some nights I have two of them with me, and they have protected me and my home from burglars and fire."

"Let the dog have his day in our homes and the cat the night," suggested an animal loving spectator.

Sympathetic expressions followed. J. H. Hahn, a blind newsdealer, as he was led down the aisle to the rostrum, said: "I love all dogs, especially my dog Nellie. For twelve years my Nellie has been my protector and guide. She has saved me from harm and guided my feet aright. It would be an outrage to pass this law and prevent me from keeping Nellie in my home."

Mrs. Emma Mandel of 101 East Houston street, an elderly German woman, told of her pet. She declared the dog was the protector of the household. To indicate to the committee what a pet the animal was, Mrs. Mandel showed its photograph.

Author of Ordinance Unpopular.

Ald. Goldwater saw trouble ahead and began to chuckle when Leon Cuveller rose to speak. Mr. Cuveller started in mildly. He said that he was the author of the ordinance. Then there was an outburst. Mr. Cuveller found that he was not popular with those present. Undaunted by clamor, however, he walked to the front and said:

"I am convinced by the meeting here today that there is a great deal of sentiment for the dog. I love dogs, but only in their proper place. The place of dogs is not in flat houses or tenements."

One of the events of the hearing was the appearance of E. Langerfeld, a heavy built man with a full black beard.

"Are you aware that the dog is a confounded nuisance in the streets of New York?" demanded Mr. Langerfeld in loud tones.

"No! No!" shouted nearly all the spectators.

"But I say he is," shouted the speaker. "It is an unquestioned fact that the streets are filthy from dogs, but I can see from the audience that this ordinance will go to the dogs."

"You bet it will," shouted hundreds.

Likens the Dog to the Cow.

Mr. Langerfeld continued: "I am fond of horses, and dogs, and cows, but I am glad that cows don't live in tenement houses."

Hisses and groans greeted that declaration.

"If you can't stand the truth keep quiet," shouted Mr. Langerfeld.

"Never, never!" shouted the women.

"You are as bad as Carrie Nation!" Mr. Langerfeld said. He put on his coat to leave, when the women shouted in chorus:

"Good-by!" and "Go home to your wife!"

The Rev. E. Percy Grant of the Church of the Heavenly Rest spoke against the adoption of the ordinance.

Ald. Marks then proposed that the ordinance be reported unfavorably. It was carried unanimously. Chairman Matthews then said:

"Now, ladies, you may go home and pat your little pets on the back, and tell them that they have nothing to fear."

Englewood to Demand Rapid Transit.

Englewood people are called to meet at Sixty-third street and Center avenue tonight to protest against any extension of South Side L franchises that does not provide for rapid transit to Englewood. The Englewood Improvement club calls the meeting.

NEW YORK FIRE CHIEF IS OUSTED

E. F. Croker Is Found Guilty on Four of Six Charges and Dismissed.

BELMONT TELLS PLANS.

President of Interborough Company Expects to Succeed Gould in Manhattan.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Nov. 28.

Edward F. Croker, chief of the fire department, who was tried recently on a series of charges, was declared guilty today by Commissioner Sturgis, and was dismissed from the service, the dismissal to take place Dec. 1. Chief Croker was found guilty on the charges of "failure to enforce the requirements of law for properly safeguarding the Park Avenue hotel"; of "the conversion of public property to his private use"; of "conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline in persecuting and unjustly discriminating against certain members of the uniformed force," and of "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman and prejudicial to good order and discipline."

Chief Croker Found Guilty and Dismissed.

On the charges of "incompetency as chief of the department in the management of great fires" and of "sending false reports" he was acquitted.

Chief Croker declined to make any comment, but it is known that he will fight. Mayor Low issued a statement sustaining Mr. Sturgis, and expressing the belief that he had acted in accordance with the law and with the dictates of his conscience. Mayor Low says:

"The charter places upon the fire commissioner and not upon the mayor the duty of conducting all trials in the fire department, and it is the sworn duty of the commissioner to make his findings upon evidence according to his conscience. It is due to the provisions of the charter itself that the commissioner has been obliged both to formulate the charges and to try them. The circumstances in this case have been such that I have thought it incumbent upon the mayor to assure himself that the chief has had a fair trial, and that every opportunity was given to him to make his defense. Being satisfied, as I am, upon these points there seemed to be no reason why this trial should not take its course like any other trial held by the commissioners. The discipline of the department, in fact, required that this matter should be disposed of in the usual way."

Chief Croker is 39 years of age, and has been connected with the department for eighteen years. He is the nephew of Richard Croker. In 1898 he became deputy chief, and on May 1, 1899, he succeeded Hugh Bonner as chief of the department. He also is president of the National Association of Fire Chiefs.

Deputy Fire Chief Charles D. Purroy, who will become acting chief, is a brother of Henry D. Purroy, a former fire commissioner and president of the board. Purroy was prominently mentioned when Croker was appointed. Last August when Chief Croker obtained a leave of absence Commissioner Sturgis appointed Purroy acting chief. Chief Croker then decided to remain in this city. The commissioner then suspended him from active duty. Chief Croker said it was an attempt to force him out of the department. He took the matter to the Supreme court, and Judge Hall decided that Commissioner Sturgis had no power to relieve the chief, and Croker was reinstated.

August Belmont, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company, admitted today that he probably would assume the presidency of the Manhattan railway, succeeding George J. Gould, as soon as the lease to the Interborough company goes into effect. "When I lease a railroad," said Mr. Belmont, "I expect to assume the management."

Belmont Expects to Succeed George Gould.

The report that George J. Gould and John D. Rockefeller had acquired control of the Interborough Rapid Transit company before the agreement to lease the Manhattan was executed was also authoritatively denied, although they both are understood to have substantial holdings of the stock.

Deputy Police Commissioner Piper today decided to send some captains and mounted police to West Point military academy for special instructions in horsemanship. A few days ago he sent a letter to Supt. Mills of West Point, asking him to name a day when the commissioner, with some captains and mounted men of the police department, could visit West Point and get instructions in riding horses, particularly as to clinging to a horse with the knees. Today the commissioner received a reply from Col. Mills, giving him his choice of two days next week, and Commissioner Piper selected next Friday.

Mounted Police to Learn Army Riding Tricks.

Archbishop Riordan of the diocese of San Francisco, who presented the Pius fund case before the arbitration tribunal at The Hague, and about whom there has been much talk of transfer to the diocese of Chicago to succeed Archbishop Feehan, arrived here today from Europe on the steamer Celtic. He branded the story of his transfer to Chicago as too nonsensical for discussion. He did not desire the appointment, and said he was of the opinion that no one who had lived twenty years in the climate of California could change for the climate of Chicago with impunity.

Riordan Denies He Desires Feehan's Place.

The Phi Delta Theta fraternity convention, which has been in session here all the week, elected officers today. This afternoon the fraternity attended the reception given by the Columbia chapter at Columbia university. Officers were elected as follows: President, John Edwin Brown of Columbus, O.; treasurer, John H. Dewitt, Nashville, Tenn.; secretary, Frank J. R. Mitchell, Chicago, Ill.; reporter and editor of the Scroll, Royall H. Switzer, St. Louis, Mo.; historian, Arthur B. McCrill, Providence, R. I.; trustees, Herbert H. Ward, Cleveland, James C. Moore Jr., Philadelphia, Lamar Hardy, New York, and Hugh W. Miller, Columbus, Ind.

Phi Delta Theta Fraternity Elects Officers.

John McLaughlin, an employé of the Manhattan elevated road, was killed on the tracks at Columbus avenue and Seventy-fifth street today, and the shock of seeing the fatality caused the death of Emanuel Dreyfus, deputy to the complaint clerk at police headquarters, one of the crowd waiting for a train at the Seventy-second street station. McLaughlin was struck and hurled nearly a hundred feet. His body landed on the local tracks, crushed and mangled.

Sees Man Killed and Falls Dead.

The southbound station at Seventy-seventh street was crowded and most of those waiting there saw the accident. Dreyfus, who had been standing in the front ranks of the crowd, reeled, became limp, and dropped to the platform. He was carried into a waiting room, where he died.

Dreyfus is said to be related distantly to the Dreyfuses of France. He was a member of the old guard. His daughter said he had suffered from heart trouble.

Mrs. Jennie M. Leys of New Rochelle, the widow of William Leys, former superintendent of B. Altman & Co., who was killed in the Park avenue tunnel collision last January, is suing the New York Central railroad and New York, New Haven and Hartford jointly for $250,000 damages. The damages asked are based on Mr. Ley's earning capacity. The year before his death his earnings amounted to over $30,000.

LONG SOUGHT ALLEGED BOODLER CAPTURED ON RETURN FROM EUROPE.



CHARLES F. KELLY

Charles F. Kelly, former speaker of the St. Louis house of delegates, who is under indictment on the charge of boodling and who has been hunted for all over the United States and in Mexico, was recognized in New York as he landed from an ocean liner yesterday, and later in the day was arrested at Philadelphia. He was much affected by news of the death of his son and his arrest, and wept in the station house at Philadelphia.

William Landau of Buffalo, who was arrested yesterday in connection with an alleged cotton swindle through which Landenburg, Thalmann & Co., bankers of this city, were reported to have lost $200,000, was arraigned today and held in $1,000 bail for examination on Jan. 8, 1908, on a charge of grand larceny. In the affidavit on which he was held the name of Landenburg, Thalmann & Co. was scratched out and the name of the Shea Insurance company, which has offices in this city, was substituted. Mr Thalmann would not make any explanation of the change, though he said his firm was thoroughly protected.

Change of Complainant in Swindle Case.

Edward De Cernea, a well known horse dealer and exhibiter at horse shows, died suddenly today from heart disease.

The lifelong companionship of Morris Prager, a diamond merchant of 14 Maiden Lane, Martin Herman of 30 Broad street, and Abraham Seligsberg, a banker of 80 Broadway, was broken today by the death of Mr. Prager from heart disease in the suite of the trio at the Hotel Netherlands. At the bedside of the stricken man were his friends, both white haired old men, and, clasping their hands, he passed away. The "three friends," as they were called by the guests at the hotel, had a box at the opera, and every Saturday night they went, arm in arm, to attend the performance. They dined and took their recreation together.

Death Breaks Companionship of "Three Friends."

Former residents of the state of Texas will organize the Texas Society of New York. John Lee Brooks acted as temporary chairman of a meeting held for that purpose tonight. An executive committee was named to select permanent officers, prepare a constitution and by laws.

The performance of "Lohengrin" this evening at the opera, the third subscription night, was of importance as disclosing to this public the powers of two of the new members of Mr. Grau's company, upon whom much will depend in the coming season. Alfred Hertz, the new conductor, who comes from Breslau to take charge of the German performances, and George Anthes, the tenor, who is expected to fill the leading rôles in the same performances and who comes from the Royal Opera of Dresden, made their first appearances.

Two New Opera Figures Make First Appearance.

Mr. Hertz is not a commanding genius, but he is a leader of strong and masterful personality, with a firm grasp of everything that is going on in the orchestra.

Mr. Anthes is a tenor of the German type. His voice is hard and metallic, without great sensuous beauty. It is an organ of power and considerable sonority, but he did not disclose much subtlety in its use or much power of modulating and coloring.

PLUNGES THROUGH WINDOW DURING A FIT OF DELIRIUM.

Edward C. Attrill, Guest of Redmond Prindiville, Has Narrow Escape from Serious Injury.

Screams for help, followed by the crash of breaking glass as a young man, clad only in his night robe, tried to plunge through a second story window of a residence in Elm street, caused some excitement in the neighborhood at 6 o'clock last night. The young man was Edward C. Attrill of Goderich, Canada, who, with his sister, is the guest of Redmond Prindiville, 407 Elm street.

Thursday afternoon Mr. Attrill complained of a slight headache, and at the breakfast table yesterday morning became suddenly excited. During the day he grew violent and Mr. Prindiville's four sons cared for him. In his delirium he imagined that his enemies were trying to kill him.

At 6 o'clock he broke away from the four men and ran toward the window. Before any one could reach him he had plunged through the glass and hung on the sill. He was quickly drawn back into the room, and after his wounds were dressed he was fastened securely in bed.

It was decided last night to send Mr. Attrill to the Detention hospital, but when the authorities of that institution were telephoned they refused to receive him except on order of Judge Carter. It was said that Mr. Attrill would be sent to a sanitarium at Flint, Mich., unless his condition improved.

Mr. Prindiville said last night that they feared the attack of delirium was the forerunner of typhoid fever. Mr. Attrill is a wealthy man.

Switchman Found Fatally Hurt.

J. E. Shella, a switchman, died while being taken to the county hospital yesterday. He had been found lying unconscious near Harrison and Clark streets with several wounds on his head. Otto Bush, a laborer living at 407 Clark street, who had been with Shella during the early hours of the morning, said Shella fell and struck his head against the curbing. Bush was held pending an investigation.

POW WOW AT WHITE HOUSE

GREAT WHITE FATHER GREETS CARLISLE FOOTBALL PLAYERS.

Indian Team Calls on President, Who Grows Enthusiastic Over the Game and Over His Guests—Talks Goals and Touchdowns to All Visitors and Gives Warm Welcome to Red Men, Showing Knowledge of Them and Their Tribes.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The great white father, whose frown is as the wintry blast but whose ears are never deaf to the prayers of his redskin children, received in his council chamber today a delegation of his wards and of all things talked football with them.

Their blanketed fathers when they had gone to see the great white father in Washington had made dignified speeches about the injury the white man had done them. But those who came today had no complaints to make. They were the members of the Carlisle Indian school's crack football team, and yesterday they had walloped the Georgetown university team to the tune of 21 to 0. They naturally wanted to see the great white father of whom their own parents had told them so much, and before leaving town they called at the president's office in a body and had the time of their lives.

It was football day in the White house, or rather in the new squat little building adjoining, where the president conducts official business. The president was full of the subject from the moment he got out of bed.

Before the Indians came the president had many callers and he talked football to all of them. Portly politicians who wouldn't know a center rush from a flying wedge came to say a word for some applicants for office and went away wondering what making a touchdown meant. Serious senators, bent on matters of state, forgot to tell the president what they thought of his policy on the trust question, and grew enthusiastic over Mr. Roosevelt's descriptions of some of the plays that were made on the gridiron yesterday.

Great White Father Greets Players.

There was more football talk at the cabinet meeting, and when that was ended the Indians were received. All who witnessed their presentation to Mr. Roosevelt went away feeling that they had seen things and heard things that were well worth hearing and seeing.

W. G. Thompson, the disciplinarian of the Carlisle school, introduced the players to Mr. Roosevelt. The eleven and their substitutes filed into Secretary Cortelyou's room, where the president joined them. If the Indians were ill at ease with being in the presence of the white father they did not show it. They were stolid and dignified, and seldom smiled. But it was noticeable that all were graceful and seemed to know how to carry themselves.

"De-lighted," exclaimed the president, grasping the hand of Johnson, the little captain. "You play quarter back? The mass play of your team was splendid. I am delighted."

So was Johnson, but he did not show it until he got outside.

"De-lighted," this to Parker, one of the half backs. "Your play was brilliant. You made three touchdowns, didn't you? How in the world did you do it?"

And so it went along the line. The president talked football with every man in the party. Sometimes he would call back one of the red men to discuss a point in the game that was particularly interesting. Nearly every man was asked what his tribe was. One said that he was a Kiowa.

"Yes, Congressman Curtis belongs to that tribe," exclaimed the president. "I am glad to meet a fellow tribesman of his. Delighted."

A few of the boys had been damaged in the game. "You're a football player. That's self-evident," Mr. Roosevelt remarked as he gazed at the patched face of one. To another battered hero he said: "I see without asking that you played yesterday, and it didn't improve your beauty."

The stolid countenance broke into a smile as the hero passed on.

The president made every one of the men feel at his ease. He knew some of the big chiefs in some of the tribes represented, and when he mentioned their names the players addressed were mightily tickled. Most of the Indians have adopted the names of white men, and those the president asked what they were called by their own people.

"No need to ask you, Mr. Tomahawk," said he, beaming on the right guard. "I know what yours means."

Delighted to Meet Bear.

There was one player whose Indian name was Bear. "De-lighted," cried the president, grasping his hand warmly. "I'm well acquainted with the Bear family. I met some of them in Mississippi, and I know Baer of the Reading Coal company. He is harder to catch than any of them. You are built like a football player. I'm glad you are not one of the bears I chased in Mississippi. They'd make good football players, too."

At the end of the line was Exendine, the Eskimo. When the president crushed his hand he said: "So you are an Eskimo. I don't suppose the coal famine worries you a bit."

Then the crowd roared and the Carlisle team passed out of the room.

ST. LOUIS GANG LEADER CAUGHT.

Charles F. Kelly Indicted in Bribery Cases Captured on Arrival from Europe.

HEARS OF SON'S DEATH.

Starts Home Hoping to See Stricken Family, but Is Arrested in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—After eluding arrest for several months, Charles F. Kelly, former president of the St. Louis house of delegates, indicted in connection with the bribery cases, was captured in this city today.

Kelly arrived in New York from Europe on the Celtic this morning. He was accompanied by two other St. Louisans. Under the statute of limitations today was the last that the grand jury at St. Louis could indict in connection with the lighting deal. Kelly, therefore, escaped testifying against his fellows.

On the dock in New York Kelly was handed a telegram announcing the death of his 11 year old boy. He fled to Philadelphia, hoping to reach his family in St. Louis before being arrested, but was captured as he left the Broad street station.

Kelly admitted his identity and is now locked up here. He will be given a hearing tomorrow and held to await the arrival of requisition papers.

St. Louis Chief Orders Arrest.

The first information the police of this city received that Kelly was on his way here came from Chief of Police Kiely of St. Louis, who sent the following telegram to the local authorities:

"Arrest Charles F. Kelly of this city, formerly speaker of the house of delegates. May be on train from New York, reaching your city about 1 p. m. Wanted here in bribery case."

Detectives were sent to all railway stations. Each had a good description of Kelly, which had been sent out from St. Louis some time ago. Detective Tate saw a familiar face in the crowd. He remembered the man as Kelly, whom he had met.

"Hello, Kelly," said Tate, approaching the St. Louisan.

Kelly, turned, looked at Tate, and responded to the salutation.

"Well, I want you, Mr. Kelly," said Tate, and the St. Louis man was escorted to the city hall. The St. Louis authorities were notified and a reply was received to hold Kelly.

Says He Came to Surrender.

Kelly was crestfallen when he reached the police station. He said:

"I was on my way back to St. Louis and meant to announce my arrival there on Monday and give myself up to answer whatever charges have been laid against me. I had been absent in Europe for several months and spent most of my time in Ireland. On my arrival in New York this morning I received word that my 11 year old boy had died in St. Louis. As soon as I stepped from the steamer it was suggested to me by an old acquaintance that I come to Philadelphia for a few days. I came here, and now I find myself under arrest. That's all there is to it."

The accused man carried considerable baggage, and the labels on it indicated that he had been in Naples, Paris, London, Berlin, Dublin, and Killarney.

New York, Nov. 28.—Charles F. Kelly arrived on the steamship Celtic. On the same ship were William Ratigan, a St. Louis contractor, and William J. Sullivan of St. Louis. Kelly's name was not on the passenger list, but Sullivan's and Ratigan's were. At the dock when the Celtic arrived was Congressman-elect James J. Butler of St. Louis.

Kelly's face looked white and wrinkled. He was recognized as he walked down the gangplank by R. G. Carroll, and when he was called by name he started back as if he had been struck. Congressman Butler tried to keep Carroll away, but Kelly held out his hand and said:

"For God's sake let me alone for today. I have nothing to say. I have just received word that my son is dead, and I am going right back to St. Louis.

"Where have I been? Everywhere. The trip has been no rest for me. I will be glad to get back to St. Louis, to my wife, who is brokenhearted over our boy's death. I can't tell what is ahead of me there. I don't care, now that the boy is dead."

The party left for Philadelphia.

Charges Against Kelly.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 28.—Charles F. Kelly left St. Louis several months ago, soon after the grand jury had returned indictments charging him on several counts with bribery, in connection with municipal legislation for street railway and other franchises. His bonds were fixed at $30,000. Kelly, it is charged, is the man who distributed the $47,500 boodle fund among the members of the house combine three years ago for the passage of the city lighting bill. Until today his whereabouts were unknown to the authorities. A reward of $800 offered by the state for Kelly's arrest still stands.

MORE ST. LOUIS INDICTMENTS.

Grand Jury Charges Four Men with Fraudulent Voting and Urges Change in Election Law.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—The October grand jury submitted its final report this evening and adjourned. The report advocates a change in the election laws and severely criticises the city officials who have been connected with the boodling cases.

Informations charging fraudulent voting were issued against four men, and a number of other indictments were returned against parties whose names were kept secret because they are not yet in custody. The report, in part, says:

"Citizens of St. Louis have learned with shame how they have been mercilessly robbed for years. We have, for the past nine months, been regaled with the greatest exposure of corruption the world has ever known. We believe the people have been awakened and the public conscience has been quickened, and we feel gratified that the law is being vigorously enforced, and due and proper punishment is being meted out to these public plunderers.

"We have spent some time in investigation of crimes against the ballot. While it is clear that many frauds have been perpetrated, the difficulty of procuring direct testimony is great. Corrupt and incompetent men were appointed as judges and clerks of election in a number of the precincts which are controlled by the baser elements of our community and the bargains made by the ward and precinct bosses were carried out by these pliant tools. The Nesbit election law should be amended."

FENCE WAR IN NEBRASKA.

Col. Mosby Predicts Bloodshed Before the Barriers Are Pulled Down.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 28.—Col. John S. Mosby, special land agent for the government, who has been called here to testify before the federal grand jury now in session, says:

"There will be bloodshed out in Nebraska over that fence matter before it is done with, but I propose to have the fences torn down if I have to send a cavalry force there to do it. President Roosevelt has assured me that the fences would be removed. He said, 'This thing must stop or there will be bloodshed over it.'

"And President Roosevelt knows just as much about this western land question as any one in the country, too, for he lived in the west a number of years.

"Just as soon as I get through this grand jury work here I will go on to Alliance and look after the Standard Cattle company. That firm probably has more land fenced in Nebraska than any two other people and I must look into it."

CASTRO DECIDES TO PAY CLAIMS.

Venezuela Seeks to Avoid Trouble with Germany and Great Britain.

PLAN IS STILL SECRET.

United States Government to Be Informed of the Details Today.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—President Castro will pay the claims of British and German subjects against Venezuela and thus head off the proposed joint naval demonstration.

The terms of settlement will be made known to the United States government at Washington tomorrow. In the meantime they are to be kept a secret here. The main feature of the settlement is a unification of all the outstanding guaranteed loans upon a basis of security much greater than has been hitherto offered. Should the United States government give its moral support the plan will be submitted to American bankers.

Castro Sends Secret Mission.

The new development in the crisis which is regarded as hourly growing more serious is due to the arrival in Europe of a secret delegation from the Venezuelan government empowered to deal with the outstanding liabilities of that republic.

Until a suitable plan could be arranged it was considered inadvisable to communicate with the foreign minister at Caracas, with whom relations have become so strained. Such a plan has now, in the belief of the delegation, been arrived at and unofficially, through the Anglo-American banker, the attitude of the United States will be ascertained.

It is explained that President Castro has hitherto had no opportunity of taking up the question of national finances, but while he himself was engaged in suppressing the revolution, he sent to Europe the secret delegation referred to, with the view of accomplishing what was regarded as impossible of execution at Caracas.

Secrecy was regarded to be imperative in view of President Castro's belief that if it had been known that Venezuela contemplated a new financial settlement he would have been inundated with claims of every description, and the dealings with the bondholders would have presented many more difficulties.

German Fleet in Readiness.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLOGNE, Nov. 28.—In a semi official article the Gazette says that Commodore Scheder has received at Willemstad fresh orders from Berlin, in accordance with which he has ordered the other German ships in the vicinity to join him, so that he has now six vessels at his disposal. Germany, the paper adds, is resolved to support the just claims of her oppressed subjects in Venezuela in the most vigorous manner. The manner in which the German squadron will act is not fully known yet, as Germany does not stand alone in the matter.

France Will Not Join.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The French foreign office has not considered the question of French participation in the British-German naval demonstration against Venezuela, as the French claims are making reasonable progress towards adjustment. The officials here take a favorable view of the British-German plan as being likely to serve the interests of all the powers, and, at the same time, more fully define the real meaning of the Monroe doctrine.

Colombian Invaders Expelled.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Nov. 28.—The Colombian invaders, under Gens. Garbiras and Espiritu Morales, after several defeats, were obliged to recross the frontier on Nov. 25. They left numerous prisoners in the hands of the Venezuelan troops, among them Chief of Staff Briceno, who was abandoned in a wounded condition. The revolutionary general Matos is still lying sick at Willemstad, Curaçao.

Banker Seligman Interested.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Wall street heard a story today that Venezuela was going to pay, through an Anglo-American banking firm, the claims held against it by Germany and Great Britain. The financiers came to the conclusion that the intermediary bankers were J. and W. Seligman & Co.

Isaac N. Seligman was asked tonight if this assumption was warranted.

"I can't say anything about it just now," said Mr. Seligman, "but I shall probably have a statement to make soon."

SHIPS COLLIDE: FATE UNKNOWN

Two Steamers Come Together Off the Belgian Coast, but Details Are Lacking.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

OSTEND, Nov. 28.—Two steamships, believed to be the Gotha and Hans, have been in collision off the Belgian coast. No details have as yet been received as to the damage or the fate of those on board.

British Steamers Ashore.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 28.—The British steamship Exmoor, which left Kurrachee Oct. 20 from Manchester, is ashore on the rocks at the entrance of the ship canal.

The British steamship Ikbal, Capt. Jennings, plying between Galveston and Liverpool, is ashore in Liverpool bay. The crew has been rescued by the life savers.

Wreck Off French Coast.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CALAIS, Nov. 28.—A large three masted sailing vessel has been wrecked off Belle Isle-sur-Mer. The life savers are endeavoring to rescue the crew.

WILL SACRIFICE A DESTROYER.

British Navy Trying to Break a $1,250,000 Warship in Two to Detect Weakness in Construction.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., Nov. 28.—Naval officials today began experiments to discover why so many British torpedo boat destroyers are broken in two while at sea. The destroyer Wolf, launched in 1897, and costing $1,250,000, will be sacrificed in the experiments.

The destroyer was first balanced across a pile of timbers, with both ends of the vessel unsupported. It did not break in two under this strain and was next hung by the ends, leaving the center unsupported. The destroyer withstood both tests.

The experiments are expected to prove whether a destroyer's hull is so weak, as was suggested in the case of the Cobra, that the back breaks when a wave lifts the vessel amidships or a sea lifts it in such a manner that the wave is hollow beneath the middle.

The tests will be repeated, and if the Wolf remains seaworthy it will be taken out in a rough sea for further experiments. Vessels will stand by in case of accident.

ATTACKS AMBASSADOR WHITE.

Berlin Paper Suggests That He Study American Methods Before He Criticises Roumania.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—The Kreuz Zeitung, discussing Ambassador White's recent letter to Henry Seligman of Frankfort-on-the-Main, regarding the treatment of Hebrews in Roumania, says it is to be recommended that the ambassador remove the beam from his own eye before removing the mote from his neighbor's eye. The Roumanian Jews, says the paper, are far better situated than the American negroes. They are not treated with the same contempt, and do not suffer lynch law, nor are Jewish funeral processions in Roumania mobbed as in New York and Chicago.

GERMANY'S FOREMOST MODERN PAINTER, WHO HAS SUFFERED STROKE OF APOPLEXY

[From a painting by himself, made six years ago.]



FRANZ VON LENBACH AND HIS DAUGHTER.

Private cable advices received by New York artists report that Franz von Lenbach, Germany's leading portrait painter, has had a stroke of apoplexy and that his condition is grave. Herr von Lenbach is 66 years old. He was the friend of Bismarck, whose guest he was for twenty years. He has painted, among others, Pope Leo, the kaiser, Bismarck, and Von Moltke. Besides his portrait work he has put to canvas numbers of European, Indian, African, and oriental types. The kaiser has a most high opinion of him. Herr von Lenbach's father was a Bavarian stonemason.

RUSSIA'S NEW PORT GROWS

BRITISH INVEST IN TERMINAL OF MANCHURIAN RAILWAY.

First Sale of Building Lots in Recently Projected Oriental Metropolis Is Successful—Government Shuts Out Cattle Shipped from Boston—Controversy Between Edmund Gosse and Sir Edward Clarke Over Decadence of English Literature.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 29, 3 a. m.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Morning Post sends the interesting intelligence that the first sale of building lots at Dalny, the commercial terminus of the Manchurian railway, has been successful beyond all expectations of the Russian government. Two British firms are reported to have been the largest buyers at the recent sale, which would seem to indicate clearly that British merchants have come to the conclusion that there is a much brighter future before the new port than they were formerly willing to admit. If the prognostications of the Morning Post correspondent, who visited Dalny last year, are even partially realized, there is a great future before the new port, and the growth of this wonderful city will be watched with ever increasing interest by the whole world.

Boston Cattle Shut Out.

The order by the board of agriculture prohibiting the importation of cattle from six New England states is based upon the action of the American authorities against the foot and mouth disease and is not regarded by officials here as unfriendly in any respect, but simply as a scientific and sanitary precaution. The order does not apply to shipments of cattle from New York nor from Canadian ports where there is no evidence of the existence of the disease. About 150,000 cattle have been imported from Boston alone in the present year. This trade will be temporarily suspended and the effect can hardly fail to be a rise in the prices of meat. Portland will also be included in the official order. German authorities will probably follow the British example, since they have been enforcing rigorous laws of sanitary inspection against Russian cattle.

The clear, decisive statements of Sir Clinton Dawkins respecting payments for the White Star line have tended to steady and strengthen the American market.

Lively Literary Controversy.

The controversy between Sir Edward Clarke and Edmund Gosse respecting the decadence of English literature is increasing in liveliness. The fact that Clarke finds leisure for literary criticism while he is taking a leading part in a society divorce case of exceptional interest indicates that there is some one behind him working up the points.

Gosse's first protest was made against the mischievous effects of amateur criticism when recklessly employed against men of letters who are trained for their work precisely as Clarke has been equipped for successful practice at the bar. Clarke, coached by a literary solicitor, has shifted the grand controversy to Montaigne, Ben Jonson, and other side issues, and sought to impugn the accuracy of Gosse's scholarship.

Gosse in today's Times makes effective reply to these diversions of the wily advocate and attempts to bring back the discussion to the original thesis.

Coronation Choir Dinner.

The coronation choir dinner to Sir Frederick Bridge at King's hall last night was a unique tribute to a conductor of a singular nobility of mind. It was a large company of musicians and singers, with the subdean and the precentor of the abbey, Earl Lytton, Sir Hubert Parry, Dr. Stanford, and many other distinguished guests. A musical grace and "God Save the King" were sung with splendid effect by this great body of trained musicians. Chairman George Wyndham, while professing to speak for the unlearned, delivered a most thoughtful and brilliant address on music, laying stress upon the support which musicians had received from the monastic institutions, from cathedrals and court, and even forecasting municipal patronage in the fullness of time.

Tells of a Bad Blunder.

Sir Frederick Bridge made a most delightful response, in which dry wit crackled in almost every sentence. One most amusing passage was his confession that a bad blunder was made in the coronation service, owing to a false signal, and Sir Hubert Parry's anthem sung prematurely, involving the necessity for repeating it when the king actually passed through the screen. This he described as the first instance in which an anthem had received an encore. Sir Frederick Bridge gave full credit to his fellow musicians and the choir, and delighted the company with his enthusiasm over trumpets and drums.

Sir Hubert Parry also made a most amiable speech and told an excellent story about Tennyson. The evening was a triumph of good fellowship among musicians. I. N. F.

American Warships at Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Nov. 28.—The United States war vessels Montgomery, Osceola, and Unca have arrived here from Culebra island. The Fortune sailed hence today for Culebra.

THE OVERLAND LIMITED.

Most Luxurious Train in the World.

Less than three days to California via Chicago and Northwestern Ry., daily 8 p. m. Electric lighted throughout. Compartment and drawing room sleeping cars, observation, buffet-library, and dining cars through without change. All the luxuries of modern travel. Tickets, 212 Clark-st. and Wells-st. Sta.

KAISER SCORED BY PAPER.

VORWAERTS SAYS EMPEROR EXCEEDS HIS RIGHTS.

Ruler's Declaration That Publication Is Guilty of Libel in Charges Against Herr Krupp Held Unfair, as Court Is Yet to Rule on the Question and May Be Influenced in Its Decision — Accusation Repeated and Full Proof Is Promised.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Vorwaerts, commenting on Emperor William's speech on the day of the funeral of Herr Krupp at Essen, says:

"While prosecution is still pending against us and the truth is not judicially yet ascertained, the emperor anticipates the court's findings by pronouncing our guilt out of hand. Is it allowed that the crown, at the initiatory stage of a pending case, utter a verdict and thereby place the judges in the painful dilemma of either contradicting his majesty or subjecting themselves to the suspicion that their judgment was influenced by him.

"Justice stands above everybody—even above the emperor—and the freedom of the courts is the life and nerve of every state."

The paper adds: "The monarchy is constitutionally irresponsible. An adequate answer to the emperor's speech is prevented through the lese majesty paragraphs."

Vorwaerts, in two columns, reaffirms in moderate language the truth of its original charges against the late Herr Krupp, and alleges that the evidence rests on the testimony of persons quite above party passion, personal interest, or political hate.

German Artist Arrested.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Nov. 28.—The Tribuna prints a dispatch from Naples, saying that a warrant has been issued for Christian Allers, a well known German artist, on the charge of having committed unnatural offenses, which were attributed to Herr Krupp. Allers occupied a magnificent villa at Capri, from which he has disappeared.

The German socialist organ, the Vorwaerts, has sent a member of the reichstag to the island of Capri to investigate the charges made against Krupp.

Says Charges Are Proven False.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

NAPLES, Nov. 28.—The Matino says that an investigation of the charges against Allers proved that the allegations against Herr Krupp were baseless slanders.

SOCIETY AT A DIVORCE TRIAL.

Lady Hartopp's Counsel Defends Her Against the Accusations of Her Husband.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Lady Hartopp appeared at the third day's hearing in her husband's suit for divorce in an elaborate costume. The defendant was apparently extracting all the enjoyment possible out of the novel situation. Earl Cowley, the co-respondent, also appeared to be much amused by the proceedings.

Sir Edward Clarke opened the case for the respondent. He immediately commenced to criticise the evidence given by the servants, pointing out that the conduct of Earl Cowley and Lady Hartopp was quite natural in hunting society.

Counsel for the respondent denied that Lady Hartopp had a propensity to bet on horse races. In regard to the Sir John Willoughby incident, where the husband wanted Lady Hartopp to order him to leave the house, Sir Edward Clarke said Sir Charles Hartopp's conduct was outrageous. If Sir John Willoughby had been banished from the house all the world would have imagined that Lady Hartopp was unworthy of the trust and confidence of her husband.

FREE TRADE WARCRY RAISED.

English Liberals Determine to Fight Protection Tendencies of the Balfour Ministry.

LONDON, Nov. 29, 3 A. M.—The annual banquet of the Cobden club, which was held last evening, resolved itself into a great demonstration of the liberal leaders, Lord Spencer Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, and others, against the government's protectionist tendencies. This sounding anew of the liberal warcry, "free trade," has provoked much newspaper comment. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman declared that the liberal party would oppose by every means in its power the bills giving effect to the sugar convention.

HOW VIRTUES RANK IN PARIS.

Newspaper Readers Decide That Economy Is the Most Desirable Quality for Women.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The Presse has taken a plebiscite of its readers on the question of which are the six most essential virtues of women. The result affords some clew to Parisian sociology. Economy is placed first, with 1,420 votes; fidelity and modesty each received 1,357; kindliness received 1,182; and maternal love, 539. Cleanliness and patience were last on the list.

Americans Get Belgian Glass Works.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—A financial paper announces that the glass works of Courcelles have passed under the control of a Pittsburg company.

STORMY DAY IN THE REICHSTAG.

Socialists Break Up Session of German Parliament by Their Uproar.

FIGHT ON TARIFF BILL.

Majority Party Tries to Force Vote on the Measure Without a Debate.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—The attempt of the majority of the reichstag to force the second reading of the tariff bill as a whole without a paragraph discussion caused so violent an uproar today that the session had to be suspended.

The socialists are furiously indignant at what they called a "parliamentary coup d'état and the complete suppression of the rights of the minority."

Attack the Socialists.

The trouble was started today by Herr Bachem of the center party, who took the tribune and, describing the dilatory tactics of the opposition, said that Freisinnige Vereinigung and the moderate radicals were doing hodcarrier's service for the socialists, adding: "If you only knew what has recently been said about this alliance——"

Herr Bachem left the sentence unfinished, and the socialists shouted: "Out with it! Name your man!"

Then Ulrich, Baudert, and other members of the socialist party rushed up the steps of the speaker's desk, shouting and gesticulating violently. Herr Gathein, radical, standing at the top of the steps of the tribune, tried to keep the socialists back. He was hurled down the stairs and his voice and the vigorous ringing of the president's bell were drowned in the tumult.

The socialist members renewed the demand that Herr Bachem should complete his sentence. The speaker was twice called to order, but after some minutes of disorder Vice President Buesing succeeded in quieting the uproad sufficiently to say:

"No member can be compelled to say what he does not want to say."

Thereupon the tumult was renewed and the members of the socialist party again stormed the president's tribune, wildly shouting. Some among them addressed Herr Bachem: "You rascal! You dog!"

Sitting Is Suspended.

Vice President Buesing, finding himself powerless in face of the howling cyclone, suspended the session for half an hour.

Upon the resumption of the sitting at 7 o'clock Herr Bachem attempted to resume his speech, but the socialists raised such an uproar that he had to discontinue. Herr Singer then took the floor and said that Herr Bachem had insulted most deeply the socialist party. He had struck, continued the speaker, from ambush and he should name the man to whom he had alluded. Herr Bachem replied that after such treatment he would decline to do so. The house then adjourned on the motion of the conservatives.

Editors Are Indignant.

The liberal papers today, discussing yesterday's proceedings in the reichstag, emphasize the gravity of Baron von Kardorff's proposal to pass the tariff bill without any discussion of the details. Even the moderate National Zeitung, the chief organ of the national liberal party, says: "It is a parliamentary coup d'état," and expresses amazement and indignation.

The Tageblatt and Vossische Zeitung characterize the proposition as a revolution. The Tageblatt calls yesterday "black Thursday."

Baron von Kardorff's motion provides that the house shall vote the bill en bloc, but it embraces certain reductions upon the government figures for agricultural implements and machinery, averaging from 15 to 25 per cent.

Terms of the Compromise.

It is understood that the government has consented to the compromise, including an increase of malting barley to $1, as was demanded by the center party, and the abolition of the municipal octrois. The government also agreed to devote the surplus revenues proceeding from the new tariff to the insurance fund for widows and orphans.

The indications are that after the adoption of Baron von Kardorff's motion some days will elapse before the final vote on the second reading of the tariff bill is reached. The socialists and radicals will attempt to graft many amendments upon the compromise scheme, just an outline of which may keep the house voting for weeks.

TURKS TORTURE MACEDONIANS

Sultan Adopts Barbarous Methods in Trying to Crush Peasants Alleged to Be Rebels.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Mail advices received here from Constantinople under date of Nov. 24 say:

"In spite of all official denials the porte is adopting barbarous methods in crushing the Macedonian peasants. Winter has set in, and the danger from revolutionary bands is over, yet the Turkish authorities seem to think the time has come to act. In the face of promises of free pardon to those who returned to their homes, Christian villagers have been shockingly tortured to make them betray alleged concealed depots of arms or give information regarding the working of the Macedonian committees.

"The bastinado has been frequently employed until the victims were crippled for life, their feet being beaten to a pulp by Turkish soldiers. Peasants were also hung by their heels to the ceiling and boiling hot eggs were put in their arm pits. Even priests were not spared, while the troops openly plunder the peasants, who are being driven to despair."

SENDS A THREAT TO RUSSIA.

England Will Impose Retaliatory Duty on Sugar if Czar Does Not Sign Brussels Convention.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 28.—Great Britain is the only power that has replied to the Russian note regarding the sugar conference. The reply hoped that the Russian government would still signify its adherence to the Brussels convention, but if not, Great Britain would be compelled to impose a retaliatory duty on Russian sugar if the international commission decides that a sugar bounty exists in Russia. The Russian government has replied to Great Britain's note declaring that such action would be an infringement of the Anglo-Russian commercial treaty of 1859.

ULTIMATUM IS SENT TO HAYTI.

Leader of Opposition to Present Government Threatens Civil War if Demand Is Refused.

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Nov. 28.—Gen. Alexis Nord, who was war minister of the provisional government, and who is at St. Marc with about 8,000 to 10,000 men from Gonaives, has sent an ultimatum to the government here demanding the invalidation of the election of the deputies who are members of the party headed by M. Firmin, the self-exiled leader of the recent rebellion. If the chamber refuses to cancel the election of these deputies the outbreak of another civil war is probable. The general opinion is that the chamber will reject the general's demand. Preparations are being made to defent Port Au Prince in view of the possibility that Gen. Nord will attack it.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

PEKIN—M. Lessar, the Russian minister, is in ill health and will return to St. Petersburg on leave of absence.

BOMBAY—Lord Kitchener, commander of the British forces in India, arrived here today.

NOTED LONDON PREACHER WHO IS DEAD.



The Rev. Mr. Parker had been minister of the City Temple of London since 1869. He was born in 1830 and became a clergyman in 1853.

DR. JOSEPH PARKER DEAD.

NOTED LONDON DIVINE EXPIRES AFTER LONG ILLNESS.

Son of a Stonecutter Startles All England with His Vigorous Declarations — First Sermon, Preached at Age of 15, Wins a Place for Him in the British Metropolis — Present King Denounced Publicly from Pulpit by the Minister.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Rev. Joseph Parker, minister of the City temple, who has been ill for a long time, died today. He was a well known writer on religious subjects.

Dr. Parker's end came peacefully. He had been in extremis for several days past and had taken no nourishment since Wednesday. He rallied on Thursday night, giving the doctors hope that he might live a few days longer. He retained consciousness to the last.

A simple white card without a black border, hangs on the door of his residence at Hampstead, inscribed: "At 5 o'clock p. m. Dr. Parker ascended."

Heart Affection the Cause.

Dr. Parker suffered from a complication of ailments, the most serious of which affected his heart and was the immediate cause of death. He had been afflicted with insomnia, not having enjoyed a natural sleep for six weeks.

Dr. Parker was born in 1830 at Banbury, a quaint old town. As a boy he showed a predilection for the pulpit, and when he was 15 years old he preached his first sermon among the miners of Northumberland.

He was ordained in 1852, and when only 23 was made pastor of a Congregational chapel at Banbury.

Son of a Stonecutter.

From his father he inherited the frame of a Hercules and a constitution of iron. That father was a stonecutter, a man of the Cromwellian type, who hated lies and who despised soft people. The first sermon Dr. Parker delivered was fiercer, as he himself said, than volcanoes, tornadoes, and whirlwinds.

Dr. Parker was invited to be the assistant of a man who was noted in that day for his blunt speech in the matter of criticism. This was Dr. John Campbell, and Dr. Parker owed much of his success to the lessons he learned from the sturdy old Scotchman.

Dr. Parker commenced his London ministry in 1869. He occupied the pulpit of the Poultry chapel in Cheapside. The church of which Dr. Parker of late years was the head is the oldest Congregational church in London. It was formed in 1640 by Dr. Thomas Goodwin, who was at one time chaplain to Oliver Cromwell, president of Magdalen college, and member of the Westminster Assembly of Divines. This church is the City temple, and Dr. Parker's sermons made it even more celebrated than it ever was.

Preaching His One Hobby.

Vigorous and open spoken in serious matters, the doctor was full of wit and humor. Once a lady asked him what was his hobby.

"Preaching, madam," was his reply.

"But apart from preaching?" she persisted.

"There is nothing apart from preaching," the doctor responded.

Dr. Parker occupied many important positions in the English Congregational church. He has been chairman of the Lancashire Congregational union, chairman of the Manchester board and of the London board, and chairman of the National Congregational union. His works are: "The People's Bible," "The Paraclete," "Ecce Deus," "Ad Clerum," "Weaver Stephen," and "Springdale Abbey."

Famous Sermon on Cromwell.

Dr. Joseph Parker, preaching at the tricentenary services in memory of Oliver Cromwell, said he longed for more Cromwells to give an example of vigor and courage.

He contrasted Cromwell with the then prince, who, he said, gambled at baccarat, the modern prime ministers, who are so frequently seen on racecourses, and the modern German emperor, who called the sultan his friend. He said times were surely rotten when the heir to the throne played baccarat in semi-private clubs on the Riviera.

After the death of Henry Ward Beecher Dr. Parker was called to Plymouth church, Brooklyn. In London there was talk among dissenters of draping the Mansion house in mourning should he accept.

Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, who, during his visit to England last summer, preached from Dr. Parker's pulpit, and, as a result, was called to the church, spoke feelingly last night of the great English clergyman.

"A great man in Israel has fallen," said he. "He was fellow in time and place with Liddon at St. Paul's, Spurgeon at the Tabernacle, Farrar at St. Margaret's, and Stanley at Westminster Abbey, and he made City Temple the cathedral of nonconformity, a place benign and eminent. His was the age of Phillips Brooks, Père Hyacinthe, Kingsley, and Beecher, and the greatest of these said that Parker rose to heights of sacred eloquence untouched by other men.

"He will be remembered with the orators of Christendom—with Chrysostom and Savonarola, Massillon, and Chalmers, and, as a faithful expositor of the scriptures, he was like a Jerome fused with a Guthrie, or like a Lightfoot with the lips of Melville."

Europe Needs More than a Tariff.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The Matin, referring to the proposed international conference on trusts suggested by Russia, expresses the opinion that mere customs tariffs will never protect the European markets from American competition.

OUT OF CUBA'S CABINET.

RESIGNATION OF SENOR TAMAYO IS ACCEPTED.

President Approves Retirement of the Secretary of Government and the Rest of the Ministry Indorses His Action—Temporary Appointment Is Made for the Office—Change Is Considered a Victory for the Republicans—Clash Result of the Strike.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—The resignation of Señor Tamayo as secretary of government, which was tendered in consequence of the support given by him to the strikers, was accepted today by President Palma, whose action was indorsed by the cabinet. Señor Yero, secretary of public instruction, will replace Señor Tamayo temporarily.

The action of President Palma in accepting the resignation was virtually forced by bitter public opinion and the press, which were almost unanimously against Señor Tamayo, though Señor Palma was a passive spectator of the whole affair.

However, the action of the national party and the blind policy of some of the opposers of the government really redounded against themselves, as they awakened such a strong public sentiment that President Palma was forced to act.

Quarrel at Cabinet Meeting.

On Monday Señor Zalado, secretary of state and justice, and Señor Tamayo had a row at a cabinet meeting, the former accusing Señor Tamayo of being responsible for the strike and a traitor to the government. Señor Tamayo verbally resigned his office, and apparently made no resistance to Señor Zalado.

The leading nationalists made strong efforts to save Tamayo, but the republicans insisted that the resignation should be accepted. Another reason for its acceptance was that the row in the cabinet became generally known and threatened a public scandal.

Republicans See a Gain.

The loss of Señor Tamayo is a blow to the nationalists, and it is considered that the republicans will probably gain thereby, as it is always an advantage to be in power. It is not yet known who the successor of Señor Tamayo will be.

It is stated that the action of the radicals serves to show that they have nothing to offer the country, and that they will go to extremes to embarrass the government. This will force the sympathy of the republicans and the more conservative to the side of the government.

The ayuntamiento, which has a nationalist majority, has expressed its confidence in the mayor by a vote of 15 to 4.

Cigarmakers Announce Terms.

All the principal cigar manufacturers of Havana, with the exception of the Havana Commercial company, held a meeting last night and sent their terms to the striking cigarmakers. They agreed to admit Cuban apprentices, which was admitted by them long ago. The Havana Commercial company sent a circular letter to its factories explaining that it would admit Cuban apprentices, but saying it could not allow the committee of workmen to interfere in the management of the factories, nor would it employ unfit hands.

As the men apparently wished to decide who was to be employed, the company would not accept their terms. Some of the agitators are still trying to work up a general strike, but public opinion is against them.

MORO SULTAN INSISTS ON WAR.

Ruler of Bacolod Calls Americans "Hogs Who Eat Hogs" and Challenges Them to Fight.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Nov. 28.—The sultan of Bacolod, after professing friendship for America, has written a letter to Capt. Pershing, at Camp Vicars, in which he calls Americans "hogs; hogs who eat hogs," and challenges them to fight.

It is probable that Capt. Perching will be ordered to take a column to Bacolod. Military men, however, doubt whether the sultan really will fight.

Constabulary Inspector Hendryx, who has been stationed in Samar island, was killed last Tuesday by a band of Ladrones. The reports regarding his death are meager and indicate that Hendryx was attacked by a superior force. His detachment of constabulary was routed and Hendryx, with one soldier, was surrounded and killed.

MRS. JOHN DILLON SUMMONED.

Wife of Irish Leader Called to Chicago —Hospital People Say Recovery Is Certain.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Mrs. Dillon has been summoned to Chicago, where her husband, John Dillon, the Irish leader, is ill.

At Mercy hospital, where Mr. Dillon is, it was stated last evening that his condition was much improved. It is expected that he will leave the hospital within three or four days.

Mont Pelee Is Again Violent.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, Nov. 28.—The royal mail steamer Vare, which arrived here today, passed Mont Pelee, island of Martinique, during Wednesday morning, and reports that the volcano was then erupting violently.

Three Children Burn to Death.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 28.—Three children of Morris Bressler died tonight at the city hospital from burns received at their home during the day. The mother left them at home alone, and when she returned the house was in flames.

DEGREE OF LL. D. FOR DR. LORENZ.

Honorary Title Bestowed on Great Surgeon by Northwestern University.

GIVEN DIPLOMA AND HOOD

Vienna Specialist Makes Address, Paying High Tribute to the Profession of Medicine.

In the presence of medical men, students, faculty, and representatives of foreign nations, Dr. Adolf Lorenz of the University of Vienna last night, received the degree of LL. D. from Northwestern university. The event was the feature of the exercises formally dedicating the Tremont building to university uses.

The procession formed in the parlors of the second floor of the Tremont building, Lake and Dearborn streets, and nearly 300 men and women in caps and gowns marched into the auditorium with Dr. Edmund James, president of Northwestern university, and Dr. Lorenz at the head.

In the line marched the consuls of five foreign nations who had been invited as special guests. They were Baron Schlippenbach of Germany, Henri Merou of France, A. Holinger of Switzerland, B. Singer of Spain, and A. Nuber of Austria.

Dr. James Confers Degree.

Dr. Lorenz was presented to President James for the degree by Dr. N. S. Davis, dean of the medical school, and Dr. James, in conferring the degree, said:

"The trustees of Northwestern university have by a unanimous vote authorized me to confer on you the degree of doctor of laws honoris causa. This is the highest honor which the university can bestow, and the grounds upon which you have been selected for this distinction are known to all. I hereby confer on you this degree, and in testimony of this fact I present you with this diploma and invest you with this hood, the external signs of this inward union."

Response by Dr. Lorenz.

In accepting the honor bestowed on him, Dr. Lorenz said:

"I feel myself embarrassed by the entire and extraordinary situation in which I find myself, through the boundless hospitality of the Northwestern university in conferring the degree of doctor of laws, by which I may enjoy the distinction of belonging to the university as an honorary member. I can only assure you that I know how to prize highly this honorary degree.

"I must here remark that in the old world also an honorary title has been given me. You know what a great part titles and orders play in the old world. The title, which was conferred on me by his majesty Emperor Franz Josef of Austria, reads: 'Imperial royal counselor of the government.'

"Now this old and this new title have a certain inner relationship in the fact that, without doubt, I am the worst counselor of the government and, as much without doubt, the worst doctor of laws anywhere to be found, for I understand fully as little about government as I understand about laws.

"Now this old and this new title haves certain relationship in the fact that, without doubt, I am the worst counselor of the government and, as much without doubt, the worst doctor of laws to be found, for I understand fully as little about government as I understand about laws.

Accepts for His University.

"If, nevertheless, I accept this honor it is because I look upon it not as a personal one, but regard myself only as the agent of a courtesy which the Northwestern university desires to bestow on the long celebrated School of Medicine of Vienna, a member of which it is my greatest pride to be.

"This honoring of one school by another is a beautiful expression of the always deep rooted feeling that science is one united power which throws a common bond around all nations; that there are, especially for the medical art and science, no separating boundary posts, no dividing ocean, no different nations. The science of medicine joins its adepts around the world in a great brotherhood whose common highest law is the law of humanity and brotherly love.

"The terms surgery and bloodless appear at first sight, according to general comprehension, each to exclude the other, for surgery is known more than anything else as a bloody art, and yet the word surgery means nothing else than handicraft, technical skill, or dexterity.

"The hand can also coax and caress, but the coaxes of the surgical hand have always certainly a dubious character. In order to characterize bloody surgery one must speak of it as surgery with a knife. The layman cannot conceive the surgical hand otherwise than armed with a knife."

Dedicates Tremont Building.

In his address dedicating the Tremont building President James said it was one of the largest buildings in the world in the center of a city which is used almost exclusively for educational purposes by a university. He predicted that Chicago would become the center of professional study and research within a few years because nature had endowed the city with the proper surroundings to make it one of the places to which thousands of students would journey.

Dr. Lorenz, in the morning, made another call on Lolita Armour. Speaking of his little patient's condition, he said:

"The case progresses favorably, and I am confident she will be restored to a normal physical condition. The conditions could not be more favorable, but it will be impossible to know the result definitely until after the plaster cast has been removed and the after treatment completed."

FAST WORK ON SHAMROCK III.

Everything in Readiness for Running the Lead Keel—New Method to Be Tested.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Excellent progress is being made in setting the frames of Shamrock III., and everything is ready for running the lead keel. It is learned that the same plan of bringing the midship frames right down outside the lead of the keel as adopted in the case of Shamrock II. will be followed in the new challenger. William Fife considers that clinging lead ballast inside the frames in this fashion permits the use of lighter frames than when the lead is bolted outside. In order to obviate the possibility of warping the steel frames by the heat, the ballast will be run in quantities of about a ton daily. The quantity of lead to be used is larger than that of any previous challenger.

IRISH LANDLORDS ARE FIRM.

Refuse to Take Part in Proposed Conference with Representatives of Their Tenants.

DUBLIN, Nov. 28.—The committee composed of the earl of Mayo, Lord Dunraven, and others interested in the Irish agrarian question, which proposed to call a conference of Irish landlords and tenants, with a view to the sale of the land to the latter, met today and sent an invitation to the convention of Irish landlords to join the movement. The convention has explicitly declined the invitation, principally because it will not meet the national members of parliament and as it does not regard the recent poll of the Irish landlords, which resulted in a vote in favor of holding the conference, as being sufficiently representative of the views of the Irish landlords.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

To California and Oregon.

Daily and personally conducted excursions via Chicago and Northwestern railway in Pullman tourist sleeping cars in charge of experienced conductors, Chicago to Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Portland. Choice of routes. Only $6 for double berth. Write S. A. Hutchison, 212 Clark street.

WINNIPEG A GATE TO NEW DOMINION

Capital of Manitoba Crowded with Homeseekers from the United States.

RUSH TO FIND FARMS.

By Spring 10,000 Colonists Are Expected to Arrive Every Month.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—To the Canadian colonist all roads lead to Winnipeg. Here is the gateway of the new dominion, fondly believed to be a second Chicago—twenty-five years ago nothing; now a hustling, busy, energetic city, the center of a great grain and grazing country, full to the brim with picturesque and diversified life.

Even now, when the temperature demands furs, the tide of immigration seems unbroken. From the states come agricultural prospectors—weatherbeaten men in great coats and fur hats, who enter Winnipeg, and then go on into the interior of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and Assiniboia on thirty day inspection trips.

They are in search of homesteads and good railroad lands. Every day the incoming trains bring them from across the border, and they fill the Canadian Pacific immigration offices in crowds, getting their rebates on tickets to distant points in the northwest. Some of them return to the states discouraged; some return and will be back again in the spring to settle; many take up their claims at once, and will send for their families in the spring.

Good Class of Settlers.

If appearances count for anything, these immigrants represent a good type in the United States. Canadians assert they are the best class of settlers the dominion could secure. The great majority are farmers. Now and then there is an artisan, now and then a shopkeeper, or a laborer.

It indicates another period in the development of the country that the shopkeepers are coming. Communities have grown up in the interior which find their greatest inconvenience in their distance from a base of supplies. The shopkeeper is hunting these communities to open his general store.

The American, while the largest, is only one component element of the new population. The crowd of settlers has made Winnipeg one of the most picturesque spots on the continent. There are Galicians, in sheep skins, Dunkards, Doukhobors, Scandinavians, Englishmen in tweeds, Icelanders in furs, and Chinamen in nothing in particular.

Winnipeg a Queer Mixture.

Winnipeg is a queer mixture. It has solid, substantial business blocks built beside frame shanties. On its streets you will find men in silk hats and faultless dress and men in shaggy bear skins and furs, their bushy beards sticking out from enormous fur collars, surmounted by great fur caps. An occasional victoria or brougham mixes in the line of farm wagons. There is the appearance of a city rubbing shoulders with the frontier.

Along Main street, a fine, broad thoroughfare, this composite crowd pushes its way. Land offices and fur stores line the street—the two things necessary to the colonist, it being about as essential to him to secure his furs as his land. Three and four active "cappers" ambush the settler in front of the fur stores, and business is thriving.

Land values jump erratically. Property changes hands in some cases as many as three times a week, each sale netting the owner from $10,000 to $15,000. But Winnipeg has felt the results of one disastrous boom, and is proceeding cautiously. It is proceeding also upon the certain knowledge that the influences which developed Chicago must develop Winnipeg, it being the center of a grain producing and stock raising country. Winnipeg knows it will be the metropolis of the northwest. It is now so far as the northwest has a metropolis, but in the future there is to be a great city, which is to be Winnipeg.

Growth of the City.

In 1870 the place had 215 inhabitants; in 1874 it had 1,869, with a total assessable property of $2,600,000, and now it claims over 50,000 and a total of assessable property approximating $30,000,000.

Although furs are in constant use on the streets now, it is considered remarkably mild weather, and the Winnipeg electric street car company has put men back to work asphalting its rights of way. The temperature is coquetting with zero, being 10° or 15° above, but weather seems to be no obstacle to the colonist. The immigration offices, both of the Canadian Pacific and of the government, are kept constantly filled, chiefly with men from the states.

Of these settlers it is the man with a family that is sought by the Canadians. Their best colonist is the man who is not working for himself, but for his sons. This desire to provide a home for children is the motive which brings the best results to the dominion, they find. A man with a family of boys is the man the government agents are anxious to secure. He will go into a new country and stick through all its privations that his children may have a home, and, they argue, since the United States has ceased to offer a good opportunity for such men they are coming to Canada.

Sizing Up the Rush.

Figures are difficult to secure—that is, figures which show accurately the number of homesteaders who are passing through Winnipeg just now. There is no assurance that all or any overwhelming proportion of the prospectors going into the interior will remain and become settlers. Many of them may be dissatisfied with conditions and return.

Some Canadians with brilliant imaginations have given interviews in the United States declaring that as many as 6,000 a day or a week were crossing the border. This is all bosh. Such a condition may be realized next spring—reducing the number to about 10,000 a month—but if 6,000 Americans came over the line in a week and kept it up Winnipeg would be flooded in a month.

It is evident that what is going on now is simply a feeler for next spring. Then it must be remembered that Manitoba is no longer an unsettled country. In fact, the immigration is going into Saskatchewan and Assiniboia because homesteads and railroad lands are becoming exhausted here.

Best Homesteads Are Gone.

Both the government and the railroad endeavor to correct the idea that Manitoba is already filled up, but it is admitted that the choice homesteading lands are gone. In the Red river valley, it is said, there are 2,800,000 acres, of which only 750,000 have ever been cultivated, and south of the Canadian Pacific and west of the Red river valley there are said to be 4,000,000 acres, of which only 1,500,000 ever have been cultivated.

The American settlers, however, are going on into the interior districts. The colonization agents have found that the American wants cleared land which he can break at once. He does not want to have the task of clearing his land of timber, and will hunt for the prairie wherever it can be found.

The government and the railroad can work in common in this settlement, although the government homestead is a free grant requiring citizenship and the railroad land is sold from $4 to $8 an acre. The limit to a government grant is 160 acres, or a quarter section. The land is so laid out that every alternate section is railroad land. A homesteader takes the government grant of 160 acres, which he finds is insufficient for his purpose. He wishes to buy more. He cannot purchase from the government, but adjoining his quarter section is railroad land, and he buys that.

Buying Indian Lands.

Fifteen million acres is what the Canadian Pacific officials now claim to have in the northwest. As has been said, much if not the greater part of the good land in Manitoba has passed out of the hands of the railroad and the government, and is either settled or is in the hands of speculators. These land companies have been able to secure large tracts by buying it from the Indians who were given tracts in settlement by the government, by buying out homesteaders, or by buying railroad land.

In southwestern Manitoba and in southeastern Assiniboia one company—the Canada Land and Colonization company, Americans—have had 500,000 acres, and the Saskatchewan Land company has had a much larger tract in southern Saskatchewan and northern Assiniboia.

With all the great tracts of good land in the northwest the government already is taking steps to reclaim regions which, with irrigation, would be fit for agriculture. Such a district is comprised in the Calgary region of Alberta, and dry pasture land there is to be made fit for agriculture. The department maps of Manitoba show that nearly all the available homesteads and government sites are gone. Saskatchewan still presents an almost unbroken front, and Assiniboia and Alberta are in about a similar condition.

Different nationalities have segregated themselves in various portions of the northwest. Here in Winnipeg they speak of the Icelandic vote in the Fourth ward as being sufficient to turn an election. In eastern Assiniboia the Dunkards have gathered near Qu'Appelle. The Doukhobors are gathered north of Yorkton in Assiniboia. Scandinavians are collected in large numbers in Alberta, near Habbema. Many Germans are near Edmonton. "Yankees" are everywhere.

Many of the settlers newly arrived are facing a winter which means suffering as well as discomfort. Efforts are now being made to relieve the condition of some Welsh colonists near Saltcoats. These people sold their farms and stock in Patagonia to try their fortunes anew in the Canadian northwest. What they sold brought ridiculously low prices and they find themselves now in Canada without means of support and in actual need.

C. S. R.

YOUNG GIRL HEROINE AND THE SISTER SHE RISKED HER OWN LIFE TO SAVE.



Without a thought of her own danger, Katherine Holsworth yesterday risked her life to save her sister from being burned to death. In spite of her bravery, the sister, Rose, may die, while Katherine is herself seriously burned.

The Holsworths live at 6920 Cregier avenue. The girls were alone yesterday afternoon, when Rose dropped a lamp. The kerosene was spilled on her dress, which was ignited by the kitchen fire.

Katherine heard her sister's cry and tried to wrap a rug about her. In an instant the dresses of both girls were afire. Katherine wrapped herself in a piece of carpet and extinguished her blazing dress. Then she went to her sister's aid again. A neighbor at length heard the girls' cries and put out the fire.

TWELVE LIVES ENDANGERED BY COLLISION AT A GRADE.

Trolley Car Wrecked by Engine at Forty-seventh Street Crossing Nearly Adds Another Calamity to Its Record.

Lives of twelve persons were endangered by a collision last night at the network of railroad tracks in Forty-seventh street, between Wallace street and Lowe avenue, and that grade crossing nearly added another calamity to its record.

While crossing those tracks an electric car was struck by a switch engine. The passengers, however, saw the danger in time to escape, though many of them had close calls. A similar accident a little over a year ago cost seven lives.

The car crew asserted that the collision was the fault of the railroad employés, as the gates were up when the car started to cross. The engine, belonged to the Chicago and Western Indiana road. The rear of the car was wrecked and the line was blocked for an hour.

While responding to an alarm of fire at Ashland avenue and Blackhawk street last night the truck of engine company No. 19 collided with a west bound Milwaukee avenue cable train. William Tierney, the driver of the wagon, was thrown to the street and injured. None of the passengers on the cars was injured. Tierney was taken to his residence, 400 Erie street.

NEGROES SOLD AT LOW PRICE.

Women and Man Convicted of Vagrancy Must Serve Terms for Those Who Bought Them.

Lancaster, Ky., Nov. 28.—Sheriff Lawson attracted a large crowd before the courthouse today by the sale of three negroes, two women and a man. After first reading his order from the Circuit court, directing the sale and the terms thereof, he asked for bids. They came in rapidly, but were small. The man, Charles Anderson, sold for twelve months, brought $7, and the women, Belle Griffin and Emma Reed, sold for one and three years, respectively, brought $5 each. The three were convicted of vagrancy and ordered sold to the highest bidder.

TWINE GIVES POLICE A CLEW.

Leads to Arrest of Owner of Barn and Recovery of $500 Worth of Stolen Goods.

Wrapping twine found near the barn of George McElroy, 7223 Lafayette avenue, resulted in McElroy's arrest by the Englewood police yesterday. The twine was similar to that used by Frank Moore, a grocer at 7819 Vincennes avenue, whose store was robbed Thursday night. Search of the barn revealed goods valued at $500 which Moore identified as part of the stolen property. McElroy denied complicity in the burglary, asserting he had not used the barn for several months. He was released on bond.

HOUSES AND VESSELS BURNED.

Fire Near Rat Portage, Ont., Destroys 25,000,000 Feet of Lumber and Other Valuable Property.

Rat Portage, Ont., Nov. 28.—Fires at Norman, near here, this afternoon spread swiftly through immense piles of lumber to the docks and from the docks to boats until stopped in that direction by the water's edge. Showers of sparks were carried inland toward the residence section. Twenty-five million feet of lumber was destroyed, as well as Lemay's ship yard, six steamboats, two barges, eleven dwellings, and one stable. No accurate estimate of the loss can be secured tonight.

BOSTON CATTLE SHUT OUT

BRITISH WILL NOT BUY OF NEW ENGLAND STATES.

Ports of the United Kingdom to Be Closed to All Animals from Proscribed District After Dec. 5, and Stock Arriving in the Meantime Will Be Subjected to Special Investigation—Massachusetts Orders a Strict Quarantine.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The board of agriculture has closed the ports of the united kingdom against the importation of animals from Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island. The order will take effect Dec. 5. Cargoes arriving in the meanwhile will be the subject of special investigation.

The announcement that the United States department of agriculture had given notice of the establishment of a quarantine of cattle and sheep, etc., in the New England states and prohibiting the exportation of such animals from Boston until further orders caused excitement in Liverpool. The Mersey dock board derives a large revenue from the slaughter of Boston cattle at Birkenhead.

There is a prospect of a considerable rise in the price of beef in consequence of the restriction upon cattle imported from New England, and this is causing some uneasiness, especially in view of the continued prohibition of cattle imports from Argentina. There is a fear, too, that the prohibition against New England may be extended to other districts and ports of the United States.

Many Reports of Contagion.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 28.—The cattle bureau of the state board of agriculture up to today had received about 100 individual reports of the presence of the foot and mouth contagion which has caused the secretary of agriculture to prohibit the exportation of cattle from Boston, and to establish a quarantine of cattle, sheep, and swine in New England. It was stated that all reports received had come from localities within seventy-five miles of Boston.

New Hampshire Closes Doors.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 28.—The state board of cattle commissioners issued an order today directing that because of the presence of foot and mouth disease in cattle in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and Vermont, no cattle or hogs shall be permitted to enter New Hampshire from the states named until the order is revoked. The board knows of no case of the disease in the state.

New York Will Be Gainer.

New York, Nov. 28.—The belief is quite generally expressed by representatives of transatlantic lines here that the closing of the port of Boston for cattle export would result in a portion of that traffic coming to New York, though to what extent they were not prepared to say. Many inquiries were made today for tonnage from New York, but so far as could be learned no new or additional arrangements had been made up to a late hour for the handling of cattle via this port.

The steamship men and live stock exporters are apprehensive lest action be taken by foreign countries, through a misunderstanding, whereby an embargo will be placed on all American cattle.

WHISKY SIGNS VEX EVANSTON.

League of "Coming Citizens" Circulating Petitions for Prohibition of Such Advertising.

The removal of liquor advertisements from billboards in Evanston is being agitated by boys connected with the churches of the suburb.

Displayed in many vacant lots, and particularly near the depots, are advertisements of whiskies and other liquors which are offensive to the temperance element of the suburb, where saloons are prohibited and beer peddlers are fined almost daily. To have these advertisements removed is the purpose of petitions circulated by the "Coming Citizens' league," comprised of boys from 9 to 16 years old.

The petition recites that "the avowed purpose of these advertisements is to show that liquor may be taken with impunity at all stages of a man's life," and that "this is an insult to Evanston, whose pride has been its temperance laws."

CHICAGO MAN AN "EASY MARK."

Story of How Willard T. Block Lost His Cash Is Retold in New York Court.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The story of how Willard T. Block of Chicago spent $6,000 to become a stockholder in the Idaho Central Gold Mining company and the developments that followed was retold today after William H. McNutt, referred to as a mine promoter, had been arraigned in the Tombs police court on a swindling charge. McNutt was held in $10,000 bail. He is under indictment in Chicago and probably will be taken back there.

The chief evidence against McNutt is a letter written to A. J. Poindexter of Chicago and signed "Mc."

In the letter the writer refers to the "easy mark" and says "Mr. Indian will be here with the bells on."

MEMBERS EXPECT LIVELY SESSION.

Congress in for Hard Fights on Tariff, Trusts, and Statehood.

QUAY VS. BEVERIDGE.

Senators Will Clash on Admission of New Mexico—Oklahoma Likely to Win.

(Continued from first page.)

is no opposition to Mr. Bethea, who has been indorsed by Senators Cullom and Mason, he probably will be confirmed before the end of next week.

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The location of the postoffice site at De Kalb was to have been decided today, but the department has postponed action at the request of Representative Hopkins.

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"In my judgment, the ship subsidy bill is a dead issue," said Representative Warner. "The formation of the great ship combine has practically made it impossible for congress to vote any money to subsidize steamship lines. By this combination the steamship companies have put themselves in a position where they have gained the enmity of the people, who will not consent to paying government funds to trusts, which are unpopular institutions. From the present outlook I should say there will not be any subsidy legislation."

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"Efforts have been made in some quarters," said Senator Cullom, "to make it appear that I am seeking to represent the views of the president and the attorney general on the trust question, and that I am engaging in an unseemly scramble to have my bill introduced before any one else has had an opportunity to present measures on this subject.

"These efforts are entirely gratuitous, and I am in no way responsible for them. I do not represent President Roosevelt nor the attorney general, and have not presumed to speak for them. I have not consulted them on the subject, and the views advanced by me are my own. I have no pride of authorship, and am only endeavoring to produce something which will throw some light on the trust question, with a view to bringing about legislation which will regulate the great combinations.

"Something must be done to curb the operations of these corporations, and all of us should assist in bringing about a solution. There should be no rivalry, but friendly cooperation on the part of all. I merely wish to make it clear that I am not claiming to be the spokesman of the president nor any official of the administration. Attorney General Knox will not prepare a bill to submit to congress, as he has been advised not to do so. He will, as the legal adviser of the president, pass upon any bill which may be considered seriously, but he will not attempt to usurp the functions of congress."

***

Secretary Shaw will deliver an address on the financial question at the banquet to be given by the Bankers' club of Chicago Dec. 20.

***

Col. E. J. Dimmick of Illinois, secretary of the National Guard association, had a brief conference with President Roosevelt today concerning the militia of the country.

Col. Dimmick urged the president to exert his influence to have the national guard bill become a law before the holiday recess, so that it would be in the nature of a Christmas present to the people and the guard itself. A bill providing for a national militia organization passed the house last session and is now pending before the senate militia committee. The measure will be considered by the committee early next week and an effort will be made to have it reported to the senate without delay.

The president is in hearty sympathy with the movement to perfect the national guard organization, but of course his efforts to secure legislation will go no further than to make a recommendation in his annual message.

***

"There may be legislation on the trust, tariff, ship subsidy, or any other question at the short session," said Representative Burton of Ohio. "Generally we do not anticipate doing anything at the short sessions of congress except to pass the appropriation bills, but when some one begins the discussion of a subject it is likely to result in legislation. I do not see any indication of anything extraordinary being done this winter, but it would not be surprising if a great deal of business is done which is entirely unexpected."

***

Baroness Henglemuller, wife of the minister of Austria-Hungary, is quite ill and unable to leave her bed. She has been indisposed since her return to the capital from New York, but seemed to improve rapidly, driving and walking in her accustomed way, but suffered a slight relapse last week. Her condition is not at all critical, but causes her friends much concern, though it is probable she will be quite able to assume her social duties in due time.

***

Mrs. Roosevelt gave her first large "at home" this afternoon, and though several hundred guests were confined to the red parlor where they were received and the state dining room where they afterwards congregated the fact of the unfinished condition of the house seemed to lend a congenial air seldom seen at a formal White house function. Mrs. Roosevelt stood at the entrance of the red parlor and greeted her guests heartily as they entered from the colonial hall. She wore a handsome gown of white cloth trimmed with medallions of heavy lace. Mrs. Douglas Robinson stood near her most of the time while the guests were arriving, and was presented to Mrs. Roosevelt's most intimate friends.

Large bunches of American beauty roses were arranged on the high marble fire board and about the room. The state dining room proved ample in its proportions, not only for the numerous guests who congregated there after being presented, but also for the state dining table, from which Miss Hagner and Miss Hitchcock, daughter of the secretary of the interior, served refreshments.

All of the women of the cabinet family now in town were present in the dining room, and assisted in entertaining the guests. Mrs. Shaw wore a handsome gown of black and white lace applique, Mrs. Payne wore a gown of black satin striped in white and trimmed in white and black lace, Mrs. Knox wore an exquisite Paris gown of light lilac colored silk embroidered mull trimmed in bands of velvet, and Miss Wilson, daughter of the secretary of agriculture, wore an afternoon gown of pink silk, with touches of white lace.

Lady Herbert was among the guests to arrive last, and wore a toilet of black velvet and ermine. Signora des Planches, wife of the Italian ambassador, wore a long black velvet visiting coat, trimmed in lace and Russian sable. Countess Cassini also wore black velvet and a huge picture hat. Miss Roosevelt and Miss Helen Roosevelt assisted in entertaining in the dining room, Miss Roosevelt wearing a simple light blue gown and Miss Helen Roosevelt light pink.

Among the guests present were: Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, and Countess Cassini; the Italian ambassador and Signora Mayor des Planches, the Mexican ambassador, the French ambassador, the British ambassador and Lady Herbert, the German ambassador, Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller, Miss Fuller, Justice and Mrs. White, Justice and Mrs. Brewer, Miss Brewer, Justice and Mrs. Harlan, Justice Brown, the Misses Harlan, Justice and Mrs. McKenna, the Misses McKenna, Justice and Mrs. Peckham, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, Miss Field, Mrs. Harriet Blaine Beale, Gen. and Mrs. Bates, Gen. Chaffee, Gen. and Mrs. Corbin, Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Sartoris, Miss Sartoris, Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt Scovel, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Walsh, Gen. S. B. M. Young, and Miss Young.

***

Sig. Mayor des Planches, the Italian ambassador, and Signora des Planches sent out invitations today for a Sunday afternoon tea in compliment to Mme. Duse, the Italian actress, who is completing her engagement here. The bric-a-brac, paintings, tapestries, and fine furniture which was shipped from Italy to furnish the embassy arrived today, and Sunday afternoon the house, which is one of the handsomest in the city, will be in condition to receive guests.

***

Señor Don Lazo Arriaga, the Guatemalan minister, has leased a legation home at 1414 Twenty-first street for the winter and will at once establish his official force there.

***

"There will be no tariff legislation at the coming session of congress," said Representative Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee, who called on the president today. "There is not enough time to take up this question and public opinion is not sufficiently unanimous on any point to expect a satisfactory agreement could be reached this winter. If the tariff question should be taken up it would lead to interminable debate, which would be fruitless. I do not believe there will be an extra session in the spring to consider important legislation. There has not been much change in the situation regarding Cuban reciprocity since last spring. If President Roosevelt sends a treaty to congress covering this question the convention will undoubtedly be ratified."

***

"I favor an extra session of congress to revise the tariff," said Senator Hansborough. "The Dingley law is not sacred and it should be revised in the near future. No one believes the policy of protection will be overthrown, but the schedules must be judiciously altered from time to time to meet changing conditions. There should be no fear of a panic or anything approaching hard times if the tariff is revised by its friends.

"This work is such an enormous undertaking that it cannot be done during the short session, and therefore I favor the calling of an extraordinary session to modify the tariff. The best we can expect at this session is the ratification of one or two of the least objectionable reciprocity treaties and we should promptly dispose of the treaty with Cuba. General tariff revision, however, is altogether a different matter, and congress must have ample time in which to consider so important a subject."

***

"I have not abandoned my campaign for ballot reform in the south," said Representative Crumpacker of Indiana, "and propose to make an effort to secure legislation which will reduce the representation of that section of the country to conform to the number of persons who are permitted to exercise the right of franchise. Before taking up the subject, however, I will confer with President Roosevelt and with my colleagues in the house who are in sympathy with the movement."

***

Superintendent Machen has just completed a report of the operations of the rural free delivery service for the year ending June 30, which shows that 349,204,211 pieces of mail were collected and delivered by the rural delivery carriers. There are now established 8,413 routes and the average number of pieces handled on each route was 132. In Illinois there are 706 routes, on which were handled 28,934,205 pieces, and in Indiana 654 routes handled 29,833,594 pieces. In Iowa the routes number 771 and 35,821,337 pieces were handled.

HILL AFTER ARMY BUSINESS.

Great Northern President Seeks Transport Business at Basis of Seattle-Manila Line.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—James J. Hill of the Great Northern railroad, with his associates in the steamship business on the Pacific, are planning to get control of the army transport business from the Pacific coast to Manila, and with that as a basis to establish a new steamship line from Seattle to Manila.

Many different interests on the Pacific coast have attempted to get from the war department a contract for carrying army supplies to the Philippines at rates that would amount to a subsidy, with a guarantee that a certain amount of freight be shipped for a considerable term of years. Some of the business interests of San Francisco attempted to secure an arrangement of this kind two or three years ago, but they failed because they could not show the war department where their ships were to come from which were to do the business.

Mr. Hill and his associates, who are Seattle, New York, and Boston capitalists, believe that if they can get the transports abolished and secure for their steamship company the government contract on all business to and from the Philippines, they will have taken a long step toward establishing a profitable steamship line from Seattle to Manila, and that the natural development of business between the United States and the Philippine islands will, as a result, be over the Hill railroad system to Seattle and over the Hill steamship lines from Seattle to Manila.

The matter has been under consideration at the department for several days, and has been the subject of conferences between Gen. Ludington, Gen. Corbin, and Secretary Root. It is not expected that an immediate decision will be made one way or the other.

CHICAGO BROKERS TAKE SALT.

Title to 261,000 Tons Heretofore Held by Trust Is Given to Joy Morton & Co.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Chancellor Magie today signed an order by which Joy Morton & Co., Chicago brokers, will secure title to 261,000 tons of evaporated salt which they had been holding for the National Salt company. The brokers have paid on the salt $346,000 under an agreement by which it might be repurchased at any time by the salt company, which was bound to keep the storage charges paid.

The chancellor's order directs the receivers not to pay these charges for the month of October, amounting to $10,400, by refusing to do which the right of redemption under the terms of the agreement will lapse.

Mr. Morton filed an affidavit that his firm had already advanced on the salt more than it cost to purchase new salt delivered at his warehouse.

"Regardless of the fact that this decision is adverse to Joy Morton & Co. the firm will lose nothing, as it has abundant collateral security to cover all claims against the National Salt company," said Joy Morton when shown the foregoing dispatch yesterday.

SALE OF RAILROAD REPORTED.

Pere Marquette System Said to Have Been Purchased by Michigan Central to End Rivalry.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—It was asserted here today by a railroad man who is an authority, but who would not permit the use of his name, that the Père Marquette railroad had been sold to the Michigan Central. The terms of the sale are not known and the sale itself has been denied by President Heald of the Père Marquette and President Ledyard of the Michigan Central. Their denial under the circumstances, however, is regarded as a matter of policy.

The Père Marquette was about to close a deal for the control of the Detroit River and Lake Erie railroad, establish lake ports, and open a line to Buffalo. This would have interfered seriously with the Michigan Central's Detroit and Buffalo business, and it was determined, therefore, to purchase the Père Marquette.

Not only will the purchase shut out rivalry in Canada but it will give the Michigan Central control of territory in Michigan in which the Père Marquette now is a serious competitor.

PISTOL FIGHT OVER A GIRL.

Two Packing House Employes at Armourdale, Kas., Fatally Wound Each Other in Impromptu Duel.

Armourdale, Kas., Nov. 28.—Ernest Damns and Charles W. Tucker, packing house employés, had a pistol fight today over a waitress. Damns was mortally wounded, but before he died he shot Tucker twice, fatally wounding him.

CLAIMS BY CAREY AND BY BARRETT

Both See Victory in County Committee Organization and Each Gives List.

HARDEST FIGHT IN YEARS

Charles Peters to Continue, Temporarily at Least, as Chief Deputy.

With both sides claiming more than enough votes to control, the democratic county committee fight raged fiercely between the city hall and the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday from early morning till late at night.

As the result of a conference in Mayor Harrison's office at 3 o'clock Thomas Carey gave out a statement that he was sure of seventy-two votes for chairman, and that the entire Harrison-Carey slate would receive sixty-eight. Mr. Carey expects to run four votes ahead of his ticket, giving him eleven more than the fifty-seven needed for a majority.

The names of committeemen said to have come into camp to stay to the finish, as furnished by the steering committee, are:

Ward.
1. J. J. Coughlin, M. Kenna, T. J. McNally, J. R. Caverly.
2. Frank W. Solon, T. J. Fitzgerald.
3. Pat White, Harry Kerwin.
4. Henry Stuckart.
5. Charles Martin, T. J. Quigley, Pat Carroll, Edward Kelly.
6. William O'Connell.
7. E. F. Brennan.
8. James Matthews, Peter Pernod.
9. William Loeffler, D. J. Egan.
10. E. J. Novak, J. J. Sullivan, Edward Prindiville.
11. A. J. Sabath, J. F. Joyce.
13. John E. Owens, M. Maguire, W. R. Skidmore.
16. Stanley Kunz, John Czekalla.
17. William Dever.
18. John J. Brennan, N. C. Conlon, M. J. O'Donoghue.
19. T. E. Ryan, James O'Brien.
20. J. J. Hayes, George McConnell, Thomas Fitzgerald, Frank Kilcrane.
22. William H. Lyman.
23. James J. Gray, F. X. Brandecker, James F. Bowers.
24. Frank Paus, J. E. O'Conner, W. H. Ehemann.
25. William Quinlan, Mike Fitzgerald, E. M. Lahiff.
26. Thomas Evarts, Ernst Scherman.
27. Silas Lechman.
28. Harry Arp.
29. Thomas Carey, M. F. Byrne, M. J. Doherty, John E. Traeger.
30. M. McInerney, D. J. Riordon, Joseph Strahan.
31. John Fitzgerald, Peter Taylor.
32. Charles Sanderson.
33. William E. Quinn, Eugene E. Block.
34. Frank S. Ryan, James E. Daley.
Country towns—James A. Pugh.

Many Claimed for McGillen.

Of this number the Barrett-Hopkins-McGillen combination declared that twenty-seven had lined up in favor of McGillen for chairman and put seven others in the doubtful list. They conceded thirty-four to Mr. Carey. John P. Hopkins said that he was willing to concede forty to the Harrison faction, but that was the extreme limit. Those counted by the city hall crowd whom Mr. McGillen claimed as in line for him are:

Solon,	Joyce,	Arp,
T. J. Fitzgerald,	Maguire,	Traeger,
Kerwin,	Czekalla,	McInerney,
Carroll,	Lyman,	Taylor,
O'Connell,	Paus,	Sanderson,
Brennan,	O'Connor,	Block,
Egan,	Quinlan,	Ryan,
Sullivan,	M. Fitzgerald,	Daley,
Prindiville,	Evarts,	Pugh.

At the Barrett headquarters workers said that it had been a clear case of band wagon all day; that at least twenty of the committeemen who had been holding back awaiting developments came in and signed the McGillen pledge. This claim of course was vigorously denied at the city hall, and it was also met with another to the effect that a score of the members, some who had been counted on, had clambered into the Harrison-Carey band wagon.

Quinn Offering to Bet.

The betting fever began to show to some extent. James A. Quinn was exhibiting a roll of bills amounting, he stated, to $2,000, which he proposed to wager that Carey would be elected. For the benefit of a McGillen enthusiast he announced that there was $3,000 more coming. Late in the afternoon four of the Barrett followers went out with rolls of money, looking for the north side leader. One bet of $50 a side was made.

The contest is developing into the hardest fought battle the democracy of Cook county has had in twenty years, so say the experienced politicians. It is bringing out some of the old time fighters, who have not been at the front since the days when primary elections furnished opportunities for rioting.

Barrett Choosing His Deputies.

For a short time at least, and perhaps permanently, Sheriff-elect Barrett will retain Charles W. Peters as his first deputy. He has discovered that it is important to have a man of experience and judgment in that position to avoid suit for damages against the sheriff. Mr. Peters has the reputation of preventing many such suits from getting on the docket.

Mr. Barrett's other appointments thus far announced are, he says, personal and have no effect on the fight for organization of the committee. They are as follows: John J. Geary, chief clerk and business manager, to succeed William C. Lawson; Emil Hoechster and Frank Biewersdorf, deputy sheriffs.

Mr. Hoechster served in the office under Charles Kern, the last democratic sheriff, twenty-four years ago. He is regarded as a supporter of Robert E. Burke. Mr. Biewersdorf is an ex-policeman, a ward leader, and a member of the county committee.

CARRIES AWAY A HOT STOVE.

James Hutchinson Explains That He Merely Borrowed It, but He Is Arrested.

When Michael McArgle, proprietor of a saloon at 3700 Rhodes avenue, walked to the rear of the saloon yesterday afternoon James Hutchinson, 4563 Armour avenue, according to the Stanton avenue police, seized a small stove and ran. He had gone a block when he met Policeman Patten. Patten stopped him.

"You must be cold to carry a burning stove around with you," said he.

"The cold snap came on so quick that I did not have time to buy a stove, so borrowed this one of a friend," said Hutchinson.

Just then McArgle arrived and demanded his stove. The stove went back to the saloon and Hutchinson was arrested on a charge of larceny.

GETS HIS 'CONSCIENCE' WATCH

Charles Ward Recovers Timepiece Surrendered by Thief Who Regretted His Act.

The watch that was sent to Police Lieutenant Rohan by some person who signed himself "A conscience stricken thief," was identified yesterday by Charles Ward, Forty-third and Halsted streets, as the timepiece which was stolen from him while he was riding on a street car on Tuesday. "I have no idea who took the watch," said Mr. Ward, "but he couldn't be all bad if the picture of my wife and baby, which was in the case of the watch, appealed to his conscience."

CHICAGO DRAWS SOME SNOW.

Unexpected Visitation Comes Out of the Grab Bag in Charge of Forecaster Cox.

At 9 o'clock last night the weather forecaster said "slightly warmer tomorrow"—and four hours later it snowed. The flurries started at 1 o'clock and continued at intervals for some time. Mr. Cox, however, still has a chance to "make good." His promise for today is showers, with generally fair scheduled for tomorrow.

HEARTY AT SEVENTY

AFTER SUFFERING HALF A LIFETIME WITH RHEUMATISM.

Another Remarkable Cure Added to the Many Accomplished by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

After suffering nearly half her lifetime with rheumatism, Mrs. Jenett E. Hart of Sea Bright, Calif., now past seventy years of age, was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. She says:

"I began to suffer with rheumatism thirty-five years ago and nothing that I tried seemed to help me. It grew worse and worse until I was badly crippled with it. Sometimes it was so severe that I had to take to my bed. About a year ago an article in the paper induced me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I could notice a change for the better by the time I had taken the first box. Five boxes cured me and I have had no return of the trouble since. I can work and sew and get about as well as many a woman much younger than myself. I am now over seventy years and I firmly believe that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the cause of my being so well."

The real cause of rheumatism is the presence of acid in the blood, which irritates the sensitive tissues that unite the joints and cover the muscles, thus causing those indescribable tortures which rheumatic sufferers endure. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People go directly to the seat of the trouble, exerting a powerful influence in purifying and enriching the blood by eliminating poisonous elements and renewing health-giving force, thus making a potent remedy for curing this disease.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for all diseases arising from impoverished blood or shattered nerves. They cure not only rheumatism, but locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, of fevers and of other acute diseases, palpitation of the heart, anæmia, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness. At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.



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Cluett "Katonah" 25c
Arrow "Creswell" 15c

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WEEKLY LITERARY EDITION.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART THREE. NOVEMBER 29, 1902. TWENTY PAGES.

LATEST BOOK NEWS FROM AMERICA, ENGLAND, AND FRANCE BY JEANNETTE L. GILDER, WILLIAM L. ALDEN, ELIA W. PEATTIE, GRACE CORNEAU,

MISS GILDER WRITES OF OLD LITERARY RAKES AND ANDREW LANG'S BOOK.

[By Jeannette L. Gilder, Editor of The Critic.]
[Copyright: 1902: By The Tribune Company.]

NOWHERE but in England could such a book as "Rochester and Other Literary Rakes of the Court of Charles II." have been made. Fortunately for us we do not have literary rakes—if we have we keep quiet about it—and possibly they do not have them in England today, but in the time of Charles II. they were plentiful. This curious book is published by Messrs. Longmans, Green & Co., and on the title page we are told that it is by the author of "The Life of Sir Kenelm Digby," "The Life of a Prig," etc. There is much that is interesting in this book for any one who likes to read the gossip of past centuries, particularly when it touches upon the scandalous. The author feels that he is justified in making the book, because frivolous and vicious as was the court of Charles II. some of its courtiers, while undoubtedly rakes, at the same time were not without talent in the world of letters, and are therefore worthy of his attention. The principal one of these rakes was Lord Rochester, whose name gives the title to the book. The author in his preface bids for a certain class of readers when he says: "In a study of the rakish side of the court of Charles II., and even in a study of the literary aspects of that rakishness, it will be necessary to enter some unsavory places and to mix among some questionable companions. Those who fear either had better accept this warning, and bid us farewell at the threshold; but, if any should feel inclined to go farther, they may rest assured that the greatest care shall be taken to render details of nauseous deeds and events as inoffensive as circumstances will permit."

Rochester was typical of his rakish times. He began his notorious career at the age of 17 and ended it at the age of 32. He was the second earl of Rochester, and a man of considerable parts. Till the age of 17 he might almost have been called a good boy. He was healthy in mind and in body and was a good student. At the age of 18 he took his degree as master of arts, and then he was sent abroad to travel and enlarge his mind. "In other words," says this writer, "having learned what was good at Oxford, he was sent to learn what was bad at the dissolute continental courts of the seventeenth century." There was not much chance that a young, good looking, and clever lad of wealth and rank could have passed a novitiate at the court of Louis XIV. and not have become contaminated. He was a pet of the French ladies of Louis' court, and by the time he reached the age of 17 he had as many vices as the French monarch. From his father he inherited the vice of alcoholism, and it is said that when under the influence of wine his antics were amusing to the jaded men and women of Versailles, where most of the court beauties, though much older than he, were in love with him.

Rochester was exceptionally forward for his age—few lads could have been more so—and he was utterly without a moral sense. His claim to be a literary rake is not well substantiated. He did write, but I doubt if his writings are at all familiar to readers of today. It was particularly as a satirist that he made such name as he has in literature. Charles II. preferred rakes to any other class of men, but he wanted them to be witty, and this Rochester was. Even when the king was the subject of his satire the latter did not object.

After leading a wild and debauched life Rochester turned pious. When near his end he wrote to Dr. Burnett: "My spirits and body decay so equally together that I shall write you a letter, as weak as I am in person. I begin to value churchmen above all men in the world, etc. If God be yet pleased to spare me longer in this world, I hope in your conversation to be exalted to that degree of piety that the world may see how much I abhor what I so long loved, and how much I glory in repentance and in God's service. Bestow your prayers upon me, that God would spare me, if it be his good will, to show a true repentance and amendment of life for the time to come; or else, if the Lord pleaseth to put an end to my worldly being now, that he would mercifully accept of my death bed repentance, and perform that promise that he hath been pleased to make, that, at what time soever a sinner doth repent he would receive him. Put up these prayers, most dear doctor, to Almighty God, for your most obedient and languishing servant,

"ROCHESTER."

Which reminds us that when the devil was ill the devil a saint would be.

Perhaps if he had lived in different times he would have been a different man. There was not much encouragement of virtue in the time of Charles II. To kidnap a woman, as horsewhip a poet, were mere pastimes of the hour. No harm was thought of it, except by the woman who was kidnaped or the poet who was horsewhipped. Rochester was still in his teens when he hired two ruffians to carry off an heiress, and he was not much older when he hired two other ruffians to assault the poet Dryden, whom he thought had inflicted him in one of his poems.

It is not a pretty story that is contained in this volume, but it is not without its lessons, and it makes us thank God that we did not live in the time of King Charles II. You can say what you like about King Edward VII., but you must admit that heiresses are not kidnaped in the streets of London, nor are poets waylaid and beaten at the instigation of gentlemen.

Mr. Andrew Lang now comes forward as a novelist, if "The Disentanglers" can be called a novel. "The Disentanglers" is really a series of stories on one theme, held together by a silken thread of plot. The idea is ingenious and its setting forth most amusing. This is the idea: Two young men, Morton and Logan, who have seen better days, are at their wits' end for money. They are not particularly well fitted for business, and they don't know just what there is for them to do. In turning the matter over they decided to establish a company to be called "The Disentanglers." The business of the disentanglers is to come to the rescue of families that are likely to be tangled up in disagreeable affairs if some one does not rescue them. For instance, if a nice old gentleman to the disgust of all his relations, who are sitting around, as it were, waiting for his money, decides to marry his cook because the cook has learned that the way to his heart is through his stomach, the disentanglers are sent for and they set up a counter attraction, or resort to some ingenious device, which diverts the attention of the epicurean old man and saves the day for the relations. One can see how to a man of Mr. Lang's fancy this idea could be most amusingly worked out. The firm, which traded under the title of Messrs. Gray & Graham, advertised in the newspapers, "To Parents, Guardians, Children, and Others," and the advertisement set forth "the sorrows and anxieties which beset families in the matter of undesirable matrimonial engagements and entanglements." The advertisers proposed, by a new method, to restore domestic peace and confidence. "No private inquiries will, in any case, be made into the past of the parties concerned. The highest references will in every instance be given and demanded. Intending clients must in the first instance apply by letter to Messrs. Gray & Graham. No charge will be made for a first interview, which can only be granted after satisfactory references have been exchanged by letter." The book suggests what for want of a better name is called "farce comedy." In clever hands something amusing for the stage could be made of it, but the hands would have to be extremely clever—as clever in stagecraft as Mr. Lang's are in his particular line of writing—that is, if he has a particular line—for all lines seem to fall with equal grace from his hands. One must be in the mood to enjoy this book, but once in the mood he will get a great deal of fun out of it.

Close upon the heels of President Kruger's book comes that of Gen. De Wet. The Kruger book is already published by the Century company, the De Wet is still to be published by Messrs. Scribner. A formal publication will be made next week, the regular publication a week later. One who has read the advance sheets, that is, the English sheets for which the American edition is being set, tells me that De Wet is as good a writer as he is a fighter, and that even if the book was written of a war of which we knew nothing we would find it as interesting.

Mrs. Max-Müller has discovered a serious loss in editing the letters of her distinguished husband. She finds that all his letters to Emerson, Holmes, Lowell, Carlyle, Froude, and other famous men have been lost or destroyed. Even those that he wrote to Humboldt cannot be found, and only a few fragments of those addressed to Mommsen have been discovered. "The Life and Letters of Max-Müller," which will soon be published, will, however, be found to contain enough interesting material to make good this loss.

Mr. W. W. Astor's Pall Mall Magazine will begin in its January number a study of "The Young Napoleon," by Field Marshal Viscount Wolseley. It will run through three or four numbers of that magazine, where it is bound to attract wide attention. That so distinguished a soldier, one holding so high a position in the British army, should write a study of England's greatest enemy could not fail to be interesting. Lord Wolseley, I am told, is one of Napoleon Bonaparte's greatest admirers; indeed, his admiration for the little corporal amounts almost to worship. The Pall Mall Magazine, by the way, is no longer published in this country. Before Mr. Astor renounced his American citizenship and became a British subject the Pall Mall had an office in the Astor Court building, but now the office is closed and only English copies of the magazine are sold in New York. The Pall Mall is not a bad magazine, as English magazines go, but when one considers that it is backed by unlimited capital one cannot but wonder that it is not a great deal better. No end of money is spent on it, but half the amount in the hands of an American editor and an American publisher would work wonders.

Lucky were the publishers who had English editions of D'Annunzio's dramas on their lists. Mr. Russell, who published "Gioconda," was not as lucky as he might have been, for he merely imported his edition and his stock was low. But Laird & Lee, who published the odious "Citta Morta," and the New York firm that published Mr. Symons' translation of "Francesca" did a thriving business. There were a few of the gorgeous Italian edition of the latter to be had at Brentano's, but even they were long since exhausted. I was fortunate in securing a copy some time ago before the rush began; now I am told that I have one of the scarce books that collectors covet. They will covet my copy in vain.

I am happy to say that there are few distinctly holiday books published this year. When I first took up my pen to write about books the holidays were made hideous with publications that no one read, but which every one thought must adorn the Christmas center table. Now those costly and garish volumes no longer exist. There are, to be sure, books published today with an eye largely to the holiday trade, but they are usually fine editions of good books, sets of standard authors, and other books that are welcome for their intrinsic literary merit rather than for the festive nature of their bindings. The nearest approach to the old style Christmas book is "The Book of Beauty," published by the Lippincotts. This sumptuous folio is much more interesting than its old time namesakes for the reason that the title means something. It is a veritable book of beauty, for it contains the portraits of most of the famous beauties of the day, done in photogravures and printed in the most luxurious style of the art. The edition is limited to 150 copies for the United States.

Not only has the book the portraits of the professional and unprofessional beauties of the "era King Edward VII.," but it has literary contributions by no end of wearers of titles, to say nothing of mere authors, among the latter Rudyard Kipling, Max Pemberton, Lucas Malet, and John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie). Among the titled authors I find H. H. Princess Henry of Pless, she who was accused of being Elizabeth of the German garden. That she writes of "My Baby's Garden" for this book would seem to lend foundation for the accusation. As a matter of fact, she has a German garden, but it is not the German garden in whose sunshine we have basked.

JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

CREATOR OF ONE "ELIZABETH."



Elinor Glyn is the author of the sprightly "Visits of Elizabeth," published a year or two ago, and of "The Reflections of Ambrosine," which Harper & Bros. have just published. She is an Englishwoman and these are the only books she has written, although others have been attributed to her.

NEW LIFE OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Biography Will Be Published Dec. 8 in London. Other Books Promised by British Publishers During the Winter.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Times.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co. will publish on Dec. 8 Sidney Lee's "Biography of Queen Victoria." The article in the supplement to the Dictionary of National Biography, on which it is founded, has been completely rewritten, and much new and important information is included. The illustrations include two portraits copied from originals at Windsor castle and a facsimile letter of the late queen. These are reproduced with the king's permission.

Henry Seton Merriman's new novel, "Barnarch of the Guards," will begin in the January number of the Cornhill Magazine. It deals with the famous and disastrous retreat of Napoleon's army from Moscow and is exceedingly characteristic of the author.

A. E. Mason's next novel will be chiefly episodical. It will appear through Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co.

Mrs. Margaret L. Woods, one of the most gifted of the minor English poets, publishes in the Cornhill for December a poem that is generally praised. It is called "The Builders: A Nocturne in Westminster Abbey." Its nine long, unrhymed stanzas contain verses reminding one both of Walt Whitman's rude vigor and Matthew Arnold's classical polish. Mrs. Woods is the daughter of Dean Bradley, recently retired from service to Westminster abbey because of advancing years. She is the wife of a clergyman who was formerly president of Trinity college, Oxford.

Sir Francis C. Burnand, editor of Punch, will publish through Methuen & Co. early next year his "Reminiscences." His career has been full of interest and his book will be rich in anecdotes of famous contributors to Punch and men and women who have had social, literary, or artistic prominence in London.

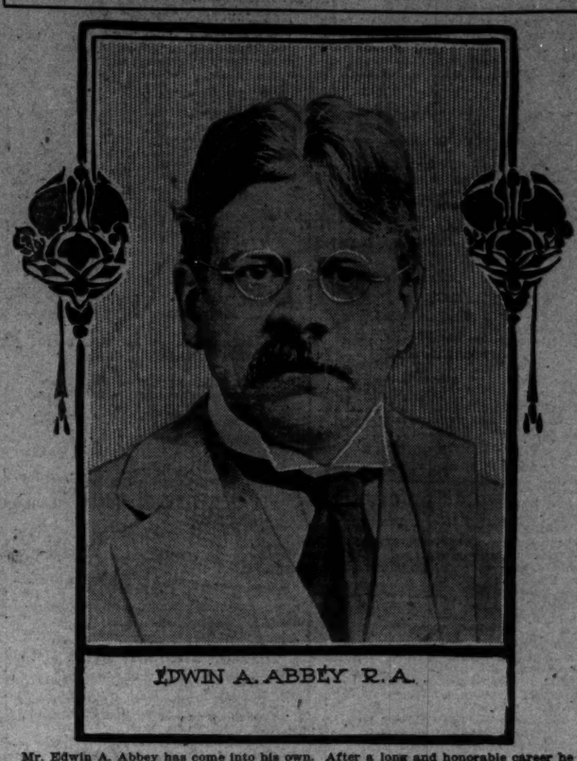
S. R. Crockett's new novel for next year will be published serially in Good Words here, and, it is understood, in Leslie's Monthly in New York. Its provisional title is "The Adventurer in Spain." It will appear subsequently through Isbister & Co. here and the Frederick A. Stokes company in New York. The Isbisters, by the way, are starting Canadian editions of Good Words and the Sunday Magazine by arrangement with William Tyrrell of Toronto.

"Hand in Hand," verses by "A Mother and Daughter," published by Elkin Matthews, is a book which has attracted considerable attention. The authors are Rudyard Kipling's mother and sister.

Beatrice Harradin is putting the finishing touches on her new novel, the scene of which is laid largely in Norway. Dodd, Mead & Co. will publish the book in New York.

Arthur W. Pinero will deliver a lecture on Robert Louis Stevenson as a dramatist, viewed from a dramatist's standpoint, at the Edinburg Philosophical institution on March 3, 1903, and the Birmingham and Midland institute on March 9. E. B.

NOTED AMERICAN ARTIST.



Mr. Edwin A. Abbey has come into his own. After a long and honorable career he is at last recognized by critics on both sides of the Atlantic as one of the leading artists of his day. His work as a mural decorator of public buildings has put him in the first rank. But he also occupies an enviable position as an illustrator. His pictures for Shakspeare's plays and Herrick's poems made him fame long ago, and this year his illustrations for Goldsmith's "Deserted Village" have just been issued with the poem in book form by Harper & Bros.

BOOK GOSSIP OF LONDON.

Production of New Works Is Slackening with the Approach of the Christmas Holidays.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The production of books is slackening with the approach of Christmas. Among the weightier books of the week Edward Arnold has published Bavan's "House of Selensus," with the story of Greco-Macedonian rule after Alexander the Great. Murray has issued an elaborate "History of Siena" by Prof. Langton Douglas, and Constable has published C. J. Holmes' "Study of the Influence of Constable on Landscape Painting."

Chaplain Kestell's war book, issued by Methuen, contains the records of De Wet's and Steyn's adventures and a Boer account of the peace conference.

Sampson Low pays a poor tribute to the learning of the late Lord Penzance by publishing his "Summary of the Evidence of the Authorship of Shakspeare's Plays, with Trend Toward Bacon."

New novels by Dr. Barry and Quiller-Couch have been completed, and Sir William Clowes' "History of the British Navy" will soon be published. I. N. F.

PRAIRIE GIRL'S BIOGRAPHY.

Strong and Original Work by Eleanor Gates.

The charm of a life which to the uninitiated is meager and utterly desolate is vividly portrayed in "The Biography of a Prairie Girl," by Eleanor Gates. One can see the brown, unbroken expanse of prairie, hear the howl of the coyote at night, and feel the little girl's horrible fear of the Indians of the nearby reservation. The description of an old fashioned Dakota blizzard is especially realistic.

"An icy blizzard, carrying in its teeth the blinding sleet that neither man nor animal could breast, was driving fiercely across the wide plains; and the red frame dwelling and its near lying buildings of sod, which only the previous morning had stood out bravely against the dreary white waste, were wrapped and almost hidden in great banks that had been caught up from the river heights and hurled with piercing roars against them. The storm had begun the day before, blowing first in fitful gusts that whistled under the eaves, sent the hay from the stacks flying through the yard, and lifted the ends of the roof shingles threateningly. It had gradually strengthened toward midday, and the steady downfall of flakes had been turned into a biting scourge that whipped up the soft cloak from the face of the open, treeless prairie and sent it lashing through the frigid air. Long before night had begun to settle down no eye could penetrate the scudding snow a foot beyond the window ledges, except when a sudden stilling of the tempest disclosed the writhing cottonwood break to the north and the double row of ash saplings leading south to the blotted, pointless highway."

The picture of a prairie fire and its consequent stampede of cattle and horses is equally good.

"There was fire all around them now, and smoke and cinders floated over the biggest brother and the little girl, choking them and shutting out the road ahead. The wind, as it brushed by, seemed to sear their faces with their torrid breath. Suddenly, the dust and smoke clearing to the right, the little girl clutched the biggest brother's arm and pointed out a dark, bulky creature that was in the lead. It was a bison, evidently one of those lonely bachelors that, exiled from their kind, were the first hermits of the plains. His bushy head was lowered and his beard swept the ground. The biggest brother and the little girl could see his naked body gleam and quiver as he was crowded forward by a band of antelope. He galloped blindly, as if he was failing in strength. Even as they looked he tumbled to his knees and let the antelope pass over him, meeting an ignoble death beneath a hundred sharp hoofs and in the embrace of the fire." (The Century company.)

ELIA W. PEATTIE TAKES ISSUE WITH THE PAGANISM OF BLISS CARMAN'S POETRY.

BLISS CARMAN, that modern classicist, has written five books of verse, each bearing a relation to the other. The general title is "Pipes of Pan," and the five volumes are named as follows: "From the Book of Myths," "From the Green Book of the Bards," "From the Songs of the Sea Children," "From the Book of Grand Pre," "From the Book of Pierrot." (L. C. Page & Co., Boston). Of these the last four are in preparation, and the first has appeared from the press. It is dedicated to C. G. D. R.—evidently Mr. Roberts, the poet. The frontispiece shows Pan's horned head and the fly leaves are green and white with a design of bamboo, water lilies, and a piping Pan. The binding is cream cloth with green design.

Mr. Carman is one of the most consistent—one might say exultant—pagans writing at the present day. The only trouble is that his paganism is self-conscious. When the hedonistic poet contemplates himself and observes and analyses his own joy he confesses after all that he is the child of a reflective and philosophic century. In endeavoring to escape from the Christian idea, he makes an involuntary protest against it, and thus gives tacit recognition of its power. It must not be supposed that Mr. Carman fights the grave faiths of the time with naked blade. Rather—to employ his own symbolic method of speech—by his loud piping on midsummer hills he hopes to drown the droning of the monks.

The opening hymn in his book is to all beholding and all pervading Pan, who spells nothing but joy out of the hieroglyphs of the universe. A more insouciant strain than that which follows it would be difficult to find in contemporary verse. It has the enchanting subtlety of the Celtic songs. Every idea, delightful though it may be in itself, is also a symbol.

Yes, the world is growing old,
But the joys it used to hold
Love and beauty, only grow
Greater as they come and go—
Larger, keener, and more splendid,
Seen to be superbly blended,
As the cadenced years go by,
Into chord and melody.
Strong and clear as ever ran
Over the rude pipes of Pan.

In "sweet Pandean strain" is celebrated all the natural joys of life—love, joy in nature, freedom, carelessness, the communion of man and beasts, the good fellowship of all creatures, and the harmony of the world.

Come into the woods once more;
Leave the fire and close the door;
Trust the spirit that has made
Musical the light and shade.
Still to guard you, still to guide you,
Somewhere in the wood beside you,
Pace for pace upon the road
To your larger next abode.
Though the world should lay a finger
On your arm to bid you linger,
Ye shall neither halt nor tarry
(Little be the load ye carry!)
When ye hear the pipes of Pan
Shrill and pleading in the van.
'Tis the music that has freed you
From the old life and shall lead you,
Gently wise and strongly fond,
To the greater life beyond.
Yet I whisper to you, "Stay;
That new life is here; today
Is your home, whose roof shall rise
From the ground before your eyes."

And so farewell, fret and sordidness, hate and responsibility! Here lies a world where there lurks no punishment for crime, no creature unloved, no cruelty of nature or of fate, no man deformed, no woman stricken with ugliness, no one bereft or aged or alone! There would be only young lovers—Daphne overtaken, Phaedra with passion returned, Marsyas rivaling Apollo!

Night would come,
And I should make thy home
In the deep pines, lit by a yellow star
Hung in the dark blue dome—

A fragrant house
Of woven balsam boughs,
Where the great Cyprian mother should receive
Our warm unsullied vows.

Who shall make an argument against beauty, or stand opposed to joy? Truly no one with good heart. Yet it seems not wholly dull or mistaken to warn Mr. Carman that after all, there lies little comfort in his beautiful rhymes. He may be:

A vagrom man,
Favored of Pan,
Made out of ardor, and sinew, and tan,
With the seeing eye
For meadow and sky,
The want only beauty can satisfy,
And the wandering will,
The questing will,
The inquisitive, glad, unanxious will——

But some of us are old and lame and cannot dance, and some of us have lost our loves and may no longer kiss, and others of us are broken with much sorrow and cannot laugh. What for us? What place have we, with bent bodies and wrinkled skins and heavy hearts, in this gay troupe of creatures singing through the untamed woods? Verily, we have need of "an overlord" of another sort than Pan—one which detects the soul and endeavor in us, sees us when we crawl in the dust as well as when we dance in festal groves; forgives us for all stupidities, griefs, and apprehensions; beholds nothing of the distorted limbs, the weazened face, the scant locks; does not mind the mute, unsinging tongue; and treasures us even when our wits have fled.

In a sense Mr. Carman is sincere—that is, he tries to mean what he says. The luscious lines he makes must give others, as well as himself, exquisite pleasure. But the fundamental sincerity seems not to be there. He is deliberately out of touch with his time—so much so that his joyous flutings fall on unheeding ears. He will be accused of artificiality, though what he has really aspired to above all things is to return to nature. He cannot, however much he may try, divest himself utterly of the habiliments of civilization, nor longer find a place in which the habitations of men do not arise. To sing of Arcady to men whose feet can never go that way is, after all, not much comfort.

Here we are, workers all of us, in a grim time. Our superstitions, our hopes, our dreams have raised about us a peculiar structure of serious outline, some architectural monstrosities, some inner and pure sanctuaries. The genius of the time is creative, inventive, utilitarian. Common men, scientists, pedagogues, historians, artists, tillers of the soil, the bearers of children, the preachers of religions, the sailors on the seas, the miners in the earth, are all bound together by ideas born of the time. They feel a responsibility. They are under the

BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE WEEK.

[Reported by telegraph for THE TRIBUNE'S Saturday Literary Supplement.]

VERSE.

"Love, Laurels, and Laughter," by Beatrice Hanscom. Stokes company.
"Cupid Is King," by Roy Farrell Greene. Richard G. Badger.
"Francesca da Rimini," by Gabrielle d'Annunzio. Translated by Arthur Symons. Stokes company.
"A Voice on the Wind," by Madison Cawein. J. P. Morton & Co.
"Swords and Plowshares," by Ernest Crosby. Funk & Wagnalls company.
"Every Day in the Year," by James L. and Mary K. Ford. Dodd, Mead & Co.
"Later Lyrics," by John B. Tabb. John Lane.
"A Summer Snowflake," by W. D. Ellwanger. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"A Nonsense Anthology," by Carolyn Wells. Scribner's Sons.
"The Pipes of Pan—The Book of the Myths," by Bliss Carman. L. C. Page & Co.
"Sisters of Repartrice," by Lucia Gray Sweet. Lee & Shepard.
"The Sunset Song and Other Verses," by Elizabeth Akers. Lee & Shepard.

FOR CHILDREN.

"Althea," by D. Ella Nirdlinger. 1904 Publishing company.
"Young George," by Edith Farmiloe. Stokes company.
"Miss Muffett's Christmas Party," by Samuel McChord Crothers. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.
"Where the Wind Blows," by Katharine Pyle. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.
"A Romance of the Nursery," by Allen Harker. John Lane.
"Hortense," by Edna A. Foster; "Boy Donald and His Hero," by Pen Shirley; "Randy and Her Friends," by Amy Brooks; "Madge, a Girl in Earnest," by S. Jennie Smith; "Tom Winstone, Wideawake," by Martha James; "In the Days of Queen Elizabeth," by Eva March Tappan; "A Girl of the Century," by Mary Darling; "Cruising on the St. Lawrence," by Everett R. Tomlinson; "The Story of Joan of Arc," by Kate E. Carpenter; "The Little Girl Next Door" by Nina Rhoades; "Brave Heart Elizabeth," by Adele E. Thompson; "Marching on Niagara," by Edward Stratemeyer; "The Young Volcano Explorers," by Edward Stratemeyer; "Concerning Polly," by Helen M. Winslow; "Dorothy Dainty," by Amy Brooks; "A Boy a Thousand Years Ago," by Harriet T. Comstock. Lee & Shepard.
"With Rogers on the Frontier," by J. M. Oxley. A. Wessels company.

FICTION.

"The Lighted Taper," by M. Oakman Patton. Botolph Book company.
"A Romance of Wolf Hollow," by Anna Wolfrom. Gorham press.
"The Reformer," by Charles W. Sheldon. Advance Publishing company.
"A Daughter of Raasay," by William McLaine. Stokes company.
"Penruddock of the White Lambs," by Samuel Hardern Church. Stokes company.
"The King's Agent," by Arthur Paterson. D. Appleton & Co.
"Lizette," by Edward Marshall. Lewis Scribner & Co.
"Her Majesty the King," by James Jeffrey Roche. R. H. Russell.
"The Master of Appleby," by Francis Lynde. Bowen-Merrill company.
"Donna Diana," by Richard Bagot. Longmans, Green & Co.
"Adnah," by J. Breckenridge Ellis. George W. Jacobs & Co.
"The Thousand Eugenias," by Mrs. Alfred Sidgwick. Longmans, Green & Co.
"Vive l'Empereur," by Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews. Scribner's Sons.
"The Four Feathers," by A. E. W. Mason. Macmillan company.
"John Gayther's Garden," by Frank R. Stockton. Scribner's Sons.
"The Lane That Had no Turning," by Sir Gilbert Parker. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"Old Plantation Days," by Martha S. Gielow. R. H. Russell.
"Thelma," by Marie Corelli. Illustrated. R. H. Fenno & Co.
"The Weavers of Webs," by Francis W. Van Praag. R. F. Fenno & Co.
"The Last Buccaneer," by L. Cope Cornford. Lippincott company.
"Oldfield," by Nancy Huston Banks. New illustrated edition. Macmillan company.
"Roger Drake, Captain of Industry," by H. K. Webster. Macmillan company.
"Dogtown," by Mabel Osgood Wright. Macmillan company.
"Danny," by Alfred Ollivant. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"Cecelia," by F. Marion Crawford. Macmillan company.
"Love and Louisa," by E. Maria Albanesi. Lippincott company.
"The Richer the Poorer," by Ira L. Jones. Fiction Publishing company.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Mary Had a Little Lamb," by Fannie M. Dickerson. Stokes company.
"The March of Christ Down the Centuries," by Wilbur F. Crafts. International Reform Bureau.
"The Life and Writings of Alexander Dumas," by Harry A. Spurr. Stokes company.
"A Bunch of Rope Yarns," by Stanton H. King. Richard G. Badger.
"A Quiver of Arrows," by David J. Burrell. Funk & Wagnalls company.
"The Great Mountain and Forests of South America," by Paul Fountain. Longmans, Green & Co.
"History of the United States," by W. F. Davidson. Scott, Forsman & Co.
"Funds and Their Uses," by F. A. Cleveland. D. Appleton & Co.
"World Pictures," by Mortimer and Dorothy Mempes. R. H. Russell.
"A Patrick's Day Hunt," by Martin Ross and E. O. E. Somerville. E. P. Dutton & Co.
"A Primer of Right and Wrong," by J. N. Larned. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.
"Raymond Lull, First Missionary to the Moslems," by S. M. Zwemer. Funk & Wagnalls.
"Italian Cities," by E. H. and E. W. Blashfield. Scribner's Sons.
"New York Sketches," by Jesse Lynch Williams. Scribner's Sons.
"The Cynic's Calendar of Revised Wisdom for 1903," by Ethel Watts Mumford, Oliver Herford and Addison Mizner.) Elder & Shepard.
"Unknown Mexico," by Carl Lumholtz. Scribner's Sons.
"Democracy and the Organization of Political Parties," by M. Ostrogorski. The Macmillan company.
"Voyages to Italy," by Theophile Gautier. Brentano's.
"American Animals," by Witmer Stone and W. Everett Cram. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"The Pleasures of the Table," by George H. Ellwanger. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"The Literature of Persia," by Edward G. Browne. Charles Scribner's Sons.
"How to Attract Birds," by Neltje Blanchan. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"John Greenleaf Whittier," by T. W. Higginson. Macmillan company.
"The Loyalists in the American Revolution," by Claude H. Van Tyne. Macmillan company.
"The Employment of Women in the Clothing Trade," by Mabel H. Willett. Macmillan company.
"The Quest of Happiness," by Newell Dwight Hillis. Macmillan company.
"First Manual of Composition," by E. H. Lewis. Macmillan company.
"Samuel Richardson," by Austin Dobson. Macmillan company.
"Our Benevolent Feudalism," by W. J. Ghent. Macmillan company.
"How to Sing," by Lilli Lehmann. Macmillan company.
"Mountaineering in the Sierra Nevada," by Clarence King. Scribner's Sons.
"Tolstoi as Man and Artist," by Dmitri Merejkowski. Putnam's Sons.
"Rhode Island: Its Making and Meaning," by Irving B. Richman. Putnam's Sons.
"The Battle with the Slum," by Jacob Riis. Macmillan company.
"Symphonies and Their Meaning," by Philip H. Goepp. Lippincott company.
"Our Noblest Friend, the Horse," by Francis M. Ware. L. C. Page & Co.
"The Art of Success," by T. Sharper Knowlson. Frederick Warne & Co.
"A History of Criticism," by George Saintsbury. Dodd, Mead & Co.
"Jeanne D'Arc," by T. Douglas Murray. McClure, Phillips & Co.
"The True History of the American Revolution," by Sydney G. Fisher. Lippincott company.
"Variorum Edition of the Works of Edward Fitzgerald," edited by George Benthem. Vols. I., and III. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"Historic Highways, Vol. II.: Indian Thoroughfares," by Archer Butler Hulbert. Arthur H. Clarke company.

CALENDARS, ETC.

"The Burgess Calendar," "Calendar of Social Belles," "Calendar of Modern Artists," "The Cat Calendar," "Calendar of Notable Actresses," "The Maude Adams Calendar," "Calendar of the Wild," "The Fencers' Calendar," "The Automobile Calendar," "ThePingpong Calendar." F. A. Stokes company.

SHOW OF STOCK IS THE GREATEST

Exposition Opening Today at the Yards Will Be a Record Breaker.

BIG GAIN IN ENTRIES.

Plans Forming for a Permanent Site Owned by Association of 1,000 Men.

When the doors of the International Live Stock exposition are thrown open this morning there will be ready for inspection the greatest collection of thoroughbred animals that was ever brought together in competition in the world. Last year's exposition was larger than any ever held up to that time, exceeding the Royal of England and the Highland of Scotland. There have been a third more entries for the premiums this year than last. All the classes will be filled except the horses.

The reception today and tomorrow will be informal. Everything was in readiness last evening. Until long after the sun had gone down belated arrivals were being hurried into their quarters. The dazzling arc lights had no terrors for most of the animals, for they have been in attendance on such shows for weeks. From one state fair to another they have been on exhibition, until it has come to be a thing to be expected. Those which arrived latest were greeted with grunts of disapproval by some of the animals which had retired early, but there were no serious complaints registered at Manager Skinner's office.

Question of Permanence Decided.

In three years the exposition has grown to be of such proportions that the question of its permanency is no longer raised. The most important meeting of the week will be held Monday evening in the Pure Bred Live Stock Record building, which will be dedicated during the week. At this meeting the matter of more complete organization will be discussed. For three years the Union Stockyards and Transit company has been the guarantor of the exposition. It is now to be determined what shall be the future of the stock show.

One of the propositions that will be offered is that an organization of 1,000 men shall be formed that will have the arrangements in charge. It is not proposed to make the exhibition one for profit. All exhibiters and those who are in any way connected with the exposition have free admittance at all times. With a total attendance last year of 420,000, the gate receipts were $8,400.

The question of buildings also will be a matter for discussion. All the buildings that are now being used have been donated by the Union Stockyards company. The ground lying directly south of the stockyards has been talked of as a probable site. The lake front was suggested and dropped almost as quickly. Various locations in the south part of the city will be considered.

Many Improvements in Quarters.

Visitors this year will find that many improvements have been made. The Dexter park pavilion, the upstairs house for the sheep and some of the swine, and the show rings are all new. Walks between the main buildings are protected by overhanging awnings. The street between the pavilion and the swine and sheep house has been covered with canvas, providing a show ground 600 feet by 80. Inside the buildings the decorators have twined all the pillars and posts with red, white, and blue bunting.

The first stall in the space reserved for the shorthorn cattle is occupied by the champion of that class last year, Choice Goods, once the property of the late queen of England. Choice Goods is now owned by Col. G. M. Casey of Clinton, Mo. When the blanket was taken from the broad back of the animal yesterday afternoon and the keeper with a gentle poke in the ribs invited his charge to stand up and be admired there was some hesitation. Finally he scrambled to his feet and looked about as if the first prize was already awarded. The scales show that the animal weighs 2,350 pounds.

Another imported shorthorn, Speculator, from the farm of E. W. Bowen at Delphi, Ind., was in an adjoining stall. This animal was almost as much of an attraction as was Choice Goods. Speculator weighs 2,500 pounds.

D. R. Hanna, son of Senator Hanna, has an exhibit of shorthorns that will attract much attention.

Entries in Hereford Class.

Another importation of this year that will be a strong competitor among the Herefords is Britisher, a magnificent animal weighing 2,770 pounds. Britisher is owned by George Leigh of Aurora, Ill. In Mr. Leigh's Hereford exhibition are Cavendry and Peggy, both with young calves beside them. They are not the "little old wabbly" calves that James Whitcomb Riley described. Each youngster seemed larger than the average cow. Peggy, one of the mothers, weighed 1,850 pounds when brought into the yards. Protector, an imported bull shown by F. A. Nave of Attica, Ind.; Premier, owned by B. A. Hathaway of Chicago, and the stock shown by Gilbert H. Hoxie of Thornton, Ill., are among the Herefords.

Aberdeen-Angus and Galloway.

In the section for the Aberdeen-Angus cattle Valiant Knight and Prince, both yearlings, owned by D. Bradfute & Son of Cedarville, Ia., and Vala, an Angus for which $6,300 was paid in England, will be shown. Vala was bought by C. H. Garden of Blandsville, Ia.

The Galloway cattle are well represented. There are entries from St. Jean Baptiste, Manitoba, and also from the far west. Lady Douglass, the winner of the royal in England this fall, is shown by N. P. Clark, St. Cloud, Minn. Gentle Annie L., the winner of the royal in Kansas City, Mo., a home bred animal, owned by E. H. White of Estherville, Ia., is shown in competition with Lady Douglass. William Martin of St. Jean Baptiste has a large number of Galloways on exhibition.

Dual Purpose Cow.

In the red polls the exhibiters show what they term a "dual purpose cow," an animal to produce both beef and milk.

The sheep and swine houses are well filled. A. J. Lovejoy of Roscoe, Ill., is the superintendent of the swine pens. A hog known as the Tamworth, raised for bacon, exhibited by N. M. Blaine of St. George, Ont., is one of the new ones. The Berkshires shown by I. N. Johnson, Eldridge, Tenn., are especially good.

Contest of Draft Horses.

During the week the contest of draft horses in harness, in which the packing house people are much interested, will be made. Last year the winning teams were owned by Libby, McNeill & Libby. All these teams are now hard at work in practice. Many firms outside of the packing house district will be in the contest.

Each of the Packingtown houses is making preparations to entertain large numbers of visitors. In the Swift house two new elevators were placed in operation yesterday, which will be used to carry visitors to the roof instead of requiring them to make the long climb up six flights of stairs, as formerly. One hundred guides will direct the guests through the buildings. A regular route has been roped off. Souvenirs will be given away in each department. The way of the walk through the plant has been decorated, and every product of the establishment is shown. An innovation in the way of ushers was announced at the office of Nelson Morris & Co., where it is proposed to have young women show the visitors over the establishment. Every house will have special arrangements for the thousands who will pass through.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, blind, bleeding, and protruding piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paxo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c.

SOME OF THE EXHIBITS AT THE INTERNATIONAL LIVE STOCK EXPOSITION.



Hereford Cattle

Poland China Hogs

ENDS HIS LIFE IN A CAB.

JOHN ROHRLACK KISSES WIFE, THEN GOES TO DEATH.

Apparently in Good Spirits, Man Who for Many Years Was an Employe of Union Traction Company Starts on a Journey to California, Only to Shoot Himself After Turning Back from the Railway Station—Wild Ride Follows.

With a kiss and a cheerful good-by for his wife, John Rohrlack left his home at 651 Orchard street yesterday, bound for California. An hour later a cab dashed up to the house bearing his body. He had shot himself to death.

When he left home shortly after 8 o'clock in the morning Rohrlack had $42 and a ticket to Los Angeles in his pocket. He was in high spirits and held out to his wife bright prospects for the future.

Apparently Rohrlack went directly to the Union station, and there some change came over him. Shortly before 9 o'clock he approached Cabman Mason just outside the Union station and inquired the fare to 651 Orchard street. Mason, noting the valise, supposed Rohrlack had just arrived in the city, and a bargain was quickly reached, Rohrlack stepping into the cab to ride to his death.

Shot Fired; Wild Drive.

The cab had progressed north in Clark street almost to Wrightwood avenue, which is within a few blocks of Rohrlack's home, when the cabman heard the report of a revolver within the vehicle. Startled by the sound, he stopped his horse and jumped to the ground. A glance through the glass of the door revealed to Mason his "fare" half prone on the seat with blood streaming from his mouth, and, hardly knowing what he was doing, the cabman leaped to the seat and drove wildly to the address he had been given.

A number of persons heard the report of the revolver, and, noting the action of the cabman, followed him north on a run. They were soon distanced, and the cab rolled up in front of Rohrlack's house as Mrs. Rohrlack was standing in a window looking out on the street. Surmising that something was wrong, she rushed to the gate as the cabman was opening the door of his cab, and saw her husband unconscious on the seat.

"He's dead!" she screamed, and then, detecting what she believed to be a sign of life, she cried: "Take him to the hospital; quick, quick."

With that she fell fainting to the ground.

Mason made another wild drive, and a few minutes later Rohrlack was on the operating table in the Alexian Brothers' hospital. But it was too late for the surgeons to be of any avail, as Rohrlack died without reviving, the bullet which entered his mouth having passed through the brain.

On the "Waiting List."

Rohrlack, who was one of the oldest conductors on the North Clark street cable line, had been placed on the "waiting list" at the limits barns of the company. For nearly fifteen years he had a day run, and when he learned that he was about to be changed to the night shift he handed in his resignation. The resignation did not actually sever his connection with the Union Traction company, as he was still eligible for service should he apply for it.

If Rohrlack was despondent over the sudden change in his relations with the company he never manifested his feelings to his fellow-employes, and, on the contrary, appeared elated over the prospect of a journey to California, where a brother resides.

In his preparations for the trip Rohrlack visited the office of President Roach and secured letters of recommendation, explaining that he might have an opportunity to obtain employment in Los Angeles. Other letters were given Rohrlack by his friends, introducing him to their acquaintances. He had discussed the journey for two weeks with his wife, and at no time did he betray despondency.

Rohrlack was one of a number of employés of the Union Traction company who tried to organize a union in accordance with the plans of President Roach. The scheme failed as a result of the efforts of the organizers of the amalgamated association, and Rohrlack is said to have been greatly cast down at the time. It was only recently that he signified his intention of joining the regular union.

Policeman Prevents a Suicide.

Theodore C. Ives, a civil engineer living at 1725 Oakdale avenue, tried to kill himself yesterday afternoon at Lincoln and Sheffield avenues. Policeman Thomas Stark of the Sheffield avenue station grappled with him, and after a struggle wrenched a revolver from his hand. Ives was then taken to the police station, where he was locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct. He refused to explain why he had attempted to end his life, but declared he was sorry he had done so. He will be given a hearing before Justice Mahoney tomorrow morning.

Ends Life with Gas.

Julius Teske, Greenfield, Wis., was found dead in bed early yesterday morning at 144 Michigan street. The room was filled with gas, which was escaping from a jet over the bed. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide.

Through Sleeping Car Chicago to Florida.

Beginning Sunday, Nov. 30, Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad will establish new through sleeping car service between Chicago and St. Petersburg, Fla., via Nashville, Montgomery, Thomasville, and Jacksonville. The new car will be handled in Chicago and Nashville Limited Train No. 5 leaving Dearborn Station, Chicago, daily 7 p. m. The only through sleeping car line between Chicago and Florida. Reservations made at city ticket office, 131 Adams street. Phone Central 555

FORM AN "L" ROAD UNION.

EMPLOYES MEET AND ATTACH NAMES TO ROLL.

Nearly Half of the Men in the Service of the Four Overhead Lines Agree to Band Together in an Effort to Secure More Pay and Shorter Hours—Expected That First Test Will Be Made on the Metropolitan System—Other Labor News.

Trainmen on the four elevated roads of Chicago met last night to organize a branch of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employés. Of the 2,500 men in the service of the elevated lines some 1,000 were enrolled in the new union in the course of the night.

As soon as the organization has enrolled a sufficient number of the guards, conductors, and motormen it is considered probable that demands will be made of the companies for increased wages and shorter hours. From the temper of the meeting last night the Metropolitan "L" will be selected for the first test of the new union's strength.

Previous attempts have been made to unite the elevated men in independent unions, but have always met with failure. Finally, some two months ago, the work of securing applicants for membership in the amalgamated association was begun, and yesterday, in the presence of W. D. Mahon, president of the amalgamated association, seemed to afford a proper time for formal action.

Mahon States the Case.

"We do not organize to antagonize our employers," Mr. Mahon said to the 500 men who assembled in Uhlich's hall, 27 North Clark street, "nor do we wish to oppose them in any way in their operation of the lines. But the conditions under which street car men have worked in the past have been all but unbearable. We must have shorter hours and must receive the pay belonging to men in the class of work we do."

W. D. Meek, a former motorman on the Metropolitan road, declared that his old associates had many grievances, not only in regard to hours and pay but in the matter of methods and of treatment. He expressed belief that union with the surface street car men was the best course for the elevated workers.

The meeting was an all night affair, the men coming in as they were relieved from duty. The first arrivals were a score from the south side line. Northwestern representatives came in slowly and quietly. Lake street men appeared in a cheering crowd, but the greatest demonstration was caused by the appearance of a hundred Metropolitan employés. A large delegation was present from the surface street car employés, under whose auspices the meeting was held.

Officers and a name for the new branch will be determined on at a later meeting.

Tells of War on Trust.

Charles W. Sweeney of St. Louis, who is in Chicago in the interest of the Tobacco Workers' International union, says the sales of trust made goods have fallen off one-third since the boycott was begun by the labor organizations.

"At present not one of the factories operated by the combination employs union labor," he said. "Competent men have been discharged and their places given to women and children, who are kept in the factories from thirteen to fifteen hours a day.

"In the downtown districts of Chicago the issue between union and nonunion has been sharply drawn by the establishment of the large number of trust stores, but in the outlying sections the tobacco dealers frequently sell all classes of goods. It is with these merchants that we hope to accomplish the most."

Desk Workers on Strike.

The 112 woodworkers employed by the Central Desk Manufacturing company, Grand avenue and Armour street, and by the Peterson Desk company, Kinzie and Armour streets, struck yesterday. The men demand the union scale, which calls for nine hours' work and a scale of $2.25.

Builders Go Out.

Work on the new clubhouse at Fortieth street and Drexel boulevard was stopped yesterday by a strike of the fifteen union tradesmen employed. The cause was the employment of nonunion painters by a subcontractor.

MINERS' CONVENTION PLANS.

Secretary Will Announce the Amount Raised by Union for Strike—Nominations of Officers Received.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 28.—It was officially announced today at the national headquarters of the mineworkers that when the miners meet in national convention here in January to prepare a new wage scale Secretary Wilson will report the amount of money given by them for the strike. It is understood that the total was over $2,000,000.

The convention here last January changed the constitution of the organization so that the officers are elected by the referendum plan. The locals make the nominations, and every member then gets a vote on the candidates.

A list of the nominations has been received, but Secretary Wilson was not prepared to give it out. It is not likely that President Mitchell, Secretary Wilson, or Vice President Lewis will have any serious opposition, although it has been rumored for some time that W. D. Ryan, secretary of the Illinois miners, and J. P. Rees, president of the Iowa miners, might be brought out for Mr. Lewis' place.

It was also announced that the assessment of miners for the strike had stopped Nov. 15.

Select your Christmas diamond. Pay monthly. Loftis Bros., 82 State street.

OBJECTS TO BOOK WORMS.

PRESIDENT WILSON OF PRINCETON ADDRESSES GRADUATES.

Outlines Plan for Tutoring Based on Lines Followed in English Universities—Says Natural Man Is Not Meant to Sit Down and Read, but Rather to See His Surroundings and Converse with His Fellows.

"I don't believe the natural, carnal man was ever meant to sit down and read a book."

In this manner President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university startled 100 alumni of old Nassau into a consideration of his theory that American colleges should follow more closely the English system of education by tutors and make the university examination more of a judgment day for the students. He detailed his plan for devoting a part of the $12,500,000 that he wants for Princeton to the institution of the kind of tutoring in vogue at Oxford and Cambridge, but improved to correspond with American ideals.

President Wilson's address was delivered at a dinner given for him by the Princeton Alumni association of Chicago at the University club. A joyous evening of songs and cheers for alma mater led up to the speeches, which, for an audience of men who "felt like boys again," as Toastmaster J. C. Mathis put it, were fittingly dressed out in the negligee idiom of the campus.

Talks of Princeton Spirit.

It was upon the famous Princeton spirit and how little it owes to the mere matter contained in books and drawn out through examinations that Dr. Wilson dwelt in his opening remarks.

"Yes, I feel just that way about the reading of books after all my experience," continued the president. "I would rather walk out and talk to some man—see life through the eyes and feel it. The only reason we read books is that they can give us more experience than we would be able to get in any other way. We want to know what past generations have thought and done; we want to know what men are thinking whose environment is one that we shall never have the opportunity to feel in our own persons. But we want useful men, not men who have learning for learning's sake, and who think they are better than others because they have something in their heads which is useless."

Rapidly the speaker sketched the spirit of comradeship and useful manhood that is derived from wholesome college surroundings, from contact between man and man.

Traditions of English Learning.

"Everyone gets by heredity," he went on, "the suggestion that comes from the Gothic style of architecture. I know that from the Tudor style of building one gets the spirit of the tradition of the old English learning. Now the old English tradition is not the tradition of the lecture room where students sit under the eye of the master. It is the tradition of the reading man, the man who gets the subject up for himself and in the end is put through his paces by the board of examiners. I believe that the student should read in his own way, consulting with responsible men as to the works best fitted for his purpose, and be given to understand that he is on his own responsibility, and will later be expected to know what he has been studying.

"Let these students at examination time come to a day of judgment and know that in the meantime they are not to loaf any more than every American citizen is entitled to under the constitution. I believe they should loaf a certain time each day, but how much I decline to say.

Wants a Force of Tutors.

"Now, my hobby is this: when our friends get ready to give us that $12,500,000 I want $2,225,000 devoted to the maintenance of a body of tutors like the English tutors, but without their drawbacks. English tutors are appointed for life and go to seed. They make out their note books and consider that nothing more is to be discovered bearing on the subject in hand.

"I believe five years is long enough service for that kind of a man, and one year if he is not so good. By this system of tutoring I believe that students can be coaxed into becoming reading men. There is not a dry subject in the world—it is the fellow who is dry.

"Under the present routine of college student an undergraduate forgets what he has learned as soon as the task is done. As a rule all he requires is two days to get ready for any examination and make it necessary for the instructor to pass him, but he forgets it all afterward. We must make the students 'hump' to help themselves."

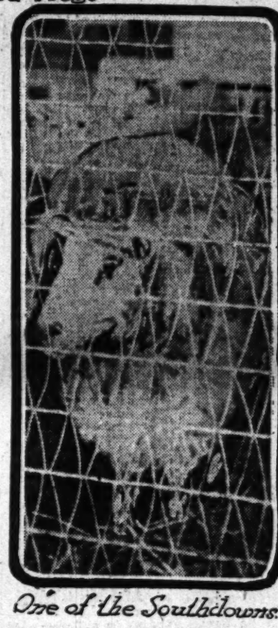
Dr. Wilson said that $12,500,000 was the minimum sum that Princeton needs for its contemplated scientific school, including an electrical school, a museum, and biological laboratories. He denied after the dinner that he had come to Chicago for the special purpose of raising this money. He came principally to make an address tonight at the dinner of the Commercial club. He is the guest of Cyrus H. McCormick.

Other Speakers.

Judge L. Houghteling responded to the toast to Yale, being introduced by Mr. Mathis' reference to the eastern football championship; "To the victor belongs the right to rub it in." Heyliger A. De Windt spoke for Harvard and W. B. McIlvaine for the "middle west."

Among those present were: Cyrus H. McCormick, President R. D. Harlan of Lake Forest college, T. D. Jones, D. B. Jones, Dr. W. D. Mackenzie, James H. Eckels, Lawrence Young, and Stanley R. McCormick.

This morning President Wilson will be escorted to the University of Chicago by members of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity, and after an informal reception he will be the guest at a luncheon at the fraternity clubhouse. In the afternoon he will be received formally by President William R. Harper.



One of the Southdowns.

HUGO BARING IN CHICAGO; RUMOR MONGERS ARE BUSY.

Financier's Visit Leads Imaginative Ones to Declare That New Moves Are Being Made in Proposed Beef Merger

A visit to Chicago yesterday by Hugo Baring, a representative of Baring Bros. of London and Baring, Morgan & Co. of New York, led to a conclusion among certain imaginative gentlemen that new moves were being made in the proposed beef merger. No one could be found who would add color to this story, however.

During the day Mr. Baring conferred with a number of local financiers and in the evening he said:

"I had intended for some time to come to Chicago and at last I have carried out my intention. I am here partly on business, partly for pleasure. There is nothing in my business affairs in Chicago that I would care to discuss or that would be of any interest to the public."

The imaginative ones had it that the Armour, Swift, and Morris interests have been induced to join the proposed merger and that yesterday the details of the plan were disclissed by them in conjunction with Mr. Baring, whose house, it was figured, might assist J. Pierpont Morgan in floating the merger by underwriting the required $100,000,000 of bonds. It also was said that the deal would be carried out some time in January.

Today's Art Supplement.

THE REST.

[JULES LEPAGE.]

Jules Lepage, or Bastien-Lepage, as he is more commonly known, was a noted French painter whose life was cut short in his thirty-seventh year. He was born at Damvillers, Meuse, in 1848, and died in Paris in 1884, but during his comparatively brief existence he displayed the artistic spirit that was in him. A brave man, and imbued with patriotic love for his native country, he left his easel to fight in a company of francstireurs in 1870-71. At the age of 16 he left Damvillers for Paris, where, after serving a time in the government civil service, he entered the atelier of Cabanel, and remained with that master until the breaking out of the Franco-Prussian war.

He did some work for the illustrated papers of Paris, and then painted the portrait of his grandfather, which was one of the successes of the salon of 1874. He received the third class medal for this, and in 1875 received the medal of the second class for his "The First Commission," shown in the salon of that year.



Men's overcoats with close fitting collars.

A VERY common fault with about seventy-five per cent of the overcoats sold is that the collars stand away from the neck. It takes the best kind of tailoring to make an overcoat fit smooth and snug around the collar. Ours are made expressly for us by the best makers in the business, and you'll find them not only better fitting coats than the average kind sold, but also better wearers; for it's good tailoring that makes a garment wear well and hold its shape — bear that in mind.

Overcoats in black and oxford grays, rough goods or smooth, in medium or long lengths.

Qualities and styles that make our overcoats the best values in town at

$9.75, $12.75, $15, $18, $20

and others up to $40.

THE FAIR

State, Adams and Dearborn streets.

DEATHS.

[For other deaths see page 9.]

BELLAS—At 1634 Prairie-av., Nov. 28, Thomas H. Bellas, suddenly, of angina pectoris. Notice of funeral later.

MOORE—Mary A. Moore, mother of Mrs. Frederick F. Foot and Mrs. Charles Imlay. Funeral Sunday, at 1:30 p. m., from late residence, 6757 Parnell-av. Interment private at Oakwoods cemetery.

NOYES—Mrs. E. Ellen, widow of the Rev. George C. Noyes, D. D., of Evanston, Ill., suddenly of apoplexy on Nov. 28, 1902, in New York City. Notice of funeral later.

STUDEBAKER MICH. BOUL. Adjoining AUDITORIUM HOTEL.
LAST TWO TIMES
MAT. TODAY—TONIGHT
10th AND CLOSING WEEK OF THE LIGHT OPERA TRIUMPH—THE
PRINCE OF PILSEN
A HOME COMING!
NEXT MONDAY—DEC. 1
FOR EIGHT WEEKS ONLY
The Famous CASTLE SQ. OPERA CO.
IN A BRILLIANT REPERTORY OF
GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH
PRESENTING FOR THE FIRST WEEK GOUNOD'S FAUST
SEATS NOW ON SALE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Last Time This Evening—Last Matinee Today.
FRANK DANIELS
IN MISS SIMPLICITY.
Opening Tomorrow Evening.
DE WOLF HOPPER
And a Company of 75 in
MR. PICKWICK.
SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE.

POWERS'—LAST DAY
Today at 2:15. Tonight at 8:15.
MR. N. C. GOODWIN MISS MAXINE ELLIOTT
In "THE ALTAR OF FRIENDSHIP."
SPECIAL—Dec. 1st.
12 Nights and 2 Matinees.
E. H. SOTHERN
In "IF I WERE KING."
By Justin Huntly McCarthy.
SEAT AND BOX SALE NOW OPEN.

McVICKER'S Jacob Litt, Lessee and Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
OVERWHELMING TRIUMPH—THE RECORD BREAKER.
Jacob Litt's Stupendous Production,
THE SUBURBAN
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

DEARBORN
RUPERT OF HENTZAU
SEQUEL TO PRISONER OF ZENDA
MATINEE TODAY.
Commencing Sunday Mat. CHARLEY'S AUNT

AUDITORIUM.
CHICAGO ORCHESTRA
THEODORE THOMAS, Conductor.
POPULAR PROGRAM.
Soloist: MRS. M. WUNDERLE Harpist.
Tonight at 8:15.

BUSH TEMPLE N. Clark-st. and Chicago-av.
MATINEE TODAY 2:15
EMMETT CORRIGAN and the PLAYERS' STOCK COMPANY in
"THE CHRISTIAN"
Prices 25, 50, 75c. Tel. North 560

COLUMBUS—THIS WEEK
THE TWO ORPHANS.
MATS.—SUN., TUES., WED., THUR., SAT.
All seats 25c. Gallery Always 10c.
Sunday, Nov. 30—MISTRESS NELL.

NEW ORPHEON
Madison and Clark-sts. Tel. Main 1779.
BETTER AND BRIGHTER THAN EVER.
THE MUSICAL NOVELTY CHOW-CHOW EVERY NIGHT MAT. Sat. & Su.

Great Northern. One More Week 25c Mat. Today
WARD AND VOKES.
Spreaders of Song and Laughter.

ILLINOIS.
JEROME SYKES
AS
THE BILLIONAIRE
WITH THE
Klaw & Erlanger Opera Co.
GALA MAT. TODAY AT 2.
TONIGHT AT 8.
Last Week Begins Tomorrow, Sunday Night

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Felix & Barry. 3—Macarte Sisters—3.
Ricobono's Comedy Horses. Elizabeth Murray.
Fields & Ward. Collins & Hart.
4—Yankee Comedy Four—4. Raymond Musical Trio
Carson & Willard. 2—St. Leons—2.
O. K. Sato. J. O. Hardeman.
Dill & Ward. Baader & Lavelle.
The Kinodrome. The Blue Ridge Duo.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
John T. Sullivan & Co. Nat M. Wills.
3—Brothers Rossi—3. Stelling Troupe.
Adele Purvis Onri. Mignonette Kokin.
2—Wartenberg Bros.—2. Maude McIntyre.
Lizzie McKeever. Mr. & Mrs. Larry Shaw.
Thompson & Wolfe. Tom Heffron.
Kittie Mills. Casmore & Florence.
The Kinodrome. Wilbur & Rose.
Connors & Connors.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
McIntyre & Heath. Nat M. Wills.
Nick Long—Idalene Cotton Stelling Troupe.
The Melani Trio. Mignonette Kokin.
Rawson & June. Maude McIntyre.
Traske & Gladden. Mr. & Mrs. Larry Shaw.
Hines & Kimball. Tom Heffron.
Casmore & Florence. Wilbur & Rose.
The Kinodrome. Connors & Connors.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HOPKINS
Matinee Every Day. Tel. 643 Harrison.
DAINTY DUCHESS BURLESQUERS
and LOTS OF PRETTY GIRLS.



SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cen. 2198.
2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8.
MERRY MAIDEN BURLESQUERS.
Prices—10, 20, 30, 50.

TROCADERO STATE AND VAN BUREN-STS. TEL. HAR. 2087.
Mat. Daily, 10, 20, 30, 50c. Smoke if you like.
DOWN THE LINE FIELDS & FIELDS MAY HOWARD
Stage Always Filled with Lovely Women.
Only Real Burlesque Show in Town.

MAT. PRICES 25c ACADEMY "Nothing But Fun." A HOT OLD TIME. 10 20 30 50
NEXT—Knute Erickson in "THE MAN FROM SWEDEN."

CHRYSANTHEMUM
Violets 15c a Bunch. SHOW. Roses 50c a Dozen.
A. LANGE,
51 Monroe-st. Tel. 2522 Central.

BIG NINE REJECTS TWO APPLICANTS.

Declines to Take Nebraska and Notre Dame Into the Fold.

NOT MEANT AS A SLIGHT.

Organization Fears Enlargement Would Make the Body Unwieldy.

Faculty delegates to the annual meeting of the western college conferences in session at the Victoria hotel yesterday decided definitely against the policy of further extension of membership. This decision carried with it the refusal of applications for membership from Nebraska and Notre Dame.

The discussion of the question took up the greater part of the time and followed the appearance before the conference of Prof. D. P. Murphy, representing Notre Dame, and Prof. C. W. Clements, representing Nebraska. The matter reached a negative vote, the figures for which were not announced.

Refusal of the applications does not imply any slight to the two colleges concerned, for the conference expressed pleasure at the high stand which the athletic authorities at each institution had adopted within the last few years, each having adopted the conference rules to govern their own athletics. But it was felt any increase in membership would soon make the present body unwieldy and would be more likely to produce marked differences in opinion, which have been absent in the past.

Fear Too Many Applicants.

The delegates thought others might present claims for membership as meritorious as the two colleges concerned, and that the usefulness of the body as applied to its original members would be lost in trying the more or less hazardous enterprise of attempting to control athletics in the entire middle west.

As a substitute the conference suggested that other associations of colleges be formed with similar purposes in different sections, and that all work independently for the general good of college athletics. This already has been done in Ohio, where a state conference exists, which has adopted the eligibility rules of the "big nine."

Prof. Clements, representing Nebraska said his institution would take the rejection of its application with good grace, although it would feel disappointed at the result, especially as the application for membership had been opposed by the conservative members of the local board of control, while the liberals had urged that membership would result in greater recognition of prowess, to which Nebraska thinks it is entitled. He thought, however, Nebraska would accept the action as final and never again attempt to enter the charmed circle.

Baseball Rule Goes to a Committee.

The important question of whether college baseball players should be allowed to play for money in summer or whether they should be absolutely forbidden to play on summer nines was left to a committee consisting of Chicago, Illinois, and Indiana. Illinois stands sponsor for the first proposition, Chicago for the latter, while Indiana is supposed to be neutral. This committee will report at the next college conference, but if it is able to reach a unanimous decision its ruling will be in force next summer until ratified or rejected by the next conference.

Alumni coaching was not discussed, and Northwestern's five year limit suggestion was withdrawn without a vote after brief discussion.

Delegates in Attendance.

When the conference was called to order, Prof. H. J. Barton of Illinois, last year's president, occupied the chair. Prof. F. S. Jones of Minnesota was elected as his successor. Prof. M. W. Sampson of Indiana was elected secretary. Delegates present were: Prof. A. A. Stagg of Chicago, Prof. H. J. Barton of Illinois, Prof. C. S. Slichter of Wisconsin, Prof. E. A. Wilcox of Iowa, Judge Lane of Michigan, Prof. O. F. Long of Northwestern, Prof. T. H. Moran of Purdue, Prof. M. W. Sampson of Indiana, and Prof. F. S. Jones of Minnesota.

The eligibility committee chosen for the following year was Minnesota, Northwestern, and Purdue.

E. P. Bickman, secretary of the Intercollegiate Conference Athletic association, which conducts the annual track and field meet under graduate management, presented the annual report, showing a balance on hand of $2,200.

Schreiber Is Kept Out.

Wisconsin asked for a reinstatement of Earl Schreiber, the football guard declared a professional because of once having received $10 for coaching a high school eleven. The application was denied.

The conference authorized its eligibility committee to hear cases of minor violations of amateur sport, and to grant reinstatement if the circumstances warranted, the reinstatement to be temporary but in force until ratification by the conference proper at its next annual meeting. Votes on such questions will be by mail.

Rule 4 of the college rules relating to "athletic skill for gain" was amended to prohibit taking part in contests where money prizes were offered, no matter what disposition was made of the money. This was to prevent competition in fire company athletic events and the subsequent turning over of the money to the student's athletic association.

In view of the present unwieldy character of the fields in the annual track meet it was proposed the competition should be limited to conference teams and such other college teams as should be invited by reason of their adherence to conference standards. This was left to the discretion of an invitation committee, consisting of Wisconsin, Purdue, and Northwestern.

Rule 12, relating to residence for a half year when taking part in college sport, was amended to prevent violations by migration to another college.

Waldo Is Reappointed.

Arbitrator C. A. Waldo of Purdue presented his report, which included many minor cases. He said he had received many questions from outside colleges for decision, which was accepted by the conference as indicating a desire on the part of the smaller colleges in general to live up to the ideals which the conference attempts to establish. Prof. Waldo was reappointed.

The United States commissioner of education's latest report was accepted as the basis of decision for what constitutes a college in relation to the eligibility of a student under the four years' rule.

NEXT YEAR'S FOOTBALL DATES.

Minnesota to Play at Champaign Next Thanksgiving—Are Still Dickering.

It was expected a shower of football dates for next fall would follow the presence in the city yesterday of many football coaches and student managers, but most of the work will be done today or postponed to be worked out by letter.

Michigan and Chicago will play here on Thanksgiving day, as a result of a previous contract. Coach Williams of Minnesota and Director Huff of Illinois agreed to a turkey day game at Champaign, subject to the ratification of their respective athletic boards. Wisconsin has not booked its final game.

Michigan will play Minnesota Oct. 31, at Minneapolis. Dr. Williams wants to play Wisconsin at Madison the second Saturday in November, but there is a possibility that date will be filled with a Chicago-Wisconsin contest, probably at Madison. Iowa was offered the second Saturday in October at Minneapolis, but preferred the third Saturday or the first Saturday in November, to which Dr. Williams demurred, as coming between the hard Michigan and Wisconsin contests.

Illinois will schedule games with Iowa and Chicago. Nebraska also asked for a place on Stagg's schedule, and this will come up today at a meeting between Prof. Stagg and Manager Engel of Nebraska.

CAPTAIN OF TWO NORTHWESTERN TEAMS.



The election of Harry Fleager to the captaincy of the Evanston football team next year gives him the distinction of leading two Northwestern teams—the varsity eleven and baseball nine. He has played tackle on Hollister's team for three years and is a junior in the college of liberal arts.

STAGG AND DR. WILLIAMS

GEORGE W. WOODRUFF WRITES OF THE TWO NOTED COACHES.

His First Meetings with Stagg, Once in a Class Rush, and Williams' Fight Against Adversity Are Related by a Former College Mate of Both—Different in Their Characteristics, but Both Successful in Athletics.

[BY G. W. WOODRUFF.]

Some time since I gave a personal sketch of two coaches of the most prominent western teams. These were Yost and King, who at that time seemed to be in charge of the leaders.

Since then, Mr. King's team, having been started down the toboggan by Yost's magnificent eleven, has rapidly slipped out of all chance to be accounted in second place by losing squarely to Minnesota and Chicago. There is no doubt but that among western teams Michigan, Minnesota, Chicago, and Wisconsin will be adjudged as occupying first four places in ranking football teams. Therefore I have been requested to write a few sketches of the other two coaches—Williams and Stagg. The western public is so well acquainted with their history in western athletics that I will make bold to treat of them rather as men than as coaches.

I remember well the first time I ever met Stagg. It was on a memorable night for me. It was the second day I had ever been on a football field, and I was being conducted to the training table by the captain of the Yale varsity team, having won my spurs that day by scoring against the university eleven by straight and successive line bucking. On the way to the table Capt. Peters met a sturdy, curly headed young sophomore and stopped to upbraid him for not trying regularly for the football team. Mr. Stagg, for it was he, explained, in a quiet, dignified manner that he was working his way through college, and, having given the necessary time to baseball in the spring, could not see his way clear to trying regularly for the football team. I was much impressed by his appearance and firmness, for, having declared that I would not go into athletics, there was I being led a passive victim by the captain of one athletic team.

Meet in a Class Rush.

The next time I met Stagg is equally well impressed on my memory, because I was obliged by a vow to remain firm, even when my heart prompted me to yield to his courteous request. You see, Stagg was a sophomore and I was a green freshman. I had vowed in a rash moment not to submit to hazing. About two weeks after my first meeting with Chicago's present coach my class, neither wisely nor too well, tried to capture their fence against all tradition and the desperate resistance of the entire sophomore class. Suffice it to say, that we succeeded in making a prolonged fight, from which the more determined of us retired only when our clothing had been reduced to a pair of shoes—if their lacings were strong—and a few shreds of stockings to save our ankles, at least, from utter embarrassment. The sophomores felt that their honor was at stake to keep that fence, and the usually gentle mannered Stagg fought like a demon to save his class from degradation. He succeeded.

After the four hours' struggle was at an end and the 20,000 spectators, who gradually gathered to witness it, had regretfully departed from College street, I was in my room comparing bruises with my plucky little roommate, when we heard a firm knock on the door. Enter Mr. Stagg and a classmate. He didn't believe in hazing, but was one of a committee to punish such unheard of audacity by "taking out" and down the ringleaders. I told him my vow and he was obliged to humor it, but he talked to me so nicely that I felt more punished in refusing to go out with him for my hazing than I could have been if I had gone.

Stagg Famous in College.

I mentioned that Stagg was making his own way through college, because it emphasizes a fact which always seemed to me phenomenal. Happenings of the late '80s are now ancient history, but no college man of that time would hesitate to name Stagg as the most popular college man in America. Not only was he the most popular in his own college, but he was disproportionately famous in other colleges and among that noncollege element which now supports college athletics through football. Mr. Stagg's hold of the public attention was so remarkable that it was inexplicable. Go to any eastern town at that time and ask a schoolboy to tell who was president of the United States. He might hesitate, but he could tell you who was the pitcher for the Yale baseball nine. Undoubtedly, Stagg's preternatural control of the ball and his own nerves and his fellow players was the foundation upon which his popularity rested, but that alone, though never equaled by another player in the history of baseball, could not account for the attention he received wherever he went. Space does not permit, nor am I inclined to try to reason out this phenomenon. When you see the flying wedge of geese rushing southward you wonder why the one particular bird holds its lead so calmly, but you soon cease wondering and accept the fact.

In defeat or victory, Stagg will always remain the same clear-eyed, level headed leader.

Williams Eager and Aggressive.

Harry Williams was also in Yale with us. He has almost the opposite characteristic from Mr. Stagg. He gets less credit than he deserves and can never make himself the subject of spontaneous popularity. He is eager and aggressive. He can often escape a storm by his own efforts, but could be overwhelmed by the storm, when once in its vortex, because of his stubborn resistance. He will always give much and receive little.

I remember his advent on the Yale field as a freshman, all feet and knees and elbows. He could kick phenomenal punts and yet it didn't occur to the captain and coaches that he was a possibility for full back. He could run like a deer, but he was not boomed for half back. He was big and strong and plucky, but there was no thought of putting him in the line. After three years of the hardest work, he made the varsity team and, even then, the coaches gave him his place grudgingly. But he made it, just the same.

In the hurdle racing Harry was looked upon as awkward and no possibility as a scorer in the intercollegiates. Nevertheless in his freshman year he scored second for Yale after the blues' sure winner had failed to qualify for the finals, and, two years later, he held the world's record over the high hurdles. There was no holding him back then, when he could go it alone.

Aids His Alma Mater.

One conspicuous example of the fatality which robs Williams of his due credit might be cited. From '94 to '99 Yale football was mediocre. Those in charge had the idea that the good old way was sacred, and they came near offering up Yale's prestige on that sacred altar. Gordon Brown, however, was elected captain in 1900 and proved worthy of the trust. He sent out a call in the spring for progressive Yale men to give him ideas for his play. Williams went to New Haven and gave the management practically those plays with which Yale in 1900 defeated Harvard 28 to 0, and again, last Saturday, 22 to 0. He urged upon them the delayed pass, with which Chadwick in the Princeton game and Metcalf in the Harvard game cleaved the line like a "knife blade." And yet what man, woman, or child ever heard Williams given credit at New Haven? Nevertheless, the important thing is that he has these plays in his mind and insists on giving them to the teams in which he is interested.

CHIEF O'NEILL AFTER STAGG.

Chicago Coach Figures in a Humorous Incident at Press Club's Football Banquet.

Chief of Police O'Neill astonished the guests at the Press club banquet given to the representatives of the "big nine" colleges last evening by entering the banquet hall in the midst of the speechmaking and demanding of "Referee" A. T. Packard (the toastmaster) the immediate surrender of A. A. Stagg, the Chicago coach, who was a guest at the feast.

"What is the charge?" asked Referee Packard.

"I have a warrant against Mr. Stagg, charged with leaving his 'whoa back' unhitched in the street," replied the chief, while the crowd at the tables broke out in laughter at the maroon coach's expense.

Judge "Biff" Hall came to Stagg's assistance and gave Chief O'Neill his legal opinion that a man could not be punished twice for the same offense and as "the Michigan football team had severely punished the offender two weeks ago" he was exempt.

"But," continued the justice, "I have a bond here which I will offer you to make sure that our maroon friend will not have to sleep at the Harrison police station tonight. You see it is signed by William R. Harper, his mark."

This produced a laugh, but when Judge Hall added, "You all know who his mark is—John D. Rockefeller—I guess that ought to be good," the roar prevented Stagg from hearing Chief O'Neill's apology.

The maroon coach was the target for many puns and slams during the evening, but he received more applause when he arose to speak than any of the others. He also had the place of honor between Toastmaster Packard and President Carr of the Press club.

In introducing Mr. Stagg, the toastmaster remarked that Chicago had a yell which ended: "Who can, we can, can Michigan," and asked the coach to tell how Chicago canned Michigan.

"The yell has been changed," replied the noted coach. "It is, 'Who can, we can, can Michigan next year.'"

"Chicago has forgotten the present season," he continued, "and is looking forward to next year, and the next, when we hope to stand at the head."

In his response, Dr. Williams, who coached the Minnesota team, gave Michigan full credit for winning the western championship, and stated that, in his opinion, it was second only to Yale, if not first. Minnesota, he said, claimed the second position in the west, together with Chicago, and he did not care to say which was the stronger.

All the conference colleges were represented at the banquet, and, in their addresses, thanked the hosts for their effort to bring the press and the conference authorities together to aid in keeping the college athletics pure. The closing speech was made by President Carr of the Press club, who, in behalf of the club, invited the conference representatives to be present again next year.

Among the captains present were Stahl of Illinois and Flynn of Minnesota. Sheldon of Chicago was expected, but failed to appear.

The coaches seated at the tables were Williams of Minnesota, Holt and Huff of Illinois, Stagg of Chicago, Best of Purdue, and McLean of Knox.

Fast Play at Three Cushions.

Skeele played a remarkable game in the three cushion tournament at Foley's last night. With the score 21 to 10 in favor of Harris, Skeele ran ten, three, and four in successive innings and won. Subsequently he was defeated by Anderson, 27 to 23. Should Harris defeat Anderson, another three cornered tie would result.

At Mussey's—Bennett defeated Force 42 to 20, and Lawrence won from Home 50 to 29 at three cushions. Bennett and Short play tonight.

ARMY AND NAVY TO PLAY TODAY.

Annual Football Battle of the Cadets Is On at Philadelphia.

GREAT CROWD ASSURED.

Speculators Ask Fancy Price for Tickets—West Point Favorite.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—"The army and navy forever, and hurrah for the red, white, and blue," was the spirit that pervaded the city on the eve of the great football game between the teams from the West Point academy and the Naval academy at Annapolis.

The football squads of West Point and Annapolis arrived this afternoon and made final preparations for their annual game on Franklin field tomorrow. The players and substitutes of both teams are in the best of condition and look fit to put up the hardest battle of their careers.

The army cadets, forty strong, accompanied by Head Coach Capt. Nolan, Lieut. A. F. Casad, captain of last year's team; Lieut. Smither, and Coaches Bull, Graves, and Church, arrived at noon and walked to the Hotel Walton, where quarters had been secured. As the young soldiers marched through Broad street they attracted general attention and all eyes were centered upon them. In their long coats of gray and peak caps they made a striking appearance, and as they entered the hotel every person seated in the lobby rose to his feet in honor of the guests.

The cadets in the squad were Boyers, Daly, Bunker, Farnsworth, Hackett, Shannon, Thompson, Jenswold, Riley, Blair, McArthur, Campbell, Bartlett, Sharp, Tousey, Rockwell, Nicholas, Cooper, Benedict, Coph, Waugh, Hammond, Tipton, Netter, Gasten, Dill, Doe, Growle, Winston, Herrick, Gillespie, Pratt, Covell, McMillen, Same, Kenzog, Dowd, Gardiner, Graves, Butterworth, Dolan, Brill, Church, Casad, Dumny, and McAndrews.

Looking neat and trim in their blue uniforms and seemingly trained to the hour, the members of the football squad of the United States Naval academy, which will do battle with the sturdy men from West Point, arrived in Philadelphia this afternoon.

The Annapolis party consisted of Belknap, Brisbin, Dashiel, Rodgers, Fretz, McNair, Halsey, Farley, Whiting, Soule, Strassburger, Root, Shoop, Doherty, Oak, Smith, Grady, Michael, Mabre, Dowell, Baggaley, Rees, Howard, McClintic, Todd, Poteet, Stapler, Metcalf, Thompson, Blakeley, Wilson, Poe, Kelly, Edwards, Hillebrand, Sane, Cooper, Parker, Robinson, and Rood.

The influx of visitors began this morning and all the big hotels are filled. Tonight fully 5,000 out of town persons have arrived. The attendance at the game is expected to be the largest that ever witnessed these two academies clash on the gridiron. A large representation of official Washington will be on hand to give prestige and enthusiasm to the battle. Boxes have been reserved for Secretary Root and Secretary Moody, the leading officials of the war and navy departments, and the officers of the army and navy.

Speculators are asking big prices for tickets tonight. In front of the headquarters of the two teams seats were sold for $8 and $10 each, with a prospect of a doubling in price tomorrow morning.

West Point is a decided favorite in the betting for the game.

WANT TO PLAY BROOKLYN TEAM

Hyde Park High School Lads Would Try to Settle the National Championship.

The Hyde Park high school football team expects to bring the Brooklyn Polytechnic team here Dec. 6 to play for the high school football championship of the country. The Brooklyn team defeated its strongest eastern rival, the Brooklyn High team, Thanksgiving day, and, as the local team has easily defeated all its opponents, the game, if arranged, should prove interesting. Alumni of the Hyde Park team came to the rescue yesterday, and money was secured to guarantee the expenses of the visitors, and an attempt was made to get into active communication with the easterners. The local team is anxious for the game, and is willing it should be played in either city, but prefers to bring the Brooklyn eleven here. A definite answer is expected from Brooklyn today.

CHANGE IN THE RACING RULES.

Eastern Stewards to Provide Against "Doping" and Delays Caused by Broken Barrier.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—F. R. Hitchcock and H. K. Knapp, members of the Jockey club, have drawn up a number of amendments to the rules of racing, which will be officially acted upon by the stewards shortly. They include the following amendment to rule 162:

6. Any person who shall be proved to have affected the speed of a horse by the use of drugs or stimulants administered internally and who shall have used appliances, electrical or mechanical, other than the ordinary whip and spur, shall be ruled off.

Another important change has reference to the starting, the amendment to rule 104 reading:

By special permission of the stewards of the Jockey club, or, in case of an emergency, the stewards of the meeting or the starter, a race may be started without a gate.

This means that, in case the barrier breaks and cannot be repaired without a long delay, the starter will have the power to send the field away.

NEW TROTTING ASSOCIATION.

Meeting in New York to Consider Plans for Its Formation—Committee Is Appointed.

New York, Nov. 28.—Representatives of the grand circuit and affiliated racetracks met at the Hoffman house today, pursuant to a call issued by H. M. Hanna, president of the Cleveland Driving Park company, to consider the advisability of forming a new trotting association.

Mr. Hanna was elected temporary chairman, but it was decided not to form a permanent organization at this time. Instead, a committee was appointed whose duty it will be to visit all the leading trotting tracks of the country, get suggestions from the various owners, consider all the rules governing trotting races, and to make a report to the body by whom it was appointed.

The committee appointed consisted of Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas, J. Malcolm Forbes, H. K. Devereux, C. K. G. Billings, and A. H. Moone of Providence.

ANACONDA IS SOLD FOR $7,200.

Great Pacer Goes to J. E. B. Payne of Troy—Chain Shot Brings $5,000.

New York, Nov. 28.—Anaconda, the great pacer, with a record of 2:01¾, was sold at the "Old Glory" sale today to J. E. B. Payne of Troy for $7,200. This so far is the highest price of the sale. Chain Shot brought the next highest price, going to "Lon" McDonald, the trainer, for $5,000. Poindexter, the star offering of the Thomas W. Lawson consignment, was purchased by Barney Demarest for $4,200. The total sales for the day were 105 head, bringing $64,260, averaging $612 per head.

Ranking of American Jockeys.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The American jockey, "Johnny" Reiff, heads the list of winning mounts in 1902, with a total of 116 victories. Milton Henry comes second with ninety-four, Rigby sixth with fifty-four, and Thompson takes seventh place with forty-three.

AFTER THE LAST GAME.



"I'm up agin it now."

REST FOR CHICAGO TEAM.

STAGG'S FOOTBALL ELEVEN DESERTS TRAINING QUARTERS.

Players Scatter for Brief Recess After Hard Season's Work—Massmeeting of Students to Be Held Monday to Express Approval of Year's Results on Gridiron — Prospects for Next Campaign Are Good, with All But Three Men Coming Back.

The training quarters of the football squad at the University of Chicago were practically deserted yesterday, as most of the men had gone to their homes or to visit relatives about the city. The gridiron warriors have kept pretty strict training and welcomed the chance to get away from the varsity and the scene of their hard work for a few days' rest.

The training table closed Thursday night with the banquet at the Lexington, but the football men will make their headquarters in Hitchcock hall for the remainder of the quarter, when it is probable the baseball and track men will occupy the athletic section. Many of the football men who are members of fraternities will go to their respective "frat" houses, but they will still retain their rooms in Hitchcock for study and occasionally will, as Lee Maxwell puts it, "drop around to talk it over."

Monday morning it is expected a rousing massmeeting will be held in Kent theater, where the students will try to show the football men what they think of them and their work this fall. Every one at the university is satisfied with the outcome of the season. Chicago's defeat by Michigan is lost sight of in the joy of beating Wisconsin and securing what every loyal Chicago rooter claims is second place among the teams of the west.

The next public appearance of the team will be at a theater party Tuesday night. Boxes have been secured and the members of the team will attend in a body.

Following this there are two events with which the football season of 1902 will close and pass into memory to be discussed knowingly next year by the sophomores in the presence of the freshmen. One of these events is the annual football dinner, given either by President Harper or by the athletic department. At this dinner the captain for next year is chosen. Ellsworth is the logical and probably most likely candidate.

The other event looked forward to with anxiety by the freshmen members of the team is the presentation of the "Cs." It is the desire of President Harper that this be made a ceremony of considerable importance, and as soon as arrangements can be made the men who have distinguished themselves this fall on Chicago's gridiron will receive the coveted emblem. The new sweaters, one of the boys said proudly, are to be "the best that can be had."

The Chicago men are already figuring on what men can be counted on for next year. The prospects are encouraging. Sheldon and Koehler are the only ones who have played out their four years. The others all have at least one year. It is doubtful, however, if Perkins will return next fall. The rest of the men—so far as can be told now—all expect to be back. Besides these veterans several of the men who have played with the scrubs this year will be ready for the varsity team next fall. Parry is a good man, who expects to be at Chicago for six years, taking professional work after his college course is finished. For this reason Stagg did not use him this year, but will play him next fall. Wightman also will be a better man next year, and many of the other less prominent candidates will be seasoned and ready to play first class football. Chicago has good prospects for a strong team in 1903.

SILER'S GOSSIP OF FIGHTERS.

Choynski Announces His Retirement from Ring Unless He Defeats Childs in Monday Night's Contest.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Joe Choynski declares the result of his bout with Frank Childs at the Lyceum club Monday night will decide whether he is to continue as a pugilist or go into some other business.

"If Childs whips me," said Choynski last night, "I am going to quit the ring for good. It will be time for me to retire."

Both men are confident as to the outcome, and are in good shape for a hard fight. As they both mill on the slugging order and are not averse to mixups the bout is likely to be a lively one. Choynski is the more agile of the two and his experience ought to make him the better ring general, but the big black is crafty, and when at his best is a hard customer for anybody in the heavyweight class aside from the topnotchers.

The fight scheduled to take place in Kansas City between Jack Root and Tommy Ryan has been declared off. There was a hitch over the arrangement for a hall in which to hold the event.

The Lyceum club is still trying to bring Benny Yanger and Dave Sullivan together, and made an offer yesterday of a $1,500 guarantee, or 50 per cent of the gross receipts. In view of the trouble between Sullivan and Yanger's manager, however, it is not probable that the latter will consent to the "Slasher" taking on the eastern man.

Hayes Valley Club Posts Forfeit.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 28.—Morris Levy of the Hayes Valley Athletic club today forwarded to J. R. McLean of Cincinnati, a certified check for $5,000, which the club posts as a guarantee it can pull off the Corbett-McGovern fight. It is proposed the fight take place in this city about Christmas.

Handler Knocks Out Miller.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 28.—Joe Handler of Newark knocked out Herman Miller of Baltimore (Joe Gans' sparring partner) in the thirteenth round tonight before the Eureka Athletic club.

Spaldings, 10; Naval Reserves, 5.

The champion Spaldings defeated the Naval Reserves at the latter's armory last night in a game which at times abounded in excitement. The main feature was a difficult catch of a foul fly by Clark, who also led in the hitting. Score:

Spaldings.	R	O	H	Naval Reserve.	R	O	H
Dohrn, ls	1	3	1	Hoffman, p	1	2	0
Barsaloux, 3b	3	1	2	Heckman, c	0	3	0
Roth, 2b	2	1	2	Lohner, 1b	1	2	1
Clark, c	2	1	3	Ogden, 2b	1	3	0
Langdon, 1b	1	3	1	Schorr, lf	2	2	1
Neuman, rf	0	1	1	Malstrom, 3b	1	2	0
Dickie, lf	0	1	1	Koelling, rs	0	2	0
Goode, rs	0	2	1	Jackson, rf	0	2	0
Geockel, p	0	3	0	C. Heckman, ls	0	3	0
Totals	10	18	12	Totals	5	21	2

Spaldings ....1 0 4 2 1 2 0 0 0—10
Naval Reserve ....0 0 0 3 2 0 0 0 0— 5

New Rule for Henley Regatta.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A new rule will be proposed at the meeting of the stewards of the Henley regatta on Dec. 13, barring from competition any crew which, within four weeks preceding the regatta, has been coached, controlled, or trained by anybody who is not an amateur according to the rules of the regatta association.

COLTS MAKE A RECORD.

TEAM AVERAGES 1,035 IN CHICAGO LEAGUE TOURNAMENT.

Performance Is the Best of the Local Bowling Season and Within One Pin of the City Record of 1,035 1-3, Made by the Tosetti Players Last December—Thompson Is Low Man with a Double Century Average—Brilliants Defeat Hinsdales.

The Colts rolled a phenomenal series in the Chicago league last night, averaging 1,035, and shutting out the Stars. The Brilliants took three straight from the Hinsdales. Scores:

Phenomenal rolling was seen in the Chicago league tournament last night when the Colts put together the fine average of 1,035 and came within one pin of equaling the Chicago record of 1,035⅓, made last December by the Tosetti team. While failing to get the local record the Colts can claim the best record of the season, as their effort last night puts the Gunthers' performance of 1,031⅓ in second place. The work of the Colts can best be judged from the fact that W. V. Thompson, with an average of 200, was low man.

Wood and Strong, two of the men who assisted in making the Tosetti record, had averages of 210⅔. Only three errors were charged to the side, Thompson getting two, Strong one. The Stars, who opposed the Colts, played well in the last two games, but were shut out. The Brilliants won all three games from the Hinsdales and averaged 976. In the Stockyards league the Krollmans gave the O'Leary team a setback by winning two games. Four figure scores were made by the Madisons in the West Chicago league and by the Feather Dusters in the West Side Business Men's league. Scores:

CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Colts.	1.	2.	3.	Stars.	1.	2.	3.
W. Thom'n	196	209	195	Geroux	200	172	174
Wood	197	199	236	Steers	181	205	244
Forch	224	185	209	Lee	147	233	185
Chalmers	222	199	202	Carlson	180	162	172
Strong	219	205	208	Worden	168	205	176
Totals	1058	997	1050	Totals	876	977	951

Brilliants.	1.	2.	3.	Hinsdales.	1.	2.	3.
Moore	197	191	199	Sinsabaugh	193	148	213
Waller	194	213	214	H. Leffin'll	200	189	170
Chisholm	193	167	182	Hess	225	158	137
Markham	234	165	221	Webster	171	206	184
Brill	218	213	127	Petris	148	183	171
Totals	1036	949	943	Totals	937	884	875

WEST SIDE BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

C. F. D.	1.	2.	3.	A. S. Co.	1.	2.	3.
Ranson	220	143	137	Kenny	203	148	156
Reifstahl	172	194	137	Stanford	209	182	178
Walters	162	177	169	Gerhard	189	171	155
Ayers	170	166	174	Bernham	204	209	185
Johns	200	210	215	Portness	198	199	170
Totals	924	890	832	Totals	1003	900	844

WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE.

W. Mad.	1.	2.	3.	Halls.	1.	2.	3.
Hoskins	156	246	191	F. Hall	155	183	189
Clemens	158	165	169	Barker	146	166	140
C. Hosler	150	211	133	A. Hall	154	126	206
Reichel	176	183	166	F. V. Hall	164	165	150
W. Hosler	213	235	178	Darling	178	163	158
Totals	853	1040	837	Totals	797	803	843

STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.

Krollmans.	1.	2.	3.	Learys.	1.	2.	3.
Suchy	188	213	182	S. Wolfe	190	168	168
Bensemann	201	191	181	Hanley	195	162	149
Krollman	182	219	203	S. Fisher	156	164	147
McGuire	161	222	167	H. Wolfe	152	211	170
Semones	173	204	165	Mahoney	224	175	169
Totals	909	1049	898	Totals	989	870	803

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.

Schuberts.	1.	2.	3.	Remnants.	1.	2.	3.
Croft	193	167	152	W'db'ry, D.	180	174	201
Hubert	168	177	202	Rosenthal	197	213	213
Funk	169	219	172	Hoffman	145	170	180
Kummer	189	202	152	Kennedy	242	164	164
Long	176	190	152	Turnbull	181	176	231
Totals	895	955	830	Totals	945	897	989

Team	1.	2.	3.	Team	1.	2.	3.
HUMBOLDT LEAGUE.							
Wahoo. Totals	915	914	917	Maplewood. Totals	959	866	892
MANHATTAN LEAGUE.							
Chat'ooga. Totals	937	922	919	Roanoke. Totals	806	861	916
SOUTHWEST LEAGUE.							
Ruehl	954	897	873	Halcyon	878	898	901
BELMONT LEAGUE.							
Weber	907	854	948	Schott	853	836	889
NATIONAL LEAGUE.							
Blue Rib's	850	746	797	Live Topic	761	723	878
DRUG TRADE LEAGUE.							
Lord O. Co.	740	795	858	Buck & R.	714	810	797
Mor. Plum.	718	774	739	F. & F.	828	887	739
Sarg. & Co.	816	795	806	Sharp & S.	837	799	890
NORTHWEST LEAGUE.							
Eskimo	794	833	892	Onward	556	577	629
LAKEVIEW LEAGUE.							
Ft. Sh'man	935	806	818	Deweys	680	701	780
SPECIAL MATCH.							
Anson's C.	840	796	753	White Cit.	680	824	677
TELEPHONE LEAGUE.							
Treasurers	730	792	704	Suburban	774	823	823
CHERRY CIRCLE LEAGUE.							
Black	653	764	873	Red	836	746	796
ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.							
En'wood	823	849	768	No Rem'ks	886	821	790
COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS LEAGUE.							
Unity	783	900	782	Scouts	661	682	652
Sheridan	798	845	755	Standard	821	765	833
MADISON LEAGUE.							
Washin'n	817	912	785	Melrose	770	803	732
SHERIDAN LEAGUE.							
Winthrop	895	951	968	Plaza	947	871	892
Clarendon	969	855	930	Lake Shore	868	837	787
HARDWARE LEAGUE.							
Am. Car Co	632	675	713	Sha'n & Co.	715	835	686
Crer'r-Ad's	789	775	758	Orr-L'kett	693	757	745
Hib'd-Sp'r	838	812	828	S., S. & I Co	842	724	826
KROLLMAN'S LEAGUE.							
Spiegels. Totals	652	641	628	Socialists. Totals	675	743	718
GARFIELD PARK LEAGUE.							
Columbia. Totals	773	882	883	Connerys. Totals	841	814	788
STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.							
Gillams. Totals	878	888	971	Healey's. Totals	789	916	813
STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.							
Herma'ens. Totals	732	806	804	Brown'gs. Totals	787	759	761
RAILWAY LEAGUE.							
C. & N. W. Totals	671	720	793	Ill. Central. Totals	803	852	689
WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS' LEAGUE.							
S., E. & Co. Totals	793	735	759	Kohn Bros. Totals	854	841	920
Ros'd & W. Totals	688	713	869	J. Miller. Totals	716	679	704
ENGRAVERS' LEAGUE.							
Rog. & W. Totals	839	733	801	G. H. Ben't. Totals	686	832	773
SOUTH WATER STREET LEAGUE.							
Ohearn & Co. Totals	767	822	803	Martin & Co. Totals	922	744	771
BIG FOUR LEAGUE.							
Madisons. Totals	896	939	900	Butler Bros. Totals	742	817	740
AMERICAN LEAGUE.							
Collins. Totals	857	863	853	Mur. Kids. Totals	751	906	831
VAUGHAN & BUSHNELL LEAGUE.							
Store and Of. Totals	751	657	643	Temperers. Totals	657	658	714
UNITY LEAGUE.							
Pingpongs. Totals	810	840	711	Cliffords. Totals	765	695	729

TWO YEAR OLDS FURNISH UPSETS

Gorgalete at 15 to 1 and Orfeo at 25 to 1 Win at Ingleside.

CASTAKE'S LUCKY SCORE.

Report That Jockeys Bullman and Burns Have Been Reinstated.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The 2 year old races furnished big upsets at Ingleside this afternoon. Gorgalette, a filly by Rey Del Sierre, landed the five furlong race for maidens from Quatre, while Orfeo, who went to 25 to 1, came in a winner in the fourth race over the Futurity course.

The attendance seemed small in comparison with the previous day, but betting was fairly lively considering the number of books in line. The track is not nearly as fast as in previous years.

Castake captured the first race of the day, thanks to the energetic riding of Ransch. Maggie Felix was second, a neck behind Castake, but she was badly interfered with through the stretch by Mike Rice.

Expedient closed a big gap the last quarter of a mile in the fifth race. He beat out Goldone from the saddling paddock to the finish.

It is unofficially announced here that Burns and Bullman have been reinstated.

Ingleside Summaries Nov. 28.

Weather clear; track good.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
8-5	Castake, 107 [J. Ranch]	4	3^{1}	2^{1}	3^{h}	1^{h}
11-5	Mag. Felix, 107 [Battiste]	3	1^{1}	1^{1}	1^{h}	2^{h}
15-1	Mike Rice, 107 [Donnelly]	7	2^{h}	2^{1}	2½	3½

Time, 1:20¾. Tizona, 107 [Donovan]; Estado, 102 [J. Sheedy]; Ohio Girl, 102 [Lewis]; Hesper, 110 [J. Daly]; Constable, 102 [Sullivan]; and Brown Prince, 107 [Stuart], finished as named. Winner—O. W. Boescke's b. g., by Apache—Lina. Start good. Won driving. Mike Rice broke flat-footed and closed a big gap, but was carried wide on the stretch turn. Hesper was sore.

Second race, ⅝ mile, purse $400, 2 year olds, maidens, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
12-1	Gorgalete, 110 [J. Sheehan]	2	1^{h}	4½	4^{1}	1^{1}
9-2	Quatre, 113 [McCue]	3	3½	2½	2½	2^{h}
60-1	Katanga, 107 [Donnelly]	4	4½	5½	5^{1}	3^{h}

Time, 1:03¼. Distrust, 107 [Garrigan]; Edna Rose, 107 [Sullivan]; Mordenta, 110 [Prior]; Orsina, 107 [Burke]; and Penzance, 110 [J. Ranch], finished as named. Winner—J. D. Fitzgerald's ch. f., by El Rio Rey—Blizzard. Start fair. Won easily. Gorgalete secured a lucky start, but was badly messed about and pocketed to the stretch, where she suddenly flashed through next to the rail. Orsina had no chance at the start. Penzance got away badly.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
4-1	Erema, 104 [L. Wilson]	3	1½	1^{h}	1^{h}	1½
2-1	Matt Hogan, 109 [Donnelly]	2	3^{1}	2½	2½	2½
7-1	Dol. Wiethoff, 109 [J. Ranch]	1	2^{nk}	3^{nk}	3½	3^{nk}

Time, 1:15. Malaspina, 104 [Sullivan]; Mocorito, 109 [Battiste]; Father Wentker, 107 [J. Golden], Jim Roberts, 104 [Lewis]; Parsifal, 109 [J. Sheehan]; and Judge Patton, 109 [Groves], finished as named. Winner—Burrows & Co.'s b. f., by Tremont—Secret. Start good. Won driving. Erema forced the pace to the stretch turn, where she fell away apparently beaten, but came again with a rush right at the end. Matt Hogan was lucky at the start, but failed to stay when hard pressed.

Fourth race, Futurity course, purse $400, 2 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
25-1	Orfeo, 104 [Burke]	1	1½	1^{1}	1½	1½
4-5	The Major, 113 [Donnelly]	2	2^{h}	3^{h}	2^{h}	2^{4}
30-1	Fossil, 104 [Garrigan]	8	4^{h}	4^{1}	3½	3^{h}

Time, 1:12½. Leader, 104 [J. Ranch]; The Owl, 107 [Frawley]; Gladys Bell, 110 [Lewis]; Step Around, 110 [Beauchamp]; Hudson, 113 [Battiste]; and Clarinette, 110 [McCue], finished as named. Winner—W. O'B. MacDonough's b. c., by Orsini—Moonlit. Start fair. Won driving. Orfeo outclassed the field, secured a lucky start, took a long and winning lead early, and held on gamely. The Major was considerably messed about, but finished strongly. Fossil, away badly, ran a brilliant first half and was dangerous in the stretch, where he was interfered with. Leader, away badly, had a rough trip, but closed up strongly. The Owl ran creditably.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
5-1	Expedient, 104 [Bozeman]	8	10½	5^{1}	[illegible]	1^{1}
6-1	Goldone, 107 [J. Sheehan]	11	6½	3^{1}	1^{nk}	[illegible]
9-2	Canejo, 104 [Lewis]	2	2^{h}	1½	2^{3}	3^{4}

Time, 1:50. Lone Fisherman, 107 [Donnelly]; The Buffoon, 104 [J. Daly]; Ravino, 104 [W. Waldo]; Star Cotton, 107 [Beauchamp]; Blessed Damozel, 101 [Battiste]; Chappie, 104 [Stuart]; Nellie Forest, 104 [J. Ranch]; and El Pilar, 104 [Sullivan], finished as named. Winner—F. R. Smith & Co.'s ch. g., by Flambeau—Experiment. Start good. Won cleverly. Expedient was unlucky early, went the longest way around to get clear sailing, but finished strongly and was much the best. Goldone, away badly, worked into the lead by an unexpected burst of speed. Canejo forced the pace from the start and tired in the final drive. Lone Fisherman tired when a furlong out. The Buffoon and Ravino performed unexpectedly well. Star Cotton showed early speed.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-1	Money Muss, 112 [Donnelly]	1	1^{1}	1^{1}	[illegible]	[illegible]
4-1	Organdie, 97 [W. Waldo]	5	2^{h}	3^{h}	2^{1}	2^{h}
15-1	Narra G., 112 [Lewis]	2	3^{h}	2^{1}	3^{h}	3^{4}

Time, 1:09. Bucolic, 97 [J. Daly]; Bell Reed, 97 [Adkins]; and Lady Carlo, 109 [J. Ranch], finished as named. Winner—G. B. Morris' ch. g., by The Hero—Little Grove Queen. Money Muss got away running and gamely outstaid Organdie. The latter got away badly, made up ten lengths in the first quarter, and appeared the winner in the stretch, but tired right at the end. Narra G., lucky throughout and always prominent, ran a good race. Bucolic is improving. Bell Reed, nearly left, raced into prominence on the extreme outside and then tired badly.

Ingleside Entries.

First race, Futurity course—Vohicer, 110 pounds; Snark, 110; Mildred Schultz, 105; Miss Culver, 104; Jack Richelieu Jr., 104; Ragnarok II., 104; Harry Thatcher, 104; Reina del Celia, 104; Aloha II., 104; Breton, 102; Golden Cottage, 102; Mike Murphy, 99; St. Phillipina, 99; Mac Ana, 99; Dandy, 97.

Second race, ⅝ mile, 2 year olds—Ed Lilburn, 110 pounds; Byronerdale, 107; Ripper, 107; Dora Wier, 107; Gillie, 107; Donami, 107; Gus Lanka, 107; The Owl, 107; Sir Preston, 104; Escarola, 104.

Third race, 1 mile—Dunblane, 108 pounds; Bangor, 108; Antolee, 107; Divina, 106; The Pride, 105; Artilla, 105; Ishtar, 102; Ultruda, 96; Doreen, 96.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—Autolight, 113 pounds; Water Cure, 108; Flush of Gold, 108; Position, 106; Lode Star, 106; Marque, 101.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds—Gravina, 115 pounds; Deutschland, 107; Oakington, 107; Jockey Club, 107; Sir Hugh, 104.

Sixth race, Futurity course—All Green, 113 pounds; Sad Sam, 110; Geyser, 110; Floriad II., 107; Jim Hale, 107; Glendennig, 105; Jim Gore II., 104; Adna N., 104; The Miller, 104; Bedner, 104; Searchlight, 104.

Results at Bennings.

First race, 2¼ miles—Gould, 158 pounds [Mara], 3 to 5, won; Blacksmith, 152 [Barry], 3 to 1, second; Collegian, 159 [Parsons], 4 to 1, third. Time, 4:41. Beauregard and Kalarma also ran.

Second race, 2 year olds, 6 furlongs—Lord Advocate, 107 pounds [Wonderly], 3 to 1, won; Hist, 107 [Creamer], 20 to 1, second; Lucky Day, 107 [Doyle], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 2-5. Sunny Shore, Reckless, Stonewall, and Fuega also ran.

Third race, 2 year olds, 6 furlongs—Little Adele, 104 pounds [Gannon], 10 to 1, won; Black Diana, 104 [Milburn], 10 to 1, second; Tioga, 105 [Minder], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 3-5. Roll Call, Criticism, Charmel, Retire, and Adele Harding also ran.

Fourth race, maidens, 1 mile and 50 yards—Sam Craig, 108 pounds [Gannon], 3 to 1, won; Annie Grace, 110 [Minder], 4 to 1, second; Lady Teazle, 105 [Rice], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:54. Morton, Solomon, Aminte, Anna Darling, Honey Brook, Prancer, Wagram, and Alma Girl also ran.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Benckart, 109 pounds [Wonderly], 2 to 1, won; Malden, 103 [Gannon], 10 to 1, second; Wunderlich, 105 [Minder], 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:58 3-5. Cogswell, Alsike, Brisk, Flara, Buck Lodge, and Sedition also ran.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Florham Queen, 92 pounds [Redfern], 9 to 5, won; Ahola, 92 [Milburn], 6 to 1, second; Dark Planet, 95 [Wilkerson], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:32. Candling, Daly, Invincible, Nevermore, Cincinnatus, Hackensack, and Callant also ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, heavyweight handicap, 7 furlongs—Luxcasta, 140 pounds; Smart Set, 139; Carbuncle, 135; G. Whittier, 130; Extinguisher, 129; Paul Clifford, 129; Red Damsel, 128; Setauket, 128; Sungold, 127; Himself, 126; Meistersinger, 125; Brunswick, 125; Jim Clark, 123; Ascension, 123; Eau Claire, 122; Earl of Warwick, 121; Flintlock, 121; Tugal Bey, 120; Captivator, 120; Callant, 119; H. L. Coleman, 119; John Nevin, 118; Senegal Bad, 116; Lady Welbeck, 116.

Second race, maiden 2 year olds, 6½ furlongs—John Nevin, 115 pounds; Ink, 115; Colonsay, 115; Merry Sport, 115; Fullback, 115; Jim Buck, 112; Meddling, Mary, 112; Geisha Girl, 112; Charmel, 112.

Third race, steeplechase, 2¼ miles—Charles O'Malley, 158 pounds; Draughtsman, 158; Cheval d'Or, 153; Woolgatherer, 147; Kalorama, 147; Victor, 147; Gum Honey, 132.

Fourth race, the Maximum, 3 miles—Orontas, 107 pounds; Cogswell, 104; Maj. Mansir, 104; Douro, 104; Daly, 104; Carbuncle, 104; The Huguenot, 104; Judge Philips, 104; Andy Williams, 100; Adelaide Prince, 97; Huntressa, 97; Moon Daisy, 97.

Fifth race, 3 year olds, 1 mile and 40 yards—Meistersinger, 118 pounds; Courtenay, 111; Ben Howard, 111; Bar le Duc, 111; Flintlock, 108; Mendley, 108; Blanche Herman, 108; Arrah Gowan, 108.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Paul Clifford, 111 pounds; Caithness, 105; Wunderlich, 103; Henry Clay Rye, 102; Ohnet, 100; Knight of the Garter, 98; Double Dummy, 95; Aminte, 95; Tenarga, 93; Grail, 91; Animosity, 90; Carroll D., 88; Buck Lodge, 85; Bijou, 85; Slidell, 85.

Close of Lexington Horse Sale.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 28.—The Woodard & Shanklin's sale of thoroughbreds closed today, twenty-seven head bringing a total of $5,480. The best sale was Lady Bramble, 4 year old filly, by Bramble—Charity, to Baker & Gentry, for $1,125. The other sales were for less than $500 each.

Danny Maher on Home Soil.

New York, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Danny Maher, the American jockey who rides for King Edward arrived on the Celtic today

HELGESON HAS A BANNER DAY.

Jockey Lands Three Outsiders in Succession at New Orleans.

TRAVERS BEATS FEDERAL

Hildreth Horse Is Heavily Played, but He Lacks the Speed.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—There was a marked falling off in the attendance at the Crescent City Jockey club's meeting at the fair grounds today, but, strange to say, the betting was heavier than yesterday, when the enlarged grand stand was filled with people and the betting ring was crowded.

The fact that the first three winners were favorites probably made the bettors unbelt, but Jockey Helgesen upset the good things in the final trio of races and landed three outsiders first across the winning line. After the big splurge of yesterday the grand stand looked lonesome. Things settled down to normal condition, and it will take a few more days to demonstrate how the natives take to the increased price of admission.

The feature event of the afternoon was the seven furlongs handicap, in which five started, and Federal was the choice at odds around even money. Sol Lichtenstein, the eastern bookmaker, bet $5,000 on him, and Sam Hildreth, his former owner, bet $2,000 at the short price. Travers, who was in well with 95 pounds, made practically all of the running and won as he pleased, although the margin at the end was only half a length.

Travers an Easy Winner.

Albert Simon's Clonmell essayed to race him off his feet in the first five furlongs, but raced himself into exhaustion and dropped back to third place at the head of the stretch. O'Connor worked hard on Federal and rode with whip and spur down the straight, but the Goldblatt colt always held him safe and Helgesen did no more than keep a nice hold of Travers, and had the gelding well in hand at the end. Clonmell finished third, five lengths farther back.

Tancred was one of the outsiders in the betting, but Dodie S. was well played at odds around 5 to 1. The former practically made his own running, but Leenja and Nabocklish contested the race with Dodie S., and it was only in the final strides that Helgesen got his mount in front.

Ellison's Watkins Overton was the choice in Tancred's race, but the Belvidere colt was pinched off at the start and was lucky to finish third. Herrman & Cassin, owners of Rankin, claimed him for $700 after the race and led him away.

Annie Thompson a Bad Favorite.

Annie Thompson was an odds-on favorite in the mile event, but she never got near enough to Dodie S., Leenja, and Nabocklish to give them any trouble.

John W. Schorr, the Memphis turfman, won well over the victory of his 3 year old John Peters in the second race, and backed him from 3 to 1 to 7 to 5. Little Jack Horner made the running to the stretch, where John Peters joined him, and in a rousing finish beat him home by a length.

The first race went to Albert Simons, whose colors were worn by Shoo Fly, a filly by the imported horse Meddler. She ran over Polite and Suburban Queen in the stretch and had two lengths to spare at the end. Sidney Sabath got the place by a head. With a stronger rider than Robbins in the saddle he would undobtedly have given the winner a stout argument, as he was running over his field at the end.

Jim Arthur scratched Andes in the mile race at the end of the card to let Robbins ride Huzzah, which was supposed to be a good thing, but there was only one horse behind Huzzah at the finish, and Optimo, Rasselas, and Commissioner Foster fought it out and finished in the order named.

New Orleans Summaries Nov. 28.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2 year olds, maidens:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-5	Shoo Fly, 102 [Waugh]	4	4^2	5^3	3^1	1^2
8-1	Sidney Sabath, 112 [Rob's]	4	5^{nk}	6	6	2^h
30-1	Polite, 102 [Boleson]	1	1^h	2^2	2^{nk}	3^{nk}

Time, 1:16. Suburban Queen, 109 pounds [Helgesen]; Solver, 105 [Buchanan]; and Nicolette, 107 [O'Connor], finished as named. Winner, A. Simons' b. f., by Meddler—Flitaway. Start good. Won easily. Shoo Fly was well handled, caught Suburban Queen tiring, and was going away at the end. Sidney Sabath came to the extreme outside in the homestretch and Robbins could not keep him straight when it came to a drive. Polite tired. Nicolette and Solver had to go around the leaders at the far turn.

Second race, ⅝ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-5	J. Peters, 107 [O'Connor]	2	3^2	2^h	3^1	1^2
3-1	Bummer, 109 [W. Hicks]	1	2^1	$3^{1½}$	1^h	2^{nk}
15-1	L. J. Horner, 97 [Fuller]	3	1^1	1^1	2^4	3^3

Time, 1:14. Optional, 96 pounds [Robbins]; Della Ostrand, 103 [Otis]; Peter Duryea, 112 [H. Booker]; Mary Moore, 97 [D. Gilmore]; Kiss Quick, 107 [Helgesen]; and Tonicum, 107 [Munro], finished as named. Dr. Scharff, 104 [Head], left at the post. Winner, J. W. Schorr's ch. c., by Lord Esterling—Tarpeia II. Start bad. Won handily. O'Connor rated John Peters along to the last quarter, and hustled him along all of the last furlong. Bummer saved ground all the way, caught Little Jack Horner tiring and outgamed him. The latter showed early speed. Dr. Scharff was left.

Third race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-2	Dodie S., 94 [Helgesen]	5	4^3	4^3	3^{nk}	1^h
6-1	Leenja, 89 [Bridwell]	2	3^1	3^{nk}	4^2	2^1
10-1	Nabocklish, 106 [Otis]	4	2^{nk}	1^{nk}	1^{nk}	3^2

Time, 1:43 2-5. Annie Thompson, 98 pounds [Robbins]; Miss Shanley, 103 [Wainwright]; Tom Middleton, 108 [L. Spargur] and Maid of Enid, 108 [Wickert], finished as named. Winner, S. G. Morton's b. f., by Charaxus—Vigile. Start fair. Won driving. Dodie S. and Leenja fought it out all through the last quarter and Helgesen outrode Bridwell. Leenja finished stoutly and would have won with a good rider up. Nabocklish was used up in chasing Miss Shanley and tired. Miss Shanley ran well. Annie Thompson covered more ground than any horse in the race.

Fourth race, ⅞ mile, purse $500, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-1	Travers, 95 [Helgesen]	2	1^2	1^4	1^3	1½
1-1	Federal, 115 [O'Connor]	4	3^h	3^1	2^h	2^5
9-5	Clonmell, 107 [Buchanan]	1	2^2	2^1	3^3	3^2

Time, 1:27. Balm of Gilead, 93 pounds [Robbins]; and Flora Levy, 88 [D. Wishard] finished as named. Winner Mrs. M. Goldblatt's b. g., by G. W. Johnson—Winnifred. Start good. Won all out. Travers raced Clonmell to submission in the first half and had enough left to stall off Federal's challenge at the end. The latter made up a lot of ground while rounding the far turn and was wearing the winner down at the end. Clonmell tired badly.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, 2 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
12-1	Tancred, 101 [Helgesen]	5	2^1	1^3	1^3	1^2
12-1	Brookston, 100 [W. Hicks]	4	1^h	2^2	2^1	2^{nk}
8-1	W. Overton, 101 [McIntyre]	1	5^2	4^2	3^{nk}	3^1

Time, 1:21¼. Rankin, 96 pounds [Fuller]; Florestan, 95 [Reddington]; Nimble Nag, 102 [Fauntleroy]; Glenrice, 104 [Buchanan]; Arvensis, 103 [Robbins]; and Ravenspur, 98 [W. Murphy], finished as named. Winner, V. Hughes & Co.'s ch. c., by Troubadour—Unadilla. Start poor. Won easily. Tancred went to the front quickly and showed the most speed. Brookston and Watkins Overton fought it out all through the last quarter and Hicks outrode McIntyre. Watkins Overton was in a pocket. Rankin quit. Ravenspur was bumped into.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-1	Optimo, 98 [Helgesen]	2	1½	1½	1^{nk}	1^{nk}
1-1	Rasselas, 101 [Fuller]	3	3^1	5^{nk}	3^1	2½
5-2	C. Forster, 107 [O'Connor]	6	4^{nk}	3^1	2^h	3½

Time, 1:42¼. Scotch Plaid, 105 pounds [Buchanan]; Huzzah, 96 [Robbins]; and Pearl Finder, 98½ [McIntyre], finished as named. Winner, H. Robinson's b. c., by Order—Sandola. Start good. Won driving. Optimo showed the most speed, but had to be hard ridden to stall off Rasselas. The latter came through next to the inside rail and was wearing the winner down at the end. Commissioner Forster went around his field while rounding the far turn, but tired. Scotch Plaid quit in the last quarter.

New Orleans Entries.

Probabilities: Weather cloudy; track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, selling—Bengal, 110 pounds; Leviathan, 107; Inspector Shea, 107; Carl Kahler, 106; Andes, 106; Landis, 104; Pierce J., 102; Tom Kingsley, 102; Tillo, 101; Flaneur, 97; Maple, 97; Ermack, 92; Preetorius, 92.

Second race, ⅝ mile, 2 year olds—Lord Melbourne, 117 pounds; Prince of Endurance, 117; Pride of Galore, 114; Henry McDaniel, 112; Lyman Hay, 112; Joe Buckley, 109; Shrine, 106; Soothsayer, 106; Harry, 106; Mallory, 102; Our Bessie, 99; Agnes Mack, 99; Musical Slipper, 99; Pure Dale, 99; Never Smile, 95.

Third race, 1 mile—McChesney, 125 pounds; Old Hutch, 112; Honolulu, 104; Little Scott, 102; Hanover Queen, 101; Precisely, 97.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling, the Magnolia stakes, $1,000 added—Cambrian, 109 pounds; †Rolling Boer, 109; †Prince Blazes, 100; *C. B. Campbell, 100; De Reszke, 100; Maj. Dixon, 98; Sarilla, 98; Moabina, 92; Foundling, 92; Fourleaf C., 91; Frank M., 91; ‡Huzzah, 91; *Leviathan, 89; Lou Woods, 88; ‡Worthington, 83; †Prince of Endurance, 82. *J. W. Schorr entry. †Durnell & Herz entry. ‡Curtis & Dernham entry.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—The Lady, 115 pounds; Lady Sterling, 104; Jack Demund, 102; *Brief, 102; *Jessie Jarboe, 97; Marcos, 93. *Mrs. M. Goldblatt entry.

Sixth race, 1½ miles, selling—Com's Attorney, 108 pounds; Lesare, 100; Anchor, 97; Irving Mayor, 95; Compass, 92; Santa Teresa, 91.

LEAD GRAND MARCH AT GERMAN CHARITY BALL



MRS. RICHARD E. SCHMIDT — MISS ALMA SEIPP

The annual charity ball of the German-American Charity association will be held Dec. 2 at the Auditorium. The management is in the hands of William Rapp Jr., who will be assisted by H. P. Juergens, Walter Gradle, Peter Theurer, Frank Rehm, Joseph H. Halla, Otto Hirt, Charles W. Piper, Hans Gurlitt, Leo Ernst, Frank W. Bruns, Conrad Seipp, Frank Birk, Otto Rehm, Carl Hirt, R. E. Hamilton, and Arthur Eberlein. The grand march will be led by President Edward R. Heissler and Miss Alma Seipp, and by Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Schmidt.

ARREST IN A COURTROOM.

WITNESS IN TAR AND FEATHER CASE IS ACCUSED.

Perjury Charge Made Against Liveryman Whose Wagon Was Used by Whitecaps—His Denial of Knowledge of the Affair Is Contradicted by Others—Sensational Interruption Comes in Trial at Plymouth, Mass.—Defense Rests Its Case.

Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Another sensation in the now famous Marion tar and feathers case, in which seven men are accused of being the whitecaps who mistreated James McDonald and Mrs. Clara F. Potter last August, was furnished this afternoon when at the close of today's session of the trial Robert E. Hiller, one of the witnesses for the defense, was arrested in the courtroom for perjury.

Hiller is one of the owners of the stable at Marion where, it is alleged, the horse used to cart McDonald about town was secured on the night of Aug. 6. Three of the defendants in the case were employed at Hiller's stable, and he furnished bail for four of the seven when they were arrested.

After he had been taken into custody Hiller was released under $1,000 bonds furnished by two fellow townsmen.

Denies Knowing Whitecaps.

Hiller testified that on the night of the episode he had driven to a farm three or four miles from the village, and that on his way home he met the crowd of whitecaps. He did not recognize any one and made no inquiries, supposing that they were people coming from a party at music hall.

Deputy Sheriff Hurley, Hiller said, was the first to tell him one of his horses had been used to haul McDonald and denied that he first told Hurley about the horse. Hiller also denied that he had told Hurley the wagon used was behind his livery stable. Later, he modified this to the statement that he did not know.

The defense then rested its case, and four witnesses were called by the district attorney in rebuttal, two of them being newspaper men.

Contradicts the Witness.

The reporters corroborated Deputy Sheriff Hurley in his statement that they had found tar and feathers in the sand pit the morning after the assault. Hurley was recalled and testified that he had asked Hiller at his stable which horse had been used, and that the latter pointed out the animal. Hurley also stated that Hiller had said the wagon used was behind the barn for two or three days after the assault, and then it had disappeared.

Deputy Sheriff Wheeler corroborated Hurley's testimony.

When this evidence had been given, District Attorney French asked for a warrant for Hiller, and it was given.

WRECK OF THE BANNOCKBURN SIGHTED ON SUPERIOR COAST.

Fate of the Twenty Men Comprising the Crew of the Canadian Steamer Is Still in Doubt.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The steamer Germanic today sighted the wreck of the Canadian steamer Bannockburn on the north shore of Lake Superior, north of Michipicoten island.

No news of the fate of the crew of twenty men, but it is hoped that they are safe somewhere on the mainland. The shore at the point where the steamer is stranded is uninhabited and is densely wooded down to the water's edge.

A telegram from Cheboygan states that the big wrecking tug Favorite has gone to the rescue of the stranded steamer.

WIFE WINS COMMON LAW SUIT.

Jury Returns Verdict for Mrs. Louise Engel—To Fix Allowance Later.

The jury in the suit for divorce brought by Julius Engel against his wife, Louise M. Engel, found for the defendant yesterday. Mr. Engel alleged in his bill that he was not really married to Louise Engel, because after the ceremony was performed it was discovered that the decree of divorce from her first husband had not yet been entered.

Mrs. Engel filed a cross bill in the suit, asserting that after the ceremony, when they discovered that she had not been divorced from her first husband, Engel told her that it would be all right if he would say to her that he would take her for his wife and she take him for her husband. These words were repeated by them, she asserted at the trial, and she considered that they were married.

The jury found that the common law marriage had been contracted. The amount of her allowance will be fixed later.

OBITUARY.

MRS. SARAH BROOKS MOORE, widow of Joseph H. Moore, died yesterday at her residence, 30 Walton place, Chicago, aged 90 years. She was born in Groton, Mass., and came to Chicago in 1842. One daughter, Mrs. Daniel Franklin Baxter, and three granddaughters, Mrs. Charles Strobel, Mrs. George Berg, and Mrs. Rudolph Holmes, survive her. The funeral will be held from the late residence tomorrow at 2 o'clock.

HENRY BONNEFOI, Chicago, for the last eight years a justice of the peace in Lake View, died at his home, 1321 Wrightwood avenue, late Thursday night. He had been ill for three months. Justice Bonnefoi was born in Germany fifty-two years ago, and had resided in Chicago many years. He was well known among German residents of the north side. During the four years of President Harrison's administration he was a postmaster in the Lake View district. He is survived by four sons and a daughter, his wife having died in 1895.

GORMLEY'S FRIENDS REJOICE: GIVE HIM SURPRISE PARTY.

Oak Park Board Joins in Tribute to the Acquitted President of the Masonic Temple Association.

James H. Gormley, who was acquitted on Thursday of a charge of complicity in the Masonic temple tax fraud, was given a testimonial of respect and confidence by his neighbors and fellow residents of Oak Park last night. The village board, headed by President Allan S. Ray, and seventy-five Oak Park people, under the leadership of E. W. Lyman, composed the surprise party which attended the congratulatory meeting at the Gormley residence, 339 South East avenue.

Mr. Lyman, who was the spokesman for the visitors, assured Mr. Gormley that his neighbors were of a mind with the jury that declared him innocent. Mr. and Mrs. Gormley were so overcome with emotion that they could hardly reply.

During the day many of Mr. Gormley's friends went to his office to congratulate him on his acquittal.

Capt. Edward Williams, the former manager of the temple, who was convicted of conspiring to defraud the county of taxes, and who figured as an unwilling witness for the state in the trial of Mr. Gormley, hopes to begin his six months' term of imprisonment in the county jail today. Superstition impelled Williams to ask Mr. Deneen not to have him sentenced yesterday because it was Friday. Friday seems an ominous day for him. He paid Luke Wheeler the tax money on Friday, received the forged receipt on Friday, was indicted on Friday, and Friday was marked by important developments in his trial.

Wheeler, who was found guilty with Williams, may not be sentenced for some time. Two years in jail and a fine of $2,500 are hanging over him, but Wheeler is not without hope the state's attorney will mitigate his punishment in some degree.

TEACHERS OF PHYSICS MEET FOR AN EXCHANGE OF IDEAS.

Seventy-five Instructors Come from Various Cities and Attend a Convention Held in Lewis Institute.

Seventy-five instructors from various parts of the country assembled in Lewis institute yesterday to attend the first annual meeting of the Central Association of Physics Teachers. President Charles H. Smith made the following suggestions:

That physics be taught in all secondary schools.

That schools in the smaller cities be equipped with better laboratories.

That the association publish a modern text book and manual on physics correlated with algebra, geometry, and chemistry.

That the association be federated with similar associations in different parts of the country, with a view of forming a national organization.

That efforts be made to secure uniformity of method in the teaching of physics.

"In this age a knowledge of physics is almost as essential to a successful career as an understanding of arithmetic," said Mr. Smith. "The secondary schools, instead of devoting so much time in instructing a pupil in the exercises required for entrance to college, should be spending the greater part of the time in teaching the pupil physics for common daily life."

The afternoon was devoted to the discussion of technical subjects and methods of teaching, while in the evening there was a banquet.

NEW GRAND JURY SUMMONED.

Many Prominent Business Men on the Venire—Probably Will Continue Tax Fraud Investigations.

Prominent business men are among those summoned for service on the December grand jury, which may hear the latest developments in the tax fixing frauds. Among them are John Jay Abbott, cashier of the American Trust and Savings bank; Robert J. Morrow, broker; Arthur W. Tobias, real estate; George W. Trout, hardware merchant; Edward R. Blake, president of the Woven Down Duster company; Charles Counselman; Charles Pope, president of the Glucose company; Alfred M. Snydacker, mortgage broker; Bertram M. Winston, and Myron S. Phillips, real estate. Others in the venire are:

J. L. Baier,	A. E. Barnhart,	F. B. Bradley,
E. P. Tucker,	M. O. Slocum,	R. F. Wilson,
R. C. Cope,	James McKee,	T. P. Thompson,
Paul Wendt,	Max Alber,	Ira Brayton,
J. T. Hetherington,	F. X. Daul,	C. H. Woodwell,
N. Trauscht,	J. C. Bohart,	W. E. Metzel,
M. P. Edgerton,	M. P. Paige,	Otto Prosche,
Edwin Lister,	J. McDonald,	J. G. McHugh,
W. S. Crosby,	E. C. Wise,	A. S. Weinsheimer,
D. H. Smith,	E. F. Spindle,	John Daly,
E. Whiting,	C. H. Ogden,	John Griffiths,
S. Waldman,	H. C. Cooper,	W. Huenichen,
W. L. Wood,	O. R. Erwin, H. A. Blair,	W. R. Robbins.

TWO DIE OF FOOTBALL HURTS.

Kemper College, Mo., Player Passes Away at Marshall and Young Philadelphian Succumbs to Injuries.

Marshall, Mo., Nov. 28.—Bunce Quarles of Boonville, the young Kemper college student injured here two weeks ago in the football game between Wentworth academy and Kemper college teams, died today from his injuries. His neck was dislocated.

Philadelphia Player Dies.

Westchester, Pa., Nov. 28.—Charles Carr, colored, 21 years of age, of Philadelphia, died at the Chester county hospital from injuries received during a football game yesterday. Carr's neck was injured in a mass play.

California Illustrated.

A new book, artistically arranged and beautifully printed, issued by the Chicago and Northwestern Ry., gives complete information relative to this wonderful state as a tourist resort or home location; describes fully delights of outdoor life and the beautiful climate of the coast. Free on application at ticket office, 212 Clark-st., or send 4 cents postage W. B. Kniskern, 22 5th-av.

GREAT PROFITS IN SMALL SIGNS.

Elevated Roads Offer City $10,000 a Year for Billboards on Stations.

PAY $100,000 A YEAR.

Station Names Are to Be Displayed So That Passengers Can Read Them.

Compensation to the amount of $10,000 a year was offered by the elevated railways yesterday for the privilege of maintaining billboards on their stations. They agreed also to change their station name signs so as to make them easier to see and read.

All the roads except the Lake street were represented at the meeting of the committee on license, which has the matter in charge. W. W. Gurley, for the Metropolitan, did most of the talking, but Clarence Buckingham was there for the Northwestern and Union Loop, and Leslie Carter for the Alley "L."

When Mr. Gurley was asked what compensation the companies were willing to pay for the right to maintain the billboards he said:

"We have talked the matter over among ourselves, and agreed on 10 per cent of the gross receipts from boards on city property."

Big Profits in Small Signs.

When asked what this would amount to, the following figures of gross receipts were given by the railway men:

Union Loop	$45,130	Metropol. "L"	3,630
Alley "L"	11,862		
Northwest. "L"	10,000	Total	$70,622

Ten per cent of this would be $7,000, and it is estimated that the gross receipts of the Lake Street "L" amount to $30,000 more, as it runs entirely on city property. This would bring the total yearly compensation up to a trifle over $10,000. The reason for the small showing of the Metropolitan is that less than 13 per cent of its stations are over streets, the remainder being on land belonging to the company.

Ald. Alling and Butterworth called attention to the fact that the greatest objection to the billboards is that they so overshadow the signs giving the names of the stations that, unless a passenger is extraordinarily vigilant, he cannot tell when he has arrived at his destination. It was promised that this would be remedied by placing the station signs on the railings.

The offer of the companies was sent to a subcommittee consisting of Ald. Sloan, Alling, and Jones.

Wants Street Paving Inquiry.

Ald. Bennett's order asking the committee on special assessments to inquire into the excessive cost of street pavings and whether it is due to a combine among contractors was sent to a subcommittee, composed of Ald. Cullerton, Eidmann, and Minwegen. President Lynch of the board of local improvements was before the committee and said he had no evidence of a combination among contractors, but that there was a trust of the material supply men from whom the contractors had to get figures for material before they could bid on a contract.

To the same subcommittee was referred Ald. Rector's order for a similar investigation.

Ald. Scully says he will introduce his tunnel-lowering ordinance next Monday evening. It looks to an appropriation of $400,000 for the work by the city.

Ald. Finn's municipal ownership committee met in Judge Dunne's chambers during the afternoon and went over for the first time a bill for the municipal ownership of street car lines drawn by Assistant Corporation Counsel Fyffe. It provides for issuing bonds against the property to be acquired by the city as a means of paying for it like Ald. Foreman's subway scheme. Judge Dunne and Ald. Dunn and Beilfuss were appointed a subcommittee to consider the bill and report to the full committee.

Police to Stop "Noise Advertisements."

Chief of Police O'Neill has ordered all policemen to enforce strictly the ordinance against unseemly noises, which prohibits the use of any "whistles," rattles, bells, clappers, or similar mechanical device" for attracting trade by street peddlers and other itinerary merchants.

Corporation Counsel Walker, at the request of Prosecuting Attorney Taylor, has prepared a form of bail for use in police courts, which he thinks will prevent the giving of straw bail as well as prevent bondsmen already in default to the city from signing any more bonds, or one bondsman becoming surety for an unlimited number of prisoners.

Corporation Counsel Walker has stricken out of the ordinance designed to allow the Milwaukee road to use electricity north of Wilson avenue all permission to employ the "third rail" on the surface, considering it too dangerous.

FLEMING PUTS UP VOUCHERS.

Employes of the Creditors Will Be Given the First Claim on Amounts Due.

Contractor Walter Fleming, the validity of whose bond has been questioned, yesterday filed with the board of local improvements an assignment of vouchers payable to him. Thirty-one contracts, amounting to $73,000, recently awarded to Fleming, have been canceled. Sixty men employed by Fleming visited the board rooms during the day and declared that their wages were two weeks overdue. They will be preferred creditors out of the amounts called for by the vouchers.

MEXICO TO DEMAND PRISONERS

Cases Against Men Accused of Insurance Swindles May Assume an International Aspect.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 28.—The case against Mason and Richardson, the alleged insurance swindlers, may assume an international aspect. In the event that the courts of the United States fail to convict them, it is said, the government of Mexico will demand them. Habeas corpus proceedings were resumed here today. The indictments already secured are: Conspiracy to murder W. J. Gray; conspiracy to murder an unknown person; conspiracy to murder Marshal D. Sanguinett. Another indictment is for forgery. There is also an indictment for conspiracy to swindle the New York Life Insurance company out of $100,000.

NEGRO CONFERENCE GRATEFUL

President Roosevelt Is Thanked for His "Broad and Philanthropic" Letter on Colored Race.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 28.—At today's session of the conference of the African Methodist church, embracing the states of Virginia and North Carolina, representing 75,000 colored people, strong resolutions were adopted expressing profound pleasure and gratitude at what is termed President Roosevelt's "broad and philanthropic letter on the appointment of Dr. Crum of Charleston," and heartily commending his attitude towards the negroes. Bishop Walters and others prominent in the conference spoke.

INHERITANCE TAX LAW KILLED.

Minnesota Supreme Court Upholds a Decision That the Act Is Unconstitutional.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 28.—The supreme court today, by upholding a decision of the Ramsey county Probate court, declared the inheritance law tax to be unconstitutional.

THE HUB

HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

Tailor-Made Clothing

At Great Price Concessions.

Owing to a recent great purchase of almost 10,000 overcoats and suits from one of the largest makers of strictly high-grade clothing in America, we are able to offer—

Overcoats and suits that sold earlier at $30 & $35, today $20 & **$25**

Overcoats and suits that sold earlier at $20 and $25, today, $14 & **$15**

$14 and $15 overcoats and suits, today **$10**

$7.00 & $7.50 trousers, today **$5.00**

Men's $5 pure worsted trousers today **$3.50**



The backward fall is responsible for the immense price concessions we received, and you get the benefit. We guarantee a net saving of from 25% to 40% on every garment.

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

ONE DEAD AND TWO HURT IN WRECK AT DESPLAINES.

Fireman Says Engineer Was Asleep When Wisconsin Central Freight Jumped the Track.

One man was killed and two seriously injured by the derailing of a Wisconsin Central railroad freight engine at Desplaines yesterday morning. The engine was wrecked and nine box cars were piled across the track. All of the morning passenger trains of the Wisconsin Central reached Chicago one hour late, and freight service was practically at a standstill.

The Dead.

SHERMAN, WALTER, fireman, 32 years old; lived at Fond du Lac, Wis.; face, hands, and body scalded by escaping steam; died at the County hospital.

The Injured.

Pineo, Albert, brakeman, 34 years old; lives at Fond du Lac; burned and scalded about face and body.

Scheidel, John, engineer, 40 years old; lives at Fond du Lac, Wis.; badly burned and scalded about face and arms; may die.

Sherman told the hospital physicians that Engineer Scheidel was asleep at his post when the accident occurred. Pineo, the brakeman, however, declared that the engineer was not asleep. Scheidel has been unconscious since he arrived at the hospital.

The train was behind time when it left the rails. After bounding over the ties for nearly a hundred feet the locomotive and tender left the track.

The train crew soon had the three victims carried away from the scalding steam to places of safety. A short time later the injured were placed on an incoming Northwestern passenger train and brought to Chicago. The clearing of the tracks was not completed until after noon.

Late in the afternoon the officials of the railroad company said the exact cause of the wreck was unknown.

NINE HURT IN BIG FOUR WRECK.

St. Louis Flyer Meets with Two Accidents in Indiana Within Thirty-five Miles.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The St. Louis flyer on the Big Four railway was wrecked at 1:30 this morning on a high embankment a half mile west of Avon, Hendricks county, six miles east of Danville. Three passengers were seriously injured and nine were badly hurt. Nearly every passenger was injured, most of them only slightly.

The train started on after a long delay and was wrecked again, running into an open switch thirty-five miles beyond the first wreck.

Among the badly injured was Otto Gresham of Chicago, son of the late Walter Q. Gresham.

RENEWS SUGAR TRUST SUIT.

R. J. Trimble Seeks to Restrain American Refining Company from Dealing in Coffee.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 28.—Robert J. Trimble today filed in the Court of Chancery a bill asking that the American Sugar Refining company be restrained from dealing in coffee, that it be restrained from selling sugar at less than cost, and that the directors of the company be compelled to distribute among the stockholders a portion of its undivided porfits, which, the bill alleges, amount to $50,000,000.

This bill is an amendment of one that was filed by Mr. Trimble in May, 1900, to accomplish similar purposes, and that was dismissed on demurrer on technical grounds, with leave to file an amended bill.

Mr. Trimble charges in his bill that the company's charter gives it no authority to deal in coffee, and that as a result of the fight with the Arbuckles the company is selling sugar at less than cost. It also is alleged that as a result of this fight some $50,000,000 of undivided profits have been expended and that unless the order asked for is granted and the fight is discontinued the remaining undivided porfits also will be spent.

MAKES LONG TRIP IN A CANOE.

Man Who Deserted from a Whaler in Arctics Reaches Toronto After Many Hardships.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Walter E. Hoxie of New Bedford, Mass., has arrived here on his journey from the arctic regions. He started with a whaling expedition last year. The boat renewed operations this spring, but owing to friction with the captain Hoxie and two companions deserted June 1 last. They had three weeks' provisions for a voyage of 800 miles down the west coast of Hudson bay. The voyage took six weeks and they were forced to rely on deer meat secured with Hoxie's rifle. At York Factory King and Carroll took steamer to England, but Hoxie made the trip by canoe from York Factory to Winnipeg, where he arrived on Sept. 14. He worked his way by train from Winnipeg to Fort William, thence by steamer to Midland. He walked 130 miles from there to Toronto, and will continue his walk back to salt water.

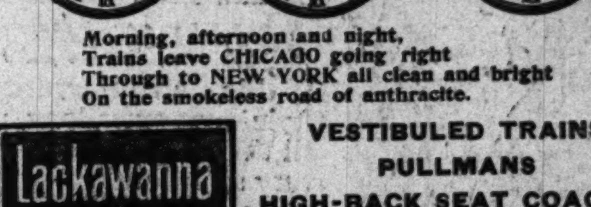
Sovereign Cigarettes

SEAL SKIN AND MELLOW LEAF Smoking Tobaccos

5c PER PACKAGE

UNION MADE FOR UNION MEN

TRAINS DEPART



Morning, afternoon and night,
Trains leave CHICAGO going right
Through to NEW YORK all clean and bright
On the smokeless road of anthracite.

Lackawanna Railroad

VESTIBULED TRAINS
PULLMANS
HIGH-BACK SEAT COACHES
OBSERVATION CARS
DINING CARS

Tickets, 103 Adams Street

GEORGE A. CULLEN, General Western Passenger Agent

"COLDS"

Radway's Ready Relief Cures and Prevents Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma. Difficult Breathing. Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every pain, sprains, bruises, pains in the back, chest or limbs. It was the first and is the only Pain Remedy that instantly stops the most excrutiating pains, allays inflammation and cures congestions, whether of the lungs stomach, bowels or other glands or organs by one application:

R R R — RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For Internal and External Use.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure cramps, spasms, sour stomach, heartburn, nervousness, sleeplessness, sick headache, diarrhoea, dysentary, colic, flatulency, and all internal pains.

All druggists. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm-st., New York.

We make a varnish especially for floors—Marble Floor Finish; tough, fine, long wearing, durable. There is no better finish for a varnish floor. We make every sort of varnish and good-paint things; the name Devoe is an assurance of quality.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE, CHICAGO.

PEOPLE WHO ADVERTISE —IN THE— Help Wanted Columns —OF— The Daily Tribune

do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help. Thousands of work-seekers read these columns every day. The public's appreciation of The Daily Tribune's value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:

DAILY (SUNDAY EXCLUDED)

During the past ten months The Tribune advertised over

14,000 MORE GENUINE POSITIONS

under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined The Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertisements.

Upon request goods purchased today will be charged on your December accounts.

MANDEL BROTHERS STORE NEWS

Opera glasses.

Our stock of artistic opera glasses for the holidays is now complete, comprising an extensive line of high grade makes. Genuine Lemaire from $4 to $32.50; other French productions from $3 to 16.75.



Boys' nobby winter clothing.

VALUES of the most emphatic kind attract parents of boys to our clothing section today—nowhere else can garments of such excellence be secured for the price.

The fabrics and styles are the very latest and best, and depict that juvenile individuality so much desired by boys of today.

Boys' winter overcoats, in 6 to 16 year sizes—made of fine all-wool fabrics in plain black and colors—cut extra long—garments that would cost you $10 each elsewhere—here at **$6.**

Russian overcoats—2½ to 8 year sizes—in blue, tan, brown and oxford—made to sell for $10—specially priced at just **$7.**

Youths' winter suits and overcoats—ages 14 to 20 years—all the latest styles and newest fabrics—just like your tailor would make them for less than half his price—either suit or overcoat Saturday, **$15.**

Boys' $1.25 D. B. capes—great values at our price, **$1.**

Boys' $3.50 sweaters—all colors—at **2.50.**

Basement: Boys' winter overcoats, ages 3 to 16 years, in frieze, cheviots and fancy overcoatings, extra well lined and tailored garments, made to sell at 7.50—at **4.95.**

Basement: Boys' long pants suits, ages 14 to 20 years—finest unfinished worsteds—dark, rich patterns—serge lined and sewed with silk—$10 values, **$5.**

Boys' and girls' winter shoes.



A complete selection of the latest and best styles in juvenile footwear is shown in our Children's Shoe Section on the third floor. Every pair is made on orthopedic lasts from first-class leathers by an expert shoemaker.

Boys' and girls' winter shoes, $2 and 2.50.

Children's shoes, 1.50.

Infants' shoes, $1.



Basement:

Misses' and children's $2 shoes reduced to 98c.

Imported jewelry and leather novelties.

Main floor, center of store.

MOST people wish to get their friends Christmas gifts that are unlike anything they already have. These exclusive novelties will solve the problem very nicely.

Nowhere else in the city will you find such a profuse variety of unique effects; then, too, the prices are surprisingly low.

Novelty brooches, hat pins and scarf pins—designs not shown elsewhere, exact copies of the very costly novelties in the most exclusive Paris shops, hundreds of designs to select from at **95c** and **50c.**



Novelty long chains for every purpose — lorgnettes, medallions, watch and muff chains in Roman pearl, real ebony and French gilt, connected with stones — very special values at the price, **75c.**

A full line of exclusive novelties in long chains at prices running up to $5.

Bargain square—Military and cloth brushes of a very high grade—well made and durable—a unique design of real German silver filigree on real ebony—should be $2—sale price, **95c.**



An extensive variety of dainty articles in real English pigskin, the leather that's all the rage in London today—mounted with real English silver corners.



Purses, card cases, chatelaine bags, cigarette cases, combination pocketbooks, bill rolls, etc.,—prices range from **95c** to **10.50.**

Women's chic neckwear.

Choice originations from Paris and a wealth of the most charming American ideas.

The designs have been selected with great care. The prices are moderate enough to suit any purse.

Lawn sets at 12½c, **25c, 50c, 75c** and upward.

Ecru net collars with moire tabs, scalloped edge and white buttons, **50c.**

Moire collars with turnover effect of ribbon—fancy stitching and buttons—splendid values—**50c.**

Tucked chiffon stock and silk tabs—white edged with colors, **50c.**

Ruffs in all the new designs and combinations, from **$2** up.

Velvet stock collars—at **25c, 35c, 40c** and **50c.**

Printed crepe tucked stock with long, wide tie ends, very chic, **2.25.**

Chicago's great Christmas headquarters.

THROUGHOUT the store every effort has been exerted to make your holiday shopping a pleasure. In every section carrying holiday goods, Christmas lines are attractively displayed for easy selection. A special holiday bazaar has been installed on the third floor of the Wabash avenue building in order that gifts of different classes may be chosen without the labor of traveling from section to section and from floor to floor.

The wealth of unique and exclusive articles shown makes this an ideal spot to choose gifts, for most people will appreciate the rare and novel more than intrinsically costly and showy presents.

Reliability is a sterling characteristic of our Christmas stocks—we will not deal with a manufacturer who permits little, unseen imperfections in order to give his holiday goods an appearance of greater value. Our prices, however, are absolutely the lowest for which you can buy Christmas presents that are worth buying at all.

Fancy box perfumes.

Bradley's wildwood violet perfume, 4 ounce bottles in dainty box, for **39c.**

Bradley's fancy basket, containing 4 ounce bottle of choice extract—**50c.**

Half ounce bottle 4711 in assorted odors in fancy boxes—specially priced at **25c.**

Special sale china powder boxes, fancy perfume boxes, glass salve jars, tooth brush bottles, etc., at **15c, 25c, 35c, 45c** and up to **1.90.**

Women's street gloves, 85c.

Women's mocha street gloves, pique lace gloves and light weight dress kids—$1 and $1.25 values at **85c.**

Women's cape street gloves—"Balmoral" dress and pique street gloves—1.25 and 1.35 values at **$1.**

Men's 1-clasp cape and pique gloves—a grand lot of splendid new styles and choice colors—choice, **$1.**

Men's 1-clasp cape and dog skin gloves—English and American makes—grand choice at **1.50.**

Great sale girls' winter coats.

Misses' Monte Carlo Jackets, $10.

THIS special offering affords a splendid opportunity to bring the girls down to our cloak and suit section, and select warm winter wraps for them from our immense stock. Prices will make this a gala day for the misses as well as the little tots.

For style and service both there are no other lines of girls' and misses' clothing on sale in Chicago that will compare with ours—but our prices are considerably lower than you would have to pay for less desirable garments in other places.

Misses' long coats, of fine cheviot, made with inverted pleat in back, triple cape and velvet coat collar, sleeves and body satin lined, 14 to 16 year sizes—**17.50.**

Misses' Norfolk jackets, in black or oxford, with coat collar, satin lined, sizes 14 to 16 years—**$10.**

Misses' Monte Carlo jackets, of fine kersey, back finished with inverted pleat, sleeves in bell shape trimmed with cuff, satin lined, with coat collar, brown, blue and black—**$10.**

Girls' raglans, in oxford gray, with box back and fly front, satin lined velvet collar, 10 to 14 year sizes—**16.50.**

Girls' gretchens, in blue, brown and red zibeline, box back, box pleat in front finished with belt, puff sleeves—8 year size, **$14;** 10 year, **$15;** 12 year, **$16;** 14 year, **$17.**

Girls' gretchens, in camel's hair and cheviot, box and half fitted back, velvet trimmed cape, reds and blues, sizes 6 to 14 years—**$10.**

Girls' reefers, of mixed cloth, box back, storm collar with cape, sizes 6 to 14 years—**6.75.**



Peter Thompson reefer, for school wear, red flannel lined, trimmed with brass buttons—special, **$10.**

Men's finely tailored suits and overcoats.



ALL the fine points so important to custom-made clothing are brought out to an eminent degree of perfection in our superior lines of men's clothing—Brokaw Bros.' and Mandel Special lines.

Every garment is cut according to the most improved methods of measurements and finished by workmen of long custom tailoring experience, equaling in every detail the product of the best custom tailor at half his price.

Men's fine overcoats, in single or double breasted style—cut extra long, with plain or belted back—shown in all the novelty cloths, as well as the plain fabrics; also a very superior display of the popular 44-in. overcoat—your tailor would charge you $40, $50 or $60 to equal what we offer you for **$30, $25,** and **$20.**

Men's business suits, in a single or double breasted style—all hand made by one of the leading New York manufacturers—newest fabric shown for this fall's wear—suits made to sell at $20 and $25—your choice at **$15.**

Men's fine trousers—$8 and $9 values—at **$5.**

Men's $5 worsted and cassimere trousers—**$4.**

Basement: Men's fine suits and overcoats—stouts, slims and regular sizes, suits made of fine cheviots, cassimeres, tweeds and worsteds—the kind you usually find marked $15. The overcoats have silk lined shoulders and sleeves and fancy worsted body lining—a coat that will equal in every detail those priced at $15 elsewhere—your choice here Saturday of either suit or overcoat for this extraordinarily low price of **$10.**

Men's stylish hats.

Latest blocks are found here at material savings over exclusive hatters' prices.

When you buy a hat here you can rely on it keeping its shape and giving splendid service.



The Lednam is the best **$2** hat on sale today—most men who pick one up think it's from a $3 line.

Bedford hats—either soft or stiff—represent a new standard of hat value for **$3**—exclusive hatters ask $5 for no better lines.

Silk opera hats, instead of $8, $5.

Silk hats for full dress wear, $5.

Great sale men's and children's winter underwear.

With winter weather here in good earnest, such underwear values as these cannot fail to bring in crowds.

We offer great bargains today in men's and children's underwear—warm, well made, first-class garments at radically reduced prices.

Children's underwear.

Children's ribbed union suits of extra quality, button across chest—large sizes **85c;** medium **75c;** small **65c.**

Children's fast black cotton ribbed pantalettes in heavy weight for those that cannot wear wool—rise of 5c per size—small size, **30c.**

Children's ribbed merino fast black tights, proper shapes and sizes—small and medium **65c;** large size **75c.**

Children's ribbed merino vests and pantalettes—natural, white and black—extra quality—there is a rise of 5c per size—small size **50c.**

Basement: Children's heavy fleece lined vests and pants, extra heavy fleecing—garment, **25c.**

Men's underwear.

Men's natural merino shirts and drawers—beautifully made, heavy winter weight—special Saturday, **$1.**

Men's extra quality natural wool underwear, full fashioned, full regular made—serviceable garments—at **1.50.**

Men's extra heavy full regular made pure wool underwear, fine and soft, warm and service-giving—per garment $3—special, per suit, **5.50.**

Clearing odd lots and broken lines of winter underwear—regularly sold from 1.50 to 7.50 **at about half price.**

Basement: Men's extra heavy fleece lined shirts and drawers—fine soft fleecing, **45c.**

Sale infants' coats at 3.95.

Decided attractions today for mothers of small children—one of the best is this sale of 6.50 coats for 3.95.

You would naturally expect to read about this kind of a sale in March—not in November

3.95 for 6.50 infants' coats, in two special lots—one style of fine broadcloth with large collar, trimmed with rows of satin, box back; the other style is of lamb's wool in hood effect, in pretty shades of red and tan—sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4 years.

1.25 for children's 3.50 elderdown bathrobes, made with square sailor collar, bound with satin—in red, light blue and pink—all sizes from 2 to 16 years.

95c for infants' velvet bonnets—trimmed with lace and silk cord—in pretty brown, red, green and tan shades.

1.25 for infants' silk poke bonnets—crown trimmed with cord, face of bonnet trimmed with lace ruching, wide ties—navy, brown, red, green and other pretty colors.

Basement: Children's flannelette night dresses in pretty check and stripes—collars of solid pink and blue, trimmed with lace, braid and insertion—all sizes—regular $1 value for **45c.**



Annual sale men's $2 shirts at $1.

We need the room these shirts now occupy for holiday goods, and have made a radical reduction on our lines of men's fancy and plain white shirts.

They are regular $1.50 and $2 shirts and we are sacrificing our profits that this result may be brought about.



Men's fancy and plain white shirts in long and short bosom—coat styles or full dress—regularly selling at 1.50 and $2—radically reduced for this special purpose to **$1.**

$1 and 1.50 neckwear, 50c—handsome imported silks, made up in the latest styles—a second shipment of last week's great purchase.

Domet flannel night shirts at about 25% less than they can be bought for elsewhere—made full in the body and extra long—with or without collars—1.50 quality, **$1;** 75c quality at **50c.**

Special sale imported blanket robes—values $7 and $8, at **$5.**

A $50 watch for $30.

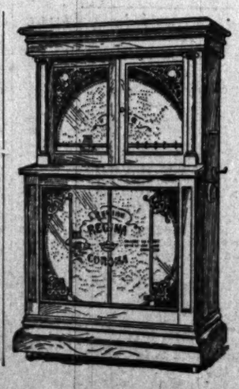
WE believe that the gentleman's watch here offered is the acme of value, and that no other firm in this country has in any way approximated its excellence.

The most important feature of a watch is its timekeeping qualities. In having this movement expressly constructed for us and giving it our name, we have been more than careful in its adjustments.



As an accurate timekeeper this watch has no superior. We can safely guarantee that if cleaned every eighteen months it will come up to railroad requirements, which means that its variation will not exceed 30 seconds per week.

This watch, which we have named the "Mandel Freres," is the thin model 12 size, open face, plain case, pendant set, with full jeweled movement containing 19 rubies. In every detail it is up to the highest standard of a $50 watch and is warranted permanently. Price, **$30.**



The Regina music box.

ANY piece of music ever written can be transferred into a tune sheet for this queen of mechanical musicians.

If you prefer the popular ragtime airs, it will fairly thrill you with the animation expressed; or, if the more refining classics are your favorite, equal skill and accuracy are exhibited in their rendition.

Nothing yet devised in this line affords such genuine satisfaction—perfect harmony is characteristic of every performance.

Music boxes from $10 to $350.

A complete line of tune sheets for sale here.

Box stationery, 25c.

The prices are not representative of the values by any means.

Not off colors or styles either—every design strictly up-to-date in every particular.

Large box writing paper, in two tints—one quire of paper with envelopes to match, in beautifully designed box—**25c.**

College box stationery, white and blue tints—two quires of paper, with envelopes to match, **50c.**

Kid finish writing paper—one quire in box, with envelopes to match—special at **33c.**

Ping pong or table tennis sets from **45c** up to **$10.**

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Anderson, Joseph.
Bissell, John W.
Baxter, Anna F.
Botto, Rosa.
Barr, Laura Elizabeth.
Bentley, John.
Bannon, Joseph.
Bradley, Charlotte.
Buegel, Emil.
Bonnefoi, Justice Henry.
Cleave, William Arthur.
Carroll, Mary.
Engelland, Peter.
Frohman, J. L.
Ford, Mrs. Mamie.
Fitzgerald, Lizzie.
Glorney, William.
Graves, Charles Henry.
Green, Grace.
Holgerson, Arthur.
Johnston, David H.
Jorgensen, Clarence L.
Jostock, Ida.
Knight, Charles S.
Kutz, Annie.
Keefe, Catherine.
Linke, Augusta.
Maher, Mary.
Moore, Sarah Brooks.
McKee, May.
McIlwee, Wm. and Rosaline.
Nolan, Elizabeth.
Niemann, Alfrieda V.
O'Connell, Martin.
Quinn, Joseph E.
Runquist, Gustaf.
Rettig, Walter H.
Riedel, Minnie.
Schmiedinger, Annie.
Saemisch, Ottilia.
Slattery, Dennis.
Schreiber, Arthur H.
Vaughn, Bridget.
Wood, May.
Wodomski, August.
Walsh, George.

ANDERSON—Joseph, Nov. 25.—Funeral Nov. 30, from 1043 S. Irving-av., by carriage to Waldheim.

BISSELL—John W., at 5016 Wentworth-av. Funeral Nov. 28 from residence to Oakwoods.

BAXTER—Nov. 27, 1902, Anna F., nee Yates, wife of David Baxter, aged 26 years. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 30, at 2 p. m., from late home, 131 Walnut-av., Austin. Rockford (Ill.) papers please copy.

BOTTO—Rosa, aged 36 years, wife of Antino Botto. Funeral Nov. 28 from 47 Orleans-st., to Church of the Ascension, thence by train to Calvary.

BARR—Laura Elizabeth, aged 32 years, wife of Robert J. Barr. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 898 W. Harrison-st., by carriage to Rosehill.

BENTLEY—John, Nov. 28; husband of Annie Bentley. Funeral Nov. 30 at 9 a. m. from 3248 Lowe-av. to Nativity church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

BANNON—Joseph, of Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 27. Funeral private.

BRADLEY—Charlotte, wife of John Bradley. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m. from St. Matthew's church, by carriage to Mount Carmel.

BUEGEL—Emil, Nov. 25, aged 17 years; son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Buegel. Funeral today at 1 p. m. from 707 S. Morgan-st., to Concordia cemetery.

BONNEFOI—Justice Henry, aged 52 years. Funeral Nov. 30 at 1 p. m. from 1321 Wrightwood-av., to Rosehill.

CLEAVE—William Arthur, Nov. 26, son of Joseph and Mary Cleave, 5217 Lake-av.

CARROLL—Mary, wife of John Carroll, 343 W. 14th-pl. Funeral notice later.

ENGELLAND—Peter Engelland, beloved husband of Margaret Engelland, Nov. 25, at 11:30 p. m., aged 77 years 5 months. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 30, at 1 p. m. from the late residence at South Western-av., Blue Island, Ill., thence by carriages and street cars to Mount Greenwood cemetery for interment.

FROHMAN—J. L., suddenly in Cincinnati, husband of Cora Frohman [nee Engel], 641 46th-pl. Funeral from 641 46th-pl. at 9 a. m. Sunday to Rosehill.

FORD—Mrs. Mamie. Burial today from the vault at Mount Olivet.

FITZGERALD—Lizzie, Nov. 27, aged 3 years, daughter of Richard and Maggie Fitzgerald. Funeral Nov. 30 at 10 a. m. from 132 N. Carpenter-st., by train to St. Mary's cemetery.

GLORNEY—William. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 2543 Cottage Grove-av., to St. James' church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

GRAVES—Charles Henry. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 240 Bissell-st.

GREEN—Grace, aged 62 years. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 4421 Wentworth-av. to St. Cecelia's church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

HOLGERSON—Arthur, aged 2 years and 4 months, son of Paul and Thea Holgerson. Funeral Nov. 30 at 1 o'clock from 196 N. 52d-av. to Mount Olivet.

JOHNSTON—David H., in southern California Nov. 21, beloved son of Mrs. D. B. Johnston and brother of Mrs. Hayward N. Elliott and Mrs. George G. Thompson. Interment at Forest Home cemetery Nov. 28. Toronto and Brockville papers please copy.

JORGENSEN—Clarence Leonard, Nov. 26, aged 8 years, son of Andre and Mary Jorgensen. Burial Nov. 27 from 265 Hirsch-st.

JOSTOCK—Ida Jostock, wife of Peter Jostock. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 193 Clybourn-av. to Rosehill.

KNIGHT—Charles S. Knight, Nov. 27, husband of Helen Knight. Funeral Nov. 30 at 12:30 p. m. from 665 Van Buren-st. by carriages to Waldheim.

KUTZ—Annie Kutz, aged 69 years, widow of Martin Kutz. Funeral Nov. 30 at 12:30 p. m. from 362 Cornell-st. to St. John's church, thence to Concordia.

KEEFE—Catherine Keefe, wife of the late Patrick Keefe. Funeral Nov. 30 at 10 a. m. Burial at Mount Olivet.

LINKE—Augusta Linke, aged 23 years, wife of Paul Linke. Funeral Nov. 30 at 9:30 a. m. from 1800 35th-st. to Oakridge.

MAHER—Mary Maher. Funeral Nov. 28 from 860 S. Avers-av. to St. Finnbarr's church, thence to Sag Bridge.

MOORE—Sarah Brooks Moore, Nov. 28, 1902, aged 90 years, widow of the late Jos. H. Moore. Funeral from residence, 39 Walton-pl., Sunday, at 3 p. m. to Rosehill cemetery. Boston papers please copy.

McKEE—May McKee, Nov. 28, wife of C. W. McKee. Funeral today at 12 o'clock from 910 W. Adams-st. to Mount Carroll, Ill.

McILWEE—William and Rosaline, suddenly, beloved father and mother of Mrs. Wm. Blair. Funeral from their late residence, 667 Park-av., Sunday, at 1 o'clock, to Rosehill.

NOLAN—Elizabeth Nolan, Nov. 27, daughter of Patrick H. and Elizabeth Nolan. Funeral Nov. 30 at 10 a. m. from 521 N. Avers-av. by carriages to Calvary.

NIEMANN—Alfrieda V. Niemann. Funeral Nov. 30 at 10 a. m. from 832 Armitage-av. to Mount Olive.

O'CONNELL—Martin O'Connell, husband of Mary O'Connell. Funeral Nov. 30 at 9 a. m. from 774 W. 19th-st. to St. Pius' church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

QUINN—Joseph E. Quinn, aged 42 years, husband of Clara A. Quinn. Funeral Nov. 30 at 10 a. m. from 4837 State-st. to Corpus Christi church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

RUNQUIST—Nov. 27, aged 85 years 5 months twelve days, Gustaf Runquist, beloved father of Mrs. Hattie S. Samuelson and Mrs. E. C. Blongren. Funeral Sunday, Nov. 30, at 2 p. m., from daughter's residence, 1672 Fletcher-st. Interment at Graceland. Member of Eclipse lodge, I. O. O. F.

RETTIG—Walter H., Nov. 27, aged 28 years 2 days, brother of Dr. F. A. Rettig, George F., Chester A., Mrs. Clara Cox, Mrs. E. Mina Cox, and Mrs. Ernest Grimm. Funeral to Graceland Sunday, at 1:30 p. m.

RIEDEL—Minnie, aged 49 years, wife of George Riedel. Funeral today at 12 o'clock from 256 W. North-av., to Eden cemetery.

SCHMIEDINGER—Nov. 28, at 4:30 a. m., Annie, beloved wife of Math. Schmiedinger and mother of Clara Schmiedinger and sister of M. Bortscheller and Josephine Pulham. Funeral from late residence, 3105 S. Center-av., Sunday, Nov. 30, 12 o'clock, by carriages to Waldheim.

SAEMISCH—Nov. 27, Ottilia, wife of Gottlieb Saemisch. Funeral Nov. 30 at 1 p. m. from 48 Herndon-st. to Wunder's cemetery.

SLATTERY—Nov. 26, Dennis, son of the late James and Ellen Slattery. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 884 35th-st. to Nativity church, thence by train to Mount Olivet.

SCHREIBER—Arthur H., aged 24 years, son of Henry and Agnes Schreiber, 2520 Wentworth-av. Funeral notice later.

VAUGHN—Bridget Vaughn, Nov. 27. Funeral today at 11 a. m. from 166 S. Peoria-st. to St. Patrick's church, thence by train to Calvary.

WOOD—May Wood, Nov. 27, sister of Mrs. Joseph Curran and Mrs. Fred Hoffmann. Funeral from late residence, 307 Homan-av., Sunday, 9:30 a. m.

WODOMSKI—Nov. 28, aged 20 years, August, son of Hannah and the late August Wodomski. Funeral Nov. 30 at 2 p. m. from 5356 Grove-av., to Oakwoods.

WALSH—George, son of Mrs. Susan Walsh. Funeral Nov. 30 at 9 a. m. from 218 Washtenaw-av. to Our Lady of Sorrows' church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:
Anderson, Sarah, 644 N. Claremont-av., Nov. 26.
Alden, Mathaldia, 50; 502 31st-st., Nov. 27.
Brimell, Lois, 56; 174 Loomis-st., Nov. 20.
Bemenut, Hugh, 22; 21 Waverly-pl., Nov. 27.
Burgess, Alonzo, 72; 1089 N. Clark-st., Nov. 26.
Bill, Alfred, 44; 7251 Langley-av., Nov. 26.
Benyley, John, 39; 3248 Lowe-av., Nov. 28.
Barnhart, Joanes, 74; 247 S. Hermitage-av., Nov. 27.
Berry, Bryan, 45; 186 Orchard-st., Nov. 26.
Bissel, John, 85; 5016 Wentworth-av., Nov. 26.
Cleary, Joseph, 25; 31 Elm-st., Nov. 26.
Corney, Bridget, 50; 730 N. Rockwell-st., Nov. 26.
Cannon, Joseph, 57; 305 Chestnut-st., Nov. 27.
Caponigro, Vitantonia, 33; 549 S. Clark-st., Nov. 27.
Dittman, John, 79; 327 Southport-av., Nov. 26.
Goldberg, Harris, 85; 596 Union-st., Nov. 29.
Graves, Charles, 53; 240 Bissell-st., Nov. 26.
Howard, Nannie, 45; 7038 Stewart-av., Nov. 24.
Joestock, Ida, 26; 193 Clybourn-av., Nov. 26.
Knight, Charles, 63; 665 Van Buren-st., Nov. 27.
Kolbaba, Anna, 8; 201 W. 12th-st., Nov. 26.
Lewanssowski, Ludig, 35; 4533 Hermitage-av., Nov. 28.
McKee, Mary, 33; 910 W. Adams-st., Nov. 28.
Mills, Albernia, 42; 1601 State-st., Nov. 27.
Mueller, John, 26; 680 Washtenaw-av., Nov. 24.
Mueller, John, 26; 680 S. Washtenaw-av., Nov. 24.
Macfarland, Hugh, 81; 5731 Lowe-av., Nov. 26.
Nelson, Anna, 57; 2332 Michigan-av., Nov. 26.
Niemann, Alfrieda, 18; 832 Armitage-av., Nov. 25.
Quinn, Joseph, 41; 4837 State-st., Nov. 27.
Olsen, Terje, 71; 30 N. Center-av., Nov. 26.
Prince, Altie, 56; 11003 Wallace-st., Nov. 26.
Patermann, Catherine, 21; 2985 Lyman-st., Nov. 27.
Pawlecki, Frank, 40; 642 Elston-av., Nov. 26.
Rea, Mary, 87; 887 E. 49th-st., Nov. 26.
Riedal, Wilhelmina, 48; 256 North-av., Nov. 26.
Ritter, John, 74; 1522 Diversey-av., Nov. 25.
Rettig, Walter, 28; 249 Bissell-st., Nov. 27.
Steinbrecher, Rudolph, 74; 933 N. Ashland-av., Nov. 27.
Schwartz, Charles, 20; 632 Osgood-st., Nov. 25.
Simon, Tilla, 38; 265 E. Division-st., Nov. 26.
Schwieder, Philip, 60; 4445 Stewart-av., Nov. 27.
Slattery, Dennis, 32; 884 35th-st., Nov. 26.
Virgin, Julius, 45; 5130 Robey-st., Nov. 27.
Wedpaski, August, 20; 5355 Grove-av., Nov. 28.
Zelenka, Anna, 67; 932 Lawndale-av., Nov. 27.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the building department:
James Kocka, 1 story frame cottage, 1342 S. Homan-av. ... $1,000
James Malek, 1 story frame cottage, 1078 Trumbull-av. ... 1,000
John Hearmerig, 2 story flats and warehouse, 3299-3301 N. Clark-st. ... 10,000
J. A. Anderson, 3 story apartment building, 2408-10 Kenmore-av. ... 18,000
J. Peterson, 1 story frame cottage, 1362 N. Lawndale-av. ... 1,500
J. Eckels, 1 story frame cottage, 450 N. Lawndale-av. ... 1,000
M. Thorson, 1½ story frame cottage, 1157 N. 41st-av. ... 1,500
D. Thomas, 2 story frame flats, 1048 N. 42d-av. ... 2,000
John Olson, 2 story flats, 204 112th-st. ... 35,000
William T. Woodley, two 3 story brick flats, 4747-9 Prairie-av. ... 22,000
John Hogan, 2 story brick flats, 894-6 E. 51st-st. ... 3,000

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Illinois, Wisconsin, and Indiana—Rain and warmer Saturday, Sunday fair and colder, brisk south winds shifting to northwest.

Ohio—Rain and warmer Saturday, Sunday clearing and colder, fresh south winds, increasing.

Lower Michigan—Rain and warmer Saturday, Sunday fair and colder, brisk south winds.

Upper Michigan—Rain Saturday, colder in west portion, Sunday fair in west, snow or rain and colder in east portion, brisk south winds, shifting to west.

Iowa and Missouri—Clearing and colder Saturday, Sunday fair.

Minnesota—Fair in west, clearing and colder in east portion Saturday, Sunday fair, fresh to brisk west to northwest winds.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair Saturday, colder in east portion, Sunday fair.

Place of observation. Time taken: Nov. 28, 8 p. m.	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 24 hours	State of weather
Abilene	52	60	N.W.	....	Clear
Albany	28	30	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Alpena	32	36	S.	....	Clear
Atlanta	40	44	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Amarillo	36	46	N.	....	Clear
Battleford	2	6	W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	22	28	N.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	32	32	N.W.	.02	Clear
Boston	30	36	N.W.	....	Clear
Cairo	42	42	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Calgary	16	28	Calm	....	Clear
Charlotte	44	48	S.E.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	18	22	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Chicago	34	38	S.	....	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	36	42	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Cleveland	32	36	S.E.	....	Clear
Concordia	32	44	N.W.	.06	Snow
Davenport	38	42	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Denver	28	32	N.E.	....	Clear
Des Moines	36	46	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Detroit	30	34	S.E.	....	Clear
Dodge	32	44	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Dubuque	38	40	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Duluth	36	36	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
El Paso	50	60	N.W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	2	10	Calm	.02	Clear
Galveston	66	66	S.	.12	Clo'dy
Grand Haven	30	38	S.E.	....	Clear
Green Bay	34	38	S.	....	Clo'dy
Havre	20	28	S.W.	....	Clear
Helena	26	30	S.W.	Tr.	Fair
Huron	30	40	N.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	36	38	S.E.	....	Fair
Jacksonville	48	50	N.	....	Clo'dy
Kansas City	40	46	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Lander	22	28	N.W.	....	Clear
Little Rock	42	46	S.	.04	Rain
Los Angeles	58	68	S.W.	....	Clear
Marquette	36	36	S.	....	Clo'dy
Memphis	42	46	S.E.	....	Fair
Medicine Hat	20	28	S.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	36	40	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	10	26	W.	.02	Snow
Montgomery	40	42	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Montreal	24	28	W.	.32	Clear
Nashville	40	42	S.E.	....	Clear
New Orleans	60	60	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
New York City	36	40	N.W.	....	Clear
Norfolk	44	50	N.W.	....	Clear
North Platte	34	40	N.W.	....	Fair
Oklahoma	44	54	N.W.	....	Clear
Omaha	32	42	N.	.04	Snow
Oswego	34	34	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Palestine	54	54	S.E.	.01	Clo'dy
Parkersburg	34	40	S.E.	Tr.	Clear
Philadelphia	38	44	N.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	36	36	S.W.	....	Clear
Pueblo	32	40	N.W.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	4	12	N.W.	.10	Clo'dy
Rapid City	24	34	N.W.	....	Clear
San Francisco	54	58	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	42	42	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
St. Paul	34	38	S.E.	Tr.	Snow
Salt Lake City	30	34	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
San Antonio	64	72	N.W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	32	32	S.E.	....	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	38	42	S.	....	Clo'dy
Springfield, Mo.	38	38	S.E.	.02	Clo'dy
Vicksburg	46	50	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Washington	36	42	N.W.	....	Clear
Wichita	36	50	N.W.	.02	Clo'dy
Williston	14	18	N.W.	.02	Fair
Winnipeg	20	32	S.W.	....	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 32 degrees; 9 a. m., 35; 10 a. m., 37; 11 a. m., 39; 12 m., 40; 1 p. m., 40; 3 p. m., 41; 6 p. m., 39. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.62; 6 p. m., 29.59.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given: Age.
Paul Rudnick, Rose B. Ulrich ... 30–28
Thomas H. Byrne, Anne L. Harmon ... 26–22
Oscar Larson, Marie Stenquist ... 29–28
Allin Johnstone, Hilma O. Anderson ... 31–26
Rudolph Haydter, Blandinsville, Ill., Esther Brooks, same ... 56–43
Henry Bendig, Minna Sievert ... 27–22
Terrence Hansen, Marie Ebbens ... 21–18
Michael Kristoff, Gussie Pencel ... 22–20
Nels Erickson, Selma Rosell ... 40–36
John Smith, Anna Rossow ... 21–18
Louis C. Herzog, Louise Lawall ... 24–22
Bennie Rosengartin, Anna Rubenstan ... 21–22
Vito Ingraffen, Maria Comastro ... 22–18
Henry Helmsoth, Minna Kowalk ... 24–24
Frank Flowers, Sheldon, Ill., Effie Guard ... 21–21
Arthur O. Utter, Helen Senger ... 26–23
Louis Rhein, Sarah Zanden ... 24–22
Olof T. Olson, Ida Morrat ... 26–23
August R. Wallner, Clara M. Handt ... 25–22
John R. Cahill, Katherine Murphy ... 37–42
James Cihak, Frances Vita ... 22–19
Herman J. Nelson, Lena Wijke ... 27–25
Frederick J. Armbruster, Nettie E. Markham ... 27–18
Leo A. Davis, Adele F. O'Donnell ... 26–23
James Bernhoeft, Elizabeth Hoppe ... 23–19
John P. Foerst, Daisy Kaine ... 25–24
Tillman Berliner, Dorothy Ulm ... 22–18
Clauds Prouty, Mollie Broholm ... 22–18
George G. Gardner, Mina Cameron, Brooklyn, N. Y. ... 24–22
Charles Coton, Harriett M. Knox ... 40–40
Balthasen Gundling, Mary Wachtler ... 35–25
Leonard Wahl, Ella Delaney ... 22–29
Vincent Hajek, Mary Toma ... 23–19
Joseph Newman, Rosie Pench ... 30–19
William A. Haufer, Beloit, Wis., Theresa M. Hanley, same ... 28–24
Frank Bernhardt, Mamie Eckhardt ... 21–19
John Harth, Minnie Koelpen ... 39–18
Ernst D. Ellert, Ella Ida Henriette Hess ... 37–50
Thomas M. Atherson, Osage, Ia., Mabel Jenison ... 32–32
Martin E. Karsten, Helen Oesteberg ... 24–23
Frederick C. Haile, Ganges, Mich., Lillian Adams ... 27–16
Fritz Hamann, Wilhelmine Schimming ... 60–56
Ernest Karvanek, Annie Schroeder ... 21–20
Orves E. Brown, Cora B. Wilsh ... 25–19
Frank R. Blank, Lizzie Mazur ... 25–20
Martin J. Hickey, Rose Linski ... 29–24
Conrad Schumann, Milwaukee, Wis., Katharine Stockus, same ... 53–46
John Hartz, Elfreda Schwederman ... 21–18
William P. Lau, Mary Moore ... 23–20
Robert L. Shultz, Eniel, Okla., Martha E. Daniel, same ... 36–36
John Monaghan, Delia McGowan ... 25–23
David Schumacher, Emily Vandersna ... 67–58
Christoph Hoff, Minnie Wagenknecht ... 21–22
Bernard A. McDonnell, Estella Condan ... 21–18
Emil E. Pick, Rose Kraus ... 26–23
Walter A. Hinchman, Kansas City, Mo., Grace Sanger ... 34–21
Ernst W. Brown, Friede Mueller ... 28–19
Axel E. Orre, Beda C. Johnson ... 24–23
Thomas Prevulsky, Annie Halferen ... 27–24
William Hoyles, Augusta Shatzkavits ... 25–20
John Allen, Loretta O'Brien ... 24–20
Mathias J. Hargarten, Alvina Bartke ... 20–19

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

BAD LAKE VIEW. BAD CHICAGO AVE. BAD 14TH ST. BAD HYDE PARK.

Carter H. Harrison crib, usable.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and east to the lake to the city limits in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-eighth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The boundaries of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north or south or east and west, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

Austin and Norwood Park have artesian well supplies.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHIcago postoffice today as follows:
For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Roumania, Belgium, and Cape Colony, at 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, via San Francisco, by S. S. China, Saturday, Nov. 29, 9 p. m. F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Friday, Nov. 28:
Desplaines-st., s e cor Jackson-blvd., w f, 100x141, undivided half interest, inc. $120,000, and improvements, Nov. 7 [Harvey T. Weeks quitclaims to Wm. F. Grower] ... $1
Desplaines-st., s e cor Jackson-blvd., w f, 100x141, inc. $120,000, and improvements, Nov. 10 [Wm. F. Grower to Bronson B. Tuttle of Naugatuck, Conn.] ... 155,000
Cottage Grove-av., s w cor 41st-st., e f, 101 1-3x90, Nov. 1 [Bronson B. Tuttle to Union Trust Co.], subject to existing leases ... 70,000
Woodlawn-av., n e cor 46th-st., w f, 120x170 1-6, Nov. 1 [Bronson B. Tuttle to Union Trust Co.], subject to existing leases ... 50,000
Lexington-av., 210 n of 57th-st., w f, 47x170, inc. $9,000, Nov. 1 [Nathaniel I. Rubinkan to Lincoln M. Coy] ... 20,500
State-st., 50.8 n of 45th, e f, 180x123, inc. $40,350, Nov. 19 [Robert M. Birck to Birck & Co.] ... 10,000
California-av., 339 n of 14th-st., w f, 25x150, inc. $3,500, Nov. 26 [A. S. Terrill to Fred Johnson] ... 10,000
Washington-st., s w cor S. 41st-av., n f, 101x175, inc. $4,000, Nov. 20 [C. E. Manderville to Stephen R. Frazier] ... 10,000
21st-pl., 216 w of S. 40th-av., s f, 25x125, Nov. 15 [F. Kirchman to Anton Blahe] ... 4,500
50th-st., 74 e of Dearborn, s f, 25x120, Nov. 17 [W. Morris to Frederick W. Bartsch] ... 1,500
Schuttler-st., s w cor N. 53d-av., n f, 451x125, and other property, Nov. 25 [J. W. Casey et al., by M. in C., to Ulrica Button] ... 2,630
Belle Plaine-av., 137 w of Ashland, n f, 27½x100, Nov. 26 [H. H. Larsen to Annie E. Butcher] ... 6,500
N. 41st-ct., 397 s of Montrose-av., w f, 50x181, Nov. 26 [C. Horn to Henry Loesmann] ... 4,500
Sawyer-av., 248 s of George-st., w f, 25x125, Nov. 25 [R. V. Schwarz to Emma Schwarz] ... 1
Evergreen-av., 550 s e of Evergreen-ct., s w f, 75x125, Nov. 25 [A. J. Thaler to Kate Dee] ... 2,300
Southport-av., 256 s of Fullerton, w f, 24x124, Nov. 22 [A. Dzerzinski to Bernard Bolda] ... 1,800
Western-av., 126 s of Kinzie-st., e f, 24x125, Nov. 22 [McAvoy Brg. Co. to Frank L. Wilk] ... 1,500
Fulton-st., 120 e of Wood, s f, 24x123¾, inc. $1,500, Nov. 3 [L. C. Beers to John S. Lidy] ... 2,400
Polk-st., 150 w of Albany-av., s f, 25x125, Sept. 30 [T. E. Pidgeon to John Murphy] ... 2,500
12th-st., 150 e of Halsted, n f, 25x90, Nov. 26 [C. E. Hamill to Benjamin Green] ... 8,250
Central Park-av., 145 s of 23d-st., w f, 25x125, Oct. 27 [H. A. Brainerd to Lula A. Cameron] ... 2,300
84th-pl., 163 w of Western-av., s f, 24x124½, Nov. 1 [B. J. Semmerling to Henry F. Kranz] ... 1,850
46th-st., 189 e of Union-av., n f, 25x127, incumb. $1,500, Nov. 26 [H. J. G. Bartholomew to Fred Fleischer] ... 1
Sangamon-st., 200 s of 60th, w f, 25x125, incumb. $2,250, Nov. 25 [F. Fleischer to Henry J. G. Bartholomew] ... 1
Kimbark-av., 161 s of 65th-st., e f, 18x165, Nov. 18 [S. E. Page to Fredk. Ewert] ... 1
Center-av., 200 n of 102d-st., w f, 33 1-3x121, Nov. 25 [R. Behrend to Henry Maass] ... 1,000
112th-st., 250 e of Armour-av., s f, 25x124, Nov. 19 [J. Wildman to Thomas Waler] ... 1,875
Rogers Park, L. 21, B. 19, Aug. 29 [J. C. Sharp to Chas. J. Gerner] ... 1,500
Winthrop-av., 106 s of Argyle-st., w f, 50x150, Nov. 24 [J. J. Meldahl to Emma C. Nelson] ... 8,500
Robey-st., 72 n of Wilmot-av., e f, 24x100, Nov. 17 [G. W. A. Gildersleeve et al., by M. in C., to Portsmouth Saving bank] ... 3,365
Division-st., n w cor Spaulding-av., s f, 24x124, Nov. 22 [E. Kreidler to Elizabeth G. Smith] ... 4,500
North-av., 48 e of St. Louis, n f, 48x120, Nov. 22 [E. G. Smith to Edward Kreidler] ... 2,500
Madison-st., 48 e of Campbell-av., s f, 48x127, Oct. 21 [Est. of J. C. Rue to Gustave Friedlander] ... 4,500
Bishop-st., 198 s of 64th, w f, 25x124, Nov. 26 [T. F. McGillicuddy to Edward Kandler] ... 1,250
Langley-av., 151 s of 63d-st., e f, 30x122, Nov. 1 [J. H. O'Brien to Chas. J. Schell] ... 6,000
Star-av., 250 s of 64th-st., w f, 25x75, Nov. 3 [F. A. Jordan to Michael Laffan] ... 3,000
Ellis-av., s e cor 65th-st., w f, 48.32x125.77, Nov. 1 [C. J. Scheel to James H. O'Brien] ... 5,000
78th-st., 75 e of Muskegon-av., s f, 125x125, more or less, Nov. 17 [C. E. Thomas to Adam Griesel] ... 3,950
Frankfort-st., 204 w of Powell-av., n f, 25x111, May 4, 1900 [J. H. Bulger to John W. Hess] ... 2,500
Lincoln-av., 75 s e of Sulzer-st., s w f, 25x125, Nov. 12 [J. Daniel to Catherine Hefle] ... 3,500
Wood-st., s w cor 12th-pl., e f, 25 5-10x86, Nov. 25 [H. J. Pearlman to Valcav A. Havranek] ... 2,350
Garfield-blvd., 54 s of 42d-pl., w f, 79x148, Nov. 24 [Chicago Home Missionary and Church Extension society to Wiley O. Bellamy] ... 1,500
Herndon-st., s w cor Grace, e f, 50x123 8-10, Nov. 18 [Est. of L. Miller to John Fuhrman] ... 3,000
Honore-st., 65 n of 88th, w f, 50x125, Nov. 21 [C. H. Tryon to Frank Nursburger] ... 1,000
Rogers Park, Congdon's ridge addition, lot 3, block 8, Nov. 24 [P. Phillips to Hubert Losch] ... 1,500
Flournoy-st., n w cor N. 47th-av., s f, 51x110½, Nov. 25 [J. G. Hoge to Geo. J. Johnson] ... 1,000
Kendall-st., 150 n e of Taylor-st., n w f, 24x100, Nov. 25 [W. T. Woodley to Samuel Schallmann] ... 1,500
S. 41st-av., 50 n of 13th-st., w f, 25x125, undivided ½ interest, incumb. $1,500, Oct. 30 [Est. of J. Dusek to Emil Vacien] ... 700
Kedzie-av., 50 s of 16th-st., w f, 25x125, incumb. $2,000, Nov. 25 [M. A. Williams to Nicholas J. Redmond] ... 1
23d-pl., 217 w of Rockwell-st., n f, 24x124, Nov. 22 [J. A. Levin to Andrew F. Wettersten] ... 1,100
Lincoln-st., s e cor 36th, w f, 25x120, Nov. 24 [A. Conrad to Henry Hoehne] ... 1
Same ppty., Nov. 25 [H. Hoehne to Mary Conrad] ... 1
Grand-blvd., 99 s of 44th-st., w f, 33 1-6x165, Aug. 28 [S. Klein to Ella Klein] ... 1
63d-st., n e cor Paulina, s f, 57x125, and o. p., Nov. 26 [J. McKearnan to Milton E. Falker] ... 1
Same ppty., Nov. 26 [M. E. Falker to Anna McKearnan] ... 1
La Salle-st., s e cor 77th, w f, 398x125, and o. p., Nov. 8 [E. O. McClellan to Chas. R. Francis] ... 10
State-st., 334 s of 53d, e f, 28x108, and o. p., Nov. 1 [Howard B. Tuttle to Union Trust Co.] ... 5,000
Escanaba-av., 147 n of 79th-st., w f, 50 feet through to Railway-av., Nov. 24 [A. Tallberg to Julius Nikrant] ... 6,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

NEW INCORPORATIONS WERE LICENSED yesterday by the secretary of state at Springfield as follows:

The Central Chemical company, Chicago; capital, $20,000; manufacturing crude and finished drugs and chemicals; incorporators, Virgil C. Barber, Vincent De Mossing, and Charles H. Ingersoll.

The Illinois Harness and Saddlery company, Chicago; capital, $60,000; manufacturing horse furnishing goods; incorporators, Harry B. Lyford, Charles B. Whipple, and Frank L. Macomber.

The Independent Union of Musicians, Chicago; mutual protection; incorporators, F. A. Mohrdock, Joseph Bloom, and Raymond Siegel.

The Belleville club, Chicago; social advancement; incorporators, Ed Braband Jr., W. F. Bancroft, and Charles B. George.

The Independent Credit company, located in West Virginia, with a capital stock of $1,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $1,000.

The Winona Mineral Water company, located at Winona, Ind., with a capital stock of $20,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $1,000.

The R. and G. Corset company, located at Owego, N. Y., with a capital stock of $5,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois, with a state capital of $2,500.

The Up-To-Date Music company, located at Cleveland, O., with a capital stock of $10,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois, with a state capital of $5,000.

Increases in capital stock are certified to by corporations, as follows:

Moline Plow company, located at Moline, from $2,400,000 to $3,200,000; the O. K. Houck company, located at Chicago, from $200,000 to $300,000; the Hartwell Harness Pad company, located at Chicago, from $10,000 to $100,000; the People's Telephone company, located at Chillicothe, from $10,000 to $20,000; the F. E. Morse company, located at Chicago, from $50,000 to $100,000; the Gold Hill Mining company, located at Chicago, from $150,000 to $200,000.

The Investors' Audit company, located at Chicago, certifies to an increase in the number of directors from five to seven.

Ruhstrat & Curlett, located at Chicago, certify to a change of name to the United Cigar Stores company.

The Prebale Machine Works company, located at Chicago, is dissolved.

INSTRUCTION.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—Chicago, Auditorium [Congress-st. entrance]. North Side branch: Bush Temple of Music. Pupils hear and speak exclusively the foreign languages from the very first lesson. Trial lesson free. Terms begin now.

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THE ATHENÆUM, 26 VAN BUREN-ST. Business, shorthand, academic courses. Positions for graduates. Send for catalogue.

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VOCAL CLASS INSTRUCTIONS, 25 CTS.; PRIvate lessons, $2; children's class 4 p. m. Thursday, Saturday. Auditorium, Room 87.

SPRIGLIA METHOD VOICE CULTURE.
ALFRED WILLIAMS.
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SPANISH—NATIVE PROFESSOR DESIRES POsition as a teacher of the Spanish language in or out of Chicago. Address X 451, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHERS — JOIN THE "CHICAGO Stenographers' Club;" mutual improvement and aid to positions. 119 La Salle-st., Suite 44.

TELEGRAPHY, SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, day and eve.; individual work. 40 Randolph, R. 418.

BIXLER BUS. COL. IN POSITIONS 9 PP. AND 100 pp. cat. free. 571 W. Madison-st.

CHICAGO-KENT COLLEGE OF LAW—EVENing sessions. Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren-st.

ACADEMY OF COMPOUNDERS AND DISTILlers, now open. Suite 580, 113 Adams-st.

THE WALLACE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE AND Munson Shorthand School; day, eve. 52 Dearborn.

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COLUMBIA SCHOOL OF MUSIC—PIANO, VOICE, violin, elocution, and dancing. Kimball Hall, 6th floor. Jackson and Wabash.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

WALTZ, TWO STEP, LATEST GLIDES; CLASS Tues., Fri., 8 p. m.; Sat., 3. Private lessons daily; 10 lessons, $2.50; stage dances. BENNETT, 438 Athenæum, 26 E. Van Buren-st. Tel. Har. 2419.

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CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

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FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables, with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MANAGER OR IN any position of responsibility by young man, well educated, of good address, and broad business experience; general manager of extensive Chicago wholesale business for last 15 years and accustomed to handling large matters personally and by correspondence; good executive ability in managing and employment of office help and salesmen; also accustomed to compiling and arranging catalogues; can take entire charge, auditing, correspondence, credits, etc.; also is an A1 salesman; salary $2,500 for first year, with chance of advancement by ability and energy; engagement from Jan. 1 preferred, but can start immediately if necessary; gilt edge references; no schemes noticed; first class mercantile or manufacturing firms only. Address D 157, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS AUDITOR, ACcountant, cost clerk, or office manager, by married man of 34; extensive experience in audits, examinations, and devising and installing office and factory accounting systems; wish to become permanently located and identified with corporation requiring skilled service. Address B 171, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN, sober, strong, willing, in wholesale house; five years experience as shipping clerk with refrigerator, woodenware, and toy house in New York. Address GUS. SOOKER, 1376 N. Mozart-st.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL HELP OUT BUSY MAN in lumber or other office when needed; bookkeeping or office work; experienced; consideration, desk and deskroom. Address X 93, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL HELP OUT BUSY MAN in lumber or other office when needed; bookkeeping or office work; experienced; consideration, desk and deskroom. Address X 93, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — CORRESPONDENT, salesman, collector, manager, credits, expert d. e. bookkeeper, fine education, 15 years' exp.; age 31; A1 refs. Address B 533, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 22 wishes to start in office or assistant bookkeeper; college education; A1 penman; $7 a week; references. Address B 565, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY competent bank teller; age 30; references. Address B 57, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN, AGE 24, GOOD bookkeeper, figurer, and penman; city exp. Address B 290, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — SECRETARY, CLERKship, by a man; beautiful writer; good at figures. Address or call D., 212, 59 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST CLASS BOOKkeeper; understands foreign and domestic wines; worked in finest places; W. S. D 161, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, 25 years, as shipping clerk; references. Address D 130, Tribune office.

Salesmen; Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — TRAVELING SALESman; 5 years' experience, now selling staple specialty to grocery trade; want position where can have permanent headquarters to Sunday; grocery house preferred. Address B 591, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED TRAVeling salesman and business manager; thorough experience, correspondence, accounting, and transportation; references. Addres B 265, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN OR OFfice work; best of refs. B 229, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—CONSULTING ENGIneer, 10 years' experience, will take position with corporation. Address H 356, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY AN EXPERIenced steam and electrical engineer; capable taking charge of any plant. B 121, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A HANDY MAN with tools, sheet iron work helper or solderer. Address B 302, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS DRAFTSMAN, EXperimental worker, or foreman in toolroom. Address B 597, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS UNION pressman desires steady position; cylinders, jobbers. Address B 521, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY TOOLMAKER. Address B 480, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SIGN PAINTER WILL exchange, board or anything. B 304, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — LICENSED ENGINeer; sober. Address B 446, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED fireman; No. 1 references. B 54, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A COLORED MAN, 26, hotel or boarding house; first-class cook, meat, pastry. 3448 Dearborn-st., first flat.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN: THOroughly competent, steady, reliable, honest, a careful driver, and good worker; I do not drink; single; city only; city references. Address Coachman, 2918 Michigan-av., city.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher, Rem. operator, some experience, willing to start moderate wages. D 75, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT MALE stenographer; Rem. operator. B 306, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS to accompany some party out west; steward by trade, or would travel for some firm, or some work at his trade. Address B 292, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A TRUSTWORTHY, industrious man, well recom. D 123, Tribune.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—AT THE FINE ARTS HALL, ON THURSday evening, lady's pocketbook. Reward paid. ROSENWALD & WEIL, Adams and Market-sts.

LOST—GOLD HEADED CANE IN BUSINESS district, engraved D. P. Stubbs. Liberal reward for its return to THORPE, 328 Reaper Block.

LOST—MASONIC CHARM, KNOWN AS A 32 degree; finder will please deliver same at office Grand Pacific Hotel; $50 reward.

LOST—LADY'S PIN; GOLD COIL DIAMOND setting; downtown district; suitable reward. 288 Michigan-av.

LOST—GOLD EYEGLASSES AND CHAIN WITH charm, small gold boot. Return to 415 N. State and receive reward.

LOST—LARGE H. P. H. S. PIN, BETWEEN 22d and down town; reward. 2227 Calumet-av.

LOST—PACKAGE OF LACE; LIBERAL REward. 147 E. Lake-st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—E. C. POLLARD AND FAMILY wish to extend thanks to their friends for kindness shown in their recent bereavement.

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PERSONAL—WHY NOT SELECT CHRISTMAS diamonds now? You can avoid the rush and get first choice. If you prefer we will lay aside your selection to be called for at Christmas. Payments need not begin until you take the goods. Your credit is perfectly good to us, and we make the payments so easy that there is no difficulty about meeting them. Step in and ask questions, or send for our catalogue, which contains 48 pages of Christmas pointers.

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PERSONAL—DRS. KENISON, CHIROPODISTS, are located in their new quarters at 57 Washington-st., opposite Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. OLD DR. KENISON, Chicago's First Chiropodist. Est. in Chicago for 37 years.

PERSONAL—BAD ODOR IN REFRIGERATOR? Try Antozone Odorless Disinfectant. Makes it sweet as a nut. Free samples. Antozone Chemical Co., 56 Plymouth-place.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS, EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call, write, or phone Wabash 322. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM—IF INTERESTED CALL OR SEND YOUR ADDRESS TO THE DE LAURENCE INSTITUTE OF HYPNOTISM AND OCCULT PHILOSOPHY, 295 WABASH-AV.

PERSONAL—CHAS. KENISON, CHIROPOdist, 17 years in McVicker's Theater Building, where he is always pleased to see old and new friends. Rooms 25 to 28.

PERSONAL — A FIRST CLASS DOWNTOWN tailoring house will open account with responsible employes on easy payments. X 241, Tribune.

PERSONAL—HAIR, RED VEINS, MOLES, PIMples, and facial deformities our specialty. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL—GOOD COMPLEXIONS GUARANteed; all imperfections of the face removed. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, SHAMPOOING, facial and scalp treatment; gentlemen and ladies. REED THURBER, Room 3, 34 Monroe-st.

PERSONAL—HOLIDAY ORDERS FOR WATER colors and pyrography executed; high grade work only. Address B 256, Tribune office.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

H. STARR, 472 S. STATE-ST., HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR LADIES' AND GENTS' CASTOFF CLOTHING, EVENING DRESSES, OPERA CAPES; OLD SEALSKINS AND FURS IN GREAT DEMAND. SEND POSTAL OR TELEPHONE HARRISON 3686. WILL CALL.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST prices for gentlemen's castoff clothing.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—ON OR ABOUT JAN. 1, a position with an up to date, progressive firm, willing to pay well for the services of a young woman of eight years' experience; expert bookkeeper and cashier; accustomed to assuming entire charge of accounting department. Address D 174, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HIGH SCHOOL graduate; experienced in billing, addressing, and office work. Address D 55, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS LADY CASHIER OR in office; best of reference. Address B 291, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE GIRL, R. TYPEwriter, experienced; refs. B 331, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, 4 years' exp. in general office work. B 569, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—IN AMERICAN OR Irish family; general housework. 739 N. Western-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GERMAN COOK; woman; restaurant or hotel. Call 3160 Wabash.

SITUATION WANTED—COLORED WOMAN, general housework. Call 12 N. Hoyne-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—TWO GOOD GIRLS want work; good cook. 3849 Alden-pl., Flat C.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED GIRL, day's work of any kind. 2938 Dearborn, upstairs.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED — AS HOUSEKEEPER or manager [German]; well educated, very best of city references; competent in every respect. Address D 152, Tribun office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ELDERLY WIDOW with student son wishes to care for house for family leaving the city for the winter; references exchanged. Address B 549, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HOUSEKEEPER; competent young lady; rooming house or gentlemen. Address R R 213, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—WOULD LIKE, SEWing out by the day. Address C. F., 22 Maple-st.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT LAUNdress; good shirt ironer; by the day; references. 3613 Cottage Grove-av., Flat D.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LAUNDRESS, OR day work of any kind. 477 38th-st.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—GRADUATE NURSE, 5 years' experience; charge of infant or invalid; will leave city. Telephone 2813 Gray. Address V H 76, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT INfant nurse; A1 references; South Side preferred; salary $7 per week. Address B 395, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED NURSE wants confinement cases; $12 week. D 76, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer, beginner; salary no object.
LANG, 97 Mohawk-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER where accuracy is appreciated; can take dictation rapidly; $15. Address D 148, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STEnographer, beginner. Address B 590, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY stenographer; 6 mos.' exp.; $5. B 518, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY OF ABILITY and good address wants position with first class established firm as cashier, city saleswoman, or manager; references. Address B 565, Tribune.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DRY DOCK BONDS—
THE PORT OF PORTLAND, OREGON.
Proposals will be received at the office of the Port of Portland, Room 666 Worcester block, Portland, Oregon, until Thursday, January 8th, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the whole or any part of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the bonds of the Port of Portland, Oregon, in denominations of one thousand dollars each, each to be dated January 1, 1903, payable thirty years from date, and bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable on the first days of January and July of each year, principal and interest payable in United States gold coin at the office of the treasurer of the Port of Portland, in the City of Portland, Oregon.

The above bonds are issued for the purpose of acquiring a site for a dry dock and preparing said site for the use of and constructing such dry dock, and are authorized by sections 9 and 10 of an act of the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon filed in the office of the secretary of state March 1, 1901, 'revising and amending certain former acts establishing and incorporating the Port of Portland.'

Bids are invited for all or any portion of such bonds, and bidders will submit an unconditional bid and accompany the same with a certified check on some responsible bank in the City of Portland, Oregon, equal to 5 per cent of the face value of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the treasurer of the Port of Portland as liquidated damages in case the bidder shall withdraw his bid or shall fail or neglect to take and pay for, at the office of the treasurer of said Port of Portland, the bonds aforesaid, should the same be awarded to him.

None of said bonds will be sold for less than their par value, with interest accumulated thereon from the day of their date to the date of sale. Delivery of said bonds will be made at the time of the awarding thereof. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Proposals should be marked "Proposals for Port of Portland Bonds" and be addressed to E. T. C. Stevens, clerk, Port of Portland, Portland, Oregon.

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 23, 1902.

By order of the board of commissioners of the Port of Portland. BEN SELLING, Secretary.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT SOL. J. HIRSH, residing at 3430 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill.; Edward L. Wickwire, residing at Chicago, Ill.; Harry S. Hirsh, residing at 3427 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill.; William R. Parks, residing at Oakland hotel, Chicago, Ill.; Dwight S. Hirsh, residing at 3427 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill.; and Harry J. Hirsh, residing at 3430 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill., as general partners; and Jacob Hirsh, residing at 3430 Michigan-av., Chicago, Ill., and Leo A. Loeb, residing at 4313 Grand-blvd., Chicago, Ill., as special partners, have formed a limited partnership, under the laws of the state of Illinois, for the purpose of conducting the business of manufacturing and selling clothing at Chicago, Ill., under the firm name of Hirsh, Wickwire & Parks; said Jacob Hirsh, special partner, has contributed twenty-five thousand dollars [$25,000] in cash and said Leo A. Loeb, special partner, has contributed twelve thousand five hundred dollars [$12,500] in cash to the capital of said partnership.

The partnership commenced on the first day of November, 1902, and will terminate on November 1st, 1905.

SOL J. HIRSH,
EDWARD L. WICKWIRE,
HARRY S. HIRSH,
WILLIAM R. PARKS,
DWIGHT S. HIRSH,
HARRY J. HIRSH,
JACOB HIRSH,
LEO A. LOEB.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the W. H. PURCELL COMPANY has elected to declare and has declared due and payable on March 1st, A. D., 1903, each and all of the bonds of the W. H. PURCELL COMPANY of a certain series of two hundred [200] bonds of one thousand dollars [$1,000.00] each, dated September 1st, A. D. 1893, and numbered from 1 to 200, both inclusive, together with all interest thereon to March 1st, A. D. 1903, and said bonds are hereby called for retirement and cancellation.

The principal and interest of said bonds will be paid at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Chicago, Illinois, on the presentation and surrender of said bonds and the unpaid interest coupons annexed thereto, on and after March 1st, 1903.

Said bonds, without reference to the time of actual issue, are secured by a deed of trust or mortgage, bearing date the first [1st] day of September, A. D. 1893, duly executed and delivered by the W. H. PURCELL COMPANY to the Chicago Title and Trust Company of Chicago, Illinois, as trustee, conveying all the real estate, fixed plant, and appurtenances of the W. H. PURCELL COMPANY.

Dated at Chicago, Ill., this 28th day of November, A. D. 1902.
THE W. H. PURCELL COMPANY,
By CHAS. A. PURCELL, President.
Attest: J. F. NORTON, Secretary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.
In the matter of BRADSHAW SHOE COMPANY, Bankrupt—No. 8334.
Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned, The Equitable Trust Company, as Receiver in the above entitled cause, will receive bids for any part, or the whole of the property, assets, and effects, of every kind and nature, belonging to said estate.
Said bids will be received at any time up to nine o'clock a. m., of Thursday, December 4, A. D. 1902, and will be submitted to his honor, Judge Christian C. Kohlsaat, on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1902, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., for approval or rejection.
Each bid should be accompanied by cash or a certified check for fifteen per centum of the amount of such bid.
Copy of the inventory may be seen at the office of the undersigned, No. 152 Monroe-st., Chicago, Illinois, and the property is open to inspection at the store lately occupied by said bankrupt, at No. 253 Market-st., Chicago, Illinois.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY,
Receiver in Bankruptcy of Estate of Bradshaw Shoe Co.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.
In the matter of G. A. KANTROWITZ & COMPANY, Bankrupt—No. 8333.
Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned, The Equitable Trust Company, as Receiver in the above entitled cause, will receive bids for any part, or the whole of the property, assets, and effects, of every kind and nature, belonging to said estate.
Said bids will be received at any time up to nine o'clock a. m., of Thursday, December 4, A. D. 1902, and will be submitted to his honor, Judge Christian C. Kohlsaat, on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1902, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., for approval or rejection.
Each bid should be accompanied by cash or a certified check for fifteen per centum of the amount of such bid.
Copy of the inventory may be seen at the office of the undersigned, No. 152 Monroe-st., Chicago, Illinois, and the property is open to inspection at the store lately occupied by said bankrupt, at No. 253 Market-st., Chicago, Illinois.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY,
Receiver in Bankruptcy of Estate of G. A. Kantrowitz & Co.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE South Park Commissioners at their office, 57th-st. and Cottage Grove-av., until 2:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, December third, for the furnishing and delivery of about sixty-five thousand feet of lumber for addition to shops and power house in Washington Park. A bill of the lumber required may be obtained at the above named office, as well as other information concerning proposals. Bidders will state the price of each of the various items. The South Park Commissioners reserve the right to reject any proposal or any part or parts thereof. E. G. SHUMWAY, Secretary.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the commissioners of Lincoln park until Dec. 10, 1902, for the privilege of furnishing toboggans and sleds of different descriptions at the Toboggan Slide in Lincoln park during the coming winter; bids to be made for a stipulated cash price for the season, or for percentage of gross receipts. Full particulars will be given on application at this office. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Address bids W. W. TRACY, President, Lincoln Park Office, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—FOR WHOLSALE liquor house; must leave city, and be able to work himself up to bookkeeper; state salary. Address T F 79, Tribune office.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; STATE age, ref., salary; wholesale. D 196, Tribune.

ASSISTANT PHARMACIST—BRIGHT, YOUNG; nice place. Address D 155, Tribune office.

BILL CLERKS—IN LARGE WHOLESALE house; must write good hand and be quick at figures; wages $10 per week; state age, experience, etc. Address T F 60, Tribune office.

BILL CLERKS—SIX RAPID FIGURERS; $12-$14. 740, 148 Washington-st.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN; GOOD PENMAN; $12. Address B 448, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—FOR WHOLESALE LIQUOR house; must leave city, and understand his business; state salary, etc. Address T F 78, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—BRIGHT, SINGLE YOUNG man, assistant bookkeeper and collector; state age, refs., salary; bond required. B 487, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—EXperienced young man; $15-$18; state age, experience, etc. Address B 557, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND GENERAL OFFICE MAN—Experienced. Apply sixth floor, between 8 and 10. THE FAIR.

BOOKKEEPER—LOUIS WEBER & CO., 113 E. Harrison-st., corner Clark.

CLERICAL HELP—MALE. ADDRESS T F 82, Tribune office.

CLERK—YOUNG MAN; EXCELLENT PENman; sober; $50 mo.; state age, experience, etc. Address B 447, Tribune office.

COMPETENT LEDGER CLERK OR ASSISTant bookkeeper; must be neat and accurate. Address T E 76, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—DURING LIVE STOCK EXPOsition. COPELAND, 4189 Halsted-st.

DRY GOODS CLERKS—EXPERIENCED. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 120 Michigan-av.

ELECTRICAL AND MACHINERY OFFICE MAN —At the works office of a well established company, outside of Chicago, manufacturing high grade electrical machinery, to assist in the preparation of catalogues, technical information for salesmen, correspondence regarding orders for electrical apparatus, etc. Address, stating age, experience in detail, salary expected, etc., T F 81, Tribune office.

ENTRY CLERK—TO ENTER FROM CALLER; must write a neat hand and be good at figures. Address, stating wages expected, B 144, Tribune.

OFFICE MAN — LEAVE CITY — ADVANCEment for good man. 69 Dearborn, Room 45.

OFFICE MEN—FOUR; GOOD; 25 TO 35; $15. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

ORDER CLERK—IN LARGE WHOLESALE house; steady position and good chance for advancement; wages $6 per week; state age, experience, etc. Address T E 284, Tribune office.

REGISTERED ASSISTANT DRUG CLERK—SINgle; must have good refs. 670 N. Clark-st.

STOCK CLERK—OVER 25, TO MAKE STOCK records; good penman; $50 mo. Address B 477, Tribune office.

TWO BRIGHT YOUNG MEN, 20-25 YEARS OF age, for complaint office. Apply 8-10 a. m., 6th floor, to Superintendent.
THE FAIR, State, Adams and Dearborn.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED IN OFFICE work, extra good penman; $12-$15; state age, experience, etc. Address B 473, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—OFFICE ASSISTANT. LOUIS WEBER & CO., 113 E. Harrison-st., cor. Clark.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BUILDING up a large and annually increasing income is afforded men of character, force, energy, and ambition under the new renewal contracts of the ILLINOIS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. For information call or address the home office of the company, 134 Monroe-st., Chicago.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS — GILT EDGE only; 8 to 9 a. m. NEWPORT, Hotel Grace.

AN A1 MAN—TO OPEN UP AND TAKE charge of four retail tea and coffee stores. P. O. Box 570.

CALENDAR SALESMEN — DO NOT CONtract for the coming year until you see our 1903 line; we are not in the trust; have four new processes of printing and the largest line of copyrighted subjects in this country; splendid proposition. Address B O 488, Tribune office.

CANVASSERS—EXPERT, ON CHICAGO MORNing newspaper; good salary to right men. Address T F 323, Tribune office.

CAPABLE SALESMEN—TO CONSIDER OUR renewal proposition for the sale of our home endowment contracts; weekly guarantee to experienced men. Chicago Home Syndicate, 801 Journal Bldg.

CHAVETT DIPHTHERIA PREVENTIVE — Pleasant, permanent work; either sex; 50c per hour; better future; every mother welcomes you. Write Chavett Laboratory, Chicago.

CITY SALESMAN—1ST CLASS, TO CALL ON mercantile houses; only high class men need answer. Address T D 259, Tribune office.

CLOTHING SALESMEN—5. APPLY 5TH-AV. and Jackson-blvd.

DEMONSTRATORS, CANVASSERS, AGENTS—$9 salary and commission; new thing. 260, 324 Dearborn-st.

DESIRE TO MEET TRAVELING MEN WHO visit book, sporting goods, and gents' furnishing trade; have good proposition; name territory covered. Address B 96, Tribune office.

GROCERY SALESMEN — EXPERIENCED, IN Chicago, to sell retail trade; give experience, etc., and salary wanted. Address J 268, Tribune.

INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE MEN—2, EXPERIenced; must be A1 collectors and solicitors for fine debits; to right men guaranteed salary and quick promotion. Address J 432, Tribune office.

LINEN MAN — GOOD; ALSO GOOD WHITE goods salesman, to represent prominent St. Louis jobbing house. Apply Thursday, Friday, or Saturday mornings, 1907 Michigan-av.

MEN—HIGH GRADE, OF ABILITY, TO REPresent old established house as traveling salesman and solicitor; best paying specialty on the road today and a money maker for energetic hustler who can sell goods; splendid opportunity to make good connection for next year; state age and experience. Address H 586, Tribune office.

MEN—TWO ENERGETIC, TO SELL GROCERY specialties to retail trade; salary and commission. Address B 440, Tribune office.

MEN—TO SELL CONSUMERS WHOLESALE liquors out of town. Address B 463, Tribune.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN OF FORCE, energy, and ambition; $15 to $30 easily earned every week; only one hour evenings required; no samples or expenses necessary. For interview address W 394, Tribune office.

RELIABLE INSURANCE SOLICITORS WILL find something to their advantage by calling upon E. W. TILLOTSON, 228, 184 La Salle-st.

SALESMAN — TO CALL ON BUSINESS AND professional men by introduction and request only; must engage with view to permanency; have good address, executive ability, and be capable of presenting in forceful and convincing manner a strictly high grade proposition; preference given to man 25-45 years; compensation $4,000. Call or write 1124 National Life Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, FOR CLOAKS, suits, and skirts in the following states: Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Illinois, with an established house that makes fine goods; only those who have established trade need apply; good salary and commission to the right man. Address T E 314, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — ON COFFEE WAGON; PARTY having good city restaurant and family trade will be paid $15 weekly, besides commission; also one having good family trade in Evanston, Wilmette, Rogers Park, etc. JOHN DATE, 6 Wells-st.

SALESMAN—YOUNG MAN OF EXECUTIVE ability, to act as salesman then as manager of branch office; excellent opportunity for right party; references required. E. M. BALDWIN, R. 517 Manhattan Bldg.

SALESMAN—EDUCATED, CAPABLE, GOOD appearance; hustler; able to command $50 weekly; attractive, profitable proposition for good man; city or elsewhere; state references and experience. Address T D 518, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A MAN, EXPERIENCED, HAVING a good trade, can come well recommended; hose supporter salesman, first-class in every way; none other. G. W. HOYT & CO., 207 Monroe-st., city.

SALESMAN—TO SELL IN STATE OF ILLInois, outside of Chicago, a line of refrigerators and coolers for an established factory; steady place for right man. Address B 527, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — ACTIVE AND EXPERIENCED jewelry salesman, acquainted with the dry goods and furnishing trade in Iowa and Illinois; reference and experience required. H 499, Tribune.

SALESMAN—IN THE SASH AND DOOR BUSIness; first class men to handle a profitable side line. Address J 194, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING; HARDWARE, AGricultural implements; state age, experience, salary. Address X 398, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, TO SELL PRINTing papers by a well established paper house. Address J 207, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FOR CIGARS; SIDE LINE; COUNtry. 506 Royal Ins. Bldg.

SALESMEN—EVERY PLACE; FIRST CLASS; not afraid of work; we offer you desirable employment; limitless possibilities; liberal remuneration. Peterson, Noland, Hymrod, 21 Quincy-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN—THREE, TO FOLLOW UP NEWSpaper coupon inquiries on the Warner Library; good, profitable business for the right man. The American Newspaper Association. DAVIS, 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN — SEVERAL FIRST CLASS MEN for special work among members of large secret organization. Room 98, 215 Wabash-av. Inquire for MR. MURRAY. Call mornings.

SALESMEN—SPLENDID SIDE LINE, SHOE and hardware salesmen, selling to the trade. Call 8 to 11 a. m. H. MONTGOMERY & CO., 45 W. Washington-st.

SALESMEN—TO SELL OUR GOODS TO GENeral stores, clothiers, druggists, and grocers; fine side lines; big profits; liberal terms. Model Mfg. Co., Box G, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—FOUR MEN OF FINE APPEARance, who are willing to work hard for good pay. Address B 289, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—ENERGETIC, CAPABLE, WILLing to work; permanent position for right parties. Columbia Phonograph Co., 88 Wabash-av. MR. MILNE.

SALESMEN—FIRST CLASS, CITY AND COUNtry, acquainted builders and architects; to sell art glass; liberal commission. J 195, Tribune.

SALESMEN—FIRST CLASS CLOTHING SALESmen; only those used to handling fine trade need apply. SUPT THE HUB.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN — TEN, BRIGHT, CLEVER, FOR the road, on yearly contract. We will place our 1903 salesmen now. We want live young men with good reputations and ability to sell goods and not averse to making long trips. Liberal pay to suitable parties. Call personally at once.
L. G. WALTERS, 543 Marquette Bldg.

SALESMEN—FOR CHICAGO, AND ALSO FOR country towns; several energetic, ambitious men of good education to follow inquiries on a first class educational proposition, and representing leading house in the business; weekly salary or commission, or both. Apply to Adam Dingwall at the Inter Ocean office.

SALESMEN—WE WANT SEVERAL EXschool principals or teachers to travel for us. We have a very attractive and profitable proposition for the right parties. The work is confined entirely to school teachers and is very pleasant. Substantial salaries paid. Apply Sales Manager, 10th floor, 303 Dearborn-st.

SEVERAL SALESMEN—GOOD TALKERS, well dressed and intelligent, to demonstrate toys in State-st. stores during December; salary and commission. Address J 548, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—A WELL DRESSED MAN, GOOD talker and gentlemanly, can make $250 per month. Call 12 to 2. Suite 502, 86 State-st.

SOLICITOR — HIGH CLASS MAGAZINE, NAtional advertising; state experience, salary to begin. Address W 133, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS WANTED—ALL OVER THE UNITed States, in every town, village, shop, and factory, to sell contracts to people who want to own their homes or pay off a mortgage; cost of each $1,000 contract $4 down and $1.40 per month; no interest. Agents make $6 to $40 per day. Call or write. The Fidelity Home Buyers' Association, Suite 409, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SOLICITORS—WE HAVE THE BEST PROPOSItion ever placed on the market for bright solicitors who are forceful talkers. Our men are averaging daily $10, receiving their money each day. We want money makers, no $2 a day men.
JAMES FERGUSON,
1090 Caxton Building.

SOLICITORS—GENERAL AGENTS TO REPRESent the Security Trust and Life Insurance Co. in Chicago and all counties in northern Ill. Liberal contracts to right parties. Address FRANK TULLY, 605 Atwood Bldg., Manager of Agencies.

SOLICITORS—TWO ENERGETIC MEN ON EXceptionally fine newspaper proposition; city work; good money for experienced and successful salesmen; salary with added inducements for good work. Call 916, 153 La Salle-st.

SOLICITORS OR SALESMEN—TO PLACE treasury stock of best mining company; fine inducements to capable parties. 408 Journal Bldg.

SOLICITORS—TO SELL COUPON TICKETS; steady; salary $12. Call 1426 Masonic temple.

TRAVELING SALESMAN — HEAVY HARDware, agricultural implements; state age, salary. Address B 436, Tribune office.

TRAVELING MEN—$30 WEEK, ALL EXPENSes; contract one year; $25 cash required. 351 to 385 Wabash-av. Monarch Co.

TRAVELING MAN—FIRST CLASS, TO HANdle the jobbing trade. Imperial Cigar Co., 214 Clark-st.

TRAVELING SALESMAN — 1ST CLASS, ACquainted with jewelry trade. Address T D 258, Tribune office.

Boys.

BOY—NICE APPEARING, ENERGETIC BOY, good, rapid penman, high school education, for general office work; splendid opportunity. Apply Room 710 Fisher Building. L. D. ALLEN.

BOY—BRIGHT, NEAT, FOR OFFICE WORK; $5 week. Address B 449, Tribune office.

BOY—LARGE, DRY GOODS STORE; GOOD salary; permanent position. 1735 State.

BOYS—16 OR 17 YEARS OLD, TO LEARN TO feed Gordon presses; good opportunity to learn trade. R. R. DONNELLEY & SONS CO., 140 Plymouth-pl.

BUNDLE BOYS—FIVE; MUST LIVE ON NORTH Side. CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., 111 State-st.

CASH AND ERRAND BOYS—100; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES.
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

Trades.

BLACKSMITH — A GOOD HORSESHOER, AT once. H. H. STAHL, Walnut, Ill.

BRICKLAYERS—AT S. WATER AND STATE-sts.; 60c per hour.

CARRIAGE WOODWORKER—FIRST CLASS, on general repairs. Apply C. P. KIMBALL & CO., 315 Michigan-av.

COATMAKERS—FIRST CLASS, ON BLACK work and overcoats; highest prices and steady work. 812, 184 La Salle-st.

COOK—RESTAURANT; SUBURB; $7, ROOM and board. Address D 142, Tribune office.

ELECTRICIAN—FAMILIAR WITH INSTALLAtion of and running electric cranes, for steady job; state experience and wages. Address T E 295, Tribune office.

FOREMAN—A FIRST CLASS COOLING ROOM builder as foreman in a factory that manufactures large sectional cooling rooms and large refrigerators; must be a first class man, with references. Address B 526, Tribune office.

JOB AND AD. MAN—FOR COUNTRY DAILY; no boozers or cigaret smokers wanted; state wages expected. Address B 506, Tribune office.

MACHINIST—GOOD, ALL AROUND; SHORT distance from city; steady position; age 25 to 35; must be hustler and deserving of advancement. Columbia Heating Company, 40 Dearborn-st.

MACHINISTS AND BOILER MAKERS—RAILroad experience, for work in western shop; free transportation; steady work for competent railroad machinists. Apply Room 9, Atlantic Hotel.

METAL SPINNER—ON CHANDELIER WORK; good man can find steady job at good wages by applying, either in person or by mail, to CHAS. POLACHECK & BRO. CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

PATTERN MAKERS—FIRST CLASS, FOR OUT of town work. Call this morning. 1209 Monadnock Bldg.

SHOEMAKER—ON FIRST CLASS REPAIRING. 433 E. 45th-st.

SPONGERS — FIRST CLASS, PRACTICAL sponger to take charge of a sponging department in a large clothing establishment. Call 9-10 a. m. and 2-3 p. m., 916 Medinah Temple.

TYPEWRITER REPAIR MEN—SEVERAL first class ones wanted; also typewriter adjuster handy at cabinet work. Comptograph Co., 146 Blackhawk-st.

House Servants.

BUTLER—GOOD WAGES; MUST BRING GOOD references. JOHN THOMPSON, 198 Wabash-av.

HOUSEWORK—JAPANESE OR CHINESE FOR general housework. Call 169 Rush-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN—ONE HORSE STATION WAGON; willing and capable; refs. Call in forenoon. 767 Larrabee-st., near Belden-av., 1st floor.

TEAMSTERS — SIX GOOD, STEADY BRICK teamsters; work all year round. 1865 34th-pl.

Agents Wanted.

WE MAKE NOVELTIES—
Surprise Clown; Winking Eye; Electric Push Button; Vanishing Ball; Magic Nail; Surprise Ring; Comical Mirror.
Samples of any of the above sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cts. All seven articles 50 cents, postpaid. We are manufacturers; write for catalogue and wholesale prices on our large line of novelties.
NOVELTY SUPPLY CO.,
80 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

SOLICITORS—THE CONTINENTAL FINANCE company have a co-operative investment and money loaning system that is meeting with popular favor wherever it is being introduced; agents are all doing well with the proposition; one agent made $194 in a single week; several more good agents wanted. Call and get acquainted; you will not regret it. 310-312 Reaper Block, cor. Clark and Washington-sts.

YOU ARE A CHUMP TO WORK FOR OTHERS. BE YOUR OWN BOSS. Start a MAIL ORDER business at your own home in any town; we tell you how; place ads. in magazines for you, furnish stationery, catalogues, circulars, and everything required, on credit. Profits immense; $25 to $50 per week. Particulars, catalogue, and wholesale price list free. Chicago Specialty Co., 134 Van Buren-st., Chicago, Ill.

COAL TRUST KILLED!—MARVELOUS DIScovery; wonderful new fuel, patent pending; hotter than coal; burns thirty hours; clean, odorless, absolutely safe; materials obtained without cost; easily made by any one; agents making fortunes; full information and territory free. Bradley Co., 427 Kenton, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $626 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL COMBINATION accident and health insurance; monthly installment plan; something new; agents make from $4 to $30 a day. Call or address W. B. CHANDLER, Manager, 425 Rookery Bldg.

AGENTS—AT LEAST ONE OF OUR NEW household novelties is needed in every kitchen; simply show it to a woman and she buys; large profits; sample and terms 10 cents. Address G V 1, Tribune office.

AGENTS—IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A RAPid seller and a snap; call and see what we have to offer you; nothing like it; want agents for suburbs and city; male and female. Call at once, 1461 Michigan-av., Flat 3.

ARE YOU OPEN FOR SPECIAL INDUCEments? Don't fail to send for our catalogue. We lead them all in miniature photo jewelry and have agents making as high as $10 per day. HURSEN BROS., 324 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—PORTRAITS 35, 50, AND 75 CENTS, 30 Days' Credit to All. Frames 15, 25, and 50c. CATALOGUE AND SAMPLES FREE. AGENTS' NOVELTY CO., 279 W. Madison-st., CHICAGO.

ANTI-MIST POLISHES SPECTACLES, KEEPS them clear in coldest weather; bonanza for agents, m. o. men; full instructions, 10c. B-D Co., No. 333, Newman, Ill.

OUTFIT FREE; CREDIT GIVEN; CUT PRICE X-mas books; 50c book, 12½c; $1 book, 25c; $1.50 book, 50c. FERGUSON, 5134 5th-st., Cincinnati.

ARTICLES FOR HOLIDAY TRADE; BIG money; call 8 to 11 a. m. H. MONTGOMERY & CO., 45 W. Washington-st.

AGENTS WANTED—EVERYWHERE TO HANdle our new portraits; liberal terms and prices. Address Ritratto Co., 248 Market-st., Chicago.

WE PAY $25 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO men with rigs to introduce our poultry compound. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kas.

WANTED—INDUSTRIAL AND INSTALLMENT men; salary and com. 309 Rialto Bldg.

AGENTS—TO SELL HIGH CLASS MINING stock; 25 per cent commission. W 532, Tribune.

AGENT WANTED—NEAT, RELIABLE; FINE chance to make good income. 505, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE BEST lights in the world. Apply 139 E. 53d-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

WE CAN PROVE THAT OUR GENERAL agents make $25 per day; no experience needed; our circulars teach you the business and our patented goods do the rest; if you are making less than $300 per month write to us; don't waste stamps and money on catch penny advertisements; we forfeit $50 to any person proving we do not send free samples at once on receipt of application, with full information to start to work to earn $25 per day. Brahm Co., Room 1190, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—$3 TO $12 PER DAY. 610, 225 Dearborn-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—Young man, experienced; $15-$18. 512 Real Estate Board Building.

YOUNG MAN—OF GOOD EDUCATION, REMington or New Century typewriter operator; must be quick and accurate; need not be a stenographer; state age, references, and salary wanted. Address B 214, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

A COLORED MAN TO WORK IN SALOON AT night. 819 N. Clark-st.

AN ABLE ADVERTISEMENT SOLICITOR FOR special work; liberal commissions. Apply after 10 o'clock Monday to FRED WYATT, 199 S. Clark-st., Room 7.

CIRCULAR DISTRIBUTERS — $3 TO $7 PER thousand; pay advanced. DISTRIBUTORS' NATIONAL UNION, Cincinnati, O.

CITY EDITOR—FOR COUNTRY DAILY; MUST be able to get the news; state experience, wages expected, and give references. Address B 507, Tribune office.

ELEVATOR MEN—IN LARGE WHOLESALE house; only experienced men need apply; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address T F 205, Tribune office.

ELEVATOR MAN—WHOLESALE HOUSE; ONE accustomed to handling freight; only those having experience need apply; state age, experience, etc. Address T F 325, Tribune office.

FIRST CLASS ADVERTISING MAN TO TAKE charge of advertising for monthly journal; also two traveling salesmen for school books and one for general books.
W. M. WELCH & CO., 179 Illinois-st.

JANITOR—$15; 6 FLATS; GRACELAND-AV. and Sheridan-road. Address B 77, Tribune.

MEN—TO RUN CHARCOAL KILNS, SOUTHern Ill. 140 Dearborn, R. 95.

READ BRAHM'S STRAIGHTFORWARD OFfer in agents' column and write to them.

TWO GOOD STOVE MEN. APPLY EARLY. L. Fish Furniture Co., 1901-1911 State-st.

WANTED—RECRUITS FOR THE UNITED States Marine Corps, able bodied men of good character between the ages of 21 and 35 years, not less than 5 feet 4 inches and not over 6 feet 1 inch in height, of good character and not addicted to the use of liquor. Must be citizens of the United States or persons who have legally declared their intention to become citizens, able to read and write English properly as well as speak it. No minors or married men will be accepted. This important branch of the Naval Service offers SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RECRUITS, as the law PROVIDES for the PROMOTION of WORTHY NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICERS to SECOND LIEUTENANTS. Marines are enlisted for a period of four years, and are generally stationed in large cities, and are now serving in Cuba, Porto Rico, Manila, and Guam, and when sent to sea have a fine opportunity to see all parts of the world. Pay from $13.00 to $44.00 per month. Clothing, board, and medical attendance are provided in addition to pay. Apply to U. S. Marine Corps Recruiting Office, 249 South Clark street, 2d floor.

YOUNG MAN—TO TAKE ORDERS, DELIVER, and work in coffee house. Apply 1727 Wabash-av.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, AND OFFICE MEN, WE HAVE PLENTY OF POSITIONS OPEN FOR GOOD MEN; COME IN AND SEE IF WE HAVE ANYTHING THAT SUITS YOU; COURTEOUS TREATMENT; NO ADVANCE CHARGES.
MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE, 740, 108 LA SALLE-ST.

WE FURNISH POSITIONS FOR BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, AND OFFICE HELP.
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.
3281 Central. 1001 Main. No phone.

AUDITORS, BOOKKEEPERS, CREDIT MEN placed with leading city houses. No charge before securing position.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE, 185 DEARBORN-ST.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB NO PAY. 146 State.

JANITORS—"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP you" to a good position today. 146 State.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

LEAVING CITY—MUST SACRIFICE AT ONCE entire contents of a costly furnished private home; everything good as new, only in use since May, including very handsome carved parlor suit, inlaid davenport, vernis martin and mahogany odd parlor pieces, very elegant mahogany combination bookcase, massive golden oak sideboard, extension table and leather seat chairs, handsome china cabinet, cut glass, china, beautiful oil paintings, solid brass beds, box springs, hair mattresses, mahogany, oak, and bird's eye dressers and chiffoniers, very elegant library furniture, leather couch, rockers, easy chairs, and table, 9x12 Bigelow Axminster rugs, draperies, bric-a-brac, mantel mirrors, lamps, and clocks; also high grade mahogany upright piano; these goods are all high grade, not scratched or marred, and is an excellent chance for any one starting housekeeping. Will refuse no reasonable offer and will sell separate. Call at once. 3521 Ellis-av.

COSTLY FURNITURE AND FITTINGS OF TEN room private residence, must be sold this week, including parlor suits, cabinets, odd pieces in mahogany, quartered oak dining set, leather seat chairs, elegant mahogany Davenport, oil paintings, pictures, drapes, imported and domestic rugs, large and small, library tables, chairs, bookcases, Turkish leather chairs and rockers, leather couches, mahogany, maple, and quartered oak dressers and chiffoniers; massive brass beds, hair mattresses, box springs; also Steinway baby grand piano, cost $1,000. Will sell whole lot or by piece. Above furniture, the very best grade, will sell cheap. Call day or evening. 261 Ashland-blvd.

TO MAKE AND ECONOMIZE IN HEAT IS THE leading question of the hour. We have 3 leading makes of HOT BLAST SOFT COAL STOVES, from which you can get as much heat ton for ton as from hard coal; burns the gas and carbon of the smoke. "Sun" gas or lamp heaters, only $1.25; you get light and heat. Colovit gas heaters from $2.00 to $3.50; new and unique. Oil heaters. Call and see daily demonstrations, or send for circulars. ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE COMPANY, 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

BUY YOUR STOVES AT A STOVE STORE—WE are headquarters and carry a complete stove line. Come and see our largest assortment and get our prices. Every stove guaranteed. Free suburban delivery. The Stove Store, 369-371 State-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED; SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

STOVES—GLENWOOD RANGES, COLUMBIAN Joy base burner. Victor Oak stove for all kinds fuel. Lowest prices. J. Retterer, 167 Lake-st.

I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNIture of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. Phone Monroe 592. DEWAR, 381 W. Madison-st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALE—POSITIVELY GOING OUT OF BUSINESS. All unredeemed pledges to be sacrificed at auction and $150,000 stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS, best ROGERS SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, FINE SILK UMBRELLAS, GOLD FILLED and STERLING SILVER.
The above stock was bought from the U. S. bankruptcy court at 42 cents on the dollar; all the goods to be sold at auction or private sale at sacrificing prices.
All goods guaranteed as represented or money refunded. Reference, First National bank. BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO., 147 State-st., next door to Schlesinger & Mayer.

OF COURSE YOU WILL GIVE THE LOVED ONE A CHRISTMAS GIFT. Why not make it a diamond ring, brooch, locket, earrings, or a beautiful diamond set watch? We will sell you one on easy monthly payments. You pay one-fifth of the price when you take the article and the balance in 8 equal monthly payments. Your credit is good. Our Liberal Credit System makes any honest man's credit as good as the bank. Step in and see the goods and ask questions.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO., DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY, 2D FLOOR STEWART BUILDING, 92 TO 98 STATE-ST.

RECEIVER'S SALE—
The entire stock of E. S. Heyman & Co., sold by Judge Hanecy at 35 cents on the dollar, now being sacrificed at auction. Watches, diamonds, gold jewelry, and a $46,000 stock of quadruple plate, hollow ware purchased at 20 cents on the dollar. Just the goods for the holidays. The greatest sale for dealers and jewelers ever held in Chicago. Auction begins at 10 o'clock; be on hand for bargains. JOS. BROWN & CO., 176 E. Madison-st.
HARRY E. MYERS, Auctioneer.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERware, direct to consumers, at wholesale prices. J. A. SCHOENTHALER, Wholesale Jeweler, Room 605, 103 State-st.

15 CENTS A DAY BUYS A HIGH GRADE DIAmond or WATCH; wholesale prices; easy payments; also talking machines on $1 weekly payments. Dept. 23. Walker-Edmund Co., 126 State.

STRELITZ BROS. DIAMONDS. WATCHES.
EASY TERMS.
DIAMONDS. EASY TERMS.
STRELITZ BROS., 167 DEARBORN-ST.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid for diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents.

HAVE DIAMOND STUD AND RING, 2¼ AND 4½ karat; will sell pawn ticket cheap. Address B 367, Tribune office.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY SOLD on easy payments at wholesale prices. LOUIS BASCH & CO., 210 State-st., 2d floor.

CUT THIS OUT—CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, old gold, silver, wedding presents. Private. BREDT & CO., 57 E. Washington-st., Room 812.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

LAWYERS.

WE QUICKLY COLLECT WAGES, NOTES, rents, board bills, claims of every description on percentage.
NO ADVANCE FEES FOR OUR SERVICE.
THE SPENCER AGENCY,
Suite 312, 85 Dearborn-st. Tel. Central 2723.

RELIABLE LAWYER ATTENDS TO LAW MATters, collections, etc.; no advance charges. WILSON, R. 504, 171 Washington-st. Tel. Main 2420.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $25,000 CASH TO purchase half interest in established machinery bus. in southwest Texas; best and healthiest city in southwest; have sufficient business offered to justify investment; further particulars at interview. Western Agency, 119 La Salle-st.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

4X5 PREMO B. R. R. LENS, $6.50. CAMERAS rented and exchanged. Developing and printing. CENTRAL CAMERA CO., 31 Adams-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SECRETARY—TO BUSINESS MAN; WOMAN experienced in office, bright, accurate, ability. Call Sunday morning, 9 to 10, 2220 Calumet-av.

Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESLADIES—100; ALL DEPTS.; GOOD OPPORTUNITIES.
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

SHOE SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED. Apply 8-10 a. m., 6th floor, to Superintendent.
THE FAIR,
State, Adams, and Dearborn.

Domestics.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; two in family; good wages; must bring first class refs. Apply at once, 1st flat, 5218 Madison-av.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in family of 6; no washing or ironing; wages $6. 5116 Madison-av.

COOK—COMPETENT. APPLY AT 4539 GREENwood-av.

HOUSEWORK—A FIRST CLASS WHITE GENeral housework girl; one who is neat, a good cook and understands waiting on table; a good girl will get a good home and $6 per week; family of four in apartment on South Side. Call on F. W. CHICKERING, 266 Wabash, with Weber Piano Co.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be good cook and laundress; small family; wages $5.50 per week. Flat 2, 1040 Sheridan-road.

HOUSEWORK — EXPERIENCED GIRL, GENeral housework; good wages; family of two adults. 1932 Oakdale-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; must be able to cook. Apply to A. WALTERS, Grocer, 722 W. Madison-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no washing or ironing; have girl to assist; wages, $5. 2220 Calumet-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good cook; good wages. 716 W. Monroe-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of 4. 210 Ashland-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 3 in family. 249 E. 65th-st., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR general housework. 3437 Vernon-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 3223 S. Park-av.

MIDDLE AGED GENERAL GIRL—REFS. REquired; no Sunday work. Call 1276 Winthrop-av., Edgewater. Phone Sheridan 262.

WAITRESS—$7 A WEEK. RESTAURANT, 570 E. 43d-st.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—NEAT AND REFINED; [widow preferred]; will have to take full charge. 163 Colorado-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SLEEVE MAKERS — A1, AND DRAPER. 400 Ontario-st.

WAIST, SKIRT, SLEEVE, AND FANCY COAT makers—Also errand girl. MME. FRIEDA, 400 Ontario-st.

Nurses.

WOMAN—COMPETENT, OR NURSE, TO TAKE care of baby. Apply Sunday afternoon, 1626 Michigan-av.

Agents Wanted.

LADIES—MY AGENTS ARE MAKING FROM $3 to $5 per day selling toilet preparations; send for terms. IDA E. SULLIVAN, 70 E. Madison-st., R. 25, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—FOR BEST SELLING PATENT MEDicine on market; quick sales; big profits. Room 723, 225 Dearborn-st.

Stenographers.

GRAPHOPHONE OPERATOR—EXP. LADY. Apply Alfred L. Robbins-Martin Co., 144-146 E. Erie-st.

OPERATORS—FOR INSERTING NAMES. 713, 34 S. Clark-st.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID REM.; $8 TO START; good chance for advancement; state experience. Address B 360, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, EXPERIenced; $12 to start; state age, experience, etc. Address B 558, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—Young lady; experienced in both; $12. Address B 474, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—Bright beginner will answer. B 439, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—GOOD BUSINESS WOMAN. Call 509, 145 La Salle-st., 1 to 3 p. m.

Miscellaneous.

ADDRESSERS — FEMALE; MUST BE GOOD penman. Address B 511, Tribune office.

APPRENTICES—TO LEARN THE MILLINERY trade. 202 Market-st., 3d floor.

CASH GIRLS—75, WITH AFFIDAVITS; 14 TO 16 years. Apply 8 a. m., 6th floor. THE FAIR.

DEMONSTRATORS, CANVASSERS, AGENTS; $9 salary and commission; new article. 260, 324 Dearborn-st.

GIRLS—100, TO TRIM READY TO WEAR HATS. 202 Market-st., 3d floor.

LADY—TO PLAY ORGAN IN MEETINGS SUNdays. Call between 1 and 3 p. m., REV. RIES, 562 W. Madison-st.

LADY DEMONSTRATORS. APPLY 1 P. M. today. C. JACKSON, 53 River-st.

TWO EXPERIENCED STRAW MACHINE OPerators, one for concealed stitch machine; good wages, long season; fare one way. Minneapolis, Minn. Address K L 267, Tribune office.

100 YOUNG LADIES FOR OFFICE AND STORE POSITIONS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES.
SIEGEL, COOPER & CO.

Employment Agencies.

WE FURNISH BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, office help, and boys.
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.
3281 Central. 1001 Main. No phone.

STENOGRAPHERS — WANTING POSITIONS, mutual benefits, etc., see inst. ad. Chicago Stenographers' Club, 119 La Salle-st., R. 44.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB NO PAY. 146 State.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

SPECIAL AND VERY LIBERAL OFFER, APPLY this week. Figured by the week, it only costs $1.67 to learn millinery; all material free; $1 per week for dressmaking and tailoring after learning cutting; latest Paris and New York patterns now ready; perfect fitting up to date shirt waist or skirt patterns cut from your own measure only 50c. McDOWELL School, 78 State-st.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING, tailoring, and millinery; positions waiting for competent pupils; patterns cut to measure. 300, 39 State-st. MME. WINKLEBECK, Mgr.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CROONBORG'S CUTTING SCHOOL, ADAMS EXpress Bldg. Phone Randolph 205. Instructions daily 9 to 4; evenings 7 to 9; book $6; special mail course, 10 lessons; perfect patterns.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING School, 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Evening classes now forming. Phone Main 163.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; positions furnished free. JACKSON, 209 State-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES, $1.50 EACH; ROLL TOP DESK $12; office partition, $1.50 a foot. We buy or exchange fixtures. Chicago Safe & Mdse. Co., 47 Dearborn. Tel. 2082 Central.

PARTITIONS FOR BANKS AND OFFICES CARried in stock; special work to order; rolling partitions for schools and churches. U. S. Desk and Office Fitting Co., 226-228 Wabash-av.

FRED BENDER, EST. 1883, MANUFACTURER and dealer of store and office fixtures. Factory and salesrooms, Wabash-av., State, and 20th-sts. Write for complete catalogue.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS, NEW AND SECond hand; guaranteed by makers; liberal allowance on old register in exchange for new; highest price paid for second hand Nationals. 50 State-st.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
P. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

MAKE YOUR OFFICE OR STORE LIGHT AND cheerful with Daylight Prisms. Daylight Prism Co. Tel. 1593 Main.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR COTTAGE—650 ft. steam radiation, 110 gal. tank and heater, 2 hot air furnaces, work and material with $600 lot. THOMPSON, 484 Van Buren.

BOOKS, MAPS, ETC.

FOR SALE—FINELY BOUND BOOKS, LIMITED editions; arrangement for inspection can be made by addressing B 584, Tribune office.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

STANLEY'S WESTERN DETECTIVE AGENCY, 228 La Salle-st., Suite 701. Tel. Harrison 700, Chicago, Ill.; 27 years' practical experience.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

NEW OFFICE, GREAT SACRIFICE—12X18 inch C. & P., 14 inch cutter, ½ h.-p. motor, type, cases, etc. Plant all new. Address D 190, Tribune.

PRINTING.

BOND LETTER HEADS, $1.50 PER 1,000. C. H. EBY, 100 N. Homan-av., city.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3800 LAKE-AV.—FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS $2.50 up; steam, fine baths, elevator, meals in cafe $4; hotel service. Drex. 10461.

3846 LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED room and board; lavatory; private telephone; reasonable.

4632 PRAIRIE-AV.—FRONT SUITE; WELL furnished; steam; best table; family of two; ideal home in every respect. DAVIS.

ROOM AND BOARD IN APARTMENT NEAR 31st-st. station, for two, elegantly furnished; gentlemen only. Address B 564, Tribune office.

3154 GROVELAND-AV.—TO RENT—PLEASANT room, private house, board optional, central location, terms moderate; Ill. Cent. and cable cars.

2802 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT AND side rooms; excellent table; every convenience.

5714 WASHINGTON-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with board.

2211 PRAIRIE-AV.—FINELY FURNISHED rooms, with or without board.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV. — ROOM AND BOARD, single or en suite, steam, phone.

267 MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR AUDITORIUM—Best rooms, table, and refs., for refined couple.

4621 LAKE-AV.—LARGE WARM ROOMS, WITH board; modern house; good transportation.

2032 MICHIGAN—LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH board; detached residence; steam heat; phone.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST. RESIDENTIAL FAMily hotel; select locality; 15 minutes to business center; on 4 transportation lines; furnishings rich, new, steam heated; billiard and smoking rooms; guests' comforts carefully considered; special rates if permanent; transients solicited; refs.; some extra fine single rooms.

22 WISCONSIN-ST.—RESIDENTIAL FAMILY hotel; select locality; 15 minutes to business center; on 4 transportation lines; furnishings rich, new, steam heated; billiard and smoking rooms; guests' comforts carefully considered; special rates if permanent; transients solicited; refs.; some extra fine single rooms.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—ONE FINE DOUBLE AND single room, with board; terms reasonable.

387 LA SALLE-AV.—FINE FRONT ALCOVE; other rooms; steam; board; walking distance.

205 CASS-ST.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS, with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

Hotels.

THE ONTARIO, ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF hotel, State and Ontario-sts., Chicago; N. State-st. cars pass the door; only ten minutes' walk from retail center and principal theaters; rates, $2.50 and $3 per day; special prices by the week.
L. E. HOWARD, Proprietor.

THE LOUVRE FAMILY HOTEL, 3611 LAKE-av.—Just added fifteen rooms; newly remodeled, with all modern equipment; exquisitely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; commanding splendid view of the lake or avenue; parlor, drawing, and smoking rooms; course dinners; table unsurpassed; references. Tel. 1257 Oakland. Rates reasonable.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest located; newly and completely furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; rooms, with private baths, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL, OAK PARK—
Elegant rooms.
Finest table.
Moderate prices.
Most healthful suburb around Chicago.
C. & N. W. Ry. or Lake-st. El.

OAKLAND HOTEL—DREXEL AND OAKWOOD-blvds.; American and European; unequaled location; elegantly equipped; excellent table and service.

HOTEL MANHATTAN, 3800 LAKE-AV.—FINE residential hotel, choice location; newly furnished steam heated rooms; elegant baths, elevator, cafe; near I. C.; rooms $2.50 up.

NORTH SHORE HOTEL, DEMING-PL. AND Lincoln Park—Family hotel; steam heat, elevator, electric light, bell service; $7 up.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L., I. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Oak. 656. American or European.

HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Mngr.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Oakland 192.

EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—AMERican and European plan; suites of 2 and 3; also single; private bath; fireproof. Tel. 1038 South.

GARDEN CITY, 46 SHERMAN-ST.; STEAM heat, baths; weekly, $1.50 up; daily, 25c up.

LINCOLN HOTEL, 176 E. MADISON-ST.—Rooms, with bath, 1 person, 75c; 2 persons, $1.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; USE of bath, dining room, kitchen; 7 minutes on I. C. R. R., 15 on cable; steam heat. Engineer, 2255 South Park-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED STEAM heated rooms; fine bath, elevator service; $2.50 up; also 3 room suits, private bath; meals in cafe; $4. 3800 Lake-av.

TO RENT—VERY FINE, LARGE, LIGHT FRONT room, water heated; big closet; all modern conveniences; private family; references exchanged; Prairie-av., near 30th-st. B 309, Tribune office.

TO RENT—LADY ONLY, COMFORTABLE MODern room, strictly private family; congenial surroundings; S. S. L. 47th-st. and Indiana-av. cars. Address J 546, Tribune office.

TO RENT — 4414 CALUMET-AV., 2D FLAT, A handsome, furnished front room, all modern; home comforts; private.

TO RENT—4320 ST. LAWRENCE-AV. FURnished parlors; other rooms; board if desired; steam, gas, bath; convenient to 3 car lines; 3d flat.

TO RENT—156 E. 42D-PL., LARGE, NICELY furnished front rooms, steam; convenient to stockyards. DAVIDSON.

TO RENT—ROOMS; THE LAFAYETTE, 10-12-14 E. Harrison-st.; steam, running water; one block south of Auditorium; walking distance.

TO RENT—2346 CALUMET-AV., THE HARvard, Flat 8, nicely furnished room, steam heat, reasonable.

TO RENT—177 E. 40TH-ST., FLAT 30—DESIRAble, large, light room; unfurnished or furnished; steam; modern.

TO RENT—5326 WASHINGTON-AV., PRIVATE house, front, 2d floor, adjoining bath; telephone; gentlemen.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, PRIvate family; modern conveniences. 1522 Michigan-av., Apt. 26.

TO RENT—GENTLEMEN; EXTRA LARGE bright room, with refined young couple; near Grand-blvd. 558 E. 46th-pl., Flat 1.

TO RENT — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms, single or en suite. 4526 Cottage Grove-av., Flat 4.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. 87 E. 18th-st., Flat 2.

TO RENT—1907 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FURnished rooms; also 1 front alcove; steam.

TO RENT — 135 E. 42D-PL., FLAT 6, FRONT room, gentleman; steam heat; rapid transit.

TO RENT—ROOM, STEAM HEAT AND HOT water; $10. 1065 56th-st., second flat.

TO RENT—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, SECond floor. 3544 Ellis-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; steam heat; walking distance. 1469 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOM, board if desired. Flat A, 3011 Calumet. Steam.

TO RENT—ALLEN APARTMENTS, 145 OAKwood-blvd.; single and en suite; furnished.

TO RENT—BACK PARLOR AND ALCOVE; steam, hot water. 122 E. 42d-st., 1st flat.

TO RENT—TWO ELEGANT, WELL FURNISHed, modern rooms, small family. 3428 S. Park.

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED ROOM FOR 1; convenient I. C. & L. 6328 Kimbark-av., 3d fl.

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TO RENT—MRS. GUER HAS NEWLY FURnished front room for a lady. 4057 Calumet-av.

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West Side.

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North Side.

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South Side.

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TO RENT—10 ROOM RESIDENCE, 327 E. 42D-st. W. H. WOLLENBAR, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—A BEAUTIFUL 11 ROOM MODERN corner house, 4000 Drexel-blvd.; formerly rented for $80 per month; rent now only $50. See house, then write to me. C. H. ROWAN, Box 95, Station B, Milwaukee, Wis.

North Side.

TO RENT—FULLERTON-AV., 12 ROOM MODern house, near Lincoln Park; $75 per mo. MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house, near the lake, south front; $100 per mo. MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—NEW MODERN 8 ROOM HOUSE; furnace heat. 1107 Montana-st.

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South Side.

TO RENT—
THE NARRAGANSETT, South Park-av. and 58th-st., 7 and 8 rooms, corner, outside light, overlooking Washington Park, ½ block to L sta. and markets; handsomely finished and decorated.
THE ALTEDENA, Vincennes-av., n. e. cor. 42d-st., new high grade 5 and 6 room apts., finely finished and decorated; $37.50 to $45.
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218 LA SALLE-ST., TEL. MAIN 4052.
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5623-27 Madison-av., new 7 and 8 room apartments; beautifully finished; low rentals for high class apartments.
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Branch office, 47th-st. and Calumet-av.

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4705 Indiana-av. Open evenings.

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TO RENT—THE LAST TEN APARTMENTS IN the new Varsity, corner of 61st and Ellis-av., are this day finished and will be rented between this date and Dec. 1; parties renting from the man on the premises will be allowed $5 on first month's rent.

TO RENT—THE BRIGHTON, 41ST-ST. AND Indiana-av., 7 room flats; modern and in perfect condition; "L" station one block; rent $35 to $40.
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West Side.

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South Side

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North Side.

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3635 Prairie-av., 8 r. brick res.	4,950
3136-38-40 Forest-av., 3 brick res., all for	8,250
3721 Ellis-av., 10 r. res., lot 40x160	5,400
4009 Drexel-blvd., 12 r. stone front res.	7,000
183 37th-st., nr. Ellis Park, 9 r. res., lot 30x151	3,150
5670 Normal-av., 2 story res.	2,175
4321-23 Wentworth-av., 2 bldgs. and 50 ft. lot	3,600
6105-9 Washington-av., 2 sty. res., each	3,150
7754-56 Jefferson-av., 3 flats	1,575
539 Root-st., brick store and flat	2,250
2907 Armour-av., store and flat	1,150
2955 Emerald-av., brick store and flat	2,550
2743 Hillock-av., 2 flat	690
1685 92d-pl., nr. Ellis-av., fine 5 r. cottage	750
4967 Artesian-av., 8 r. res.	1,150
8625 S. Morgan-st., 8 r. res.	1,050
—WEST SIDE—	
224 Park-av., 15 r. brick res.	5,850
344 S. Wood-st., brick 3 flat	3,750
271 N. St. Louis-av., brick 2 flat, 50 ft. lot	2,850
—VACANT—	
Champlain-av., east front, s. of 42d-st., 100x134	6,250
Wabash-av. [6235], 20x161	975
Butler-st., n. w. cor. 33d, 25x125	85
47th-st., nr. Oakley-av., 25x125	275
California-av., nr. 72d, 7 lots, all for	650
Edison Park, 1 lot	75
Jefferson Park, 200x240, near station	2,000
Maplewood lot on Campbell-av., nr Greenwood	400

WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
MANUFACTURING LOCATIONS,
With switching facilities on many of the railroads.
BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED
to suit tenants, on long term leases. Money loaned to build with.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
164 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
FOR SALE—WHY PAY RENT OR INTEREST? WE ARE BUYING HOMES EVERY DAY. INVESTIGATE.
GUARANTEE HOME PURCHASING CO.,
225 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—DO YOU WANT A HOME? CHEAP; ON EASY TERMS.
If so, call or write.
SIEKMAN & TINLEY,
1118 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—A HOME IS GUARANTEED WITHin eleven months by taking out a contract with The American Home Assurance Co., 203-204 Manhattan Bldg.

FOR SALE—2 FLAT BLDG., IN FINE LOCAtion; brick, stone front, steam heat, oak floors, etc.; rent, $630; only $5,000 for quick sale. KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—MANUFACTURING and dock property.
H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—BOULEVARD AND AVENUE FINE residence property; improved or vacant. WILLIAM H. MOONEY, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—NEW HOMES AND VACANT LOTS. P. D. DIAMOND, 1713 W. 63d-st., with Milwaukee Drexel Land Association.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—LARGE MFG. PLANT; fine location on trunk and belt line; private switch track. Address B 289, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$3,500 BUYS FACTORY EQUITY, 3 story brick, well built and lighted, near R. R.; details. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$25,000. NET 8% INVESTMENT; lessor furnished who will give security for rental for term of years. Address B 443, Tribune office.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—STATE-ST., NEAR 39TH-ST., 3 sty. brick store and flats; best that was ever offered; rental $1,128, and if permitted to rent for saloon can get $1,400 a year. We ask $7,400 for this. Make us an offer. We must sell; title guaranteed. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—LARGE LIST OF HOUSES AND flats, all rented; principally on South Side; this property was acquired under foreclosure by eastern estate and will close it out at a sacrifice. Send for list.
A. H. KINKAID & CO.,
107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MY FINE HOME, NEAR INDIANA-av. station of Alley L, 2 story brick residence, 9 rooms and bath, on lot 50x200 feet. I am compelled to dispose of it now. Cost me $14,000; will take $5,300 for it. Must have all cash; title guaranteed. Owner at 4939 Prairie-av. until Dec. 4, 1902.

FOR SALE—BEST BARGAIN ON MICHIGAN-blvd., 100x160 ft., nr. 45th-st., at the BARGAIN PRICE OF $170 per ft., has sold for $350, and will again; here is a chance for an investment that will make 100 per cent. DAVIS & HALL, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE FOR IMMEDIATE sale; 50x150 ft. on 60th-st., facing the park, near Champlain-av.; only $67.50 a ft.; will deliver it all at this figure; same cost $200 a ft. GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE BRICK DETACHED RESIdence, convenient to 39th-st. station I. C. and blvd. trains; good stable; bargain; $25,000; will take half in trade.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GOOD SALOON CORNER ON Wentworth-av., near 39th-st., with 2 sty. brick store and three flats; big lot rented to brewery at $360 a year. Price $2,950. This must be sold at once. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN, $30,000—355 and 357 E. 63d-st., 3 story stone front bldg.; stores and flats; lot 50x90 feet.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GREATEST SNAP BARGAIN YET—Aberdeen-st., s. e. cor. 65th-st., 2 lots, 50x125; street paved; price only $960; must go this week. See P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE — CHOICE VACANT COR. IN WOODlawn, near I. C. express service at sacrifice to divide interests.
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—LEXINGTON-AV., NEAR 51ST-ST.-blvd., lot 150x164 ft., or in 25 ft. lots; loan money to build, 4 per cent; bargain. W. G. CARLISLE, owner, 40 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$5,500 BUYS 8 R. MODERN STONE front residence, near I. C. and elevated; steam heat, hardwood, console, and mantels; big bargain. GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—6425 GREENWOOD-AV., STONE front, hardwood, furnace, Alley L; $4,750; little cash, monthly payments. BROWN, 5 Langley-pl.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—$4,000 BUYS 7 R. MODERN STONE front residence on Drexel-av., near 64th-st. GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS IN Kenwood; renting a specialty; call for list.
TROTTER & KIMBALL, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY OR SELL HOME PROPERty on best streets and boulevards see EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—4233 OAKENWALD-AV., $3,300. 4523 Champlain-av., $2,500.
L. M. SMITH & CO., 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—575 W. ADAMS-ST., NEAR ASHland-av., modern brick dwelling house, in fine condition; will be sold at a great bargain.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — AUSTIN—$3,200—E. F., 8 ROOMS, modern house, furnace, 7 ft. stone bsmt.; built 2 years; street paved; inst. pd.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — STONE FRONT FLATS AND dwellings; will exchange for other property.
JOHN T. O'CONNELL, 88 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
AN IDEAL 2 FLAT BUILDING.
I have just completed a 2 flat building, steam heat, hardwood finish, and besides all the usual modern improvements, have tiled the kitchens; if you want a home come and see me; I will sell at a bargain for cash. 114 Catalpa-pl., Logan square.

FOR SALE—19 BINGHAM-ST., 2 FLAT BUILDing; must be sold; make us an offer; asking only $1,700.
GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO.,
204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE PROPERTY—LIST all properties for sale or exchange with
CALLAN & VARTY,
Selling Agents. 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ASTOR-ST., AN ARTISTICALLY arranged house of 15 rooms, 3 baths; will sell for $10,000 less than cost. MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY FINE 8, 9, AND 10 room houses, within one block of Wilson-av. station, N. W. elevated. Call at 205 Winthrop-av.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—297 OAK-ST., NEAR Dearborn-av., 12 room house, very cheap; part cash. OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ROGERS PARK PROPERTY. S. Rogers Touhy, "Original Owners," Oxford Bldg.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AUCTION SALE OF LAST LOTS IN Givins' great northwest subdivision; 400 sold; $500,000 worth of buildings; bounded by California, Sacramento, Wellington, and Diversey-avs.; this is the best subdivision for building in Chicago; beats them all; away ahead of anything you have seen; everything sells or rents as soon as finished; rents are steadily advancing; last closing out sale of lots Sat. eve. Nov. 29, at big store, 391 Diversey-av., near California-av.; don't fail to send for maps immediately. R. C. GIVINS & CO., 107 DEARBORN-ST.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MAYWOOD, QUARTER BLOCKS, $1,000 UPWARDS; take Met. L and Aurora, Elgin, and Chicago electric. F. E. BALLARD & CO., 34 Clark-st., Room 215.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS at Palos Park, $300 and up; altitude 150 ft.; fare 13c. MONSON & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—EASTERN IOWA FARM, 360 acres, well improved, good buildings; 200 acres cultivated, balance blue grass pasture; ONLY $40 PER ACRE; THIS IS A SNAP.
COCHRAN & HAYNES, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—100 A., 1 MI. FROM PAW PAW; 25 acres grapes, bearing next year; house and barn; 15 a. timber; title clear; $3,000; part cash, bal. on time. Address DOWNING & LEMAUX, Paw Paw, Mich.

FOR SALE—FARM OF 130 ACRES; HALF A mile from Monee on Illinois Central; twenty-five miles from Chicago; elegant house, large barn and sheds; well fenced; high state of cultivation. W. G. PRESS, 2 Sherman-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—SNAP—1,920 ACRES SURROUNDing beautiful lake; R. R. station; other buildings; only $3.50 an acre. A. BRANCH, White Cloud, Mich.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN IN FARMING lands. For particulars address PETER McGOVERN, Florence, Wis.

FOR SALE—BEST FARM AND RANCH BARgain list published mailed free. RICHMOND, 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR CHICAGO property, 250 acres of fine land, Hitchcock Co., Neb. Address X 460, Tribune office.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—CALIFORNIA HOMES ON IRRIgated lands, suitable for fruit, alfalfa, and grain; price, $16.25 per acre; payable in six installments; $1,000 capital needed. Apply for full information to Imperial Land Co., 233 S. Clark-st., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—IF YOU HAVE REAL ESTATE ON which you wish to realize quickly consult auction department.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—
—VACANT AND IMPROVED—
—FOR CASH BUYERS—
PAUL VOLK & CO., 218 La Salle-st.

WANTED—ON MICHIGAN-AV., BET. 31ST AND 35th-sts., best residence that $12,000 to $15,000 spot cash will buy. GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—DAKOTA LANDS—
We pay cash for wild land in central North and South Dakota. WM. H. BROWN & CO., Mandan, N. D.

WANTED—A COTTAGE OF 6 OR 7 ROOMS OR A two flat house, near N. W. "L"; give location, bottom price, and terms. Address B 95, Tribune office.

WANTED—WEST SIDE MANUFACTURING property, where $5,000 to $10,000 trade will be taken, balance cash. FRED'K T. HOYT, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

STOCK FARM WANTED—I AM THE OWNER of one of the finest residences in Kenwood, and wish to exchange it for a first class stock farm; my property is clear; large grounds; good barn; fine residence. Address T D 550, Tribune office.

WANTED—CHOICE VACANT OR IMP. PROPerty for equity fine 24 flat bldg.; rents $8,500; mtge. $30,000, 5 per cent; bldg. strictly modern and well located near Washington Park. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO EXCHANGE—TWO NEW, MODERN 3 FLAT buildings; stone front; handsome stone porches; hardwood floors; stove heat; will take clear vacant. J. E. CRATE & CO., 751 W. Fullerton-av.

TO EXCHANGE—NEW 6 FLAT, ELLIS, NR. 66th; incumbrance $12,500; rental $2,400; price $20,000. Address T E 323, Tribune office.

HAVE $80,000 SCATTERED CHICAGO EQUIties to exchange for clear vacant. Address T D 291, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE — CHOICE VACANT BUENA Park property for modern west side residence. W. F. MONROE, 141 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates. Liberal prepayment privileges.
THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
[Formerly Rose & Co.],
N. W. Corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK,
169 Jackson-blvd.,
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—
LOWEST RATES for DESIRABLE BUSINESS.
Building loans—special prepayment privileges.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.
MORTGAGE BANKERS. 92 LA SALLE-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD? PLANS, ESTImates, and building loans cheerfully furnished without cost; easy payments. Call or address RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., General Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

R. E. LOAN APPLICATIONS RECEIVED FOR National Life Ins. Co., Vermont; privilege granted to pay all or part of loan any interest day; lowest interest; immediate answer. FRANKLIN NICHOLS, 171 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On desirable and improved real estate in the city; lowest rates to responsible borrowers.
WINSTON & CO., 131 La Salle-st.,
Tacoma Bldg. City.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

LOANS, 4½ AND 5 PER CENT, CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
Phone 1827 Main. 139-49 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON real estate security.
THORNTON & CHANCELLOR,
804 Masonic Temple.

SECOND AND FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS promptly made; lowest rates. HENRY & ROBINSON, Room 504 Chicago Opera House Block.

FOR LOW RATES ON REAL ESTATE LOANS call at the Western State Bank, 157-59 La Salle-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON APproved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

TO LOAN—SUMS OF $1,000 TO $10,000 ON CITY improved real estate at current rates. A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS, ANY AMOUNT; can be repaid in small monthly payments. A. J. LIEBMAN, 77 S. Clark-st., Room 13.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
BUILDING LOANS.
KNOTT, CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 5th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

HART & FRANK, 97 E. WASHINGTON-ST.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

NO COMMISSION—LOANS ON CHICAGO AND suburban real estate, improved and vacant. Main 339. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate; repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY.
Call before arranging loan and get our offer.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune Bldg.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,100, $1,200, $2,500.
SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 155 La Salle-st.

SEE HAENTZ & WHEELER, 546 TRIBUNE Bldg., for real estate and building loans and mortgage investments. Prompt service.

A. C. TISDELLE, MORTGAGE BANKER,
145 La Salle-st.
$200 to $60,000—Real estate loans—5%.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE! LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

REYNOLDS & ROSE,
822 TRIBUNE BUILDING,
make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN CHIcago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 152 Monroe-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

5% LOANS FROM $200 TO $2,500 ON VAC. AND imp. city or sub. property; money on hand.
ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

WANT LOAN OF $2,300 FROM PRIVATE PARty on good vacant; good security; will pay 6 per cent. Address T F 67, Tribune office.

I HAVE $1,000 AND $1,200 TO LOAN ON IMproved real estate. F. A. HENSHAW, 97 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—AT LOWEST RATES ON Chicago real estate. GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., 86 Washington-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

LOANS OF ALL KINDS.
CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 306.

3 PER CENT FURNITURE AND PIANO LOANS to good parties; easy payments to suit. Call or write. 70 La Salle-st., Room 34.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST. — LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $1,000, ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY: ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY, THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY; LOANS CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202,
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

DON'T WORRY—
YOU CAN BORROW MONEY FROM ME ON your FURNITURE OR PIANO at the following low cost:
$25 for $1.00 a month.
$30 for $1.25 a month.
$35 for $1.40 a month.
$40 for $1.50 a month.
$50 for $1.75 a month.
$75 for $2.25 a month.
$100 for $2.75 a month.
$125 for $3.50 a month.
$150 for $4.25 a month.
$200 for $5.50 a month.
If you have ever borrowed money on this class of security you will appreciate these exceedingly low rates; compare with what others charge and see the great saving; all applications given prompt attention; no delay or publicity; the property remains undisturbed in your possession.
97 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 30.

NOT IN THE TRUST.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. WE OFFER UNEQUALED RATES, BEST TERMS, QUICKEST SERVICE, ABSOLUTELY PRIVATE.
ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS.
Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.
It will require only an interview to establish the truth of our statement. We solicit that interview.
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., SUITE 505.
AND
301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV.
South side office open evenings.

L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
157 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
535 LINCOLN-AV. [UPSTAIRS].
11 BLUE ISLAND-AV., ROOM 307.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
CHEAPER THAN ANY WHO ADVERTISE 3%.
CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER RATES PUBLISHED.
PERSONS KNOWING WHAT OTHERS CHARGE WILL APPRECIATE THIS REDUCTION.
BRANCH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.
[ALSO, LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.]

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE,
110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.
WEST SIDE OFFICE,
567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your possession. Our south and west side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on south and west sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
SALARY LOANS ON PLAIN NOTES.
FURITURE LOANS; goods remain in your undisturbed possession.
PEOPLE'S LOAN AND TRUST CO. [NOT INC.],
185 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 619.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNITURE, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
A. H. WILLIAMS, 69 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, OR ANY COLLATERAL; ALSO SALARY LOANS WITHOUT SECURITY IN ANY AMOUNT AT CUT RATES. NORTHERN INVESTMENT CO., 130 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 505.

A. FRENCH & CO., 128 LA SALLE-ST., WILL loan you $20 to $200 on your furniture, piano, or horse and carriage at the lowest rates, without removal. All business confidential. WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.

CHICAGO MUTUAL LOAN CO.,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
Organized and established to make loans to those who need them. CALL ON US.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND jewelry at lowest rates. SLATTS & POE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

I LOAN ON FURNITURE AS THE BIG ADS. do. Try me. I will treat you as they never knew. RICHARDSON, 154 La Salle-st., Room 16.

FURNITURE AND PIANO LOANS MADE BY private party. 89 E. Madison-st., R. 8.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY—EVERY MAN OR WOMAN IN CHICAGO getting a salary kindly call and get all the money you want on your plain note; NO INDORSER; no mortgage. No security required.
WE MUST GET OUR MONEY OUT,
hence every one come and get it. Written guarantees given not to enforce payment through your firm. Honorable and just treatment. LOWEST RATES. Easiest weekly or monthly payments. Call and investigate, whether you borrow or not. CONFIDENTIAL. Mason Investment Co., 135 Adams, Room 1209, n. w. cor. Clark.

REPUBLIC IRON AND STEEL COMPANY.
Dividend No. 14.
The fourteenth quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent upon the preferred stock of this company has been declared payable January 2d, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 15th, 1902.
The transfer books will close December 15th, 1902, at three o'clock p. m. and reopen on January 2d, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m.
YSBRAND B. HAAGSMA,
Secretary.

MONEY AT ONE, TWO, OR THREE PER CENT per month, dependent on the risk, all charges included, is obtainable without security by MERCHANTS, MANUFACTURERS, and the better element of salaried employes from the Merchants' Credit Co., 1501-4 Masonic Temple Bldg., the oldest and largest concern of its kind in the world. In no manner connected with any firm of similar name and an institution that has always had the confidence and good will of the press and the public in general. Phone Central 836 for confidential appointment.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
We advance money on the easy payment plan to male and female employes holding responsible positions for about one-half the rates charged elsewhere. We also buy accounts, rents, annuities, incomes, notes, and all good securities. Business confidential. No preliminary charges. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
JOHN MULHOLLAND,
515 The Temple Bldg., Monroe and La Salle-sts.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED.
LOANS MADE ON LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES at 6 per cent per annum. We pay and loan more than other companies.
LOUIS ADLER & CO.,
501 Atwood Bldg., 132 and 134 Clark-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED.
Loans on policies at 6 per cent per annum.
Give larger cash and loan values than companies.
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The largest, very much the largest, stock of pianos assembled in any salesrooms in the world.
QUALITY AND LOWEST PRICES.
These two things are assured every purchaser. But Quality comes first, for the "Quality of an article is remembered long after the price is forgotten."
Pianos sold by us bear a double guarantee—that of the maker's and our own.
It has been said that a visit to our warerooms is worth a considerable sum of money to any intending piano purchaser. For there he can see
24 DIFFERENT MAKES OF
PIANOS SIDE BY SIDE
and can soon ascertain just how far the sum which he has in mind will go in the purchase of a piano.
NEW UPRIGHTS $125
NEW UPRIGHTS 150
NEW UPRIGHTS 175
NEW UPRIGHTS 200
The above pianos are fully equal to instruments usually sold for $50 more. The values are possible only by reason of the extent of our transactions.
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UPRIGHTS AT $225,
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These pianos represent the latest thought of some of the best known eastern pianomakers.
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and other pianos of the very highest class are sold only by us.
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Choice of about 100 slightly used and second hand pianos, including Steinway, Knabe, Krakauer, Fischer, Sterling, and other celebrated makes. Some as low as $100. A very great advantage in early selection.
EASY PAYMENTS—These pianos may be secured from us on very easy terms. No advance in price when paid for by installments. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and also our schedule of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere. Inexpensive piano bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or a Knabe, which famous makes are sold only by us.
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The unusual success which has marked the progress of our bargain sales is significant of the fact that we are giving you really good values. Our stock comprises many of the best standard pianos in all kinds of fancy woods as well as a number of fine pianos left over from our railroad wreck sale. To close these out quickly we offer them at $187.50 and $215 each, a bona fide reduction of $75 on each piano. A number of slightly used pianos, of all the different makes, at a great deal less than manufacturer's cost.
1 $250 Sterling upright piano for $145
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7 $275 upright pianos, eastern makes, for [each] 167
1 $325 Sohmer upright piano for 225
1 $225 Sterling upright piano for 120
And a great many others, too numerous to mention.
Used Steger & Sons pianos at $260
New Steger & Sons upright pianos from $320 to 700
Good square pianos from $15 to $60.
Terms cash, or "Steger's easy payment plan."
The attention of conservative buyers is especially directed to this sale as being one of the finest opportunities of procuring a first class piano at a great saving. All prices marked in plain figures. Our own guaranty with every piano we sell.
STEGER & SONS PIANO MFG. CO.,
235 Wabash-av., n. w. cor. Jackson-blvd.

BUSH & GERTS' BARGAINS—
Kimball Square .... $ 25
English Upright 50
Hale Upright 75
Krakauer Upright 125
Weber Upright 150
Bush & Gerts Upright 175
Ellington Upright, fine mahogany case, nearly new 200
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Apollo Piano Player 150
Apollo Piano Player 175
Any of the above second hand instruments can be bought on very easy terms, and will be put in first class condition. We agree to exchange any of these for a new piano within three years from date of purchase and allow the original purchase price.
New pianos for sale from $150 to $700.
New pianos for rent at very reasonable rates.
One year's rent allowed if piano is purchased.
New Apollo Piano Players for sale or rent.
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[Two stores.]
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LUDWIG PIANOS,
and several other makes—large stock to select from.
Great bargains in used Pianos and Organs.
Our prices always the lowest.
Easy terms of payment.
200 new pianos for rent.
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12 NEW PIANOS, DAMAGED IN SHIPMENT from factory, at HALF COST.
Mahogany, walnut, and rosewood cases; some only slightly scratched; your choice for
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Handsome designs, in plain, colonial, and elaborately carved cases. If you are looking for a genuine bargain do not overlook this lot pianos. Interiors of all in perfect condition and fully guaranteed.
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In addition to our stock of new pianos we have over 100 used instruments.
Organs, $10, $15, $20, $25.
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Legitimate values in first class pianos.
Real bargains in used pianos.
PIANOS to rent—Bauer uprights, in great variety, at from $3.50 per month up.
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Established 1857.

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75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 per week.
Slightly used Steinway upright, $145.
$135 buys Ivers Pond, burl walnut.
$125 buys Steinway. $115 buys Chickering.
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Square Pianos: $10, $15, $25, $35.
Almost new Chase upright, $225, payments.
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Great bargains in slightly used and second hand pianos. A fine parlor grand, very low price. Pianos for rent. S. SWANLUND, Swedish salesman.
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267 Wabash-av.
J. M. FRENCH, Manager.

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Baldwin, Ellington, Hamilton, Howard pianos. Hamilton organs. Vocalion church organs. Easy terms. Inspection solicited.
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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF RENTING PIANOS—Uprights from $3 per month upwards; largest stock in the city to select from. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 258 and 260 Wabash-av.

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as shown by plain figures on each instrument. These figures are conclusive as to price. Thus is piano buying made simple and the public confidence won.
THAT IS WHY the verdict of Emma Eames, Jean de Reszke, Marcella Sembrich, Walter Damrosch, and hundreds of those whose words are decisive among the nations is so amply sustained in the annual tribute of more than 30,000 purchasers of the Kimball product.
THE KIMBALL PIANO PLAYER
is a piece of mechanism which has such unlimited command over the keyboard that it seems endowed with intelligence and passion. Thus is saved to its users years of arduous toil in the study and practice of music.
KIMBALL SELF-PLAYING PIPE ORGANS.
KIMBALL SELF-PLAYING REED ORGANS.
All at manufacturers' prices and terms to suit the purchaser.
SPECIAL BARGAIN LIST
includes new and used upright pianos ranging in price from $90 to $210. Square pianos from $20 to $60; and used reed organs from $15 to $40.
W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857].
S. W. Cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

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THE WESTERN AGENCY, 119-121 LA SALLE-ST., CAN SELL YOUR BUSINESS, ANY PART OF CITY OR COUNTRY, FOR CASH; NO CHARGE UNTIL SOLD. WE MAKE NO PROMISES WE CANNOT KEEP. CALL AND SEE US. THE RESULT WILL PLEASE YOU. OUR ADVERTISEMENTS APPEAR REGULARLY IN TRIBUNE AND OTHER CHICAGO PAPERS. REFERENCES IF DESIRED.

RELIABLE BUSINESS MAN CAN PURCHASE president's stock of Illinois corporation and receive salary of $200 per month besides dividends; experience unnecessary. HALL & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

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COMPAGNIE GEN'ALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French Line. New York to Havre—Six days.
Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Champagne.Dec. 4 Jan. 1 Jan. 29 Feb. 26
La Lorraine...Dec. 11 Jan. 8 Feb. 5 Apr. 23
La Touraine...Dec. 18 ...... Feb. 19 Mch. 19
La Bretagne.......... Jan. 15 Feb. 12 Mch. 12
La Savoie.....Dec. 25 Jan. 22 Mch. 5 Apr. 2
New, modern, gigantic Twin Screw and Express Steamers; naval officers' map-of-war discipline. Company's vestibule trains, Havre-Paris, 4 hours.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

TO THE GEM OF WEST INDIES,
JAMAICA.
Weekly sailing by steamers of
ATLAS LINE SERVICE.
ONE WAY, $40. ROUND TRIP, $75.
23 DAY CRUISE WITH STOPOVERS, $125.
Incl. Jamaica, Colombia, Nicaragua, Costa Rica.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts.

COOK'S CRUISE
to the
MEDITERRANEAN, ORIENT AND HOLY LAND
by the new Hamburg-American Line Twin-Screw Steamship "Moltke" [12,000 tons]. A 70 day cruise, leaving New York February 4, 1903.
Fares moderate and inclusive.
Postal will bring full particulars.
THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st., Chicago.
Tel. 1482 Harrison.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Campania .... Dec. 6 Jan. 24
Umbria .... Dec. 13 Jan. 10
Lucania .... Dec. 20 Feb. 7
Etruria .... Dec. 27 Feb. 14
Saxonia [new twin scr.].Dec. 6 Jan. 3 Jan. 31
Ivernia [new twin scr.]...... Dec. 20 Jan. 17
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.
Phone Central 2051.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE—
NEW YORK TO LONDON.
Min'haha.Nov. 29, 4 pm | Min'tonka.Dec. 20, 9 am
Mesaba.....Dec. 6, 9 am | Min'polis..Dec. 27, 4 pm
Manitou ..Dec. 13, 9 am | Min'haha...Jan. 3, 8 am
Modern steamers. Comfort unsurpassed. All berths on upper decks and amidships. Cabin only. Rates, etc., Phone Harrison 908, 909. 234 La Salle-st., 3d floor.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Celtic (20,904 tons, 700 feet long) .... Dec. 3
Teutonic (9,964 tons, 582 feet long) .... Dec. 10
Oceanic (705 feet long, 17,274 tons) .... Dec. 17
Cymric (600 feet long, 12,552 tons) .... Dec. 24
Celtic (20,904 tons, 700 feet long) .... Dec. 31
WHITE STAR LINE.
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK—GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL.
Astoria .... Nov. 29 | Ethiopia .... Dec. 20
Furnessia .... Dec. 6 | Anchoria .... Jan. 3
NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
Calabria .... Nov. 29 | Victoria .... Dec. 6
Secure choice of berths by early application.
176 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 3335.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: China, Dec. 3; Doric, Dec. 11; Nippon Maru, Dec. 19. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders, and information apply to W. G. NEIMYER, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
New York-Rotterdam via Boulogne-sur-Mer. New twin screw steamers of 13,000 tons register.
Twin Screw Str. POTSDAM .... Nov. 29, 10 a. m.
Twin Screw Str. RYNDAM .... Dec. 6, 10 a. m.
Twin Screw Str. ROTTERDAM..Dec. 13, 10 a. m.
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
90 and 92 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

MEXICO, CUBA, PUERTO RICO, WEST INdies. Oriental cruises, tours under escort; independent tickets, private cars, special trains with dining cars. AMERICAN TOURIST ASSOCIATION, Reau Campbell, Gen. Mgr., 186 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Navigazione Generale Italiana to
NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA.
All New Steamers. Weekly Service. Apply to FIRZEL, FELTMAN & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 185 S. Clark-st., Gen. West. Agt.

BEAVER LINE PASSENGER SERVICE—
MONTREAL. LIVERPOOL.
Weekly Sailings—New Steamships.
Best accommodations at lowest rates.
C. F. WENHAM, 47 Dearborn-st. Cent. 2082.

TOURS TO CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, FLORIDA, EUROPE, etc. Independent STEAMSHIP and RAILWAY tickets everywhere. CRUISES TO WEST INDIES and Mediterranean. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 232 S. Clark-st.

TOURS, HIGH CLASS, ALSO WINTER CRUISES to the Orient, West Indies, etc. WARD BROS., Gen. S. S. Agts., 238 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

BARRY MUSKEGON LINE, $1 TO GRAND HAven and Muskegon, $1.50 to Grand Rapids; lowest rates Michigan points, Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 7:45 p. m. North end Rush-st. bridge. Phone Central 1487.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS TO MILWAUKEE and Racine daily, 8 p. m.; fare, 75c. For all west shore ports and all points on Green Bay, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 7:45 p. m. Dock east end Michigan-st. Phone Central 1749.
The Barry Transportation Co. are now handling freight and passengers from the Northern Michigan Transportation Co.'s docks, east end of Michigan-st.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—$1 MILWAUKEE and Racine, 8 p. m. daily; $1 Grand Haven and Muskegon; $1.50 Grand Rapids, 7:45 p. m., Tues., Thur., and Sat. Ticket office and docks foot Michigan-av. Phone Cent. 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ¶Ex. Monday. ‖Saturday only.

WESTERN ROADS.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday], Cent. 3046. Depot, H. 758.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited.	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Peoria & Springfield Express.	† 2:30 pm	† 2:45 pm
St. Louis Limited Express...	* 9:17 pm	* 7:30 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express..	*11:30 pm	* 8:02 am
Peoria & Texas Limited.....	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Forrest Accommodation.....	* 4:35 pm	* 9:47 am
Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston...	*11:00 am	* 3:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls & N. Y....	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm
Montpelier Accommodation.	*10:00 am	*10:50 am
Detroit, N. Falls, & Bost.Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex..	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm

ATCHISON, TOPEKA, AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. Phone Cent. 2037. Trains stop at Halsted-st. sta'n. Leave. Arrive.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.	† 7:58 am	† 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth..	† 1:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Streator, Jol, Lockport, Lemont	....	9:25 am
Lemont, Lockport, Joliet.....	† 4:00 pm	† 8:05 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Texas.	* 6:27 pm	* 9:00 am
K. City, Cal., and Mex......	*10:00 pm	* 7:40 am
K. City, Texas & Nor. Cal...	....	* 8:47 pm
The California Limited—Los Angeles, San Francisco...	* 8:00 pm	* 2:15 pm

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. — MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 3503 Cent.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, K. City, St. Jos.,	* 8:45 am	* 9:30 pm
	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Des Moines, Marshall'n..	*11:00 pm	* 1:40 pm
Sycamore and Byron......	* 3:10 pm	*10:35 am
St. Charles, Sycamore, and De Kalb..	† 1:00 pm	† 9:55 am
	† 5:35 pm	....

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket offices, 211 Clark St. (Telephone Central 721), Oakley Av. and Wells St. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Overland Limited" for first-class Sleeping Car passengers only	* 8:00 pm	* 9:00 am
Des Moines, Omaha, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*10:00 pm	* 7:15 am
	*11:30 pm	* 3:15 pm
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City, Des Moines, Cedar Rapids	* 6:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Sioux City, Cedar Rapids	*11:30 pm	* 1:25 pm
Des Moines, Sioux City, Omaha	*11:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Des Moines, Sioux City, Mason City, Fairmont, Parkersburg, Traer	*11:30 pm	* 8:45 pm
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	* 6:30 pm	* 9:45 am
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids	*11:30 pm	* 8:00 pm
Black Hills and Deadwood	*11:30 pm	* 7:15 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth	*10:00 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Hudson, Stillwater	* 6:30 pm	* 9:00 am
	* 6:30 pm	*11:45 am
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato	* 9:00 am	* 6:45 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Mankato and Western Minnesota and Dakotas	* 8:00 am	* 6:45 pm
	* 6:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay	*11:30 am	* 5:55 pm
	* 8:00 pm	* 1:15 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Junction	* 3:00 pm	*11:10 am
Menominee, Iron Mountain	* 9:00 am	* 5:55 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	* 5:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	*10:00 pm	* 9:45 am
	* 6:30 pm	* 4:00 pm
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior	* 9:00 pm	* 8:00 am
	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Green Bay, Florence, Crystal Falls	*10:30 pm	* 7:30 am

Rockford and Freeport—Lv. †7:15 am, §8.45 am, †10:20 am, †4:45 pm, †7:00 pm, †11:25 pm.
Rockford—Lv. †8:00 am, §4:00am, †9:00am, §2:59pm, †6:30pm.
Beloit, Janesville, Madison—Lv. †8:00 am, §4:00 am, *5:00 am, *4:25 pm, *5:01 pm, *8:00 pm.
Janesville, Madison—Lv. *4:30 pm, *8:00 pm, *10:00 pm.
Milwaukee—Lv. †8:00 am, §4:00 am, †7:00 am, *9:00 am, †11:30 am, *2:00 pm, *3:00 pm, *5:00 pm, *8:00 pm, *10:30 pm.
a Dly Menominee and Rhinelander. b Dly Green Bay.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Janesville, Madison	† 7:45 am	† 8:00 pm
Mineral Point Division	† 7:45 am	† 1:05 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville..	† 8:20 am	† 1:45 pm
St. Paul—Mpls. Day Exp. ...	* 9:00 am	* 9:35 pm
Delavan, Wausau, Merrill ...	† 9:00 am	* 9:25 pm
Madison & Prairie du Chien..	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Delavan-Beloit	†11:30 am	† 4:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville..	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Delavan-Beloit	† 3:00 pm	* 9:30 am
Green Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
F. du Lac, Oshkosh-Ripon..	† 3:00 pm	† 9:45 pm
Janesville, Madison	† 4:00 pm	†10:15 am
Mineral Point Division	† 4:00 pm	† 8:00 pm
Rockford	† 4:05 pm	†10:25 am
Madison, Prairie du Chien..	† 5:00 pm	† 9:30 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota..	* 6:00 pm	* 7:55 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford, S. City, D. Moines, S. Falls.	* 6:00 pm	* 7:55 am
Janesville, Madison	* 6:05 pm	* 1:05 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
C. Rapids, K. City, S'x City.	*10:25 pm	*10:55 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota...	*10:25 pm	*10:55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver....	*10:25 pm	†10:55 pm
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq. The Copper Country Lim.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, Star Lake.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am

For Milwaukee—Depart, *7:00, *9:00, †11:30 a. m.; *3:00, *5:00, *6:30, *10:30 p. m.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3117 CENtral—Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle.	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockf'd, Forreston.	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Mendota, Galesburg	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Galesburg, Burl'g'n, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 9:15 am	* 7:25 pm
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	* 9:15 am	* 7:25 pm
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland..	* 9:15 am	* 9:20 am
Illinois and Iowa Local	*11:30 am	* 6:55 am
Texas points and Mexico	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Galesburg, Quincy, Hannibal.	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Rock Falls, Sterling, Rockf'd.	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator..	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Denver, Utah, California	* 5:00 pm	* 7:25 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk....	* 5:00 pm	* 2:20 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison & Leavenworth..	* 6:10 pm	* 8:12 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 8:55 am
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona..	* 6:30 pm	* 9:20 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln....	* 6:40 pm	* 9:00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph........	*10:30 pm	* 6:55 am
Quincy and Hannibal	*10:30 pm	* 6:55 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	‡10:50 pm	† 9:35 pm
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona.	‡10:50 pm	† 9:35 pm
Denver, Utah, California	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D..	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison.....	*11:00 pm	* 6:55 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st., and Park row. Trains for the south (except fast mail), can be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d st. stations. Tickets at city office, 99 Adams-st., and at the Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special.	* 8:30 am	* 9:45 pm
Memphis & N. Orleans Lim., Hot Springs, Ark., Nashville and Florida	* 6:25 pm	*11:20 am
Monticello, Ill., and Decatur.	* 6:25 pm	* 1:20 pm
St. Louis and Springfield, Diamond Special	*10:15 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield, Daylight Special, Decatur.	*11:32 am	* 7:35 pm
Cairo, Decatur, St. L., Local.	† 8:25 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Mail—New Orleans	* 2:50 am	....
Bloomington & Chatsworth..	† 8:35 am	† 9:45 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth..	† 4:30 pm	† 1:20 pm
Champaign & Gilman Local..	....	† 1:20 pm
Evansville Express	* 8:30 am	† 6:00 pm
Evansville, Cairo and South.	* 8:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Kankakee and Rantoul	* 4:30 pm	*10:00 am
Minneapolis and St. Paul....	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls.	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Omaha Day Express	* 9:15 am	* 9:30 pm
Omaha, S. City Fast Mail....	* 2:55 am	* 9:30 pm
Rockford Passenger	† 3:10 pm	*10:05 am
Rockford and Dubuque	† 3:45 pm	†12:55 pm

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Temporary passenger station, cor. Harrison-st. and 5th-av. during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City Tkt. office, cor. Adams & Dearborn.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Kas. City, Tex., Calif. & Mexico, via El Paso Short Line.	* 8:32 am	*10:10 pm
Peoria	* 8:32 am	*10:10 pm
Illinois and Davenport Mail..	* 9:15 am	* 7:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail....	* 9:15 am	* 7:50 pm
Peoria, R. Island, Dav'port.	† 1:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Wash'n, Oskal'sa, D. Moines.	† 9:15 am	† 5:30 pm
Joliet Express	†11:45 am	* 3:44 pm
Joliet Accommodation	* 3:15 pm	*10:35 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis....	* 5:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls.	* 4:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Joliet Exp.—Peru Accom....	† 5:10 pm	† 8:47 am
Rocky Mt. Lim. to Omaha, Colo. Springs, and Denver.	* 5:45 pm	* 5:30 pm
K. City, St. Jos., Leavenw'th, Atc., Col. & Ft. W. Tex. Ex.	* 6:05 pm	* 9:40 am
Peoria	* 6:05 pm	* 5:30 pm
Golden State Limited to Los Angeles, Santa Barbara and San Francisco	* 7:45 pm	*10:30 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah & California, via Omaha....	*10:00 pm	* 8:20 am
C. Rapids, St. Paul & Minn..	*10:00 pm	* 7:25 am
Peoria, Davenport	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Jos, Des Moines, Omaha	‖11:30 pm	* 7:25 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. ¶Ex. Mon.

CHICAGO AND ALTON — UNION PASSENGER station, Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Cent. 1767.
TRAINS DEPART— "THE ONLY WAY."
† 8:35 am Joliet accommodation.
† 9:00 am Bloomington, Peoria, Sp'field, St. Louis.
9:00 am Joliet, Dwight accom'n [Sunday only].
*11:25 am Alton lim'd for Springfield & St. Louis.
†11:25 am Jacksonville, Roodhouse, & Mexico.
† 1:15 pm and †3:30 pm, Joliet accommodations.
* 5:10 pm Joliet, Bloomington, and Peoria.
† 5:30 pm Joliet accommodation.
* 6:00 pm Kansas City limited.
* 9:00 pm Bloomington, Springfield and St. Louis.
*11:15 pm Joliet accommodation.
*11:40 pm Midnight special, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Kansas City.
Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloom'ton, *8:10 am, *1:15 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *7:15 am, *8:10 am, *5:04 pm, †8:05 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *1:15 pm, †8:05 pm; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:15 pm, †8:05 pm; Jefferson City, Mexico, Mo., Jacksonville, Ill., †8:05 pm; Dwight, Joliet, a7:30 pm; Bloomington local, *10:10 am; Joliet locals, †7:50 am, †8:50 am, †4:30 pm, †7:45 pm, *9:30 pm.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 555.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville...	† 8:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Southern Illinois & Thebes..	† 8:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Mudlavia Spgs. & Brazil....	†10:20 am	† 1:43 pm
New Orleans Special........	D* 1:30 pm	D* 4:10 pm
Mudlavia Spgs. & V'burg...	† 1:45 pm	† 5:45 pm
Danville Express........	* 5:05 pm	*10:03 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim....	* 7:00 pm	D* 9:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville...	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am
Arkansas & Texas........	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am

D. Dining car on these trains.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2357. Depot 12th-st. and Park-row.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Oshkosh, Eau Claire, Ashland, Ironwood & Pacific coast.	* 2:45 am	* 9:38 am
	* 6:15 pm	*10:50 pm
Duluth and Superior........	* 6:15 pm	* 9:38 am
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, and Neenah.....	† 8:35 am	† 1:05 pm
	† 1:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire.	† 8:35 am	† 6:15 pm
Waukesha Local	* 4:00 pm	*10:00 am

EASTERN ROADS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION passenger station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance.....	† 7:30 am	*7:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville.....	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati........	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Columbus, Balto. & Wash.....	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York....	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
The Pennsylvania Special.......	*12:00 n'n	*8:55 am
Pittsburg, Phila. & New York.	*12:00 n'n	*8:55 am
Philadelphia and New York....	*12:05 pm	*2:50 pm
Baltimore and Washington.....	*12:05 pm	*2:50 pm
Pittsburg, Balt. & Washington	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 am
Philadelphia and New York....	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 am
The Pennsylvania Limited......	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
Pittsburg and Washington......	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
Philadelphia and New York....	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
The Pittsburg Special........	* 7:30 pm	*7:35 am
Youngstown and New Castle..	* 7:30 pm	*7:35 am
Columbus, Pgh., and the east..	* 9:00 pm	*7:35 am
Cincinnati and Dayton........	* 8:40 pm	*7:30 am
Indianapolis and Louisville....	* 8:40 pm	*7:30 am
Pittsburg and the east........	*11:45 pm	*7:35 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

ERIE LINES—TICKET OFFICES, 242 CLARK-st., Auditorium hotel, Dearborn station. Phone Harrison 3274.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Rochester and Huntington....	† 7:30 am	† 3:22 pm
New York and Boston	*10:30 am	* 5:20 pm
New York [Wells-Fargo Ex.].	....	† 9:45 pm
Rochester and Huntington....	† 4:10 pm	*10:00 am
New York and Boston........	* 3:20 pm	* 7:25 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va...	* 9:20 pm	* 7:25 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R.—Grand Central passenger station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express..	10:35 am	9:15 pm
New York Express	2:30 pm	5:25 pm
New York and Boston Express..	9:15 pm	7:40 am

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. Phone Central 2057.

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHern Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys.—Grand Central station, Harrison-st. and 5th-av.; and 31st-st. station. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

No.	Leave.		Arrive.	No.
2	† 7:00 am	Day Express	† 7:00 pm	7
6	* 8:30 am	Buff., Alb., & N. Y..	* 7:50 am	3
10	*10:30 am	N. Y. and Bost. Spec.	....	
26	*12:30 pm	20th Century Limited*	9:45 am	21
28	* 2:00 pm	New England Ex....	*11:50 am	15
14	* 3:00 pm	Buffalo and the east..	* 3:00 pm	45
22	* 5:30 pm	Lake Shore Limited..	* 4:30 pm	19
		Elkhart Accom.......	† 9:35 am	175
20	* 8:30 pm	Cleveland	* 7:10 am	37
28	*10:35 pm	Clev., Pitts., N. Y. and Boston	* 9:00 pm	23

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.
EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams St., Auditorium and Great Northern Hotels, Palmer House, and stations 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St. Nov. 28, 1902.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Detroit Mail and Express........	† 6:45 am	† 8:40 pm
New York and Boston Special.....	*10:30 am	* 9:00 pm
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston	* 1:00 pm	* 8:55 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation.....	† 3:50 pm	†11:10 am
New York Special........	* 5:30 pm	* 8:05 am
Detroit Night Express........	*10:00 pm	* 7:40 am
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston	*11:30 pm	* 7:40 am
Saginaw and Bay City Sleeper....	†10:00 pm	† 7:40 am
New York and Eastern points...	....	* 2:35 pm
Boston and New England points.	....	† 9.00 pm
Via Pere Marquette R. R.		
Grand Rapids and Petoskey	† 7.15 am	†11.10 pm
Grand Rapids and Traverse City..	†12:00 n'n	† 5.00 pm
Grand Rapids Express	† 4.50 pm	† 1.20 pm
Grand Rapids Express	‡11.50 pm	* 7.05 am
Muskegon and Petoskey	‡11.50 pm	† 7.05 am
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.		
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	† 8.45 am	† 2.35 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	† 5.00 pm	† 5.25 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	‡11.30 pm	† 7.40 am

MONON ROUTE — DEPOT, DEARBORN STAtion. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels. 'Phone Har. 1245.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.*	2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville....*	8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.*	8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.	*12:00 n'n	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette & Bloomington...	†12:00 n'n	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette Accommodation....	† 3:20 pm	*10:35 am
Lafayette and Louisville....*	9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.*	9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs*	8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs*	9:00 pm	* 7:23 am

BALTIMORE & OHIO — DEPOT GRAND CENtral passenger station. Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local Express	† 7:15 am	†5:15 pm
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited.	*10:10 am	*7:30 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Pitts. V. Lim.*	3:30 pm	*9:40 am
Columbus & Wheeling Ex....	* 7:45 am	*6:50 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Ex....	* 7:00 pm	*6:50 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d, 39th, 53d, 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 234 Clark and Auditorium.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati...	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Louisville	†9:00 am	†5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington....	*1:00 pm	*8:40 pm
Lafayette and Louisville........	*8:30 pm	*7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati...	*8:30 pm	*7:10 am

DENIED MERIT LAW PROTECTION

Policeman Appointed Before Civil Service Act Became Effective Refused Relief by Appellate Court.

The Appellate court yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Circuit court in refusing a writ of mandamus to Myron S. Kisselberg to compel the city of Chicago to restore his name to the classified service as sergeant of police. Kisselberg was reduced from sergeant to patrolman in July 1897. The Appellate court held, as in a former case, that the plaintiff, having been appointed before the civil service law went into effect, that law did not affect his tenure of office.

The Appellate court yesterday affirmed the decision of the Circuit court in refusing to set aside a judgment for $24,800 secured by the trustees of the estate of Albert M. Billings against William Whalen. The defendant declared he was imprisoned and duress used in compelling him to sign the notes for the amount of the judgment. The Appellate court holds that the lower court had the right to issue a capias for Whalen's imprisonment.

The Appellate court dismissed the appeal of the Chicago General railway company to require Receiver F. H. Sellers to pay the company $28,500 for the expenses of litigation.

Other opinions by the Appellate court were as follows:

10058—William M. Carr and George B. Carr vs. Robert L. Henry, exect., etc.; reversed and remanded.

10131—H. W. Wetherell et al., exetrs., etc., vs. Chicago City railroad company; reversed and remanded.

10325—Joseph M. Hartenfeld vs. A. S. Klein company, a corp.; affirmed.

10327—Michigan Leather company, a corp., vs. George J. Foyer; reversed and remanded.

10337—Chicago General railway company vs. F. H. Sellers, rec.; appeal dismissed.

10340—Benjamin R. Stanley vs. The People; reversed and remanded.

10343—G. L. Hopper vs. C. S. Mather et al.; affirmed.

10347—Moses Salomon vs. Jesse Holdom, admr., et al.; affirmed.

10348—John Knefel vs. John Pink; affirmed.

10349—Hugh F. Eaton vs. George H. Graham et al.; reversed and remanded with directions.

10352—John C. Henning vs. Minnie Libke; affirmed.

10355—Ellen M. Kline vs. Ted M. Kline; reversed and remanded.

10368—Orville M. Powers vs. National Surety company; affirmed.

Opinions by the branch Appellate court were as follows:

9782—Estate of James E. McElroy, decd., vs. Lincoln Brooke; affirmed.

9953—Patrick H. O'Donnell, admr. est. Henry Body, decd., vs. James F. Lewis; affirmed.

10120—Seeley Brewing company vs. Henry B. Mason; affirmed.

10127—Richard Guthman Transfer company vs. Edward E. Gray; affirmed.

10129—Charles W. Lasher vs. Carter L. Littell; affirmed.

10130—Henry V. Pierpont vs. Edwin O. Lamphere et al.; affirmed.

10135—Illinois Central railroad company vs. Barthomie Smiesni; reversed and remanded.

10137—Brink's Chicago City Express company vs. Samuel P. Herron; reversed and remanded.

10139—Daisy Ransom Harts, et al., admrs. est. F. S. Hanson, decd., vs. Alexander Frazer; reversed and remanded.

10141—United States Brewing company vs. Richard Ruddy; affirmed.

10147—City of Chicago vs. Cornelius Anglum; reversed and remanded.

10145—Peter and Lem W. Flersheim vs. Illinois Watch company; reversed and remanded.

10151—Robert H. Law vs. John C. Uhrlaub; affirmed.

10155—George M. Turner vs. Fannie Turner; reversed.

10159—August Elser vs. Charles M. Williams; affirmed.

Court Calls Saturday.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Stein—Motions new trial and contested motions.
Judge Chytraus—Default divorces.
Judge Goodwin—Motion for a new trial.
Judge Holdom—Default divorces, contested motions, motions of course.
Judge Kavanagh—Motions for a new trial and contested motions.
Judge Hutchinson—Motions for new trial and law contested motions.
Judge Gary—Motions new trial and law contested motions.
Judge Patton—Motions new trial and law contested motions.
Judge Moffett—Motions new trial and law contested motions. Decision in 7339.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Hanecy—Law and chancery contested motions and motions for new trial.
Judge Tuley—Default divorces.
Judge Gibbons—Motions for new trial and chancery contested motions.
Judge Tuthill—Motions for new trial and law contested motions. Chancery contested motions. Default divorces.
Judge Smith—On hearing, 3959.
Judge Roberts—Motions new trial and law contested motions and default divorces.
Judge Clifford—Decision in 1786, Pike vs. Pike.
Judge Baker—Motions for new trial, law and chancery contested motions.
Judge Burke—Law contested motions, motions for new trial, and default divorces.
Judge Frost—Motions for a new trial, default divorces.
Judge Bishop—Motion for a new trial.
Judge Dunne—Default divorces, law contested motions, chancery contested motions, and motions for new trial.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Gower—Law contested motions and motions for new trial.
Judge Carter—Motions of course.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Chetlain—Call not extended.
Judge Brentano—Call not extended.
Judge Horton—10 a. m., motions and sentences in 2431, 2402, 889, 14763, 1340.
Judge Neely—Call not extended.
Judge McEwen—Call not extended.

PROBATE COURT.

No court.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Judge Seaman—United States Circuit court—25131 on trial.
Judge Kohlsaat—United States District court—Criminal case on trial.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments

Judge Stein—203541—Piano Mfg. Co. vs. Archibald Sargent and M. K. Van Slyke; by deflt., $217. —203295—J. Fred McGuire et al. vs. Antinette and Samuel E. Oberholtzer; on ver., $109.50.—203162—Gust Olson use Walker G. Kraft vs. Mary E. Griffith; on findg., $28, wages.

Judge Hutchinson—217336—Napoleon Benjamin vs. I. C. R. R. Co.; on findg., $500; satisfied.

Judge Goodwin—216548—Sampson Rodgers vs. C. & N. W. Ry. Co.; on findg., $1,375.—216717—Solomon Miller vs. City; on findg., $1,000.—226778—Leslie Strook vs. C. C. Ry. Co.; on ver., $110.

Judge Moffett—David Elsno, minor, vs. W. C. St. R. R. Co.; on ver. for plff., $1,000; satisfied.

Judge Tuthill—227106—Northrup Comm. Co. vs. John E. Smith and J. J. Dooley; mo. n. t. denied and judgt., $129.24; appl.

Judge Baker—183200—Celia Hillstrom vs. Ogden Gas Co.; on findg., $261; satisfied.

Judge Clifford—230742—Joseph Bobby vs. Jessie B. Whitehead; by deflt., $328.60.

Judge Smith—215287—Bernard Cohn et al. vs. Thomas C. Michel; mo. n. t. denied and judgt., $196; appl.

Decrees.

Judge Holdom—5536—Jones vs. Jones; dec. div. —5582—Decker vs. Decker; dec. div.—5206—Fogarty vs. Fogarty; dec. div.—222950—Lawson vs. Lawson; dec. div.

Judge Chytraus—5513—Lundwall vs. Lundwall; dec. div.—5629—Cornelius vs. Cornelius, dec.—198,299—Welty vs. Welty; dec.—226674—Larsen vs. Larsen; dec. div.

Judge Tuley—1747—Brown vs. T. & T. B. & L. Assn.; dec.—2413—Finlay vs. Cooper; dec. sale.—233577—In re petn. of Sulerbier; dec. of adoptn.

Judge Roberts—3341—Calamara vs. Calamara; dec.

Judge Dunne—2897—McLain vs. McLain; dec. div.—3350—Gerow vs. Gerow; dec. div.—1849—Rust vs. Smith; ord. and dec.—223950—Lawson vs. Lawson; dec. div.

Judge Gibbons—2995—Poole vs. Poole; dec.—229,161—Markus vs. Markus; dec.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

WESTERN IMMIGRATION BUREAU'S FATE IN BALANCE.

Everything Depends on Action of Committee Representing the Rock Island, Southern Pacific, and Santa Fe—Disagreement Would Mean a Rate War Which All but the Southern Pacific Are Anxious to Avoid—Transportation Notes.

The fate of the western immigrant bureau still hangs in the balance. Its future existence depends now on the outcome of a conference of a committee consisting of Passenger Traffic Managers Sebastian of the Rock Island, McCormick of the Southern Pacific, and Nicholson of the Santa Fé, appointed at the meeting of the chief passenger traffic officials interested in the immigrant business to California yesterday. If the three roads represented on the committee can come to some understanding as regards their proportion of the business they should have the other roads are not likely to interpose any serious objection unless some of them should be asked to relinquish a material part of the percentage they are getting now.

The Rock Island's demand for a percentage of the business via El Paso will have to be satisfied if the immigrant pool is to continue. It is allowed none at present, and unless the pool guarantees it such a proportion as it considers itself entitled to it will make independent arrangements with New York steamship agents and gobble up all the business it can. Such a course would break up the pool, and the other roads, with the exception of the Southern Pacific, are willing to make concessions to prevent an immigrant rate war. The Santa Fé and Rock Island have declared their willingness to submit the matter to arbitration, but the Southern Pacific absolutely refuses to do so. It is in a position where it cannot be affected by a rate war, as the business from all roads except the Santa Fé has to come to it any way, and it need not prorate at cut rates.

Should the Southern Pacific persist in its present position there remains nothing else for the advisory committee to do than to dissolve the immigrant pool and let the roads fight it out among themselves.

Illinois Central Improvements.

The Illinois Central has practically secured the right of way for a line from Daily, Ill., to Sand Ridge, Ill., a distance of twenty miles. It is expected that grading will commence about Jan. 1 next. The object of building this line is to handle a portion of the business that will come to the Illinois Central when the bridge across the Mississippi river at Gale is completed.

The Illinois Central probably will commence soon to double track the line from Pinckneyville to East St. Louis, the work to be completed in time for the world's fair. When this is done some of the fast trains from St. Louis for the south will run via Duquoin.

Official Notice of Rate Advance.

Official notice of the increase of 2½ cents a hundred pounds in the freight tariff on grain from Chicago to New York was filed with the interstate commerce commission at Washington yesterday. The new grain freight basis which will be observed by the lines east bound from Chicago and the Mississippi river and north of the Ohio is 20 cents a hundredweight. This rate applies to the domestic freight on grain and grain products. The export rate is advanced from 15 cents to 17½ cents, except that the rate on export grain consigned to a vessel is advanced from 13½ to 16 cents. The new tariff will be effective on Dec. 8.

Report on Santa Fe Earnings.

Santa Fé earnings for October made the best showing since the beginning of the present fiscal year. Net earnings were $250,000 larger than last year. Gross earnings increased over $500,000. Following is a detailed statement of earnings, expenses, etc., for October and for the four months since July 1, 1902:

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross earnings...	$5,910,930	$5,390,922	$520,008
Oper. expenses....	3,240,121	2,983,226	256,895
Net earnings.....	2,670,809	2,407,696	263,113
Taxes and rentals	169,118	172,531	*3,413
Income from operation	2,487,690	2,235,164	262,526
Av. oper. mileage	7,952.08	7,860.21	91.87
Gross earnings...	$20,506,994	$20,107,725	$399,269
Oper. expenses....	12,429,478	11,435,706	993,771
Net earnings.....	8,077,515	8,672,018	*594,503
Taxes and rentals	746,406	681,039	65,368
Income from operation	7,331,109	7,990,978	*659,869
Av. oper. mileage	7,950.49	7,847.69	102.80

*Decrease.

General Transportation Items.

The Michigan Central has established a new fast freight line, to be known as the Ontario and Michigan Central. It operates in both eastern and western territory over three lines of tracks, which cover New York, Pennsylvania, and Michigan as far west as Chicago. The line will run over the tracks of the Michigan Central on both sides of the lakes, the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg division of the New York Central, and the New York, Ontario and Western. J. C. Anderson has been appointed general manager of the line, with headquarters in New York. B. E. Hand has been appointed agent at Chicago.

The Chicago-St. Paul lines will meet in this city next Wednesday to consider the general passenger situation between Chicago and St. Paul.

REOPENS FREIGHT RATE CASE.

Interstate Commerce Commission to Hear Charges of St. Louis Business Men's League Against Railways.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—The interstate commerce commission today announced its decision to reopen the case of the business men's league of St. Louis against the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railway company, and other lines. A further hearing will be held at St. Louis on Feb. 10. The commission holds that a showing of less distance and former graded rates does not warrant an order requiring lower rates from St. Louis, Chicago, and other interior points than from New York on traffic carried by rail to Pacific coast destinations. While the commission does not condemn the tariff as a whole many of its details are decided to be unlawful. The commission decided that a differential as between carloads and less than carloads which is at once more than 50 cents per 100 pounds and more than 50 per cent of the carload rate, is prima facie excessive.

UNION PACIFIC'S PENSION PLAN

Railway Officials Frame Rules and Regulations for Rewarding Old Employes After Retirement.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 28.—Rules and regulations of a pension system, which will go into effect Jan. 1, 1903, have been completed by officials of the Union Pacific railroad. The details of the system will not be made public until later. It is stated that the pensioning of old employes will involve the annual distribution of over $300,000 and is intended to cultivate a closer relation between the railroad and its employes.

DECISION IN PIKE CASE TODAY.

Judge Clifford to Announce His Ruling in Separate Maintenance Suit This Morning.

Judge Clifford announces that at 10 o'clock this morning he will give his decision in the Pike-Moffitt case. For more than a week he has been reading the voluminous transcript of the testimony, consisting of more than 1,700 typewritten pages, and examining the exhibits, among which are the letters from "Baby Bill" to "Baby Jo." The attorneys for each side also have submitted briefs, and, altogether, Judge Clifford's task has been a long one.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

8451—Edwin W. Olcott; liabil., $6,451; assets $247; W. J. Bell, atty.
8452—Withheld for service.
8453—David Becker; liabil., $14,675; assets $7,350; G. E. Wissler, atty.
8454—Charles P. Hunting; liabil., $284; assets, $47; R. S. Carroll, atty.

Wisconsin Murderer Convicted.

Harley, Wis., Nov. 28.—Jake Manila was found guilty today of murder in the second degree. He killed Emil Upgard on June 24.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1902.

The Live Stock Show. It is in order to congratulate the live stock men of the country not so much because the live stock show which opens today is the biggest thing of its sort anywhere, but because it has become a permanent institution. The wonder is that the greatest live stock market in the world was so long without an exhibition for the improvement and exploitation of its products. Now the cattlemen, sheep raisers, and hog fanciers of the country can assemble at the place of sale and slaughter to learn what the buyers and killers want and how best to please them. In the old days, when none but long horned steers grazed on the ranges and the ranges were limitless, it mattered little whether the breeders were learned about fodder or interested in the relative merits of Hereford and Aberdeen Angus, Shropshires, or Southdowns. Now the acreage which can be used for pasture is much less than it was in those days and is still diminishing. It is more important that every steer or sheep should produce more beef or mutton; that every acre should support more cattle or sheep. This is the object of the live stock show. Thousands of people are coming from the four points of the compass to compare the qualities of the pure breeds and the crosses and of the food that has fattened them. Thousands who live in Chicago will go to look at the enormous porkers, the sleek cattle, the great draft horses. The live stock show has come to stay. Public interest grows yearly. For every man interested in the horse show there will be ten who are interested in the cattle show. One is an exhibition of luxuries, the other of necessities.

THE COURT AND THE OATH.

The wave of ritualism which has been raising its crest in the Anglican church for the last half century will, perhaps, some day reach our courts of law. Then we shall have oaths administered with some exterior evidence of the solemnity of the obligation incurred. There will be an end to the practice of taking oath with the maximum of rapidity and the minimum of impressiveness. The witness being sworn will cease to resemble the stock operator waving a momentary finger at the buyer on the other side of a surging, yelling pit.

The affidavits now made before notaries public about the age of children who want to go to work illustrate the morally debilitating character of our helter skelter system. Many immigrants have been accustomed in Europe to elaborate ceremonies in which the priest appears in ecclesiastical costume and administers the oath before lighted candles with the bible solemnly displayed to the gaze of the prospective witness. In this country the witness gets his right hand shoved up by some bystander and receives an indistinct impression that some one is saying something at or about him. Such a proceeding seems to him to be incapable of serious consideration by those who take part in it. He is accustomed to have serious things seriously done. He does not understand our "sublime simplicity" of form. The consequence is that when his priest remonstrates with him for perjuring himself he is likely to say that "he did not swear Catholic, he swore American."

Perhaps out of this evil good may come. If our European fellow citizens, with their regard for proprieties of a ceremonial kind, bring into our courts a new element of decency they will deserve our thanks. The average man will long continue to be the creature of his surroundings. Consciously or unconsciously, he will fall in with the tone of any occasion. If the tone is high he will rise at least some distance toward it. Why not make justice court tone in the matter of oaths a little bit higher than it is now?

"THE DOOR OF HOPE" NOT TO BE SHUT

There may be more than one white man in Charleston who looks upon the proposed appointment of a colored man to a responsible federal office in that city as "an insult to the white people." There may be more than one white man whose remembrance of the sins of the "carpet bag rule and negro domination" which ended a quarter of a century ago is so vivid that the appointment of a reputable colored man as the collector of the port is considered an affront and a menace.

President Roosevelt has no wish to go out of his way to offend local feelings and prejudices. It is his desire that his appointees should give satisfaction to the communities in which they are to serve. He cannot consistently with his ideas of right and wrong pass by altogether the numerous colored population of the south in making appointments when he can find black men who are in all respects qualified to perform official duties for no other reason than that the white people among whom they live object to their color.

If the occasional colored man President Roosevelt may appoint to office is "reputable and upright" no southerner should protest. The president says he will appoint none other. He says in language befitting the president of a democratic country—a country of equal opportunities to all—

> I cannot consent to take the position that the door of hope—the door of opportunity—is to be shut upon any man, no matter how worthy, purely upon the grounds of race or color. Such an attitude would, according to my convictions, be fundamentally wrong.

The president's Charleston correspondent says the great bulk of the colored people are not yet fit in point of character and intelligence to hold office. President Roosevelt's answer is that, assuming this to be the case, it seems to him "it is worth while putting a premium upon the effort among them to achieve the character and standing which will fit them." The answer is one the southern people should think over. The blacks are an important factor in southern life—one which cannot be eliminated. It is essential to the well being of the south that the colored men should be aided and encouraged in every legitimate way, so they may be more fit for life's duties than they are. The white race in the south injures itself when it shuts "the door of opportunity" on the black race, which is to continue to live alongside it.

President Roosevelt says:

> It seems to me that it is a good thing from every standpoint to let the colored man know that if he shows in marked degree the qualities of good citizenship—the qualities which in a white man we feel are entitled to reward—then he will not be cut off from all hope of similar reward.

So it must seem to every American who is not the victim of an uncontrollable race prejudice. It is impossible to believe that a large number of southern men really resent the appointment to a few federal offices of "reputable and upright" colored men of "high character and good capacity." Even if the number were greater than it is the president cannot allow a color test to be imposed on him by local prejudice.

LORIMER'S LEGISLATURE.

Of all the exhibitions of impudence since the world began we have never known anything which much surpasses the action of Mr. William Lorimer in attempting to control the organization of the lower branch of the legislature. Mr. Lorimer was not elected a member of the general assembly. No more was Dr. Jamieson, nor F. H. Rowe, nor Dan Hogan, nor a number of other gentlemen who meet with them to decide who shall be speaker of the Illinois house.

With difficulty, fear, and prayer and trembling, many republicans in Mr. Lorimer's district voted for him this month on a national issue, because they thought, on the whole, it was better to have a republican in the lower house of congress from his district than to have a democrat there. But the men who elected Mr. Lorimer gave him at that time no commission to meddle with state politics. His election was not a triumph. It was a rebuke. The republican voters of his district "shook him over the pit of hell but did not quite drop him in." If any lesson was emphatically taught by the vote given Mr. Lorimer a few weeks ago it was the value of modest stillness and humility. He would have done well to retire into comparative obscurity. He is not too well liked by the people of his district. More than enough republicans voted for him under violent protest to constitute his majority. If he wishes to have a future in national politics he will keep his hands off from state and municipal politics.

If Mr. Lorimer persists in meddling and attempting to be "boss," and to dictate the organization of state and municipal bodies, it is as certain as anything can be that he will be retired to private life at the expiration of the term for which he was recently elected. The people are sick of him, and especially weary of his assumption of authority in matters which strictly do not concern him. The fate of all political bosses in Illinois is "writ large," and Mr. Lorimer may read it if he will keep his eyes open.

We do not know whether the Illinois legislature will be organized by Mr. Lorimer or not. If it is, it will be organized for improper purposes. Organization under such conditions will be injurious to the republican party, and probably will result in scandalous legislation. There ought to be in the lower house enough members to prevent Mr. Lorimer from carrying out his plan. There should be a sufficient number of members to take the stand that the legislature is competent to organize itself, and that it needs no dictation from any member of congress or any man out of congress holding no official position who undertakes to set himself up in a small way as a local boss. The legislature can transact its business without interference or advice from men who are as little competent to express an intelligent and honest opinion as the meanest man who has been elected to the house.

THE 37 CENT DOLLAR.

Silver has reached the lowest point yet. This week bar silver has sold for 47½ cents an ounce. The New York money changers have paid 37 cents for Mexican dollars, which contain more silver than the American dollar. The American silver dollar buys now as much as a gold dollar will, but what would its purchasing power at this time have been if Mr. Bryan had been elected president in 1896? Fortunately, this is a question of purely academic interest. Probably the "average man" will not congratulate himself on the country's escape from a great danger six years ago, and the men who made the elaborate arguments for free silver then will not court ridicule by saying that in spite of the present low estate of silver the voters made a mistake by not adopting the silver standard.

Since 1896 silver has had its ups and downs, but the general tendency has been down. The sudden decline of the last few days is largely due to the fact that for the moment China, which has to begin paying its war indemnity, is now an exporter instead of an importer of silver. It may be that in a little while there will be a slight advance in price. The mines which cannot produce profitably at the new price will close, and the decrease in production will steady the market. But even if there be an advance it will be followed by a decline. Silver has not reached its lowest point, and the tribulations of the countries which are on the silver basis have not reached the acute stage.

The recent decline has caused financial confusion in Mexico and in the Philippines. One can get an idea from the distress wrought by currency fluctuations in such undeveloped countries as to what would be the distress in a country of manifold industries such as the United States. Conditions would be unendurable for producer or consumer, merchant, manufacturer, or farmer.

It may be admitted that if the United States had dropped to the silver standard the demand for that metal for monetary purposes would have been so large as to retard its downward movement. But while it might have retarded that movement it could not have arrested it. Under any circumstances, the bullion value of silver would have been much lower now than it was six years ago. No American consumption would have held up the price. Whenever for any reason the price of silver went down in the markets of the world the purchasing power of the silver dollar would have gone down sympathetically.

As matters stand now the decline in silver due to the payment of the Chinese indemnity affects in this country only some silver mine owners and merchants in the Asiatic trade. Had Mr. Bryan been elected that decline would have been a matter of serious concern to almost every American who was not a mere tramp. The gold value of the silver dollar in which wages were paid might not have gone down below 37 cents, but it would have dropped several cents. The current money of the United States would have been regulated by events in China.

When the American reads of a 37 cent Mexican dollar and reflects on what it would mean if the American silver dollar had no greater purchasing power he ought to be mildly thankful that Mr. Bryan did not carry the country in 1896.

FOREST FIRE LOSSES.

An official report at last has been made to the bureau of forestry showing the details of the losses caused by forest fires in Oregon and Washington during September last. These details cover the losses not only in standing timber but in manufactured lumber, sawmills, and farm property, and amount in the aggregate to $12,767,000, of which $3,910,000 was in Oregon and $8,857,000 in Washington.

The area burned over in Oregon was about 170,000 acres, and upon this area there was a loss on farm buildings, stock, equipment, schoolhouses, and bridges of $357,000; on sawmills and manufactured forest products of $149,000; and on standing timber, $3,404,000. The area burned over in Washington was larger than that in Oregon, amounting to 434,000 acres. The loss on farm property was $607,000; on sawmills and manufactured forest products, $181,000; on standing timber, $8,069,000.

One cause of this great destruction of property was the dryness of the summer and a prevailing strong east wind. But even under these circumstances there would not have been such a destruction had it not been for carelessness, which was the direct cause. The report states that in many instances the fires smoldered for a long time and no one paid attention to them. "Many blazes started from the unextinguished campfires of berry pickers or hunters, and others resulted from careless burning of slashings." The bureau's agent reports that nearly all of the fires could have been extinguished before they became serious, but either no one was in the vicinity, or, if there were any persons there, they would not go out of their way to stop the fires. Reasonable precaution on the part of individuals would have prevented the loss of millions. In the sections where government rangers are in control there were no serious fires. The evident lesson which the state governments of Oregon and Washington should learn is the necessity of an efficient forest patrol. Had there been such probably none of these serious fires would have occurred. As much of the wealth of the two states is in their standing timber and lumber products the necessity for such a patrol ought to be apparent. It is useless to expect that individuals will be careful about starting or extinguishing fires, or even care how much property is destroyed.

AND the next day there was a brisk trade in headache powders.

MARRYING on Thanksgiving day has certain economic features to recommend it, besides.

NORWEGIAN merchants are boycotting American bacon. America will retaliate, if driven too far, by boycotting the j's in Bjornstjerne Bjornson's name.

NOW THAT the season is over, boys, do in mercy's name have your hair cut.

PERMIT us to remark once again that it is a good idea to do your Chr——s sh—pp—ng early.

AN esteemed contemporary, while admitting that Mr. Carnegie cannot give his indigestion away, says: "It is no disgrace to die with it." But to die of it—how about that?

AN Iowa paper, in announcing the political death of the Hon. Billy Mason, says he died of too much talk. Partly that, but principally too much Billy Mason.

IT is clear that something must be done to discourage the pernicious activity of the yegmen.

MR. BRYAN continues to remind the country that the time to organize for the campaign of 1904 is now. You can't organize properly without subscribing for the Commoner. Now is the time to subscribe for the Commoner.

THE good people of Kansas City were unduly excited over the bullfight announced to take place there. It wasn't half as bloody an affair as a football game.

MR. STAGG's young men have improved in their go-it-Chicago-itiveness.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Generous Rivalry of the Future.

The face of the plutocrat became distorted with rage and benevolence.

"Does the jealous, pin headed, egotistical whelp pretend to love his fellowmen as well as I do?" he exclaimed with firmly set jaws. "Is he trying to compete with me in the work of making them happy? I'll show the infernal cad!"

Hereupon he dictated a letter to his agents, inclosing a check for $5,000,000 and instructing them to build and endow an opposition hospital twice as fine as the one projected by the other plutocrat.

Still a Chance for Him.

"You may as well give up trying to be a lawyer," said the old legal practitioner. "It isn't in you. You might study for fifty years and you'd never learn the first principles of law."

"I believe you're right," moodily replied the young man. "I'll have to be a justice of the peace, I reckon."

Same Thing.

"But we can't spare a special train for any such purpose as that," objected the superintendent of the road. "We need every engine we've got now, for moving the crops."

"That's all right," eagerly assented the spokesman of the committee. "We want it for the use of Secretary Hay."

Her Contrariness.

"When you talk about contrary people," said Uncle Jerry Peebles, "it always reminds me of my Aunt Hepzibah. She never had but one song, and she was forever singing it. It was, 'I would not live alway,' and I reckon I've heard her sing it fifty times a day. Once she was taken sick with lung fever, and we supposed, of course, she'd be crazy to have a doctor right away. These people that don't want to live alway usually are. But she was as good as her singing. She said she didn't have any confidence in doctors, and she was ready to go, anyway."

"And she died?" queried one of the listeners.

"No; she was just as contrary about that as anything else. She pulled through that fever and got well. She's still singing, 'I would not live alway,' and I'll bet money she'll live to be a hundred."

Its Proper Place.

Assistant—"Here's a letter that smells as if it had a sample of limburger cheese in it. It's addressed to—"

Postmaster—"Never mind the address. Send it to the dead letter office."

Where the Pain Came In.

"'Painless dentistry!'" snorted old Hunks, who had just had a tooth extracted and was opening his pocketbook with extreme reluctance. "'Painless!' H'mph! You don't seem to think it hurts to have to pay $2 for two minutes' work!" C. W. T.

Perfectly Natural.

Georgiana—"Julia and Jack don't stay out at their new country place at all."

George—"Why?"

"O, they want to be in town all the time, to tell everybody how much they like it out in the country."—Life.

Necessary.

Farmer Gabb (truculently)—"After all, what is it that the democratic party lacks to be successful?"

Farmer Bentover (calmly)—"More democrats, I sh'u'd jedge."—Puck.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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IF young King Alfonso is experiencing so much difficulty in securing the best men of the country as cabinet ministers, and if Field Marshal Lopez Dominguez, one of the most remarkable men in the peninsula; the duke of Tetuan, and Don Montero Rios, the chief of the Spanish plenipotentiaries, who negotiated the treaty of peace at Paris at the close of the war with the United States, show so much reluctance to accept portfolios, it is due to the peculiar manner in which a recently enacted statute on the subject of ministerial pensions is framed.

According to the laws which prevailed until a few months ago every cabinet minister, no matter how brief the tenure of his office, was on the termination thereof entitled to a fat pension for the remainder of his life. This he enjoyed irrespective of the question whether he was reappointed to office or not.

Among the financial reforms introduced since the war there has been one dealing with this question of pensions. It is to the effect that any pension holder who accepts ministerial office ipso facto forfeits his pension. Another clause cuts down by nearly 50 per cent the amount of the ministerial pensions granted in the future.

Administrations succeed one another with such rapidity in Spain that there are few men who have not held office as cabinet ministers during the last thirty years. Indeed, there are probably about four or five score statesmen, if not more, drawing pensions as ex-ministers under the old arrangement. Now, if they accept office in any new administration, they forfeit the fat pensions which they now enjoy, and, on the overthrow of the cabinet which they may enter, will merely receive the revised pension—that is to say, they will forfeit about 50 per cent of their income from the state.

Few of them care to do this. Spaniards, except where the finances of the state are concerned, are a thrifty lot, and naturally do not care to sacrifice the moiety of a comfortable annuity merely for the sake of holding office as minister for a few weeks, or at the longest a few months. That is why King Alfonso is experiencing so much difficulty of finding men of mark and experience willing to serve as ministers and why old Señor Sagasta has found it almost impossible to reconstruct his administration in such a fashion as to command popular confidence.

Grand Duke Paul of Russia and his morganatic bride, who were married in defiance of the czar's wishes the other day at Leghorn by the Greek archimandrite Kierofilis, and who have in consequence thereof been ordered to reside abroad, have rented a palace at Florence, where they will henceforth make their home, and to which all the grand duke's furniture, carriages, and belongings have been removed from St. Petersburg.

Prince Constantine Brancovan has joined the ranks of editors, and his name appears as editor and publisher on the title page of the Paris monthly review, The Latin Renaissance, which was founded about two years ago, and of which he has now taken hold. Prince Constantine, who is a member of the national legislature of Roumania as well as an officer of the reserve of the Roumanian army, is the head of the house of Bibesco, one of whose members reigned as hospodar of Roumania some sixty years ago, and which received the title of prince of the holy Roman empire as well as of the kingdom of Hungary about two centuries back.

The father of Prince Constantine was, until his death in 1886, one of the most conspicuous and popular figures in Parisian life, making his home on the banks of the Seine, and his widow, daughter of that Musurus Pasha who for nearly a quarter of a century represented the sublime porte at the court of St. James, is still famous as the one hostess above all others in whose salon in the French capital everybody that is most eminent in art, literature, and, above all, in music, is to be met. One of her daughters is married to Count Matthew de Noailles and has achieved some distinction as a poet, while another sister is married to Prince Alexander of Chimay.

While the title of the family is prince of Brancovan and figures as such in the peerages of Austria and of Hungary, the patronymic is Bibesco, and an uncle of Prince Constantine de Brancovan is that George Bibesco who, it may be remembered, eloped with the duchess of Beauffremont, by birth a Princess Chimay, whom he married on the strength of a divorce, which she obtained from the duke in the pretty German state of Saxe-Altenburg, but the validity of which was not recognized by the French courts. Nor was it until divorce laws were placed on the French code long afterwards and that the French tribunals pronounced the dissolution of the marriage between the duke and the duchess that the latter was able at length to legitimatize her union with George Bibesco.

Prince Rupert of Bavaria, heir presumptive to the throne of the crazy King Otto, was slightly wounded by the accidental discharge of the gun of one of the guests at a shooting party given the other day in his honor by Baron Rotenhahn. The injuries of the prince are altogether insignificant, but he had a narrow escape from having the top of his head blown off, or at any rate of being blinded.

The man who so nearly killed the future king of Bavaria is Baron Denster of Kitzingen, and as no effort has been made to prevent his name from becoming known it is doubtful whether he will ever be invited to any other shooting parties at which royalty is present. As a general rule, every effort is made to prevent the name of the person responsible for shooting accidents of this kind from becoming known, and to this day the general public is ignorant of the real identity of the personage who, while out shooting at Osborne, destroyed by accident one of the eyes of King Edward's brother-in-law, Prince Christian, while none of the English paper printed the name of the baronet who accidentally shot out one of the eyes of Almeric Paget, son-in-law of William C. Whitney, at a shooting party in England the other day. It is therefore unusual that the name of the unfortunate Baron Denster should be held up to the obloquy as having through carelessness almost killed the future king of Bavaria.

Besides Prince Rupert of Bavaria and Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein there are only two other royal personages whose names I can recall as having undergone the disagreeable process of being peppered while out shooting. One is King Edward, who while out shooting at Sandringham got peppered about the calves by Prince Herbert Bismarck, while the other is King Charles of Portugal, who was hit by some stray shot of President Loubet on the occasion of his former visit to France while out shooting at Compiegne. The president was greatly distressed, but the burly king took the matter as a huge joke.

Until a few years ago the generals of the Bavarian army wore plumed chapeaux similar to those in use in the English and Austrian army, and when they were done away with in favor of the helmet, now worn by all German generals, the old prince regent, who is extremely conservative, particularly stipulated that he himself and the generals forming part of his military household should be allowed to retain it.

He has now, however, decided to abandon it himself, and for the following reason: It seems that the other day at some celebration at Nuremberg, at which both the German emperor and empress were present, he drove through the city with them in a pelting rain, sitting with his back to the horses, opposite to the emperor and empress in the open state carriage. Every time that he bent forward to say something to the empress all the rain that had collected in his chapeau poured on to her lap, while when he jerked his head back in order to avoid this the water went into his face. This made the old gentleman so angry that when he finished the ride he swore a great oath never to wear a chapeau again.

Mr. Bryan and Mr. Cannon.

[From the Commoner.]

"Uncle Joe" is simply a republican; he is perfectly satisfied with the republican party; he has implicit faith that the crops will be good when the republican party is in power, that prices will be high to those who want high prices, and low to those who want low prices, provided republican rule is not disturbed.

Krupp's Guns.

Turkey has bought sixteen batteries of the late Herr Krupp's cannon, and their booming will doubtless be heard in operations against the Macedonians. Though dead, he yet speaket.—New York Mail and Express.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

THE COMMONER PLEASE COPY.

Says our old friend, the king of Siam:
"I'm for a gold basis, I am.
So close up the mints
To all silver prints;
For silver I don't care a hoot."

A SPECIAL post-Thanksgiving game has been arranged between Northwestern and Electoral college. Neither has won an important game this year, and they are about evenly matched.

ON Dec. 12 Herr Leopold Kramer, the talented concertmeister of the Chicago orchestra, is to play a Saint-Saëns concerto. It has come quietly to the ears of the management that French sympathizers with the Paris musicians' union intend to express public disapproval of the composer, and stir up a disturbance similar to the riot that greeted Mme. Zeisler's performance of a Saint-Saëns piano concerto in the French capital a few days ago. Warned in time, Treasurer Wessels has made arrangements to nip the outburst in the bud. If necessary, the militia will be called out. The concert is impatiently awaited.

A "NATURAL TECHNIQUE."

Miss Newcomer of Red Oak is the guest of friends. She is an accomplished pianist, and while here gave several selections at her cousin's, Harpster's, confectionery store, which were greatly enjoyed by all who heard her, as she has a natural and pleasing technique, causing the instrument to respond to the slightest touch and producing a feeling of tranquillity and rest.—Freeport (Ill.) Journal.

THE Appellate court decides that, as a first class cork leg can be had nowadays at a reasonable price, a man that loses a real leg ought to be glad to get a cork one. Is that law? Ay, marry.

NEW PRIZE OFFER.

For the best name for Mr. Patrick McFadden's new apartment house Mr. McFadden, the eminent soap manufacturer, authorizes us to offer an eight room flat, rent free, for one year. The name must be poetic, of three or more syllables, not the name of any other apartment house, and not the name of a sleeping car.

Mr. McFadden—Dear Sir: In reading this morning's TRIBUNE I noticed that you offer a prize for a name for your apartment house. Being a great admirer of Ireland, there is nothing I would feel more proud of than a beautiful apartment house called "Shandon Bells." Respectfully, MRS. B. O'C.

P. S.—This name I selected from one of the poems written by THE TRIBUNE this year.

ERNESTINE—(1) Yes, Miss Poeta Pants writes all our pantoums. (2) A pantoum of less than eight stanzas is called a pantalette.

Dr. Dubbe's Program Study Class.

"We have a popular program this week," said Dr. Dubbe with a sarcastic smile. "A popular program is a basket of musical bonbons to tickle the mental palates of lazy thinkers; packages of 'pure food' for weak digestions; sops to Cerberus; an obvious compromise. Such a program is inimical to sequential thought. Even Schumann, most logical of musicians, we catch 'dreaming' on this program. Away with these musical tidbits, these 'don't think nuggets'! Give me three substantial courses—three symphonies by Beethoven, Schumann, and Brahms—with an appetizing Bach entrée."

Goodness! The mental appetite of genius is as prodigious as its physical appetite.

"However," continued Dr. Dubbe, "the andante from Beethoven's 'Kreutzer Sonata' affords us an opportunity to study one of the most interesting chords in all music, the chord of the dominant seventh with raised fifth."

"I thought Tolstoi wrote the 'Kreutzer Sonata,'" Mrs. Givu A. Payne whispered to me. I thought so, too, but it seems he didn't.

"This chord you will find in the fourth measure of the sonata," said Dr. Dubbe. "Do not confuse it with the augmented five-six, which is a second dominant, with raised fifth and root omitted. The chord we are dissecting is a first dominant in root position."

"I don't see how any one could possibly confuse the two," giggled Miss Georgiana Gush. She gets on my nerves dreadfully.

"In his treatment of this most strenuous of harmonies the sublime philosophy of Beethoven is shown in the clearest light. The raised tone—the epitome of our complex and strenuous life—lies above the seventh and glides gracefully into the third of the tonic. As we listen we feel the transition from a straining, toiling world to the Nirvana of the tonic triad. Other composers would have led this chord into the mediant or the dominant seventh of the submediant. Only a Beethoven could have written it as it is."

Dr. Dubbe then played the andante with his usual fluency, with many sparkling comments as he dashed through the brilliant variations.

The doughnuts served by Miss Ellenborough were symphonic. Four doughnuts, representing as many symphonies, were linked together, suggesting the linking of the four movements of the symphony. Dr. Dubbe ate three chains and two symphonies of another, or fourteen doughnuts in all. Mr. Everham Chumpleigh Keats poured.

POETA PANTS.

A LITTLE KNITTING ON THE SIDE.



Leave orders at this office for circular shawls, infants' sacques and hoods, and other crocheted articles. Prices reasonable.—Yates Center (Kas.) Advocate.

DON'T knock football as a "brutal sport." President Wilson of Princeton says that shows "crude thought." And of course you don't want to be guilty of crude thought.

UNDER THE LILACS.

[By Padded Cell Pete.]

He cropped them off,
" chopped " "
" slashed " "
" gashed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He mowed them off,
" hoed " "
" shook " "
" took " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He ripped them off,
" nipped " "
" clawed " "
" gnawed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

He called them off,
" hauled " "
" coaxed " "
" hoaxed " "
But still his whiskers grew.

[To be continued.]

EXCITMENT ON MERCURY.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Prof. Goodlamp of the Harvard observatory discovered, at 10:27 tonight, storm signals on the planet Mercury. He connects these with the fact that tonight Comet B., 1902, will pass within 1,644,000,000 miles of Mercury, which is the nearest it has approached for several years.

ARE orchestra players artists or "artesians," as one good lady expresses it? If they are carefully drilled and play well, we should classify 'em as artesians.

HOW TO ACQUIRE WARM FEET.

Dear B. L. T.—Please let me whisper into the ears of your flock. I wish other people to profit by my experience and to appreciate how radiantly happy I am.

I have acquired warm feet!

We take all the Sunday papers, and every Sunday I read all the beauty hints and do all the physical culture exercises recommended. I became so interested that I have joined a gymnasium, take lessons in "reeling and writhing," and go through all the contortions, and tie and untie all kinds of knots. It takes six hours a day, but what is time compared to warm feet and peace in the family. Last winter my husband had rheumatism in his back.

Two prerogatives of women I've never had any use for—voting and cold feet. They go together. E. B.

HE PLAYS THE HARP.

Al Angel played with the Ellsworth orchestra for a dance at Garretson.—Luverne (Minn.) Herald.

NO more big eatfeats till Christmas.

B. L. T.

"SALTING" the BIBLE

WHEN the big bonanza mines were paying dividends of $2,000,000 a month every man, woman, and child on the Comstock lode was crazy on stock speculation. From the washwoman to the millionaire bonanza owner, every one had every cent he could raise invested in mining stock. Almost daily stocks went up or down in big jumps, and paper fortunes were made and lost faster than an expert accountant could tally the changes.

Even the miners—the men who actually worked the diamond drills and the pickaxes down in the drifts—were speculation mad. They were getting an average wage of $4 a day and living on as little as possible in order to have funds to invest in stocks.

So prevalent was stock jobbing among the miners that they were almost always "broke," having lost all their savings in the market.

Once John W. Mackay was called into conference with his partners to consider a proposal to cut down the wages paid miners from $4 to $3.50 a day. Mackay was always in favor of high wages, but this time he was especially scornful.

"What's the use of cutting down their wages?" he said. "I'd just as lief vote to give them $20 a day as not. We'd get it all back inside of a week in the stock market, anyway."

As for the four owners of the bonanza mines, they were in the thick of the fight.



As a rule they had advance information and all kinds of money to invest, so that they almost always got the cream off the stock market. For instance, they would send a crew of miners down to the end of a drift with a diamond drill. With the drill they would have a little hole bored fifty feet or more ahead of the workings. By having the "core" of the drill—the dirt contained in the hollow center of the drill—assayed they could tell exactly what was close ahead of them. If it assayed big they were sure another big pocket of gold had been struck, and, accordingly, they would buy all the stock offered and wait for the rise which was sure to come when the pocket was really opened by running the drift into it.

Of course, there were plenty of stock jobbers camping on their trail all the time—it is Sam Davis of Carson City, Nev., speaking—you may have heard the name before—and many were the schemes employed to get the better of them. Once a crowd of San Francisco speculators sent three mining engineers over to the Comstock to spy out the land and give them tips. The guileless three got work as miners and were set to work running a diamond drill—exactly the job they had hoped for, but had not dared to expect. Unfortunately for them John Mackay got wind of their plans and took steps to "queer their game." He arranged to "salt" the core of the diamond drill—that is, he had some rich gold ore put in with the dirt they gathered—and on the strength of the resulting assay the 'Frisco syndicate bought stock till they had no money left. Equally of course, when the drift was run and it was discovered that instead of "big pay" dirt there was nothing especially promising ahead, stocks dropped and the syndicate dropped most of the cash it had invested.

But the best story of a "salted" mine I ever heard had quite another ending. This time it was the real, genuine miners who did the work, and the game was played not on the "big four"—Mackay, Flood, Fair, and O'Brien—but on a mineowner named Julien, a shrewd Irishman, who rarely got the worst of it, even in the swiftest company.

Julien had three trusted miners who ran the diamond drill with which he did prospecting for stock jobbing purposes. But these three miners got infected with the stock speculation virus. On one occasion, when they were holding a considerable quantity of stock for a big rise, the three put their heads together and "salted" the bore in their drill with a lot of gold bearing dirt. Julien had it assayed, looked at the result with a chuckle, and sent out to buy up all the stock offered. As a result his own miners unloaded on him at a big profit. Then when the drift was run no pocket of pay dirt was found, and, consequently, Julien lost a considerable sum of money. At once he smelled a rat, and, without delay, he sent for the three men who ran the diamond drill.

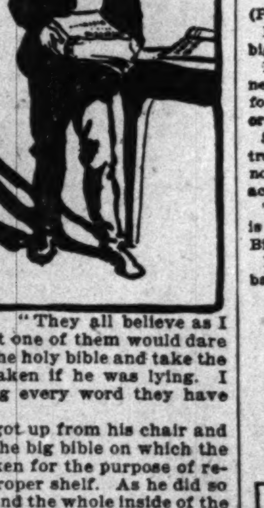


First he had the suspected three into his private office and examined them one by one. Each of them swore that he was innocent even of any remote intention of deceiving his employer. They had had no hand in "salting" the bore, and if it had been done it was without their consent or knowledge.

Not even then was Julien satisfied. He called them all in together and declared that he was going to put them under oath. Each of the three men was a good Irish Catholic, as was Julien, and he proceeded to appeal to them from that standpoint.

The three professed themselves ready to take any oath Julien demanded.

A bible was produced, and, one after the other, the three men put their left hands on the book, and, with right hands upraised, declared themselves absolutely innocent of "salting" the bore or having anything to do with it. Their declaration was bound by all the most solemn oaths which are sacred to men who believe as they do.



Finally, Julien told them he was ready to take their statements and dismissed them.

"I believe those men," he said, after they had gone out. "They all believe as I do, and I'm sure not one of them would dare to put his hand on the holy bible and take the oaths they have taken if he was lying. I can't help believing every word they have said."

Then Mr. Julien got up from his chair and attempted to life the big bible on which the oaths had been taken for the purpose of replacing it on its proper shelf. As he did so the cover came off and the whole inside of the book dropped down on the floor. Julien stooped down for it and picked it up. As he did so his eyes fell on the title page. It read: "Webster's Unabridged Dictionary."

"Look at this!" he cried, as he held it up in sight of everybody in the room. "Look at this! Those villains have 'salted' the bible."

Julien did nothing more about it. Only he changed the gang in charge of the diamond drill in a few days and put the foxy three at work in a drift where they would have no further chance to tamper with the stock m[illegible]

H. M. H.

THE TOP O' THE MORNIN'.

THE WASHERMAN.

[Thomas Hanley of Brooklyn, under arrest for intoxication, told the magistrate that his wife took in from $10 to $15 worth of washing every week and compelled him to wash and hang out the clothes, bring them in, and iron them. He said that he got 10 cents on every dollar that came into the house.

"But how do you manage to get drunk on 10 cents a day?" asked the court.

"I don't," replied Hanley. "I save up my little 10 centses until I get enough, and then I go out and get a 'beaut.'"]



In a very humble cot
Stood a faint and weary man,
Rubbing on the socks and shirts,
Formulating a glad plan.
Holding up a filmy robe,
Full of fussy frills and soap,
He began to hum a song
Rich in confidence and hope:
"If correctly I compute,
"Very soon I'll get a 'beaut.'"

Soft and low his voice arose—
Yet the song was sweet enough;
In a swift cadenza, it
Marked the finish of a cuff;
To fortissimo it grew
When an undershirt was rinsed,
And his tones were those that ring
In the song of the convinced—
Like the echo of a lute:
"Very soon I'll get a 'beaut.'"

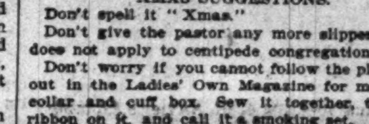
O'er the tub he stoops and thinks,
While he fumbles with the duds:
"Very soon I'll ask the man
For 'another tub of suds.'"
And he rips a linen skirt
From Beersheba unto Dan,
In the energy of hope
Which inspires the washerman.
Doing well? Well, I should hoot!
"Very soon I'll get a 'beaut.'"



In the suds and in the soap,
Underneath the swaying line,
Hear him vow the bubbles look
Like the beady froth of wine!
While his wife is far away,
Seeking work for him to do,
Hear him carol to himself
While the pillow cases stew:
"Soon from all this gloom I'll shoot;
"Very soon I'll get a 'beaut.'"

Now he tests the iron's face—
Listens to its stinging hiss—
And he rubs across the board
With a smile that tells his bliss.
'Mid the borax and the heat,
'Mid the beeswax and the steam,
While the indigo assumes
All the sapphire's azure gleam:
"Ten per cent gives me a toot—
"Very soon I'll get a 'beaut.'"

O' the patient washerman!
Would we had such faith as his!
Would that we might thus foresee
What joy in the future is!
Think of all the foam about
Where his daily labors are—
And his song, inspired, no doubt,
When the soap comes in the bar:
"If correctly I compute,
Very soon I'll have a 'beaut.'"



XMAS SUGGESTIONS.

Don't spell it "Xmas."

Don't give the pastor any more slippers. This does not apply to centipede congregations.

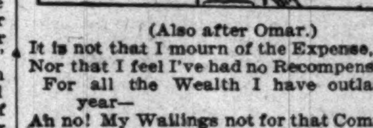
Don't worry if you cannot follow the plans laid out in the Ladies' Own Magazine for making a collar and cuff box. Sew it together, tie some ribbon on it, and call it a smoking set.

Don't say that you are glad Christmas comes but once a year. It may create doubts as to your confidence in the cigars you receive.

Don't give her a copy of "Lucile." You gave her that last year.

Don't kick when the child wonder recites "The Night Before Christmas." This is included in the bill.

AFTER THANKSGIVING.



(Also after Omar.)

It is not that I mourn of the Expense,
Nor that I feel I've had no Recompense
For all the Wealth I have outlaid this year—
Ah no! My Wailings not for that Commence.

Nor do I for my Stomach's sake repine;
No Indigestion makes my Fate condign;
Yet still there is a dire Foreboding that
To wrack my Soul doth all its Fears combine.

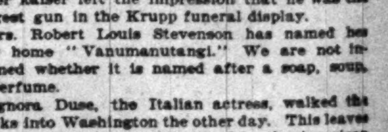
Aha! Across my Pathway lurks and leers
A Something dread with blight, that jibes and jeers—
Full well I know its semblance—know its form—
For have I not known it in bygone Years?

This Shape, this Semblance, doth my joy abash,
And tempt me unto Deeds that are most rash.
For weeks I shall no Funny Papers read,
Because they will be full of Jokes on Hash!

Give me the Gladness that the World delights—
That gilds the Morns and eke the darkest Nights—
But spare me from the anti-hash bonmots,
For I've the Hashiest of Appetites.

A plate of Hash—were it before me now!
Replete with all its Gladness to Endow!
And Thou, a Waiter, urging me to eat—
The Boarding House were Paradise Enow!

Some day the Waiter shall come, soon or late,
And find that I no longer for him wait.
Then, where the Guests, an-hungered, clamor loud,
Forget me not. Fill up my empty Plate!



"NOT KNOCKING ANYBODY."

Wu Ting Fang will soon be half-seas over. (Printed by request.)

Der kaiser left the impression that he was the biggest gun in the Krupp funeral display.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson has named her new home "Vanumanutangi." We are not informed whether it is named after a soap, soup, or perfume.

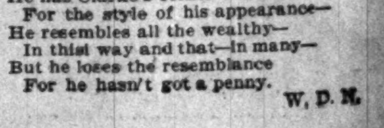
Signora Duse, the Italian actress, walked the tracks into Washington the other day. This leaves no field of endeavor monopolized by the American actor.

That unexplainable, intangible something that is lacking from the columns of the daily press is Bishop Potter's picture.

Foxhall Keene might wait until the January bargain sales of automobile victims are on.

RESEMBLANCES.

He has Pierpont Morgan's temper;
Rockefeller's indigestion;
Canny Andy's way of giving
Helpful, generous suggestion;
Gates' trait of betting millions—
Or of making such an offer;
Schwab's peculiar way of being
At all idleness a scoffer;



He has Baer's sublime assurance;
He has Lipton's perseverance;
He has Clarke's consideration
For the style of his appearance—
He resembles all the wealthy—
In this way and that—in many—
But he loses the resemblance
For he hasn't got a penny.

W. D. N.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

LARGE AUDIENCE AT THE CHICAGO ORCHESTRA CONCERT.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Payson Give a Dinner to Fifty Guests — Mr. and Mrs. Hugh T. Birch to Return Home This Morning After a Long Time in Europe—Engagement of Miss Franc Taylor to Dr. William F. Bryant of Madison, Wis.

At no concert of the year has there been so large and so fashionable an audience as filled the Auditorium yesterday afternoon at the Thomas concert. The long line of boxes on either side presented a solid front of young girls. Scarcely a débutante was missing. There were several small luncheon parties at the Auditorium annex before the concert. Some of those who had parties at the concert were Mrs. Caton, Mrs. Watson Blair, Mrs. W. W. Kimball, Mrs. John M. Clark, Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick, Mrs. Bryan Lathrop, Mrs. Henry Dibblee, Miss Grace Sanger in Mrs. Pullman's box. Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh, and Mrs. T. R. Lyon.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Payson of 88 Astor street gave a dinner last evening, which was in the nature of a house warming, as their residence has been remodeled. There were fifty guests, a table seating thirty-six was placed in the ballroom, the rest of the company being seated at small tables in the dining room and library. After dinner there was music, Miss Cole of Boston singing.

Mrs. William C. Hibbard Jr. and Mrs. Frank Hibbard gave a dinner dance last evening for Miss Eleanor Gregory and her guest, Miss Franklin of New York, at the residence of Mrs. Hibbard, 1637 Prairie avenue. Thirty-six young people were the guests and the decorations were in red.

Mrs. William Henry Moorhouse of 3741 Grand boulevard gave a dinner dance last evening for Miss Katrine Fairlee.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh T. Birch and Miss Helen Birch, who have been in Europe for several months, are expected home this morning.

The Harvard undergraduates' dance will be given on Tuesday evening, Dec. 30, at Lincoln hall.

Mrs. Gustave F. Fischer will give a reception and luncheon at the Germania club on Monday, Dec. 1, for Mrs. S. S. Stack of Milwaukee.

Mrs. J. H. Buffum of 14 Bellevue place will give a luncheon on Tuesday, Dec. 11, for Miss Natalie Blair. On Dec. 29 she will give a dinner for Miss Eleanor Gregory, preceding Mrs. Borland's dance.

Mrs. J. J. Borland gave a dinner last evening. There were sixteen guests.

Mrs. P. H. Keenan of 690 Forty-eighth place will give a luncheon next Tuesday.

Miss Persis Rollins of 932 West Monroe street gave a dinner dance last evening for the members of the Kappa Delta Psi sorority of the John Marshall high school.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Taylor of 493 West Jackson boulevard announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Franc Taylor, to Dr. William F. Bryant of Madison, Wis. The wedding will take place early in January.

Miss Abby Burkhardt of 677 West Adams street will give a Monticello luncheon next Tuesday for her guest, Miss Frances Swope of Independence, Mo., and will give a card party Thursday evening following.

Mrs. Ernest Jacoby of 4215 Vincennes avenue received yesterday afternoon for her niece, Miss Simon of San Francisco. Mr. and Mrs. Jacoby will give a small dance for Miss Simon next Wednesday evening.

Mr. Clifton Ames Sawyer of 905 Pine Grove avenue gave a young people's dance last evening.

Dr. and Mrs. Albert H. Hoy and Miss Hoy have returned from Europe, and after Dec. 2 will be at the Lexington hotel.

Mrs. Dodge of Burlington, Vt., is the guest of Mrs. Charles A. MacLean of 3143 Calumet avenue.

The Ashland club gave a musical last evening.

The annual meeting of St. Xavier's Alumnæ will be held at the academy, 4928 Evans avenue, today. The program from 1 till 4 o'clock will include a luncheon, election of officers, and games.

FORGIVENESS IS GRANTED TO TWO RECREANT WIVES.

Women Who Left Husbands and Children Appear in Police Court and Tearfully Promise to Return.

Two recreant wives were taken into the Maxwell street police court yesterday to answer for their misdoings, and in each instance they tearfully promised to return to the husband and children they had deserted.

Mrs. F. Wyncki, 614 West Seventeenth street, was one of the women. She left her husband and three children to elope with Charles Smith, who had been boarding at their house. While her husband stood within a few feet of her she held Smith's hand and begged Justice Sabath not to send him to jail.

"Please, your honor, don't send him to jail," she urged. "Don't punish him and I will return to my family."

The case was continued until Dec. 2 and Mrs. Wyncki was released on bonds. Smith, however, failed to furnish bonds and was sent to jail.

It is charged that Smith and Mrs. Wyncki went to the office of a building and loan association, where Smith represented himself as Mrs. Wyncki's husband. Wyncki's name, it is said, was forged to several notes, and the couple secured $200, with which they fled to Kewanee, Ill., where they were arrested.

The other recreant one was Mrs. Rocco Guido, 19 Good street. At her side stood Salvatore Guido, 144 Harrison street, brother of her husband. It was charged that Salvatore had fled from the city, taking his brother's wife and $30 with him. With the return of Mrs. Guido her husband decided he did not care to send his brother to jail, and Justice Dooley dismissed the case.

CORK LEG AS AN ART ASSET.

Court Thinks Substitute Should Be Accepted as Part Recompense for Loss of Real Limb.

Cork legs as works of art, and as testimonials to man's inventive genius, are to the fortunate wearer of one or more of them part recompense for the loss of real legs. This was in effect the opinion handed down by the Appellate court yesterday.

William Hamilton suffered the loss of a leg on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis railroad, and secured a verdict for $3,000 damages. Though he possessed a cork leg, he thought the judgment inadequate, and he appealed his case.

Hamilton objected to evidence given by two witnesses who wore artificial legs. One testified that he "got around with about the same facility as a man with two legs, and could dance or ride a bicycle."

"Art and invention," said Judge Freeman, in voicing the opinion of the Appellate court, "have done much to mitigate the inconveniences occasioned by the loss of limbs and to restore the power of lomotion and the earning capacity which otherwise might be greatly lessened or lost, and evidence tending to show facts of that nature is competent for the consideration of the jury."

STREETER TRIAL IS DRAGGING.

Attorneys Clash and Lawyer Hughes, for the Captain, Is Rebuked by the Court.

The Streeter trial dragged along yesterday with little other than an occasional clash between the opposing attorneys to enliven the proceedings. During the day Judge Chetlain took occasion to rebuke Attorney Charles W. Hughes, representing Streeter. It is expected that Streeter will address the jury in his own behalf.

Lincoln Portrait in Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 28.—A portrait of President Lincoln will be placed in the Mississippi Hall of Fame. The picture was furnished by Robert T. Lincoln of Chicago, in response to a request, and will be placed alongside that of Robert E. Lee.

MANY HEAR "POPULAR" THOMAS PROGRAM; GOSSIP OF MUSIC AND THE PLAYERS' WORLD.

A "POPULAR" by the Chicago orchestra—and yet the purists who preach objectivity in all musical interpretation would have us believe that the work is everything and the performer nothing. What would they have said had they been among that vast audience that listened to Schumann's "Traumerei" and Boccherini's Minuet at the Auditorium yesterday afternoon? Here were compositions worn threadbare by countless repetition, and long continued careless treatment—works that familiarity had made things to sneer and laugh at, and yet, as played by Mr. Thomas and his men yesterday, they charmed the sense and held the hearer spellbound to the last. Was it the "work" that accomplished all this? Scarcely. It was the "performer," or what he put into it, that made the work attractive.

The purist may claim that Mr. Thomas revealed only that which the composers had written and intended. This is in a measure true; but is the man who can thus recreate a work not entitled to nearly as liberal portion of credit as is he who creates it in the first place? The hand organ that grinds out the "Traumerei" or the Minuet is the objective interpreter par excellence, for it gives the compositions uninfluenced by any ideas, sentiments, or opinions of its own. The readings nearly 4,000 people enjoyed yesterday were subjective, for they were Schumann and Boccherini plus Theodore Thomas, and it was this plus quantity—this subjectivity—that made them so delightful.

The program was the first "popular" of the season, and it attracted an audience larger than has been in attendance at any public rehearsal this year or last. Every seat in balcony and gallery was occupied, and only a few of the boxes and some seats near the stage were left unsold. It was an audience that came to enjoy, and enjoyment in abundant measure was at their disposal.

The program opened with two military marches, "Pomp and Circumstance," by Edward Elgar. They were absolute novelties, but of the kind that need no second hearing to prove their power to please. They are the product of a musical fancy strongly individual and original, yet are delightfully frank in their outspoken tunefulness and their steady rhythmic swing. Constructed with the skill and mastery thorough command of all orchestral resources gives, they delight the musician by the richness of their orchestral coloring and the neatness of the inventive faculty displayed, and charm every hearer by the melodiousness and the stirring spirit that distinguish them.

The second one is especially admirable, the trio—a broad, flowing melody, so harmonized and instrumentated as to suggest a splendid chorus of victory sung by hundreds of voices—being tellingly effective, and reaching a climax—full orchestra and organ—that makes evident the fact that the "Circumstance" is one of unusual dignity and uncommon external magnificence.

Then came the "Butterfly Ball" overture by Cowen, which was played yesterday for the first time in this country. No butterflies these, my masters, that dance about to the blare of trumpets and the beat of drums. They're a larger creature, heavier winged, and more aggressive than any of "nature's winged blossoms" we know, but the listener who can forget the title of the overture or remembering can hear it as from afar off will find considerable in the work that is pleasing and interesting.

The third novelty on the list was a Chorale with Variations for orchestra and harp by the Frenchman, Widor. It is an attractive composition, unusual because of the instrument for which it is written, but masterly on this account. To place the light and quickly evanescent note of the harp against the tonal mass of the orchestra and not have it swallowed up requires no slight skill. Widor has accomplished this task with remarkable success, and has created a work not only musically beautiful but grateful to the soloist and satisfying to the listener.

The solo part was played by Mrs. Margarethe Wunderle, the harpist of the orchestra, and the performance was one that called for unqualified praise. The harp heard alone quickly becomes monotonous, so uniform is its tonal color, so limited are the varieties of effect obtainable from it. But yesterday Mrs. Wunderle seemed to understand how so to shade her playing and vary her "touch" that the listener received the impression of music that was pale but exquisitely tinted, and the encore selection, which was justly demanded, only served to confirm the high estimate previously placed on the harpist's abilities.

Then came familiar selections—the swaying waltz from Tschaikowski's "Sleeping Beauty" ballet, the selections from the third act of "Tannhäuser"; that masterpiece of comic opera overtures, Nicolai's "Merry Wives of Windsor"; the andante and variations from the "Kreutzer Sonata"; then the "Traumerei" and the "Minuet," and to close Glazounow's gorgeous "Scenes de Ballet." Mr. Thomas was in the spirit of the work in hand, and his men, feeling this, followed him through readings that in passion, vigor, and youthful enthusiasm proclaimed him not a day older than he was when he delighted us with his "Ballroom Nights" in the old exposition building nearly a score of summers ago.

The program will be repeated as usual tonight at 8:15 o'clock. W. L. HUBBARD.

IS "Parsifal" Wagner's masterpiece? Wagner worshipers and those who merely admire the Baireuth master have argued many a time and oft as to the musical value of "Parsifal" as compared with the other Wagner works, the worshipers maintaining that the last of the music dramas was far and away the greatest composition the master ever penned, while the less enthusiastic devotees defended their claim that in both "Tristan" and "Meistersinger" greater inspiration, finer skill, and more marked originality were displayed than in "Parsifal." It is interesting, therefore, to find in an interview with Mme. Ternina, the eminent impersonator of all the Wagnerian heroines, an expression of opinion on this particular point. Mme. Ternina was asked if she considered "Parsifal" a greater work than "Tannhäuser."

"Ah, no," she replied, "the opera impresses me as not sincere. The first time I heard it I was lost in wonder, but the wonder has worn away. It is not so sincere, so great as 'Tannhäuser.' Of course to an actress Kundry, a different woman in every scene, is profoundly interesting, and I enjoyed acting the part. Musically the opera seems so much weaker than those the composer wrote earlier. One-third of the great, original music of 'Tristan' could be put into 'Parsifal' and musically it would be a great opera, and 'Tristan' would still have enough to remain the greatest."

It is stated in the article containing this interview that the entire scenery for "Parsifal" has been prepared by the Prince Regent theater in Munich—the "second Baireuth"—and that the music drama could be given tomorrow, were it not for the copyright. All the illusions and changes which make the opera so wonderful a spectacle at Baireuth have, it is said, been made even more wonderful there, and the scenery has all been tested, a sort of skeleton production of the opera having been given on this stage, so that if by any chance the privilege should be given to this theater, or if by any means the copyright could be bought at an opportune time, not a moment would be lost in giving it at Munich. But, if the petition to the German reichstag is granted, it will be twenty-two years before it can be produced outside of Baireuth; and it will be eleven years at least if the Wagners choose to retain their monopoly, as there is not reason to suppose they will not.

THE RESULT OF THE SUCCESS OF THE MORALITY PLAY "EVERYMAN."—"An interesting production is announced as to be given privately in Oxford and in London during the winter," says the London Daily News. "It is a nativity play, entitled 'Bethlehem,' written by Mr. Laurence Housman, with music by Mr. Joseph Moorat. The whole production will be designed and directed by Mr. Gordon Craig, whose original experiments in the decorative treatment of stage pictures aroused on the occasion of his production of 'Acis and Galatea' the enthusiasm and the abuse which together are so often the sign of valuable work. Mr. Martin Shaw, also associated with the Purcell society, will be the musical director. The first performance will take place in London on or about Dec. 31, and representations at Oxford will be given about the same time. In neither case will the play be given in a theater, and, as it is necessary for the management to be free from any restrictions which the censor of plays might wish to impose, they have to rely entirely on subscribers to make the production in London possible. None but subscribers and their friends will be admitted to the performances."

LA DUSA'S" EARLY LIFE.—Eleonora Duse, according to a writer, who is said to have received the information from the actress herself, is 43. She was born in a railway tram on the way to Venice on Oct. 3, 1859. Her grandfather, who was born at Cigga, where the name of Duse is still common, was the founder of a troupe of Venetian dialect comedians that is still famous. His four sons all became actors. Mme. Duse's father, had, in addition to his inherited talents as an actor, some skill as a painter, and he ultimately left the stage to devote himself to that art.

All the children of this second generation were actors like the little Eleonora, who began to play in the company in which her parents were members when she was 4 years old. A curious circumstance attended her baptism at Vigevano in Piedmont. In accordance with the custom of the country the child was carried to the church in a shrine gilded and ornamented with jewels. A detachment of Austrian soldiery marched past the baptismal procession, and, mistaking the shrine for the relics of some saint, halted and saluted. When he returned to his wife the father said to her: "Forgive me, dear, that I am too poor to bring you a present for giving me a daughter, but I can give you a happy omen. Our daughter will be something great some day; already they have shown her military honors."

For a long time after that the little girl had no honors of any kind, and little else but poverty and suffering. Once as her mother lay ill in a hospital the child visited her daily to eat the remains of the food that had been supplied to the patients. She was 14 when her mother died, leaving her without enough money to buy a black dress. For four years after this she played within one hamlet and another in bands of strolling actors until her famous appearance of Juliet came at Verona, when she was 18. That was the turning point in her career, and D'Annunzio mentions in his book, "The Flame," one incident of that appearance that has never before been made public. With the little money she had been able to save the actress bought all the roses she could. She came before the audience decked in flowers, and in every scene appeared covered with blooms of a different color. The symbolism and beauty of the device delighted the spectators.

It was shortly after she went to Naples, where she acted leading rôles and was warmly disliked by her colleagues. It seems strange nowadays to hear that she was not regarded as a gifted actress, the chief complaint then against her being a lack of facial expression. She had her first opportunity in "Les Fourchambaults," when the illness of the leading actress gave her the chance to play the kind of rôle that suited her. From the time she went touring with Rossi and played in "La Princesse de Bagdad," after Sarah Bernhardt's visit to Italy, her career has been well known. But it was not known before that, when dramatic success was in her grasp, she realized that as a woman she was not ready to take the place that must be held by a great actress. She therefore devoted a certain time every day to the study of languages, literature, and every branch of her education that had been neglected.

SIR ARTHUR'S GAME OF BLUFF.—The trials Mascagni had with the Musical union in New York have revived stories of Sir Arthur Sullivan's experiences with the same organization the first time the late English composer visited the United States. He was accustomed to tell the tale something as follows:

"Your question about the standard of excellence attained by orchestras in America reminds me of the one big game of bluff which I perpetrated. We had been rehearsing 'The Pirates,' and it was but two or three days before the performance that the whole band went 'on strike.' They explained that the music was not ordinary operetta music, but more like grand opera. Perhaps it is necessary to explain that their method is to charge according to scale, so much a week for entr'acte music, with an ascending scale for operetta, and so on. Had they made their complaint earlier no doubt matters could have been arranged satisfactorily, but their going 'on strike' for higher salaries at the last moment in this way appealed to me as being a mean thing to do. Under these circumstances I felt there was nothing for it but to grapple as best I could with the emergency. I called the band together and told them that I was much flattered by the compliment they had paid my music, but declined to submit to their demands. I went on to say that the concerts at Covent garden which I conducted had just been concluded, and the orchestra there, which was the finest in England, had little to do before the opera season began, and that I was certain that, on receiving a cable to that effect, they would come over to America and oblige me for little more than their expenses. In the meantime, I told them, I should go on with the opera, playing the pianoforte myself, with my friend, Mr. Alfred Cellier, at the harmonium, and that when the Covent garden orchestra did come we should have a much finer band that we could get in New York.

"Then I went to a friend, a New York newspaper man, and asked him to write an article in the shape of an interview with me on the subject, which he did, and I launched out freely with my opinions. The upshot of it all was that the band gave in, and everything went along smoothly. Of course, the idea of getting the Covent garden band over was hardly less absurd than the ludicrous idea of using the pianoforte and harmonium in a big theater; but, fortunately, public opinion was with me, and my one game of bluff was successful."

Another "strike" incident, the recital of which used to please Sir Arthur, concerned himself, W. S. Gilbert, his collaborator, and a chorus girl. The composer's version of the episode runs this way:

"One day at a rehearsal a girl came up to us crying, and Gilbert asked her the cause of it. Between her sobs she told us that she had been insulted. We at once assured her that we would look into the matter, and that no girl should be insulted in our company, but what was it all about? She said that Miss X., one of the costumer's assistants, had been rude to her, and had said to her, 'You are no better than you ought to be.' Gilbert immediately looked sympathetic, and said to her, 'Well, you are not, are you, my dear?' to which she replied promptly, 'Why, of course not, Mr. Gilbert!' 'Ah, that's all right,' he said, and she went away perfectly comforted."

MORGAN'S "WARMING UP."—The way Edward J. Morgan "warmed up" once to a part furnishes one of the best known incidents in the career of this excellent actor, who first appeared in America as a supernumerary for Louis James.

Prior to coming to this country he sang in concerts and oratorios in England, and it was while in Manchester, England, that the "warming up" occurred.

"I was late, and, rushing from my cab," he says, explaining, "hurried into what I thought was the music hall where I was to sing. A servant met me. 'Show me the artists' room,' I cried. 'This way, sir,' he replied, and led me to a little room.

"In increasing surprise, while I became hotter and hotter, I waited for my call. I grew more and more impatient. My stiff linen shriveled and curled. In desperation I tried to get out. The door was locked. Finally, after howling my lungs nearly out, Arry arrived. I grabbed him by the throat. 'This is not the artists' room,' I cried. 'What is it?'

"'It's the 'ottest room in the 'ouse, sir; the 'ottest in the bawth.'

"'Bath!' I cried. 'Where am I?'

"'In a Turkish bawth establishment,' he replied.

"'And the music hall?' I cried, bewildered.

"'Across the street,' he said.

"And that night," concluded Mr. Morgan, "I sang 'Greenland's Icy Mountains.'"

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A vigorous growth and the original color given to the hair by Parker's Hair Balsam. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts.

'TAXPAYER' IS A WITNESS.

ADOLPH ENDER TESTIFIES IN DUNNING SUIT.

Admits He Did Not Pay Fee to Begin Action, but Recalls That He Authorized the Use of His Name—State's Attorneys Deneen and Barnes on the Stand—Case Finished at Last—Judge Dunne Will Render Decision Early Next Week.

Adolph Ender, the shadowy petitioner in the several Dunning injunction suits that have been occupying the attention of the courts for some time, materialized in Judge Dunne's court yesterday. Ender's memory was a little more retentive on the witness stand than it was a few days ago, when he declared that he did not know he was the "taxpayer" who was trying to prevent the county officials from paying the salaries of Dr. John R. Neely, medical director at Dunning, and Miss Helen Scott Hay, supervisor of nurses at the same institution.

Ender told the court yesterday that, while he was not interested personally in the matter, he remembered now he had given Attorney James Harvey Hooper authority to use his name as a petitioner in the suits. This permission was given, he said, early in the summer, and he had thought little about the matter since until it was called to his attention by THE TRIBUNE Tuesday afternoon. Since then he had refreshed his memory and recalled giving the attorney the use of his name. Ender, however, denied that he had signed the bond in the case, but was ready to ratify the action of the attorney in presenting the bond in his name.

Many Questions; Little Progress.

The credit for materializing Ender in court is disputed by the contestants in the suit. While he appeared as a witness for the prosecution, Assistant County Attorney Shepard asserts that Ender was called into the case by the prosecution only after the defense had issued a subpœna for him. In an effort to show that Ender was not in fact the instigator of the litigation, and that his name was made use of to hide the real litigant, the defense sought to show whether he had engaged the attorneys or whether he had been retained by them, but most of the questions were ruled out. The only progress made in this direction was the admission of Ender that he had not paid the fee required to commence the suits.

State's Attorney Is a Witness.

State's Attorney Deneen and Attorney Barnes reversed the positions which they usually occupy in a courtroom and became witnesses in the hearing of the suit yesterday.

Mr. Deneen, who was called for the defense in an effort to disprove the contention of the prosecution that it had exhausted its efforts to secure the public prosecutor's sanction to quo warranto proceedings prior to commencing the injunction proceedings, was subjected to a rigid cross examination. Mr. Deneen declared that he had never given the prosecution a decisive answer, for the reason that before he had had time to give the request for quo warranto proceedings proper consideration his attention was taken up with the Masonic temple tax investigation. The cross examination disclosed the fact that considerable feeling had been engendered between the prosecution and Mr. Deneen, and brought out the remark from the court at the close of the arguments that had the attorneys had better control of their tempers the litigation might have been avoided.

Decision Promised Next Week.

The issue between the interested persons behind the petitioner and the county finally went to Judge Dunne for decision in the afternoon. Judge Dunne promised to give a decision early next week. Meanwhile the temporary injunction which he issued several days ago, and by which the county officials are restrained from paying Dr. Neely and Miss Hay their salaries, will remain in force.

The questions on which the court will decide the right of Dr. Neely and Miss Hay to their salaries as formed by the contention of the prosecution are:

Should not the position of medical director, created by the county board, have been filled by a promotional examination for the physicians then on the staff attached to the Dunning institutions rather than by an original examination at which it is contended, Dr. Neely was the only applicant?

Is not Miss Hay holding the position of supervisor of nurses at the Dunning institutions illegally because there was no provision made for her salary in the annual appropriation; because the position was filled by original and not promotional examination, and because, as the prosecution alleges, the examination was advertised for female nurses only, and was not open to nurses of both sexes?

Lecture at Columbian Museum.

The ninth and last free lecture in the current course at the Field Columbian museum will be delivered in the lecture hall of that institution this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The lecturer will be Mr. C. L. Owen, and his subject will be "The Navajo."

Woman Forger Found Guilty.

Lizzie Tenniso, one of the forgers who victimized the Corn Exchange National bank last summer by passing checks to which had been forged the name of Mrs. C. R. Crane, yesterday was found guilty. The other defendants will be tried next week before Judge Kavanagh.



TICKET FORGERY CHARGES ALMOST READY FOR JURY.

Arguments Will Be Finished Today in the Case of Charles Allardt and Others Accused of Conspiracy.

Arguments were begun yesterday on the ticket forging conspiracy charges against Charles Allardt and others. It is thought Judge Brentano will give the case to the jury by this evening.

The contention of the attorneys for the defense was that Farnum, in the hotel Veley, where he lived with Maggie Moran, and was said to be carrying on his alterations of tickets, was experimenting in inks, and that Allardt was financially interested in the results. A number of railroads were said to be aiding the work, and an application for a patent is now pending, it is claimed, for the discoveries of Farnum.

The state alleges that in addition to altering tickets by skillful work, the defendants had also a complete engraving and printing establishment which has never been unearthed. Tickets said to have been printed and plates used in the work are said to be among the exhibits introduced by Assistant State's attorney Olson.

GUARDS PUT ON MAIL WAGONS.

Robbery of Collector's Vehicle at Masonic Temple Leads to Taking of Precautions.

Guards were seen yesterday on the mail collecting wagons running between the substations at the Masonic temple and the Stock Exchange building to prevent a recurrence of the robbery when a wagon was driven away from the Masonic temple and looted of its contents. These stations are said to be particularly dangerous points for the reason that there the driver has to leave his wagon unprotected and go some distance into the building to get the mail. The duty of the extra man is to guard the wagon while the driver is inside the building. Postoffice inspectors and city detectives who have been working on the recent robbery appear to have made no progress toward discovering the thieves.



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Is a common expression used by business men who do not advertise in THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

EXPECT LOSS IN RESERVE.

FORECAST OF NEW YORK BANK REPORT AGAIN UNFAVORABLE.

Subtreasury Absorbs About $3,500,000 During the Week—Showing as a Whole Will Depend in a Considerable Measure on the Change in the Loan Item—American Steel Foundries Makes a Strong Statement of Earnings—General Financial News.

Traders in the New York stock market were more mixed than ever yesterday on the probable changes in the bank statement. The majority, however, seemed inclined to look for an unfavorable showing. It is known that the banks lost quite heavily in cash this week, most of the loss being on subtreasury operations. So far as the interior movement was concerned, the shipments are said to have just about offset the receipts. The net loss for the week on known movements of money is estimated at about $3,500,000, which is considerably larger than the amount reported last week. It is on this that expectations of an unfavorable statement today are mainly based.

The loan item is the uncertain factor in the statement. Some good judges expressed the belief that this account was likely to show a material reduction, and that the changes in loans would go a long way toward making up for the effect on the reserve of the loss in cash. The majority of traders, however, were not quite so hopeful as that. Some decrease in loans is expected, but it is difficult to see where there has been any room this week for any really sharp reduction in that item.

The call money rate does not point to a favorable bank statement. Money in Wall street loaned as high as 6 per cent yesterday, and the ruling rate for the day was 5. Notwithstanding this the stock market showed considerable strength, although the transactions appeared to be almost wholly of a professional character. Local commission houses doing a New York business say the rank and file of their customers are showing little disposition to trade in anything.

Market Experts Urge Caution.

As indicating the conservative feeling that prevails among the larger Wall street houses because of the condition of the money market, the following message from Strong, Sturgis & Co. to Harris, Gates & Co. yesterday is interesting:

"It is unsatisfactory at this time to note the difficulty of procuring time money at normal rates. The institutions which ordinarily lend money here are exceedingly conservative, and quite properly so, although it was to have been expected that a more easy condition would prevail before this. Foreign exchange, however, is a good barometer of the situation, and, evidently, we are not to have much lower rates for money until the end of this year or the beginning of next. Assuming this to be the condition which Wall street will experience, it seems to us unwise to embark extensively in stock speculation at present."

The continued drain which the subtreasury is making on the resources of the banks is one of the things that is causing concern in trading circles with regard to the money market. As stated, the loss of the banks on subtreasury operations during the last bank statement week is estimated at about $3,500,000. The loss on Wednesday alone was $1,418,000. Until this drain ceases, or until money begins to flow back to New York from the interior, it probably will be useless to look for much easier speculative money.

Railway Earnings.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Third week Nov.	$490,857	$447,048	$43,809
From July 1....	9,588,327	8,357,095	1,231,232

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Third week Nov.	388,463	336,559	1,904
From July 1....	5,640,192	6,878,868	*1,238,676
For October:			
Gross	1,325,627	1,567,153	*241,526
Net	442,164	631,502	*189,338
From July 1:			
Gross	4,716,209	5,869,190	*1,152,981
Net	1,475,462	2,383,094	*907,632

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE.

Third week Nov.	97,661	86,842	10,819
From July 1....	2,025,605	1,889,749	135,856

DETROIT SOUTHERN.

Third week Nov.	27,272	23,985	3,287
From July 1....	556,421	505,328	51,093

ATCHISON.

Reports for October:			
Gross	5,910,930	5,390,922	520,008
Oper. expenses	3,240,121	2,983,226	256,895
Net	2,670,809	2,407,696	263,113
Taxes and rent'l	183,118	172,531	10,587
Inc. from oper'n	2,487,690	2,235,164	252,526
From July 1:			
Gross	20,506,994	20,107,725	399,268
Oper. expenses	12,429,478	11,435,706	993,771
Net	8,077,515	8,672,018	*594,503
Taxes and rent'l	746,406	681,039	65,366
Inc. from oper'n	7,331,109	7,990,978	*659,869

WABASH.

For October:			
Gross	1,970,096	1,805,700	164,396
Oper. expenses	1,363,387	1,288,046	175,341
Net	606,709	617,654	*10,945
From July 1:			
Gross	7,436,243	6,705,705	730,538
Oper. expenses	5,109,891	4,573,901	535,990
Net	2,326,352	2,131,804	194,548

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.

Third week Nov.	73,355	61,896	11,459
From Jan. 1....	3,168,205	2,475,056	393,149

RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN.

Third week Nov.	13,247	12,228	1,019
From July 1....	249,567	234,466	15,101

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC.

Third week Nov.	104,395	101,051	3,344
From July 1....	2,289,663	2,153,546	136,117

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	9⅝	10¼
Do pfd	43½	44½
Bay State Gas	1¼	1⅜
British Columbia Copper	6¼	6½
Compressed Air	1½	2
Electric Boat	18	28
Do pfd	37	42
Electric Vehicle	4	5
Do pfd	10	13
Electro Pneumatic	⅜	1
Illinois Vehicle	1⅜	1½
Manhattan Transit	5	5¼
Montreal and Boston Copper	2⅜	2⅝
National City Bank	290	295
National Enameling and Stamp	33⅛	34½
Do pfd	85	90
N. Y. Elec. Trans	10¼	11¼
Northern Securities	105⅛	105⅝
Otis Elevator Co	39	40
Do pfd	98	100
Pittsburg Bessemer	34	37
Royal Baking Powder pfd	101	104
Seaboard Air Line	26¾	27½
Do pfd	44¾	45
Standard Oil	655	660
St. Louis Transit	26½	27½
United Boxboard	9	10
Do pfd	53	55
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	81½	82½
Do 4s	84	84⅝

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed steady at the following prices:

SELLING.

Checks, Paris	516¼+1-32
Cables, London	487⅞
Checks, London	487½
Checks, Berlin	95 5-16

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	483⅝
60 days, London, documentary	483⅛
3 days, Hamburg	95⅛
3 days, Antwerp	518⅜
60 days, France	519⅜—1-16
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
60 days, Holland	39 13-16

Steel Foundries Company's Earnings.

It is understood that as soon as the Colonial Trust company of New York has completed the exchange of stock certificates of the American Steel Foundries company for the trustee receipts which were issued against those shares the securities will be regularly listed on the New oYrk stock exchange. The governing committee has passed favorably on the application of the company to list its stock, but made the exchange referred to a condition of the actual listing. The statement accompanying the application to the stock exchange is a strong one. Net earnings for August and September are shown to have been $327,461, which is at the rate of the full 6 per cent on the preferred stock and about 7 per cent on the common. There has been some trading lately on the curb in the preferred stock around 75. The officers of the company are as follows:

President—Joseph Schwab.
First vice president—Daniel Eagan.
Second vice president—Clarence H. Howard.
Secretary and treasurer—F. E. Patterson.
Counsel—Max Pam.

Mr. Pam took a leading part in the organization of the company. The list of directors includes such names as George B. Lighton, William K. Bixby, Leslie D. Ward, Edward Shearson, E. B. Thomas, William E. Brown, E. F. Goltra, W. D. Sargent, Arthur J. Eddy, Lewis Nixon, Howard K. Wood, S. R. Callaway, Kenneth E. McLaren, Arthur Clifford, Charles Miller, J. M. Schoonmaker, and Donald H. Mann.

In regard to the prospects of the company, trade authorities say that the demand for miscellaneous castings is heavy, and bolsters and such products are going to consumers in large quantities. The business already booked by the American Steel Foundries company and the prospective orders that are practically closed will, it is said, make in the aggregate enough to keep the plants in full operation for several months to come.

New President for Street's.

Louis Eckstein has retired from the presidency of Street's Western Stable Car line, his resignation being acted upon at the regular monthly meeting of the board of directors yesterday. He will continue as a director of the company. Herman Grossman, another director, was elected to succeed Mr. Eckstein for his unexpired term of office. The annual election of the company will not be held until next March.

Mr. Eckstein's resignation from the presidency of the stable car company was due to the heavy demands made on his time by some of his outside interests. He was anxious to retire from the office at the last annual meeting of the stockholders, but, owing to the pending consolidation, was induced to remain until all the details of that transaction had been perfected and the operation of the enlarged company properly got under way. This has now been accomplished, and Mr. Eckstein felt justified in asking for his release.

The directors of the company have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent on the preferred stock, payable on Jan. 1. Books close on Dec. 20 and reopen on Jan. 2.

Colorado Springs Mining Notes.

Stratton's Independence mine, at Cripple Creek, is making a better record now than at any period in the last two years. The mine is outputting almost 300 tons of ore a day, yielding a gross value of $45,000 a week, making it possible to send a remittance of $50,000 quarterly to the London stockholders. Reports from the mine this week indicate that an important ore chute is being developed in the 550 foot level and the 1,100 foot level south of the shaft, this being the first discovery of ore of importance in that section of the mine.

The Portland Gold Mining company has just completed installing a new battery of boilers of the capacity of 1,200 horse power at the No. 1 shaft, this plant being supplemented by a 1,000 horse power boiler at the No. 2 shaft. Both of these workings are down 1,100 feet, the new equipment of boilers having been installed to permit mining to a depth of 2,500 feet.

The special water committee having in hand the matter of devising ways and means of draining the Cripple Creek district reports that good progress is being made in raising the $80,000 needed to run the one mile bore. The big mines on the west rim of the district are contributing liberally, and the tunnel is now assured.

One of the most notable instances of money making by leasing in the Cripple Creek district is evidenced by what the Cripple Creek Mining company is doing in handling the old Hull City placer. This placer, which is in reality one of the deepest mines in Cripple Creek, produced $1,500,000 in gold before the ore chute was lost at 700 feet three years ago. Since that time it has been operated with indifferent success. A year ago the Cripple Creek Mining company took hold, sunk the shaft to 1,000 feet, and rediscovered the ore chute. They are now producing $100,000 a month from the tenth level alone.

Otis Sells His Membership.

The New York stock exchange membership of J. E. Otis Jr. of the firm of Otis, Wilson & Co. has been posted for transfer to William E. Frenaye. It is understood that the sale price was $76,000. The sale of the membership is due to the fact that, beginning Dec. 1, the firm of Otis, Wilson & Co. will no longer handle speculative trades on the exchange, but will confine itself exclusively to the transaction of a general banking and bond business. Its open trades on the exchange have been transferred to Colvin & Co.

General Financial News.

At a meeting of directors of the Chicago Great Western railway company in this city on Feb. 18 an increase of $20,000,000 in the capital stock will be considered. The present capital is $30,000,000.

The South Side Elevated railroad has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable on Dec. 31. Books close on Dec. 20 and reopen on Jan. 2, 1903.

The auditor of public accounts has issued a permit to commence business to the First Mortgage Bond and Trust company of Chicago, the organization of which was noted a few weeks ago. F. W. McKinney is the president of the company. The capital is $250,000.

The balance sheet of the Allis-Chalmers company as of Sept. 30 shows a surplus for the five months ended on that date over dividends on the preferred stock of $221,825. The total surplus is given as $526,584.

The treasury department at Washington yesterday authorized the transfer of $600,000 from New York to San Francisco and $100,000 from New York to Chicago.

Advance in Swift & Co.

Swift & Co. had a good rise in the local stock market yesterday. The trading, however, appeared to be entirely of a professional character, and no particular significance was attached to the advance. The shares sold up from 119 to 125, but reacted to 122½ just before the close. So far as the packing deal is concerned, it is said there is absolutely no change in the situation.

The general market was dull but on the whole firm. There was a little trading in Can at 10 for the common and 44 for the preferred, while Biscuit common was quoted at 45⅛.

There was a better demand for Boxboard around 9⅞ for the common and 53⅛, ex. dividend, for the preferred.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	145	10	10	10
Do pfd	180	44	44	44
Chicago Edison	116	175	175	175
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	22	72	70	70
Diamond Match, ex. div	5	137⅛	137⅛	137⅛
Lake Street Elevated	125	9	8⅞	9
Metropolitan Elevated	10	37	37	37
National Biscuit	25	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛
Do pfd	57	103	103	103
Quaker Oats	12	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
Street's Stable Car pfd	179	88	88	88
Swift & Co	1,448	125	119	122½
United Boxboard	606	10	9⅞	9⅞
Do pfd. ex. div	306	53⅝	53	53⅛
Do cash	5	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
Western Stone	125	30	30	30

BONDS.

$2,000 Lake St 1st mort 5s......100	$1,000 Met L 4s....100¼
	2,000 do 100⅛

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Nov. 28.	Nov. 21.
New York	$324,170,384	$275,749,031
Chicago	32,143,954	29,413,521
Boston	22,549,680	22,048,208
Philadelphia	20,556,506	20,067,628
St. Louis	9,203,001	8,813,399
Baltimore	4,079,819	3,536,773

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 20c discount; St. Louis, 10c premium.

DAY AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collections on Imposts and on Withdrawals from Warehouse Amount to $51,444.

Duties collected yesterday at the custom house amounted to $51,444.88, imposts paying $33,944.24 and warehouse withdrawals $17,500.64.

The following goods were entered for immediate consumption: 40 cases dolls, 4 cases buttons, 38 cases fans, 22 cases curios, 1,231 bales straw matting, 56 cases dry goods, 375 brls herring, 65 casks wine, 1,598 cases wine, 55 bags gum copal, 13 cases essential oil, 1,750 sacks salt, 200 bags manganese ore, 500 cases almonds, 29 cases earthenware, 31 cases Chinese groceries, 1 case marble, 65 cases colors, 200 cases whisky, 50 cases bitters, 1 case tapestry, 1 case hosiery, 2 cases lithographs, 1 case cottons, 2 cases books, 1 case printed matter, 1 case watch movements, 1 case glassware, 7,525 steel billets, 266 cases bulbs, 149 pkgs empty cement bags.

Imported goods arrived as follows: 1,484 cases wine, 46 casks wine, 400 cases spirits, 615 cases champagne, 50 cases liquors, 69 cases sherry, 500 cases vermouth, 65 cases colors, 150 cases cherries, 423 cases brandy, 13 cases personal effects, 80 brls pumice stone, 481 cases berries, 67 cases dry goods, 2 cases straw goods, 985 cases whisky, 5 cases buttons, 91 cases cordials, 197 pkgs herring, 56 cases millinery, 815 cases tea, 2,250 sacks salt, 860 bags sugar, 11 cases bulbs, 300 cases cheese, 2 cases pictures, 136 cases shellac, 1 case cardboard, 18 cases braids, 1 case hosiery, 2 cases cottons, 2 cases musical instruments, 2 cases trimmings, 1 case chocolate, 2 cases musical instruments, 243 cases bulbs, 4 cases printed matter, 1 case engravings, 1 case earthenware, 1 case jewels, 2 cases watches, 2 cases embroidery, 1 case plants, 2 cases linens, 1 case carbons, 2 cases vaccine virus.

Attorney Accused of Perjury.

George B. Quigg, an attorney of South Chicago, was held to the grand jury under $1,000 bonds on a charge of perjury by Justice Bradwell yesterday. The courtroom was filled with South Chicago residents when the case was being heard. The complainant was A. Love, also a South Chicago attorney. The testimony related to testimony given by Quigg in a case heard by Justice Martin on Sept. 19. Quigg says the accusation is false.

GAINS IN STOCK MARKET.

WALL STREET ADVANCES SHARP AND DECLINES SMALL.

Losses Recorded During Day Are in Issues in Which Trading Is Light, While Heavy Transactions Are Accompanied by Rises—Commission House Transactions Figure Conspicuously—Powerful Interests Active in Some Parts of List.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—With but few exceptions, the stocks that changed as much as 1 per cent in today's market advanced. Of those that declined only one was traded in beyond a few hundred shares. Commission house transactions figured more conspicuously than has recently been the average in a market as narrow as that which today made up a total of half a million shares; but the great volume of the day's business was in the hands of room traders.

Interests more powerful than that element figured aggressively in some parts of the market. St. Paul, for example, rose over 3 points on transactions crossing 30,000 shares, as did Sugar trust, with a total beyond 40,000, while Louisville and Nashville jumped half a dozen points on 36,000 shares.

Along with the Louisville, all the southern properties were strong. Southern Railway issues gained an average of a point each, while Nashville and Chattanooga, on the purchase of only 300 shares, jumped between 4 and 5 points. Conspicuous stocks like Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, St. Louis, and San Francisco, and Norfolk and Western scored substantial gains.

While the day was dull the market was strong. The most sensational rise of the day was in Louisville and Nashville, which scored an extreme advance of 6⅛, holding nearly all of it at the close of business.

Three reasons were offered for the advance; one an extended short interest; another the limited supply of stock in the market available for speculative purposes, and the third, a bullish circular on the property put out by a Baltimore house close to the controlling interests in the Atlantic Coast line.

In the early part of the day a sharp advance in St. Paul led to the report that the directors of the company at their meeting in the afternoon purposed to take action in the matter of the proposed new stock issue. No action was taken. The stock held well in spite of this on buying declared in the street to be of the best character. It is understood that as soon as the controlling interests in the property are assured of the soundness of the money market the issue of the new stock will be authorized.

Manhattan was much quieter and its movements far less spectacular than in any day for the last few weeks. All told 51,000 shares of the stock were traded in, with the quotations ranging from 155 to 156⅞, and the close (at the highest price of the day) showing a net gain of ⅝.

One of the features of the day was sugar trust stock, which advanced over 5 points, maintaining practically all of its gain at the close. The street hears that President Roosevelt in his message to congress will insist upon reciprocity with Cuba, which will be considered a bull argument on sugar. On the advance some lively short covering was in evidence.

Standard Oil interests were credited with the purchases of copper trust stock. The Gould and Harriman stocks were all stronger under buying both for the long and for the short account. Mr. Harriman's statement that the Colorado Fuel dispute would extend to the Gould and Harriman railroad properties had tonic effect.

In explanation of the declines in the Rock Island issues—these being among the heaviest on the list—the gossip was that the losses were due to selling for the short account.

The advance in Brooklyn Rapid Transit seemed to be due to nothing more important than short covering.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Stocks closed considerably higher than on Wednesday, in spite of some rather unfavorable developments and the continuance of some apprehension over monetary conditions. The advances were attributed to the demand from the short interest to cover. Trading was dull, as shown by the total transactions, which did not exceed half a million shares.

Bonds were dull and irregular. Total sales, par value, $1,415,000.

Close: Money on call, steady, at 4@6 per cent, closing offered 3 per cent. Time money dull; sixty days', 6 per cent; ninety days', 6 per cent; six months', 5½ per cent bid. Prime mercantile paper, 5¼@6 per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487.25 for demand and at 483.50@483.625 for sixty days' bills; posted rates, 484½ and 488; commercial bills, 482⅝@483¼.

Bar silver, 46⅝c; Mexican dollars, 36½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing— Nov. 28.	Nov. 26.
Amn. Sugar	35,900	121¼	116¼	121¼	116⅛
Do pfd	100	118	118	118	....
Am. Locomotive	800	28	27⅝	28	27¾
Do pfd	300	92	91⅞	91⅞	....
Amn. Cotton Oil	100	47¼	47¼	47¼	46⅝
Allis-Chalmers pfd	300	82½	82	82½	....
Amn. Smelting	7,500	39	36⅞	39	39
Do pfd	3,500	91	87½	91	89¼
Amn. Coal	100	200	200	200	....
Amn. Bicycle	600	1⅝	1½	1½	1½
Do pfd	100	5½	5½	5½	....
Am. Hide & Leath	200	10	9⅞	9⅞	10
Amn. Linseed	200	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	....
Am. Malting pfd	100	22	22	22	22½
Am. Car Foundry	1,400	34⅞	34½	34⅞	34⅞
Do pfd	200	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	89¼
Amn. Ice	100	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
Atchison	16,000	83⅜	81⅞	82⅞	81⅝
Do pfd	3,100	98⅜	97⅞	98⅜	98
Amal. Copper	9,700	57	55	56⅝	54⅞
Am. Grass Twine	30	50	50	50	....
Bkln. Rap. Trans	19,900	63⅞	61	63⅜	61
Balto. & Ohio	15,600	99¼	97⅝	98⅞	97¼
Do pfd	200	94½	94	94½	....
Corn Products	200	28	28	28	28
Chi. & Alton	100	33	33	33	32¾
C. M. & St. P	32,000	178⅜	175⅝	177⅞	175⅝
C. & N. W	200	223½	223	222½	....
C. R. I. & P	12,800	45¼	44¼	44¼	44¾
Do pfd	14,700	84	83	83¼	84⅜
Chi. Terminal pfd	100	32¼	32¼	32¼	....
Ches. & Ohio	2,000	46¼	45⅝	46¼	45⅝
Canadian Pacific	6,500	129	127⅞	128⅜	127⅞
Do subs	200	128	128	128	128
Con. Tob. pfd	100	116¼	116¼	116¼	117
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	800	213⅜	212	213⅜	211½
Colo. & Southern	200	29¼	29	29¼	29
Do 1st pfd	900	69	68	68	68½
Do 2d pfd	200	43	43	43	42½
Chi. Un. Tract	800	15	14½	14½	15
Colo. Fuel & Iron	100	88	88	88	88
C. St. P. M. & O	100	155	155	155	....
Do pfd	100	194¾	194¾	194¾	....
Chi. Gt. West	2,100	26¼	25½	26	25⅝
Do pfd B	400	38	36⅝	38	36
C. & H. C. & I	600	21½	21	21½	20
Det. So	100	16½	16½	16½	17¼
D. L. & W	1,100	245	244½	244½	....
Del. & Hudson	100	159	159	159	159¼
D. & Rio Grande	400	39¼	38⅞	39¼	39⅛
Do pfd	800	89¼	88⅞	89¼	89¼
Dis. of Amer. pfd	200	34⅜	34½	34½	....
Det. Un. Ry	200	85½	85¼	85½	....
Erie	7,900	34¼	33¼	34	33¼
Do 1st pfd	500	64⅝	64	64⅝	64⅝
Do 2d pfd	1,600	46⅜	44½	46⅜	45¼
E. & T. H	1,200	56⅜	55	56⅜	53⅜
Ft. W. & D. C	500	61	60⅝	60⅝	60
Gen. Electric	600	179¼	179	179	179¼
Gt. Northern pfd	400	183⅜	182	183	....
Hocking Valley	6,000	98	94¼	97	94⅞
Do pfd	1,700	93½	91½	93	90⅜
Ill. Central	5,100	145⅜	144	144⅜	143¼
Int. Power	200	55½	55	55	....
Iowa Central	200	39⅜	39½	39⅜	39
K.C.Ft.S.& M. pfd	100	79¼	79¼	79¼	78⅝
Kan. & Mich	500	43¼	43	43¼	42⅝
Kan. City & So	1,000	32¼	31⅝	32¼	31¼
Do pfd	1,600	56	55	55⅝	55⅛
Louisv. & Nash	35,600	130¼	124	129	123⅜
Met. Securities	600	122½	121	122¼	120
M.St.P. & S.S.M	500	75	75	75	75
Manhattan	51,300	156⅞	155	156⅞	156¼
M. K. & T	800	26	25½	25⅞	25⅝
Do pfd	800	57¼	56⅝	56⅝	56
Met. St. Ry	4,400	140⅞	139	140¼	139
Mex. Cen. [Ltd.]	100	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22¼
Missouri Pac	18,000	107⅝	106	106⅞	105⅜
N. C. & St. L	300	105	102⅝	105	....
N. Y. N. H. & H	100	223¼	223¼	223¼	....
National Lead	300	27	26¾	27	26¼
N. Y. Central	9,000	155	154	154⅝	153¼
Norfolk & W	4,000	71	69⅝	71	69¼
N. Y. Ont. & W	1,900	29⅞	29	29¼	29¼
N. Y. Air Brake	100	165	165	165	164
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	1,000	43½	43	43½	42¼
Do 2d pfd	200	84⅜	84¼	84⅜	84⅜
People's Gas	200	100⅝	100½	100⅝	100¼
Penn. R. R	14,500	157⅜	156⅝	157¼	156½
Pressed Steel Car	200	60	59⅝	60	....
Do pfd	100	90¼	90¼	90¼	....
Père Marquette	200	82½	82½	82½	....
Pac. Coast 2d pfd	100	77¼	77¼	77¼	....
Reading	28,500	60⅝	59¼	60½	59¼
Do 1st pfd	200	86	86	86	85¾
Do 2d pfd	300	75¼	75¼	75¼	....
Rep. Iron & Steel	500	19¼	18⅞	19⅜	18⅜
Do pfd	600	76¼	76	76¼	75⅜
Ry. Steel S. pfd	100	89	89	89	89
Southern Ry	25,700	33¼	31⅝	32⅝	31⅝
Do pfd	3,200	93	92¼	92⅝	92
St. J. & G. I	100	16	16	16	16
Southern Pacific	28,200	64	61½	63⅝	62
St. L. & S. W	100	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27½
Do pfd	1,100	63½	62	63½	....
St. L. & San Fran	100	73¼	73¼	73¼	72
Do 2d pfd	400	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
Sloss S. S. & I	300	60	60	60	....
Do pfd	200	88½	88¼	88¼	88¾
Tenn. C. & Iron	400	57¼	56¾	57¼	56
T. St. L. & W	300	29	28¾	29	28½
Do pfd	500	45½	45	45	44¾
Texas Pacific	3,100	42⅛	41	42	41
Twin City	100	116½	116½	116½	....
U. S. Realty	600	23⅝	23¼	23⅝	23
Do pfd	100	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼
U. S. Cast I. Pipe	200	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	....
Union Pacific	13,700	100¼	99	100	99
Do pfd	5,800	91⅝	91	91¼	90¾
U. S. Leather	900	12¼	12⅛	12¼	12⅛
Do pfd	400	88½	88½	88½	88¼
U. S. Steel	1,800	36½	35⅞	36½	36
Do pfd	5,400	83⅝	82⅞	83¼	83
Va. Caro Chem	1,400	61½	61	61½	61
Wheeling & L. E.	1,000	24	23¼	23¼	....
Do 2d pfd	200	34	33⅝	34	33⅝
Wabash	400	29½	29	29½	29¼
Do pfd	400	43⅛	43¼	43⅛	42⅝
Wis. Cent	500	25	25	25	24⅝
Do pfd	500	50¼	49⅝	50¼	49½
Western Union	1,600	88¼	87⅝	88	88½

Total sales of stock, 541,200 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	200	United States	125
American	220	Fargo	210

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg	108¼	U. S. new 4s, coup	135½
U. S. ref 2s, coup	108¼	U. S. old 4s, reg	109½
U. S. 3s, reg	107⅝	U. S. old 4s, coup	109½
U. S. 3s, coup	108	U. S. 5s, reg	103⅝
U. S. new 4s, reg	135½	U. S. 5s, coup	103⅝

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

43000 Ath gen 4s..........101⅝@⅞	27000 Man con 4s..........104¼@½
3000 do adjmt stamped..... 91⅝	2000 Mex Cent 4s.. 79
3000 A C O 4½s... 98	60000 do 1st inc....25@½
4000 B-O 3½s..... 94¼	4000 Mo P con 6s..........121¼@½
75000 do 4s........101	5000 M-O Mont 5s.115
5000 do S W 3½s..........88⅝@⅞	3000 N Y G-E 4s.. 94½
6000 B R T 5s.....103	8000 do 5s........113½
2000 Bklyn Ferry 5s.......... 78	10000 N Y C deb 5s 1884 reg.....102⅝
6000 Bklyn El 4s..........101@⅝	11000 N Y C-St L 4s..........104¼@⅝
3000 Colo-9th Ave 5s..........121	4000 N P 3s....... 73
2000 Can So 2d...108	5000 do 4s........103¼
30000 do reg.......106	10000 N-W 4s......100¼
8000 Cent Ga con 5s..........107@¼	2000 do Pocahontas 4s.......... 93⅞
7000 do 1st inc...74@¾	5000 O S L Con 5s.115½
10000 do 2d inc..... 35	93000 do 4s.......92½@½
6000 C-E 1st......120½	5000 PennaCo 3½s.100⅝
75000 Con Tob 4s..63@½	10000 P-E inc...... 76½
81000 C R I-P 4s.85¼@⅝	1000 R G W 4s...100
1000 CCC-St L gm.101¼	37000 Rdg gen 4s..........96¼@⅜
1000 C N J gen 5s.137	14000 St L-I M 5s..114
15000 C Pac 3½s..........86⅝@ 87	8000 do 4s ref..92½@⅜
1000 do 4s........101⅜	9000 Seabd A L 4s..........83@½
5000 C R R-B Co Ga 5s..........107½	10000 do ref 5s...101@⅝
25000 C-A 3½s.....79@⅝	8000 So Pac 4s...93@½
24000 C B-Q joint..........95¼@⅝	1000 do 4½s........100⅝
3000 C F I conv 5s. 93	1000 So Ry 5s.....118⅜
9000 Colo So 4s... 92	2000 do StL div 4s.100½
20000 D-R G con 4s..........100½@⅝	1000 do M-O 4s.... 94½
1000 D-Ft D 2½s.. 93	5000 St P-S C 1st.127
10000 Erie gen lien 4s.......... 84½	8000 S R T inc.... 10½
16000 do con 4s.97⅝V98	14000 Third Ave 4s..........98½@⅝
10000 Erie Penna 4s.92	1000 U P 4s......104⅜
44000 G B-M B..23¼@½	345000 do conv 4s..........105⅝@⅞
3000 H V 4½s....108⅝	1000 Ulster-D 1st..114
5000 K C Ft S-M 4s.......... 86⅝	20000 W-L E con 4s.92
10000 K C So 3s... 69½	10000 Wab 1st 5s.116@¼
	5000 do 2d........107½
	32000 do deb B.75¼@76½
	80000 Wis C 4s.91½@92
	1000 WS gtd 4s reg112½

Total sales of bonds, $1,396,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, MASS., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The patching up of the differences between the Dominion Coal company and the New England Gas and Coke company over the coal contract produced marked activity in the shares of the Massachusetts Gas company. Boston United gas bonds sold up 3 to 79. Massachusetts gas common made an outside gain of 2⅝; the preferred rose 1⅛. The movement of the coppers was uneven. Amalgamated presented an appearance of strength, as did Copper Range. Quincy broke 7 to 100 on talk of a reduced dividend. Swift & Co. scored an advance of over 4 per cent.

Call loans, 5@5½ per cent. Time loans, collateral, 5½@6 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 5⅝@6 per cent. Clearing house loans, 5 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	1,650	55¼	56⅝	55¼	56⅝
Adventure	200	15	15	15	15
Allouez	50	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Arcadian	40	4	4	4	4
Atlantic	50	7	7	7	7
Am. Tel	490	159¾	159¾	158¾	159½
Atchison	740	81⅝	83⅜	81⅝	83⅜
Do pfd	45	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
Am. Sugar	10,250	116⅛	120⅞	116⅛	120⅞
Do pfd	25	118	118	118	118
Am. Pneumatic	100	7	7	7	7
Agl. Chem	100	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
Am. Woolen pfd	40	76	76	76	76
Bingham	200	26⅝	27	26⅝	27
Copper Range	1,300	56⅝	58¼	56⅝	58¼
Calumet	10	445	445	445	445
Cons. Mercur	5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
Centennial	285	15⅞	16	15⅞	16
Dom. Steel	2,000	53½	55½	53½	55
Daly West	575	37	37	34½	36
Dom. Coal	875	126½	128	126¼	128
Do pfd	4	116½	116½	116½	116½
Franklin	30	10	10	10	10
Gen. Elec	157	179¼	179¼	179¼	179¼
Isle Royale	50	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Mass. Mining	20	13½	13½	13½	13½
Mohawk	23	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
Michigan	200	7½	7½	7½	7½
Mont. & Bost	100	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
Mass. Gas	5,100	39⅛	41⅝	39⅛	40⅞
Do pfd	1,470	83½	84⅝	83½	84⅝
Mex. Tel	40	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Mayflower	10	1½	1½	1½	1½
N. E. Tel	15	138	138	138	138
Osceola	40	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼
Old Dom	50	15½	15½	15½	15½
Parrott	20	21	21	21	21
Pere Marquette	1,350	81	82⅞	80	82⅝
Phoenix	50	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
Pullman	5	227	227	227	227
Quincy	110	105	105	100	100
Santa Fe	100	1½	1½	1½	1½
Swift & Co	425	119	123½	119	123½
Savannah Elec	73	90	90	90	90
Trinity	104	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
Tamarack	25	145	145	145	145
Un. Shoe Mchy	50	48½	48½	48½	48½
Do pfd	25	30½	30½	30½	30½
Utah	1,885	22½	23¼	22¼	23¼
U. S. Coal & Oil	149	13⅝	13⅝	13½	13½
Un. Fruit	540	109	110	109	109⅝
U. S. Mining	460	20⅛	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝
Un. Pac	132	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
Do pfd	75	91½	91⅝	91½	91⅝
Winona	50	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
Wolverine	75	59	59	59	59

BONDS.

$3000 Am Bell 4s... 99½	1000 Cent Vt 4s... 87½
5000 Am Tel 4s.... 98⅜	1000 Eastern 6s...107⅜
13000 C B-Q joint.. 94½	78000 K C M-B inc. 91
5000 Bost Gas 2d.. 79	1000 N E Cot Y 5s.102
8000 Chic Junct 4s......98¼@½	1000 Un Fruit 5s..110
	45000 West Tel 5s.104@¼

BUTTER PRICES GO HIGHER.

Fancy Extras in Creameries Reach 27 1-2 Cents—Eggs Hold Firm—Turkeys Make Decline.

Under the stress of a constantly increasing demand, with no increase in receipts, butter made an advance of ½c per pound yesterday, going to 27½c for fancy extras in creamery. Eggs held firm, notwithstanding receipts are liberal, for the five days of this week aggregating 17,478 cases, as against 16,910 for the same time last week. Turkeys fell off about 1c per pound on live stock, but dressed held almost to prices before Thanksgiving, a surprise to the trade, occasioned by jobbers buying for storage in addition to the regular demand of the local business. Potatoes were easier and sales at quotations of Wednesday were few. Much good stock went at 42c and 43c per bu, buyers being slow to take hold and receivers anxious to dispose of holdings.

Quotations on round lots follow:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, misc., mark, cases includ'd19½@21c	Cheese, fancy brick.10½c
Do, at mark, cases returned .....19@20½c	Cheese, twins..11@11¼c
Do, loss off, cases returned ....23@24c	Butter, creamery, extra 27½c
Do, city storage, packed 19c	Firsts ....23@21c
Cheese, Y. A...11½@12c	Seconds ....18@20c
	Dairies, Cooley's....23c
	Do firsts 21c
	Packing stock 16c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live old chickens....10c	Do bluewing $3.00
Do spring 10½c	Do small, mixed ......$1.75@2.00
Do ducks......11½@12c	Snipe, jack $1.50
Do turkeys 12c	Do sand ....25@30c
Do geese, doz.$6.00@9.00	Do grass and yellow legs $1.50
Fresh dressed turkeys ....14@16c	Woodcock, doz....$6.00
Iced turkeys ....12@14c	Squabs, dressed, doz ....$1.00@2.00
Do chickens.....8@9½c	Rabbits, per doz ....$1.00@1.20
Do spring chickens ....10@11¼c	Bear saddles ...12½@13c
Do ducks.......12½@14c	
Ducks, mallard, doz. ....$4.00@4.25	

FRUITS.

Oranges .....$2.75@5.00	Bananas, bch.$1.00@1.60
Apples, brls..$1.00@2.75	New York Concords ....20@21c
Lemons, Cal., boxes 300 ....$4.00@4.50	Tokays ......$1.50@2.00
Pears, good to choice, per brl......$1.00@2.00	Cranberries, Cape Cod $8.00
Winter Nellis.$2.00@2.50	

FISH.

Black bass..........15c	Perch ....3@4c
Carp 1c	Pike ....5@6c

VEAL.

50@60 lbs ....6@6¼c	95@110 lbs...........9½c
65@75 lbs ....7½@8¼c	150@200 lbs.....6¼@7½c
80@125 lbs...........8@9c	180@200 lbs.....5½@6½c

VEGETABLES.

Beets, ½ bu sacks ....45@50c	Cabbage, ton..$4.00@6.00
Beans, navy, hand picked .....$2.28@2.30	Cauliflower, cases ....60c@$2.00
Medium ....$2.10@2.12½	Lettuce, head, tubs ....35@75c
Celery, Michigan, cases 20c	Potatoes, on track, per bu..........38@46c
Squashes, Hubbard, per ton $25.00	Sweet potatoes, Jersey, brls ....$3.00@3.25

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts 1902.	Receipts 1901.	Shipments 1902.	Shipments 1901.
Apples, brls	5,955	765	5,589	677
Beans, bu	......	2,317	......	1,500
B. corn, lbs	60,000	68,200	17,980	66,150
Butter, lbs	478,388	607,675	493,900	711,359
Cheese, lbs	334,375	206,973	193,860	100,557
D. fruits, lbs	383,424	150,500	108,980	75,800
Eggs, pkgs	4,799	6,188	6,668	2,380
Hay, tons	777	860	40	142
Hides, lbs	447,440	431,272	611,500	547,817
Hops, lbs	176,739	80,876	33,474	79,055
Potatoes, bu	116,130	56,302	22,812	9,188
Poultry, lbs	121,653	182,184	6,845	68,844
Poultry, c'ps	581	200	......	......
Wool, lbs	174,109	126,300	267,500	322,507

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South—Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Flour—Receipts, 25,052 brls; exports, 24,621 brls. Fairly active and steady.

Wheat—Receipts, 259,875 bu; exports, 15,960; spot market easy; No. 2 red, 77¼c, elevator; No. 2 red, 77½c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 83¼c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 84¼c, f. o. b., afloat. Options advanced on vigorous support by the Chicago bull leader. In the last hour indications of elevator selling west broke the whole market, and the close was weak at ⅛@⅜c net loss; May, 79 15-16@80⅛c, closed 80c; December, 80¼@80⅜c, closed 80¼c.

Corn—Receipts, 73,100 bu; exports, 36,998 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 63¼c, elevator, and 62c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 yellow, 67c; No. 2 white, 67c. Options advanced at first, but eventually eased off, closing net unchanged. January closed 53c; May, 47 15-16@48¼c, closed 48c; July, 46⅝@46⅞c, closed 46⅞c; December, 59⅝@60⅝c, closed 59⅝c.

Oats—Receipts, 37,800 bu; exports, 20,155 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 36c; standard white, 38c; No. 3, 35½c; No. 2 white, 38c; No. 3 white, 37½c; track mixed western nominal; track white, 37@42c. Options slow and easier with corn. December, 37¼c.

Cottonseed oil—Quiet.

In the Cotton Market.

Cotton—Futures closed quiet; November, 8.33c; December, 8.34c; January, 8.32c; February, 8.25c; March, 8.27c; April, 8.27c; May, 8.28c; June, 8.29c; July, 8.29c; August, 8.13c. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8.55c; middling gulf, 8.80c; sales, 500 bales.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 28.—Close: Wheat—Firm; No. 2 red cash elevator, 68⅞c; track, 70@71c; December, 68½c; May, 74⅛c; No. 2 hard, 67@72c. Corn—Steady; No. 2 cash, 45c; track, 45@46½c; December, 44⅝c; May, 39⅝@39½c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 cash, 31c; track, 31½@32c; December, 31c; May, 31¼c; No. 2 white, 34½c. Lead—Steady; $4.00. Spelter—Dull; $4.95 asked. Flour—Firm, unchanged; red winter patents, $3.30@3.50; extra fancy and straight, $3.00@3.25; clear, $2.85@2.95. Wool—Quiet; strong; medium grades and combing, 15@19½c; light fine, 13@18c; heavy fine, 11@15c; tub washed, 17@28c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 28.—December wheat opened at 72c and May at 74¼c. The weakness was momentary, and May recovered, selling to 74⅝c. The market was easy towards the close. May closed at 74@74⅛c and July at 74¼c. Cash No. 1 northern sold ½c and 2c over December, and No. 2 at December price. Flour—First patents, $3.85@3.95; second patents, $3.70@3.80; first clears, $2.90@3.00; second clears, $2.30@2.40.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 28.—Close: Wheat—December, 63¼c; May, 69⅝c; cash No. 2 hard, 66c; No. 3, 62½@63½c; No. 2 red, 66@66½c; No. 3, 64c. Corn—November, 42½c; December, 40c; May, 37@37⅛c; cash No. 2 mixed, 41½@42c; No. 2 white, 41½c; No. 3, 39c. Oats—No. 2 white, 33@33½c; No. 2 mixed, 30@31c.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 28.—Close: Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 73⅛c; No. 2 northern, 71⅛c; No. 3 spring, 69⅛c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 74⅛c; No. 1 northern, 72⅝c; November, 73⅛c; December, 72c; May, 74⅜@74½c; macaroni No. 1, 69⅛c; No. 2, 67⅛c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 28.—Wheat—Steady. Close: No. 1 northern, 76½c; No. 2 northern, 75@75½c; May, 76¼@76⅜c. Barley—Firm; No. 2, 66½c; sample, 35@65c. Corn—May, 42⅛c.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 28.—Wheat—Fairly active; lower; cash, 78c; December, 78⅛c; May, 80¼c. Clover seed—Dull; unchanged; November, $6.80; January, $6.87½; March, $6.87½.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Although the pressure was lessened money was in active demand today for month end requirements. Its scarcity compelled borrowings from the bank of England of $17,500,000 during the week, with the prospect of an increase in the demand. With the transfer Dec. 1 of the Morgan shipping money, which was temporarily loaned to the consol market, the leading anxiety will be regarding the consol settlement. Discounts were slightly easier.

Business on the stock exchange was more cheerful and quiet. Consols hardened. Home rails were easier. Americans had a better undertone. They hardened and closed firm. Foreigners were firm. Kaffirs improved slightly.

Closing stocks:

Consols for money	92⅞	N. Y. Central	157⅝
Do for account	93⅛	Norfolk & Western	72
Anaconda	4¼	Do pfd	92
Atchison	20¾	Ont. & Western	29¾
Do pfd	101	Pennsylvania	80¼
Baltimore & Ohio	101	Rand Mines	10⅞
Canadian Pacific	131⅛	Reading	30⅝
Ches. & Ohio	46⅛	Do 1st pfd	44¼
Chgo. Gt. Western	26	Do 2d pfd	38¼
C., M. & St. P	180	Southern Ry	33¾
De Beers	22⅛	Do pfd	94¼
Denver & Rio G	40¾	Southern Pacific	64¼
Do pfd	91½	Union Pacific	102⅞
Erie	34⅜	Do pfd	93¼
Do 1st pfd	65¼	United States Steel	36⅞
Do 2d pfd	46½	Do pfd	85¾
Illinois Central	147	Wabash	29¾
Louisv. & Nash	126⅜	Do pfd	43¼
M., K. & T	26⅜		

Bar silver quiet, 21 11-16d per ounce. Money, 3¼@4 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3⅞@4 per cent; for three months' bills, 3⅞@4 per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—Business on the bourse today was more active. Internationals were in great favor and advanced. A few realizations were readily absorbed. At the close prices were firm. Spanish 4s, Brazilians, and Argentines were in particular demand. Rio Tintos were firmer. Industrials were irregular. Kaffirs were strong.

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Prices were generally firmer on the boerse today. Locals and internationals hardened at first, but later they were generally dull.

A SAVINGS ACCOUNT IS THE SAFEST INVESTMENT

It pays $1.03 back for every dollar invested. It is convertible into *cash on a moment's notice.* Self-reliance and independence go with *a good book account.* Deposits made on or before Dec. 5 draw interest from Dec. 1.

FEDERAL TRUST & SAVINGS BANK.

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3½% MONEY TO LOAN

We will make loans at 3½% interest on down-town Chicago Real Estate in sums of $75,000 and upward. Other amounts at 4 per cent. Residence loans at 4½ and 5 per cent.

Edgar M. Snow & Co.
100 WASHINGTON-ST.

[From the New York Mail and Express of November 17, 1902.]

The Copper Situation

Puzzling Conditions—Is 12c. a Pound a Natural Price? Action of Amalgamated.

The copper situation is puzzling to the last degree and gets more so instead of clearing up, says the Boston "Post." If the metal is selling lower than the law of supply and demand would place it, it is reasonable to conclude that the present slump is being engineered to gather in cheap stock from unfortunates who are forced out.

But if the present price of copper is a natural one, then lower prices for many copper stocks are in order. It is a reasonable assumption, based on the last annual reports, that there cannot be enough copper produced profitably at 12 cents a pound to supply the future demand. That means then, that when the mines that cannot make money at 12 cents have shut down there will soon be a scarcity of copper and higher prices. If all the mines that can make money on 12 cent copper, Calumet and Hecla, Boston and Montana, Copper Range, United Verde and a few others, were rushed to the utmost, it does not seem as though it would be possible for them to supply the demand, which must increase tremendously in the next few years because of the growth of industries utilizing electricity. For reasons deduced from the foregoing it does not seem reasonable that 12 cents is a fair price for copper.

If the Amalgamated people are keeping the price of copper down as part of a crushing policy, they have got a long, hard fight ahead with the result by no means assured in their favor. It is unfortunate, for the Amalgamated, in such a warfare that the people whom they aim to crush would lose very much less money than Amalgamated would. Very many of the mines that Amalgamated owns or controls show cost sheets ruinously near 12 cents, and yet these mines would have to be worked because Amalgamated could not produce enough from the low cost mines to hold anything like control of the market.

The George A. Treadwell Mining Company will soon be producing copper for less than 8¼ cents a pound and inside of three years can, if it chooses, produce more copper than the United Verde and Calumet and Hecla combined.

There is very little of the stock to be had at any price. Buy it through your broker as cheap as you can.

THE GEORGE A. TREADWELL MINING CO.,
27 William Street, New York.
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Investments
Receive Deposits Subject to Check and Allow Interest on Balances
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THE TRIBUNE—ALWAYS RELIABLE.

MOUNTAINS OF GOLD ORE WE CHALLENGE
Successful Contradiction to Statements Made in This Advertisement.

Go and see Eagle properties, if you have money to invest, and if any reasonable man is not convinced that our enterprise is BETTER than represented in our literature we will refund entire cost of trip necessary to make inspection of same.

Over One Hundred Million Tons
Free milling ore in sight above the surface that averages better than $5 per ton; can be milled for less than $1.00. DIVIDENDS PAID QUARTERLY. The Bonito and Nogal mining districts cover over 300 claims, or 6,000 acres of land at Parsons, N. M., owned by the Eagle Mining and Improvement Co.; also the Old Abe at White Oaks, which has 20-stamp mill and other machinery which produced nearly $1,000,000 gold previous to the purchase made of it by the Eagle Company; also 160 acres coal beds and over $1,000,000 worth of timber.

All profits or net earnings in a corporation belong to shareholders and cannot be legally diverted without their consent, to any other use than the dividend fund.

50 CTS. PER SHARE PER MONTH
Is what the stockholders of the Homestake Gold Mining Company of South Dakota are receiving. $1,000 invested a few years ago in this famous mine has shown profits of $38,000 through advance in the price of stock, besides having paid $18,000 in dividends. This stock started at $3.00 per share, par value $10, and is now selling at $115 per share, though the average value of the ore is only $3.90 per ton.

The EAGLE MINING AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY'S stock should do better than the Homestake. Homestake capitalized $21,000,000; Eagle Company only $10,000,000.

A BLOCK OF STOCK 75c PER SHARE.
WRITE FOR LIBERAL DISCOUNTS ON 500 SHARES AND UPWARDS.
Par value of shares, $1.00, fully paid and nonassessable. Next block, 90c per share.
ASSETS: OVER $500,000,000 WORTH OF GOLD ORE IN SIGHT.

Not a mine but a milling proposition. Only a question of machinery to separate the gold from the ore in sight, which may be kept up for a lifetime, to pay good dividends on $50,000,000, which is five times greater than the present capitalization of Eagle Company. No speculation in it.

Water, water power, timber, coal, fruit lands, healthy climate, town sites. Telling testimony of 75 good business men and experienced miners who have seen the property, all of whom say, "Better than represented in your literature." Literature mailed, which tells you about it. Call or address

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DEALERS IN High Grade Investment Securities
Purchase total issues of Bonds from, and act as Fiscal Agents for, Municipalities, Railroads, Street Railways, Gas, Electric Light, and Electric Power Companies.
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LETTERS OF CREDIT AND INTERNATIONAL CHEQUES ON
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Available in all parts of the world.
Write for Bond List.
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LOANS Without Commission
On Choice Chicago real estate security at low rates. Quick action.
BAIRD & WARNER,
90 La Salle-st.

United States Steel Corporation.
The interest on Series F bonds, due December 1st, will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close November 20th and reopen December 2d, 1902.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

WEEK'S REVIEW OF TRADE

COLDER WEATHER MAKES RETAIL BUSINESS BETTER.

Jobbing and Wholesale Activity Is Fully Maintained and Manufacturing Plants Have Orders Far Ahead—Coke Shortage Retards Operations—Inquiries for Pig Iron Become More Urgent—Railroads Plan Heavy Outlays.

New York, Nov. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

"Weather conditions have provided the only important developments of the last week in the business world. Excessive rains in some sections, notably the southwest, facilitated distribution of heavy footwear, overshoes, and kindred lines, while seasonably low temperature at other points increased the movement of winter wearing apparel. These influences, together with a large Thanksgiving trade in food products, stimulated retail dealings materially.

"Jobbing and wholesale trade is fully maintained, and manufacturing plants have orders far ahead, but in many cases the coke shortage retards operations. Railway officials are making every effort to relieve the freight congestion, especially in the vicinity of Pittsburg, but thus far there is little evidence of improvement. Gross earnings are fully maintained, for November thus far exceeding last year's by 6.3 per cent, and those of 1900 by 16.4 per cent, while it is anticipated that higher freight rates will offset the advances in wages, sustaining net earnings.

Scarcity of Pig Iron.

"Inquiries for pig iron become more urgent as the scarcity grows more acute. Furnaces are added to the idle list when there is full occupation for every plant in the country, but the fuel shortage is not perceptibly improved. Coke commands high premiums according to the needs of consumers, and iron is similarly held at an abnormal position by the insufficient supply. Even foreign pig iron has not arrived at specified dates, while new orders have been placed abroad covering distant deliveries. It is fully apparent that domestic needs will continue to exceed available supplies for many months to come.

"The pressure is less severe in the various finished lines, aside from structural steel and railway equipment. Numerous projected additions to mileage, improved terminals, and increased rolling stock insure activity at the shops for months to come. Machinery houses, boiler works, and makers of heavy hardware are all far behind with orders, and practically every section of the iron and steel industry is entirely in control of sellers, prospective purchasers having to make all the concessions.

"Minor metals, on the other hand, are generally weaker, tin being especially depressed. Silver bullion has fallen to much the lowest price on record, the intrinsic value of a silver dollar now being about 39 cents.

Leather and Cotton.

"A distinctly firmer tone pervades the market for footwear, orders coming forward freely for spring goods. The leading shoe manufacturers have taken large lots of leather, especially hemlock sole, giving a firmer tone to the market and reducing stocks. Foreign dry hides are in limited supply and well held.

"There is still no inclination to place large orders for distant delivery of cotton goods, but a steady current demand fully absorbs the limited stocks, and buyers are often compelled to hunt for desired lines of staple cloths. Printed and woven patterned goods for spring are selling freely on forward business. The better tone that appeared some weeks ago in woolens has finally caused a moderate advance in staple lines for spring.

"Failures for the week numbered 213 in the United States, against 182 last year, and 16 in Canada, compared with 25 a year ago."

As Seen by Bradstreet's.

Bradstreet's will tomorrow say:

"Warm weather has been, and in some sections is, the only apparent drawback to distributive trade, but lowered temperatures and early holiday buying have tended to minimize this deficiency. That a large, in fact, unprecedented, holiday demand will develop, is confidently predicted, all sections of the country sending this report.

"While weather dulled retail trade has affected orders from western jobbers, wholesale trade as a whole is in excess of a year ago, and comfortable increases are expected to be finally shown in nearly every department of trade. General industry is active the country over, manufacturers and producers being still urgently pushed to deliver on orders booked some time ago.

"Some improvement is noted in the transportation congestion, largely because of special efforts made to break the blockade at Pittsburg and farther west, but the car shortage is still a matter of worriment to the railroad men and to merchants and dealers whose goods are delayed thereby.

"The influence of last year's crop shortages is gradually disappearing. Lower prices for cereals, provisions, and finished iron and steel give hope of better export trade and the possibility of cutting down some of the unfavorable balance shown earlier this year.

"Collections are, in a majority of cases, still good, exceptions noted being the effect of mild weather in the northwest and too much rain in Texas.

In the Iron Trade.

"There was a more cheerful tone in the iron trade, partly the result of improvement in fuel supplies at the west and partly the result of larger buying at the east. Little or no improvement in the coke shortage in that immediate district is noted. Finished products are firmer in tone. This is a dull season usually in the iron trade, and with the quieting down has come some talk of cutting prices at the west, but confirmation of these reports is generally lacking.

"The eagerness of consumers to get supplies, added to the reluctance of sellers to engage for deliveries any further ahead than 1903, is taken to indicate that next year's business will be large. More than usual seasonable activity is noted in hardware. Among the other metals, copper is weaker in tone and tends downward on increased offerings and weak foreign markets, while tin is also lower.

"Cotton goods feel the stimulating effects of higher prices for the raw material. Specialties in imported cottons are active with jobbers, mercerized products especially so. The woolen mills are kept actively employed, those engaged on men's wear being particularly so. The strength of raw wool is unabated, the latest London sale showing a higher range.

"While foreign wools sold here now are at lower prices than new woolens can possibly be exported for, the wool clip for 1902 shows a slight gain, the fifth annual increase from the depression of 1897, and the production is not now far from the record figures of 1893.

Exports of Grain.

"Wheat, including flour exports, for the week ending Nov. 27, aggregate 4,179,685 bushels, against 5,277,672 last week; 5,117,478 in this week last year, and 2,497,880 in 1900. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 111,042,009 bushels, against 127,818,726 last season and 77,790,267 in 1900. Corn exports aggregate 255,174 bushels, against 243,381 last week, 630,968 last year, and 4,801,000 in 1900. For the fiscal year exports are 2,707,337 bushels, against 19,153,817 last season, and 74,681,561 in 1900.

"Business failures in the United States for the week ending Thursday, Nov. 27, number 180, as against 201 last week, 189 in this week last year, 184 in 1900, 177 in 1899, and 212 in 1898. Canadian failures number 19, as against 19 last week and 26 in this week a year ago."

Clearings for the Week.

The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ended Nov. 27, with the percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Pct. inc.	Pct. dec.
New York	$1,326,587,937	2.5	....
Chicago	139,617,783	2.6	....
Boston	108,856,872	5.2	....
Philadelphia	102,641,835	10.3	....
St. Louis	39,526,491	....	5.6
Pittsburg	38,184,905	3.3	....
Baltimore	18,603,426	10.9	....
San Francisco	24,284,747	....	.02
Cincinnati	18,001,050	9.4	....
Kansas City	17,288,609	6.2	....
Cleveland	12,157,732	4.4	....
Minneapolis	16,427,149	13.8	....
New Orleans	15,326,632	20.7	....
Detroit	9,432,412	....	20.4
Louisville	8,570,190	25.7	....
Indianapolis	10,434,231	37.5	....
Providence	6,321,200	7.2	....
Omaha	6,089,678	11.3	....
Milwaukee	6,984,996	23.9	....
Buffalo	5,823,261	13.5	....
St. Paul	6,152,865	20.6	....
St. Joseph	5,150,000	....	25.3
Denver	3,627,471	....	5.3
Richmond	4,272,046	3.6	....
Savannah	4,423,702	15.7	....
Salt Lake City	2,915,096	....	20.1
Albany	3,391,472	....	27.3
Los Angeles	4,353,027	38.3	....
Memphis	4,995,211	25.7	....
Fort Worth	2,506,777	....	....
Seattle	3,634,981	1.1	....
Washington	3,194,960	24.0	....
Hartford	1,886,635	....	12.2
Peoria	2,478,494	1.2	....
Toledo	2,419,772	19.9	....
Portland, Ore.	2,891,420	33.0	....
Rochester	1,894,361	....	....
Atlanta	2,763,483	26.9	....
Des Moines	807,382	....	43.6
New Haven	1,353,943	2.3	....
Worcester	1,310,167	10.0	....
Nashville	2,079,750	....	....
Springfield, Mass.	1,146,951	....	2.7
Norfolk	1,425,609	25.0	....
Grand Rapids	1,465,050	28.8	....
Scranton	1,604,940	....	....
Portland, Me.	1,126,891	....	4.9
Sioux City	1,388,364	4.5	....
Augusta	1,589,223	30.7	....
Syracuse	991,020	....	....
Dayton, O.	1,279,167	26.0	....
Tacoma	1,587,318	40.8	....
Spokane	1,708,394	56.9	....
Topeka	1,361,555	27.5	....
Davenport	637,265	....	18.1
Wilmington, Del.	1,110,075	37.2	....
Evansville	1,011,926	13.4	....
Birmingham	1,146,798	....	....
Fall River	872,089	23.6	....
Macon	734,000	26.1	....
Little Rock	1,219,280	36.8	....
Helena	702,405	40.1	....
Knoxville	780,820	37.8	....
Lowell	463,859	7.1	....
Akron	633,400	35.2	....
Wichita	875,650	58.2	....
Springfield, Ill.	478,420	10.9	....
Lexington	400,495	....	....
New Bedford	375,025	....	11.7
Chattanooga	592,235	31.7	....
Youngstown	511,473	24.3	....
Kalamazoo	557,188	37.5	....
Fargo	564,715	22.6	....
Binghamton	338,900	21.7	....
Rockford	468,339	2.8	....
Canton	348,557	16.7	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	361,724	12.1	....
Springfield, O.	304,781	25.6	....
Chester	356,636	7.8	....
Quincy	275,432	....	....
Bloomington	270,925	35.6	....
Sioux Falls	234,167	....	....
Jacksonville, Ill.	117,963	....	20.4
Fremont	88,695	....	46.2
*Houston	13,125,757	37.6	....
*Galveston	7,523,000	1.8	....
*Columbus, O.	9,084,600	27.7	....
†Wheeling	588,498	....	6.9
†Wilkesbarre	575,625	....	18.4
Decatur, Ill.	170,162	....	....
Utica	2,311,469	....	....
Greensburg, Pa.	354,790	....	....
Mansfield	166,517	....	....
Totals U. S.	$2,032,301,237	3.8	....
Outside New York	705,713,300	6.3	....
CANADA.			
Montreal	$19,990,720	31.5	....
Toronto	14,492,796	38.9	....
Winnipeg	6,035,552	33.4	....
Halifax	1,769,665	23.6	....
Vancouver, B. C.	1,063,992	41.3	....
Hamilton	892,938	23.7	....
St. John, N. B.	927,125	64.3	....
Victoria, B. C.	607,702	7.4	....
†Quebec	1,461,156	36.1	....
Ottawa	1,733,501	26.5	....
London	833,613	....	....
Totals Canada	$48,975,147	34.1	....

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.
†Not included in totals because of no comparison for last year.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Few buyers were in the dry goods market today and store trade poor, but orders have brought sales up to about the average. No change in tone or prices. Print cloths steady. Linen quiet but firm. Burlaps scarce in light weights and prices advancing.

Range of Coffee Prices.

The coffee market, after opening steady at an advance of 5@10 points, was only moderately active, but for a time showed a decidedly improved tone, reflecting the stronger European cables and the small receipts, the prices around midday being 10@15 points above the close of last Wednesday, then turned easier again, under profit taking, and closed steady, with prices net 5@15 points higher. The sales footed up about 40,500 bags. The spot market was quiet, with quotations on the basis of 5¼c for Rio No. 7.

Poultry, Live or Dressed.

Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 12c; fowls, 12½c; roosters, 8½c; turkeys, 11½c; ducks, average western, per pair, 75@80c; geese, western, average, $1.37@1.50. Dressed—Dry picked—Turkeys, Jersey and up river, fancy, per lb, 17c; do fair to good, 14@16; do state and Pennsylvania, fancy, 16c; do Ohio and Michigan, fancy, 16c; spring chickens, western, dry picked, average best, 14c; western, scalded, average best, 14c; fowls, western, dry picked average best, 13c; do scalded, 13c; western, ordinary, 11@12c.

Butter of All Grades.

Creamery, extras, per lb, 28c; do firsts, 26@27½c; do seconds, 23@25c; creamery, held extras, 24½@25c; do firsts, 23½@24c; do seconds, 22@23c; state dairy, tubs, fancy, 25@26c; do firsts, 23½@24½c; do seconds, 22@23c; western imitation creamery, finest, 20½@21c; do fair to good, 18½@19½c; renovated extras, 21c; do common to prime, 17@20c; western factory, June make, fancy, 18½@19c; do fair to prime, 17½@18c; do current make, finest, 18c; do seconds, 17@17½c; packing stock, 16@17½c.

In the Metal Markets.

Tin experienced a sharp recovery in London, gaining £1 10s. The local market improved, gaining 35 points and closing at $24.60@24.80. Copper was 3s 9d lower in London. The New York market was dull and unchanged. Standard closed at $10.50, nominal; lake at $11.25@11.50; casting and electrolytic at $11.25@11.50. Lead declined 1s 3d in London, but continued dull and unchanged here at 4⅛c. Spelter was unchanged in London, but was weak and lower here, closing at $5.15. Iron in Glasgow closed at 54s 1d; in Middlesboro at 51s 6d. The local market remains quiet, but steady.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 28.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 5s 10d; No. 1 northern spring, no stock; No. 1 California, 6s 7¼d; futures steady; December, 5s 11⅛d; March, 6s ⅛d; May, 6s ⅛d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 5s 6d; futures steady; January, 4s 5⅛d; May, 4s 2⅝d.

Provisions: Bacon—Long clear middles, light and quiet, 57s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, quiet, 56s 6d. Shoulders—Square quiet, 50s 6d. Lard—Prime western in tierces, firm, 60s; American refined in pails, quiet, 60s. Turpentine spirits, steady, 39s 6d. Petroleum—Refined, 6¼d.

Cotton—Spot in limited demand; prices steady. American middling, 4.54c. Sales, 7,000 bales, 6,200 American. Receipts, 5,000 bales, including 4,600 American. Futures opened dull and closed steady.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Movement of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lambs, with the Range of Prices and Comparisons.

Receipts of cattle here yesterday were estimated at 11,500, a large run for Friday, but Thursday's run is included, there having been no market on that day. A few choice lots sold steady, but the bulk were 10@15c lower. There were not enough rangers to make a market feature, but a few Texans were on sale. Prime fat cow stock opened stronger, but the bulk was only steady. Canner grades were slow, with a lower turn at the close.

The hog run was estimated at 30,000, but included in this were a good many show animals. The market was generally 5c higher than on Wednesday, but the discrimination against underweights continues to be severe.

The estimated number of sheep was 18,000. Lambs sold 10@15c higher and sheep steady to strong. Top lambs, $5.70.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Nov. 24	23,294	840	40,570	38,190
Tuesday, Nov. 25	5,987	884	38,179	23,198
Wednesday, Nov. 26	11,845	800	36,057	21,635
Thursday, Nov. 27	Holiday.			
Friday, Nov. 28	11,500	300	28,000	18,000
This week	52,626	2,824	142,806	101,043
Last week	62,706	6,375	178,097	114,154
Cor. week 1901	46,459	1,915	176,649	69,322
Official last week	62,887	3,437	195,784	115,531
Official 1901	63,188	3,814	273,426	104,528
Shipments—				
Week ago	4,406	185	419	2,019
Wednesday	4,359	171	4,338	9,839
Thursday	Holiday.			
Friday	4,000	200	2,000	4,000
This week	12,586	377	10,183	26,851
Last week	19,863	419	9,002	16,533
Cor. week 1901	12,006	224	19,058	14,028
Official last week	20,676	680	9,307	17,155
Official year ago	18,699	342	29,480	24,429

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1902	2,638,765	6,984,276	4,047,590	96,217	246,648
1901	2,774,418	7,247,410	3,686,813	104,850	253,648
Inc	......	......	360,777	......	......
Dec	135,653	263,134	......	8,633	7,007

YESTERDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	8,000	Lipton	2,300
Anglo-Amn.	2,000	S. & S.	1,250
Boyd & L.	1,800	Butchers	1,500
Continental	2,700	Shippers	3,500
Hammond	1,300		
Morris	2,600	Total	31,450
Swift	4,300	Left	2,000

Cattle.

The number of cattle yesterday not only included arrivals of Thursday but a good many cars of show stock that were not on the market. Supplies were sufficient, however, for a rather weak demand and trade was hardly as snappy as on Wednesday, and any change noted was toward a lower level. Taken as a whole the market for beef steers was steady to around 10c to 15c lower. A number of show steers were to be seen around and a few lots of good ones were on the market, among which was a load of good 1,450 lb steers at $6.90 and one of finished stock at $7.40. The general opinion is that it will not be advisable to rush in with short fed cattle next week. There was some demand early for good fat cow stock, and sales were made at prices strong and higher than on Wednesday, but the strength was short lived and confined to the strictly good grades of offerings. Quotations:

Prime beeves, 1,250 and up	$6.60@7.40
Good to choice, 1,250 and up	6.20@6.45
Medium to good, 1,250 and up	5.60@6.20
Poor to medium, 1,250 and up	4.35@5.35
Good to prime steers, 900@1,250 lbs	5.25@6.25
Medium to good steers, 900@1,250 lbs	4.60@5.00
Poor to medium steers, 900@1,250 lbs	3.50@4.60
Medium to choice feeders	4.35@4.75
Medium to choice stockers	3.40@3.90
Inferior to medium stockers	2.15@3.30
Medium to choice heifers	3.15@4.90
Inferior to medium heifers	1.90@2.90
Medium to choice cows	2.65@4.25
Cutters	2.30@2.70
Canners	1.40@2.30
Good to choice bulls	3.50@4.40
Bologna bulls	2.50@3.45
Stock bulls	2.55@3.00
Veal calves	5.25@6.50
Stock calves	2.25@4.30
Texas steers—grassers	3.00@4.25
Western range steers	3.40@6.00

Hogs.

Yesterday's hog receipts included Thursday's arrivals and were estimated at 30,000. The final count, however, will show a number of cars consigned for exposition purposes. Market movements were much the same as in the fore part of the week. A few early sales were made to buyers who handle the choice grades at prices strong to 5c higher than on Wednesday, with sales here and there that showed an advance of 10c over Wednesday's late trade. Speculators also bid 5c higher on the better class offerings, but packers filled their orders on a steady basis. The proportion of prime heavy hogs was not large, but light weights were plenty. The best hogs here sold at $6.42½. Quotations:

Good to prime, 245 to 300 lbs	$6.25@6.42½
Common to good, 245 to 300 lbs	5.80@6.20
Good to prime, 190 to 245 lbs	5.80@6.35
Assorted light, 160 to 180 lbs	5.75@6.05
Common to good, 130 to 160 lbs	5.70@6.00
Mixed, 200 to 245 lbs	5.85@6.15
Light mixed, 160 to 200 lbs	5.80@6.10
Pigs	3.00@5.85

Sheep.

Receipts of sheep were considerably less than the early estimates called for. Native lambs were scarce and in good demand, the result being an appreciation of 10c to 15c over Wednesday's average at the opening. Native sheep ruled about steady. In the western division only about 15 doubles were received, and that run is practically over. Fed stuff is arriving in considerable numbers. A top of $5.70 was paid for a bunch of prime Wisconsin lambs and $5.65 took the tail end of a show bunch. Good sheep were strong to 10c higher, with one bunch of choice fat ewes at $4.25. Handy weight sheep that were unpopular early in the week were in demand, some being sold at $3.50 that would not have brought more than $3.25 prior to the holiday. Nothing of good quality was received in the western division. Prices were steady to strong. A bunch of 600 ewes at $3.50 reflected a steady trade. Quotations:

Good to choice wethers	$3.85@4.25
Good to choice ewes	3.25@3.85
Poor to medium ewes	1.50@2.75
Lambs	3.25@5.65
Rams	2.00@3.00
Range wethers	2.80@3.85
Range ewes	1.50@3.60
Range lambs	3.25@4.65

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Beeves—Receipts, 333. Active. Steers, 25@30c higher; bulls and cows, firm to 25c higher; steers, $4.70@6.50; oxen, $3.70; bulls, $2.75@3.90; cows, $1.25@4.00. Cables quoted American live cattle lower, at 12@13½c per pound; lambs, 13½@14c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 11c per lb. Calves—Receipts, 288. Steady. Veals, $5.00@9.00; grassers, $3.00@3.50; westerns, $2.90; little calves, $4.00@4.50; city dressed veals, 10½@13½c per lb. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14,436. Sheep low; lambs dull and 35@50c lower. Sheep, $2.25@3.50; few choice, $3.75; lambs, $4.50@5.60; choice, $5.65; Canada lambs, $5.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 3,776. Firm. State hogs, $6.35.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500 natives, 500 Texans; calves, 100 natives. Corn cattle active, strong; native and range cows steady; stockers and feeders, slow market. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.50@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.45; Texas and Indian steers, $2.75@4.00; calves, $2.35@5.90. Hogs—Receipts, 9,000. Weak to 5c lower; pigs 10c lower in some cases. Top, $6.15; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.10. Sheep—Receipts, 5,500. Firm; stockers weak. Native lambs, $3.60@5.20; western lambs, $3.00@5.15; fed ewes, $3.00@3.70; native wethers, $3.00@4.00; stockers and feeders, $1.95@3.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 4,000 Texans. Steady, slow. Native shipping and export steers, $5.00@6.30, with fancy worth up to $7.00; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.25@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.70@4.10; calves, $4.00@7.25; Texas and Indian steers, $2.70@4.75. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000. Steady. Pigs and lights, $5.85@6.00; packers, $4.95@6.20; butchers, $6.10@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 500. Steady.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 28.—Hogs—Receipts, 11,100; active, 5@10c higher. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 23,500; steady; top lambs, $5.10@5.20; culls to goods, $4.00@5.10; yearlings, $3.75@4.00; ewes, $3.75@4.00; sheep, top mixed, $3.25@3.55; culls to good, $1.75@3.15.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; active, stronger. Hogs—Receipts, 5,500; shade stronger; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.05. Sheep—Receipts, 8,000; steady. Yearlings, $3.60@4.00; wethers, $3.20@3.50; ewes, $2.50@3.30; lambs, $3.75@5.00.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,602. Hogs—Receipts, 5,002; medium and heavy, $6.00 to $6.12½; pigs, $3.75 to $5.90; bulk of sales, $6.02½ to $6.07½. Sheep—Receipts, 2,425; native lambs, $5.40 to $6.00; native ewes, $3.75.

SAVE THE "OLD PLANK ROAD."

County Commissioners Antagonize Franchise Ordinance and Measure Is Withdrawn from Committee.

Facing defeat before the county board, Commissioner Hoffman yesterday withdrew the ordinance granting a franchise to a traction company to build a line in Milwaukee avenue from the city limits to the county line.

The ordinance contemplated practically a gift of the famous old "plank road" to the Chicago, Milwaukee Avenue and Inland Lakes Traction company. An effort was made to rush the grant through a committee several weeks ago, and THE TRIBUNE at that time called attention to the scheme.

Commissioner Hoffman again brought the subject before the committee yesterday and begged for support as his term was nearing an end.

"Why do you want to rush the ordinance through at the last meeting of the committee?" asked several of the commissioners.

"If the provisions of the ordinance are good and will bear inspection," said Commisioner Daley, "why not leave it to the new board, so that the whole matter may be fully investigated?"

"There is nothing in it for me," said Commissioner Hoffman, "except that the people of my part of the county want the railroad and I want to get it for them if possible."

Commissioner Rosenfeld and others said they did not know what the ordinance contained and would not vote for it until they had time to investigate it.

Commissioner Hoffman, realizing that he did not have enough votes to secure the passage of the ordinance by the board, withdrew the measure.

Constable Swircz Exonerated.

The coroner's inquest in the case of Casimer Povolowski, who was shot and killed on the evening of Nov. 17 by Constable Stanley Swircz, was held yesterday morning and Swircz was exonerated. Povolowski, who was charged with larceny, was trying to escape.

ARMOUR MAKES THE PRICE

ELEVATOR CONCERN'S TRADES IN WHEAT ON BIG SCALE.

Early Buying of Nearly Two Million Bushels Overshadows Other Influences, but Line Is Sold Out Under Cover, Causing Break—Corn Strong on Prospects of Bad Weather West—Oats Values Maintained—Provision List Is Higher.

Seldom has the wheat market been more distinctively a one man affair than yesterday. At the outset lower Liverpool cables, in face of the ½c advance here on Wednesday, an excess of over 600 bu in the receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth, and clear weather generally prompted a good deal of local selling, and there were selling orders from the northwest. But Armour seemed to consider the situation bullish enough to warrant openly buying a May line of probably 1,500,000 bu, some estimates still higher. As trade was not heavy, this buying was sufficient to absorb all offerings, prevent a break of more than ⅛c from the previous close, start pit shorts covering, and a net advance of ⅝c, to 77¼-⅜c. The Armour buying kept up from 76½-⅝c to 77c and over, and later there seemed unlimited buying orders at the even figure by two commission houses supposed to be acting for Armour. There was local buying on the strength of these supporting orders, but they were withdrawn, another commission house started in selling at 77⅛c, and from that down to 76½c marketed as much as the early Armour purchases. Half of it brought 77c or better. Those who took the high priced wheat threw it over when they concluded, as every one did, that the selling was for Armour account. There was a break to 76⅛c, with scattered commission buying on the decline, the close at 76⅝c showing a net loss of ⅛-⅜c. December was at one time 2⅛c under, but closed at 74½c, a loss of ⅜-½c.

Minneapolis Wheat Weaker.

A circumstance which made the advance seem unwarranted was the weakness at Minneapolis, the source of so much of the wheat strength of late. There was an opening decline of ½c there, the local advance was followed reluctantly, and the close showed losses of ⅝c. St. Louis was the only strong market, May gaining ⅛c on reports of damage to the new crop by Hessian fly. The Price Current said there were numerous reports of fly damage, but that the damage was unimportant, and the plant maintaining a fine appearance. The Modern Miller gave the matter more prominence, saying:

"Reports of too rank growth of the wheat continue to come from southern sections of the winter wheat belt. The presence of Hessian fly is noted quite generally, with damage most serious in states east of the Mississippi."

The heavy commission selling was by Manson. Early Rumsey, Gifford, Lake-Leask, and Daggett were sellers. Harris-Gates, Wrenn, Dunn, Champlin, and Rankin bought.

The northwest had 2,066 cars for two days to 1,457 last year. Primary receipts were 2,129,934 bu to 1,921,838 bu last year. Clearances were 295,651 bu for the day and 4,179,000 bu for the week. Duluth reported shipping sales of 250,000 bu to millers and 40,000 bu Manitoba for direct export. The seaboard reported 88,000 bu taken.

Liverpool futures were unchanged to ⅛d lower, Paris ¼@½c lower, Antwerp steady. There were conflicting reports from Argentina, some claims of damaging rains, some contradictions. Argentine shipments increased to 168,000 bu.

December Corn Erratic.

Small receipts lent a decidedly bullish tendency to the nearby deliveries of corn in the fore part of the session. There were only 185 cars inspected in the local market over Thursday. Shorts were uneasy over the smallness of the movement, and for a time there was a lively scramble to cover both December and January contracts, although as a rule only small lots were wanted. The demand was greatly accentuated by the reticence of holders to sell, but with December up nearly 2c and January showing half that gain the buying came to a sudden pause, after which prices fell quite as rapidly as they had gone up. However, on the final transactions December showed a gain of ½c and January ⅝c for the day. Prominent in the December trading were Weare, Ware & Leland, Harris-Gates, and Counselman.

The trade in May, while in larger volume than in the nearby deliveries, was still nearly all of a local character. Comstock and Pringle were the best buyers of it early, when the price shared to some extent with the strength in the nearby months. The crowd generally had it for sale after the wheat break set in. The result was a reaction from the high point, with the close showing only a small fractional gain.

Weather conditions in nearly all sections were more favorable for the grading and movement of corn, and the trade was inclined to anticipate larger receipts. The estimate on local arrivals for today is 380 cars. Cash prices were up sharply early, but lost their improvement with the slump in futures.

Trade in Oats Local.

Oats were firm early, with prices up ¼c, but at the close rested where they left off on the previous session. The local crowd favored the buying side until wheat turned weak, and then a good many of the early buyers were disposed to get out of their lines. Cash oats in the sample market were firm, with dealers showing some anxiety, it was claimed, to get shipments out before Dec. 5, when insurance rates are advanced. Receipts were 175 cars, and 200 cars are estimated for today.

Shorts in Provisions Cover.

Sharp advances took place in the nearby deliveries of lard, and the provision list as a whole was strong, with sentiment showing a decided leaning towards the bull side. November lard advanced 75c and December 50c, the former to $11.25 and the latter to $10.05. The close was at top prices. Other futures of both lard and meats closed at a substantial gain over the previous session. The strength in the lard situation was due to the oversold condition of the nearby market, resulting from small stocks on hand. Shorts were especially anxious to cover their lard contracts, though at the same time there was active covering all along the list. Investment buying was also more in evidence and offerings were at most times light. Shorts found cause for uneasiness in the small receipts of hogs, which, according to the talk now going the rounds of the trade, are likely to prove insufficient to provide ample supplies for delivery on January contracts. There were 74,200 hogs received at western markets yesterday, compared with 116,400 last year. Packing in the west for the week was 560,000 hogs, or 180,000 less than the corresponding week last year.

Rye was firm, influenced by the taking of freight room for 50,000 bu of cash. December sold at 50c and May 52½c. Cash No. 2 sold by sample at 52@53c and No. 3 at 49½@50c.

Barley was in limited supply and firm. A choice car of malting sold at 60c. Ordinary to good sold at 44@53c, and common down to 40@42c.

Timothy seed was firm, with bids for futures fully 5c higher, as follows: November, $4.00; January, $4.15; and March, $4.25. Cash seed sold at $3.20 for rough up to $3.35@3.40 for good quality.

Flax seed was steady and quiet. No. 1 seed from the northwest sold at $1.20. Rejected at $1.05@1.12. December sold at $1.15½, and May at $1.22½. Receipts here were 28 cars and northwest markets had 370 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.	Closed Nov. 26.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Nov. 29, 1901.
Dec	74⅞-5	75¼	74⅜	74½	73¼
May	76⅝-¾	77¼-⅜	76⅛	76⅝	77⅛
July	74¼	74⅝	73⅞	73⅞	77¼
CORN.					
Dec	54½	56⅞	54	55	62⅜-½
Jan	47½	48⅝	47½	47⅞	....
May	42⅝-⅞	43⅜	42⅝	42⅞	65⅛
July	41⅝-¾	42¼	41⅝	41⅞	65
OATS.					
*Dec	29⅜	29½	29¼	29¼	42½
†Dec	31⅜-½	31⅝-¾	31⅜	31⅜-½	....
†May	32½	32¾	32⅜	32½	43⅜
*Old. †New.					
MESS PORK.					
Jan	15.72½	15.90	15.70	15.85	16.27½
May	14.80	15.00	14.82½	15.00	16.62½
LARD.					
Nov	10.52½	11.25	10.75	11.25	......
Dec	9.95	10.05	10.00	10.05	9.60
Jan	9.45	9.55	9.45	9.55	9.55
May	8.80	8.90	8.80	8.87½	9.62½
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan	8.15	8.20	8.15	8.20	8.37½
May	7.90	8.02½	7.92½	8.02½	8.55

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	1	...	24	10	35
Spring wheat	15	...	33	24	72
Corn	7	...	89	89	185
Oats	11	18	40	106	175
Rye	6	...	10	3	19
Barley	..	...	3	36	39
Totals	40	18	199	268	525

Inspected out: Wheat, 50,300 bu No. 3 red, 4,000 bu northern spring; oats, 20,000 bu standard, 600 bu No. 2. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat, 3 cars and 74,000 bu No. 3 red, 15 cars No. 2 red, 4 cars No. 4 red, 105,000 bu No. 3 hard, 39 cars and 25,500 bu No. 1 northern. Corn, 42 cars and 76,500 bu. Oats, 2 cars and 15,000 bu standard, 7 cars No. 3 white, 4 cars No. 4 white, 11 cars No. 2. Rye, 35,000 bu No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady. Winter patents, $3.40@3.50; straights, southern and Michigan, $3.20@3.30; Wisconsin, $3.10@3.20; spring special brands, $4.00@4.10; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft patents, $3.40@3.50; white rye, brls., $2.70@2.80; dark, $2.60@2.65.

WINTER WHEAT—Steady and quiet. Sales, free on board: No. 3 red, 64@71c; No. 2 red, 76½c; No. 4 hard, 61c; No. 3 hard, 71@75¼c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet. Sales, on track: No. 4, 69c. Free on board: No. 4, 68@69c; No. 3, 72½@75¼c, outside, for fancy northern.

CORN—Unsettled, closing easy. Sales, to go to store: No. 2, 55½@57¼c; No. 2 yellow, 55½c; No. 3 white, 55c; No. 3, 56@56½c; No. 3 yellow, 55@57½c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 39@42c; No. 4, 40@56½c; No. 3, 43@57¼c; No. 3 yellow, 45@58c; No. 2, 57@57½c; No. 2 yellow, 57@57½c; No. 3 white, 43@57c. Billed through: No. 4, 39@55½c; No. 3, 42@56⅝c; No. 3 yellow, 45½@57½c; No. 3 white, 42@43½c.

OATS—Demand good and prices firm to ¼c higher. Sales in and to go to store: No. 4 white, 31c; No. 3, 30½c; Standard, 50,000 bu. at ½c over December. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 30@31c; No. 4, 29@30c; No. 4 white, 30½@32¼c; No. 3, 30¼@31c; No. 3 white, 32¼@34c; No. 2, 31⅜c; standard, 34@36¼c; No. 2 white, 36@39c. Billed through: No. 4, 29@29⅝c; No. 4 white, 29½@31⅜c; No. 3, 29⅝c; No. 2, 30c. At the river: No. 4 white, 28¼@30⅝c; No. 3 white, 31c; standard, 32¼c.

RYE—Firm. Sales to go to store: No. 3, 50c. On track and free on board: No. 2, 52@52½c; No. 3, 49½@50c; No. 4, 48c; no grade, 42¼c.

PROVISIONS—Strong. Cash lots of mess pork, $16.75@16.87½ for regular; lard, $11.00@11.25; ribs, $8.87½@9.12½, according to quality.

HAY—Receipts, 777 tons; shipments, 40 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $14.00; No. 1, $13.00; No. 2, $11.00; not graded, $12.00; No. 1 prairie, $11.00@11.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

It was with much surprise that the trade learned yesterday of the intention of Henry J. Norton to retire from active business on 'change on the first of next month. Mr. Norton is one of the oldest members of the exchange and has long been a factor in the local grain trade, having devoted his energy largely to the shipping business, in which he is accorded as being one of the best posted authorities in the trade. For years Mr. Norton was head of the firm of Norton-Worthington. On the death of Mr. Worthington the house became that of Norton & Switzer. Mr. Switzer retired from the business a few years ago, and since then Mr. Norton has carried it on by himself and has met with eminent success. Poor health is given as the reason for Mr. Norton's retirement.

Armour scalped the wheat market and the wheat scalpers on a large scale yesterday. Early, when the news seemed bearish to the pit crowd and there was northwest selling also, he bought around 1,500,000 bu openly, putting up the prices ⅝c to 77¼-⅜c. For a long time there were supporting orders on a large scale at 77c, supposed to be for Armour, and this helped Valentine to catch the pit trade napping. Manson, never identified as an Armour broker, was sent into the pit to sell as much as Armour had bought early, and professionals took a lot of it at over 77c before they discovered the supporting orders there had been withdrawn.

There was some trouble finding out about weather conditions for the Argentine wheat harvest, owing to overmuch information. Harris-Gates had this emphatic direct cable from Rosario: "No truth in report of wet weather damaging harvest. Weather favorable." Broomhall early reported outside buying in Liverpool on "unfavorable Argentine weather." Towards the close he cabled: "Two Liverpool houses received private Argentine cables announcing storms, confirming our advices. Wheat apparently not yet damaged."

There was the surprising statement from Kansas City that contract wheat was 3c under December, with first deliveries only two days off. There has been no indication of a concentrated long interest in December there to sustain prices artificially.

Following was a message from Sedgwick county, Kas.: "All early sown wheat is badly hurt by the fly. I have examined several hundred acres with the same result. Look out for a howl from this state."

Northwestern Miller says: "The mills last week increased their output 33,000 brls. The quantity of flour turned out was 401,135 brls, against 351,650 in 1901 and 253,240 in 1900. This week the output will be heavier. All the twenty-two mills are in motion at their fullest capacity, and the week's production promises to approximate 430,000 brls. The nearness of the close of lake navigation and the prospect of an advance in freight rates Dec. 8 furnish a strong incentive to run strongly.

"The mills experienced another quiet week in flour. There may have been some that sold their full output, but they were the exception. Domestic buyers were looking for lower prices and when the advance in freight was figured in they were quite indifferent. However, where orders were placed the flour was wanted quickly, giving support to the belief that comparatively small stocks existed everywhere."

A scarcity of wheat in the southeast is indicated by the following to Irwin-Green from Trenton, Tenn.: "A farmer here says he got 80c for wheat, carload lot. I don't think I have ever known wheat to sell here at St. Louis prices with freight added. The wheat crop was short here; 1-3 crop estimated. Usually we have to sell at about 10c under St. Louis prices."

RISK WRITERS MAY REFUSE TO OBEY THE DEPOSIT RULE.

Underwriters' Association Prepares to Attempt the Enforcement and Opposition Is Expected.

The issue on the question of the deposit of $500 for class one members of Chicago Underwriters' association, and $50 for class three members, was forced in the meeting of the executive committee yesterday, and a special committee was appointed to prepare a plan for putting the deposit system into effect and conducting it after the money is up. As the deposit is subject to any fine that may be imposed some of the members are averse to putting it up, and since they have gained an apparent victory by having the date for requiring its collection postponed, are intimating that they may refuse to put up. There are also complications regarding the form of the receipt to be given by the association for the deposits, so that the member may not lose his ownership and yet the money or securities may be liable for fines. The committee is composed of Clarence S. Pellet, H. J. Ullmann, and C. P. Whitney, and it is instructed to report as soon as possible.

The decision of the court in the injunction asked for by the Illinois insurance department against the wildcat fine insurance companies, taken under advisement, is not expected at once. The state is preparing a new brief, in which the question of noncompliance with the law will be made most prominent.

The companies are reporting an unusual number of small losses in the last few days, which they attribute to the colder weather, and the first real test of heating appliances. They say that the unusual use of soft coal is responsible for many of these small dwelling house losses.

The Illinois Life disclaims all responsibility for a recently published item in the insurance press criticising David Meriwether, former secretary of the Mutual Life of Illinois, recently reinsured by the Illinois Life, for his connection with the surrender of the Bailey policy at Louisville. Its officers say that they have no knowledge of his relationship with the Bailey heirs.

The Indianapolis Life Underwriters' association will meet tonight. Reports of the delegates to the recent national convention will be presented, and the proposed antirebating law will be discussed.

The Modern Woodmen of America, having discontinued its propaganda in favor of the proposed increase in rates suggested by the head officers, has now published the plan drawn up by the Nebraska Woodmen's league, and is taking a vote of the membership through its official organ. The Nebraska plan makes lower rates than that of the head officers, and scales policies that become claims during their early years.

W. C. Maybury, managing director of the Standard Accident, which has withdrawn from the Liability conference, says that when it entered the conference the members wrote practically all the liability business of the country. The outside companies have increased in number and importance till now they write 45 per cent of the business, and the Standard desires to be better able to meet this competition. He disclaims any intention of cutting the rates shown by experience to be necessary.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

The only charters reported were the New Orleans and Philip Minch for wheat to Buffalo at 2 cents.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 28.—Charters: Ore—Naples, Gilchrist, Lansing, Volunteer, head of the lakes to Ohio ports, $1. Wheat—Mars, Lake Shore, Osborne, 2⅛; Tower, Duluth to Buffalo, 2⅛. Coal—Vulcan, Tyrone, Neptune, Ohio ports to Duluth, 75.

Vessel Movements.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Yosemite, Fayette Brown, Nyanza, Nicholas. Cleared—Coal—Vance, Milwaukee; Pathfinder, Marquette; Germanic, Chicago; Minneapolis, Gladstone. Light—Neptune, Chisholm, Duluth; Cort, Emory Owen, Superior; Glidden, Cleveland.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Wells, Australia, Amazon, Oglebay, Yukon, Elphicke, Muncy, Buell, Tower, Thomas Palmer, Ogaritz, Wallula. Departed—Gilchrist, Antrim, Grammer, ore, Lake Erie; Hebard, Warmington, Aloha, Francomb, Santa Maria, lumber, Lake Erie; Grover, light, Two Harbors; Venus, grain, Buffalo.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Marks, steamer, midnight; unknown steamer, 2 a. m.; Commodore, 3:40; Devereux, 11:30; Gogebic, St. Paul, 12:20 p. m.; Seneca, 12:30; Binghamton, 12:40; City of Paris, Fitzgerald, 2:30; Kearsarge, 3:10; Topeka, 5; Phenix, 5:40. Down—Niagara [steel], 10 last night; Susquehanna, 11:50; Chemung, 2:30 a. m.; Hurlbut and consort, 6; Spalding, 9:10; wrecker Favorite, 11; R. Richards and consort, noon; Arthur Orr, 5 p. m.; Mary Boyce, 5:20; Harriet Hart, 5:40. Wind southeast, 10 miles; cloudy.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Hart, 1 a. m.; Lucy Neff, 9:20; Troy, 10:10; Algonquin, Panay, 11; Rome, 11:30; Nye, Brower, 1 p. m.; Maruba, W. W. Brown, Malietoa, Holden, 1:20; D. M. Whitney, Republic, 2; Albright, 2:20; Colonel, Northern Light, 3:20; W. L. Brown, 3:30; Ottawa, 4; Bransford, 4:30; Neilson, Pioneer, 5; Steel King, Athabasca, 5:30; United Empire, Maytham, 6. Down—Harvard, 11 last night; Beatty, 12:40 a. m.; Nottingham, Old Gratwick, Paris, 3:20; Schuylkill, Senator, Strathcona, 4:20; Turret Cape, 5; Frontenac, 8; Mataafa, whaleback, Queen City, 9:40; Orr, 10:40; Argo, Ericsson, Marsala, 11:20; Prentice, 12:30 p. m.; Hutchinson, 1:40; Italia, Hill, Russell, 2:30; Thomas Wilson, Norton, 4:20; Stewart, 5:30; Normandie, 6:40; Donaldson, Dayton, 8:20; Lafayette, Jenney, 8:40.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Northern King, 11:40 last night; Cambria, 11:50; Ionia, 12:30 a. m.; Bermuda, Sevona, 12:40; Runnels, Celtic, 5; Conestoga, 7:20; Russia, 7:50; Pabst, 10:30; Pratt, Athens, 10:40; Wissahickon, 11:40; Rochester, noon; Wolf, 1 p. m.; Iron Chief, 2:15; Osborne, 2:30; Old Whitney [cleared], 3:30; Schlesinger, 5:30; Nicol, Alva, 6:20. Down—Masaba, whaleback, 9:30 last night; Monteagle, 11:20; City of Genoa, 12:30 a. m.; Glasgow, Abyssinia, 1:40; Gilbert, whaleback, 2; Trevor, Oades, 3:15; John Owen, 2:30; Parnell, 3:50; Peck, Pueblo, 4; Saxon, whaleback, 4:20; Griffin, 5; Strong and consorts, 5:20; Flagg, Warriner, 7:20; Arabian, 8; Franklinton, 9; Siemens, whaleback, 10; Sparta, 11; Curry, 1:10 p. m.; Uranus, M. Duncan, 1:50; Tempest, C. H. Green and consort, 2; Waldo, Stephenson, Smeaton, 2:40; Spencer, 3:20; Ward, 4; Parks Foster, 4:15; Appomattox, Santiago, Bessemer, Bryn Mawr, 5; Marina, Robert Rhodes, 5:20; Princeton, 6; Lindsay, 6:30; Niagara, 7:15; Tuscarora, 7:30; Black, 8; Merida, Magnetic, 8:15.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Conemaugh, Fairport; H. R. James, Ogdensburg; Owego, Buffalo. Coal—Ira H. Owen, Erie. Lumber, ties, etc.—R. L. Fryer, Oak Leaf, Ashland; Kalkaska, Duluth; E. M. Stanton, Gladstone; J. W. Westcott, Menominee; I. N. Foster, Nahma; I. W. Stephenson, Marinette. Light—A. P. Wright, J. H. Mead, T. Cranage, South Chicago; T. T. Morford, Manitowoc.

Cleared—Grain—New Orleans, Buffalo. Merchandise—Boston, Arabia, Buffalo; F. H. Prince, Ogdensburg. Light—Helen C., Alpena; A. Shores, Manistee; Cisco, M. Slauson, Manitowoc.



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"The laugh came in when our friend found he'd paid almost twice our price for the same material."

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DR. SWEANY & CO., 223 State-st., Chicago, Ill.

NAVY IN NEED OF MORE OFFICERS.

Secretary Moody Makes Lack of Commissioned Men Feature of Report.

PROPOSES A SOLUTION.

Continued Additions to Fighting Vessels Advised—Oil Held a Satisfactory Fuel.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—The annual report of the secretary of the navy, submitted by Secretary Moody to the president today, bears out the statements which have come from the navy department from time to time by expressing the keenest anxiety as to where the nation should find officers to command ships in case of need. Says the secretary:

"The most imperative need of the navy today is of additional officers. I cannot overstate this need. It invites the instant attention of congress. The administration of the department is embarrassed almost daily by the lack of officers below command rank. This condition has been approaching for some years, and was clearly apprehended and stated by my predecessor in office. It is acute today, and, when the ships already authorized are completed it will be desperate unless there is early action."

Navy Now Short 577 Officers.

Other features in the report are subordinated to this acute need. Secretary Moody has gone into the matter in detail, and the outcome of his investigation is that the navy is now short of 577 officers of the line to man the serviceable ships even with the minimum number of officers required. When the vessels now in course of construction are ready, 623 new officers will be required to man them, and in the meantime not les sthan 160 officers will leave the service through resignations, retirements, and deaths, so that four years from now the navy in the matter of officers under present conditions will be left, the report says, in this state:

Deficiency in old ships	577 officers
Needed for new ships	623 officers
Needed to fill vacancies	100 officers
Total deficiency	1,300 officers

To supply the deficiency, the secretary expects, under existing conditions, 355 graduates from the Naval academy during the four years, and not more than six per annum of enlisted men who may me raised from the ranks. This will leave the navy short about 1,000 officers of the line, not counting deficiencies in the staff corps in case of war.

Wants More Men from Ranks.

The secretary would meet this difficulty in the first place by increasing the number of enlisted men permitted by the law to receive commissions from six annually to twelve, and by increasing the number of midshipmen at Annapolis immediately. He submits to congress recommendations to that effect and emphasizes most strongly the need for adopting them. He says:

"The officers we need can be obtained from three sources only—by appointment from civil life, by promotion from the ranks, or by education and training in the Naval academy. The first source has been so uniformly rejected by the opinions of all that I will not discuss it. Congress has indicated its opinion by abandoning this method in the army and marine corps, and would not, it is assumed, adopt it for the line of the navy. The law already allows promotion from the ranks of not exceeding six enlisted men per annum . . . and under this law there have been up to the present time three warrant officers commissioned as ensigns. I recommend that this law be amended to permit the promotion of not more than twelve per annum.

"But the main source of our supply of officers must be from the Naval academy. The duties of the modern naval officer are so varied and complex that they demand a rigorous and protracted education and training. This training and education can best be obtained at the national school at Annapolis. That school produces officers the equal of any in the world.

"I therefore earnestly recommend that without a year's delay the number of midshipmen at the academy be increased sufficiently to meet the present and prospective needs of the service."

Advocates Early Promotion.

As the navy is now continued, the report says, there is and will be in the immediate future a sufficient number of officers above the rank of lieutenant commander. The increase should be in the number of lieutenant commanders, lieutenants, and ensigns, and care can and should be exercised to prevent stagnation in promotion, that officers may attain command rank at a sufficiently early age.

Pending the increase in the number of officers available, the department has diminished the number of line officers on shore duty from 275 on Jan. 1 to 195 on Nov. 15, that is, 29.9 per cent. This reduction, the report says, has not been accomplished without the protest of some of the ablest officers, especially those at the heads of the several bureaus. Says the report:

"The difficulty is in administration, to apportion properly among the officers shore and sea duty. I shall endeavor to apportion among officers sea and land service as justly as conditions will permit. But it is well worth consideration whether a certain proportion of service at sea should not be required by law as an indispensable condition of promotion. Such requirements are made by law or practice in other navies.

More Enlisted Men Wanted.

Regarding the number of enlisted men the report says:

"The present number of enlisted men authorized by law is 28,000. By enlistment since the close of the fiscal year the number of men in the service has been brought up to 26,258 on Nov. 15, current, and it is believed that by February next the full number authorized will be enlisted. The same reasons which demonstrate the necessity for an increase of officers call for the increase of men. The increase can be made gradually, and I recommend that an addition of 3,000 be authorized during the next fiscal year."

Work of Last Year Praised.

The report generally reviews the work of the navy in the last year and finds it good. The task which is employing its highest energies everywhere, it says, is the work of training. The training of apprentice boys and landsmen in all that is comprehended by the term "the sea habit," the training of seamen who have acquired this, but need greater familiarity with the specialized work of a modern ship of war; the training of officers and men, sailors and marines in the essential matter of marksmanship with all arms, great and small, and in the care and handling of ordnance; training in developing and maintaining the efficiency of the main engines of ships, as well as of all auxiliary machinery and devices; the training of young officers of the staff corps in the specialties of their profession, as well as in its general obligations and duties; the training of junior officers in torpedo work, and the training of more experienced officers in the capacity to bring out and utilize the full powers of the vessels under their command, whether operating singly or in squadrons—all this appears to be the important present business of the navy, and it is being attended to.

Reason for Delay of Ships.

Of the work on vessels under construction the report has not good things to say. On this subject Secretary Moody writes:

"At the close of the last fiscal year there were under construction for the navy, by contract, the following vessels: Eight battleships, six armored cruisers, nine protected cruisers, four monitors, thirteen torpedo destroyers, seven torpedo boats, and seven submarine torpedo boats. The general progress of work upon these vessels, particularly those of the larger class, has not been found satisfactory. The battleships were, on June 30, from ten to twenty-nine months behind contract time; the armored cruisers, from four to thirteen months, the protected cruisers, from six to eighteen months, while the monitors were from sixteen to nineteen months in arrears.

"In the cases of the larger vessels the causes assigned for slow progress are the nondelivery of structural material, and inability of shipbuilders to obtain a sufficient supply of skilled labor, and, in some cases, strikes. Other causes have contributed to the result. The department has recently taken steps to remove, as far as practicable, any grounds of delay over which it can exercise control, and has notified contractors that they will be held to accountability for failure to push forward the work of construction with due diligence, if such failure shall occur, and particularly for any delays which may at any time be caused by preference being given to private over public work.

"In the case of torpedo boats and the destroyers, the contractors have assigned as an additional reason for delay that the contracts for their construction were so exacting that compliance with them has been well nigh impossible."

Vessels Recently Accepted.

Three battleships, eight torpedo boats, and three destroyers have been accepted in the year; the monitor Arkansas, six destroyers, and a torpedo boat have been preliminarily accepted, and the monitors Catskill, Manhattan, Mahopac, and the receiving ship Vermont have been stricken from the navy register and sold. The battleship Connecticut and Louisiana are under construction; plans for two armored cruisers, the Tennessee and the Washington, are completed, and plans for two 1,000 ton gunboats, the Dubuque and Paducah, will soon be ready.

The number of enlisted men in the naval service on June 30 was 21,433, of whom 8,032 were landsmen for training and apprentices, many unacquainted with their new life. Eighty-nine per cent of the enlisted force are now citizens and 76 per cent are native born. Of the landsmen 98.3 and of the apprentices 94 per cent are native born, and the secretary notes an advance in general intelligence and education. The report says:

"The same reasons which demonstrate the necessity for an increase of officers call for the increase of men. The increase can be made gradually, and I recommend that an addition of 3,000 be authorized during the next fiscal year."

Still More Ships Needed.

The secretary also recommends "a continuance without interruption of the increase of ships," and advocates also the building of two ambulance ships. The report says:

"The precise type of ships authorized must, of course, like the authorization itself, be referred to the wisdom of congress, to whose committees recommendations in detail may be made. Differences of opinion exist among naval authorities, but all agree that not less than two battleships should be among the number authorized. Whether the others should be of the armored cruiser type or of the unarmored cruiser and gunboat type, which have proved so useful, may well be left to future discussion.

"A permanent ambulance or hospital ship, designed for hospital purposes only, and having the right to fly the flag of the Geneva conference, would undoubtedly prove an important adjunct to extended naval maneuvers, whether in time of war or peace. The work of the Solace and Bay State throughout the period of the Spanish war in the West Indies and during subsequent activities in the far east established the value of hospital ships in time of war."

The report says further that there is imperative demand for the establishment of a naval station in the Philippines and in the West India islands, and suggests an inspection of existing stations by a congress committee.

Oil a Satisfactory Fuel.

A section of the report is devoted to the experiments made with liquid fuel. Fourteen official tests have been made, solely with the idea of ascertaining the value of oil as fuel for naval purposes. These are the conclusions arrived at:

"That oil can be burned under an ordinary boiler in a uniform manner. Whether better results may be obtained by a form of boiler specially designed for the use of liquid fuel is a matter for future determination.

"That unsatisfactory results are obtained where the attempt is made to burn oil in the same manner as coal.

"That the best results are obtained by atomization of the liquid fuel, and that the efficiency of the oil burner is proportionate to its power to atomize the oil and convert the minute particles thus obtained into a mixture of combustible gas and fine particles of carbon, in order that complete combustion may result, and, when necessary, the consumption of oil be forced."

As the result of the investigations thus far the chief of the bureau of steam engineering recommends the installation of liquid fuel appliances without delay in at least a third of the torpedo boats and destroyers. With respect to the larger war vessels, and particularly the battleships, the installation of liquid fuel, the report says, presents serious difficulties, entirely apart from the question of the satisfactory use of oil under boilers. The safe and convenient storage of a sufficient supply of liquid fuel beneath the protective decks of large ships of war, and the question of replenishing exhausted fuel supply in vessels likely to be sent without warning to unfrequented harbors, are grave problems.

Progress in Making Guns.

The report says that during the year 233 guns, chiefly of large caliber, have been manufactured at the naval gun factory, but no material change has been made in the method of gun construction, except that the tubes of all guns of and above six inches in caliber are now reinforced to the muzzle. Increase in energy has been obtained by increasing the length and weight of guns and by the use of smokeless powder.

The secretary suggests that an appropriation be made to establish a fund for the establishment on warships of miscellaneous stores not included in the ration for purchase by the men. He also recommends that legislation be adopted to compensate employés in navy yards who may be injured by other than their own fault while on duty, and may support their families in case of death.

Tribute to Admiral Dewey.

The secretary closes with this reference to Admiral Dewey:

"I cannot close this report without acknowledging the sympathy, coöperation, and aid which I have received from the admiral of the navy. As president of the general board of the navy his services have been of great value to the department and the fleet. The security of his own fame has not lessened his interest in the service or diminished his effort for its improvement. His zealous earnestness in the cause is the good fortune of the department and gives him an added title to the favor of the nation."

NEW LECTURER TO SPEAK ON EMILE ZOLA.



PROF. NATHANIEL SCHMIDT.

Prof. Nathaniel Schmidt, the new associate lecturer of the Society for Ethical Culture, will deliver his first address to the society next Sunday morning in Steinway hall. His topic will be "Emile Zola." Prof. Schmidt holds the chair of Semitic languages and litterature in Cornell university, where he has been for seven years. Before going to Cornell he occupied for eight years the same chair in Colgate university. He was born in Hudiksvall, Sweden, in 1862, but is of German descent. He is the author of various theological, linguistic, and philosophical works, and is one of the American contributors to the "Encyclopedia Biblica." Mr. Schmidt has arranged to lecture in Chicago at least four times a year.

BEANS DEFEAT FRENCH CHEF.

M. Yuard's Recipe for Staple Bridewell Diet Costs Him a Place on Civil Service List.

Prisoners at the police stations and at the bridewell, as well as the boys in the Parental school, will have to get along without French cooking. Louis Yuard, late of Paris, the only exponent of that gastronomical school who took the civil service examination for cooks, failed to pass. The highest marks went to Frank Stoner, 96 Twenty-fifth place, while Dennis E. Mahoney of 42 West Madison street was second.

The downfall of M. Yuard, who in his application stated he had worked in almost every country, is generally ascribed to the method he gave in his papers for cooking Boston baked beans. Baked beans are a staple at the bridewell, and M. Yuard's way of preparing them is as follows:

"Soake beans over nigth. If hole boil beans with plainty water, no salt. If you put salt before is cooked then beans will not stai hard. When cooked soft put peper and salt, one cup kitchup, half cup molassa, one piece of salt pork on the top, and bak in oven until the top is brown. You will have Boston baked beans."

Theodore Pierrot and Charles Mukle, chefs of thirty years' standing, said this was no way to cook Boston baked beans, and M. Yuard failed to pass accordingly.

His recipe for pancakes, which he called "paincakes," also had some original ideas, like "fry very brown, if not nice brown, put some more sugar or molassas," which it was thought would not suit prisoners at the police stations, who might be suffering from "the next morning" remorse.

HARRISON'S VENISON SEIZED.

Game Intended for Chicago Mayor Taken by Wisconsin Authorities, as It Has No License.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 28.—[Special.]—Mayor Harrison of Chicago did not eat venison on Thanksgiving day. Deputy Game Warden Buckley was to blame. On Monday Buckley was going through a sleeping car from Ashland, when he found a grip containing a quarter of venison, which he promptly confiscated, as no license accompanied the meat. He looked about for the owner so he could make an arrest for violation of the game laws, but could not find him. Today an attorney of the road made a request of the deputy game warden for the venison, saying that a friend of the Chicago mayor wanted the quarter as a gift for the mayor. The request was refused.

ASK NEW M'VICKER LEASE

OWNERS PROMISE MATERIALLY TO REMODEL THE BUILDING.

Request Board of Education to Eliminate Revaluation Clause and Establish Fixed Rent for Ground, Asserting That Such Action Is Necessary to Secure Required Loan—Attorney Says It Is Difficult to Find Profitable Tenants.

The front part of McVicker's theater may be torn away and the structure remodeled into a ten story office building if the board of education will fix at terms agreeable to the owners the rent value for the remainder of the time the ninety-nine year lease has to run.

The rent proposition was made to the board yesterday by Attorney Noble B. Judah, representing Jacob Litt, president of the McVicker Theater company.

Mr. Judah said the company desired to change the style of the building occupying the ground, and that, to secure a loan, it was necessary to have the annual rent established for the entire term instead of leaving it subject to an advance every ten years. The proposition was taken under advisement by the building and grounds committee for two weeks.

The present rent of the property is $27,000 per year, subject to reappraisement every ten years. If the company succeeds in obtaining a stable rate for the remainder of its lease it will arrange for a loan immediately with a view to remodeling the building.

Rent Problem Difficult.

The front portion of the structure, now devoted to offices, is old, and Mr. Judah declares it practically is impossible to find occupants who will pay anywhere near the rate that it is felt the building should bring. It is the purpose of the company to tear down the office section, which would remove all that part north of the theater auditorium, fronting in Madison street, or about half the building. On this it is proposed to erect a building at least ten stories in height, the enlargement and remodelling to cost $300,000.

Agents for high office buildings in the middle of blocks, locations similar to that occupied by the McVicker's building, always have experienced difficulty in making the rents pay good dividends, and this feature is said to have been considered in discussing the advisability of putting up a remodeled structure.

"The principal thing we are interested in," said Mr. Judah, "is in securing the elimination of the revaluation clause. We have figures to show that investors are wary of making loans where there is likely to be a heavy advance in valuation at stated intervals, and as the company has no money of its own it desires to borrow funds with which to erect a modern structure."

Minimum Value $195,552.

The present lease of the ground was made by the board of education to Harriett G. McVicker on May 8, 1898; the rent being fixed at $8,310.96 for the first five years, and to be fixed by appraisement at the expiration of every ten year period thereafter. In 1888 a supplemental lease was made to May, 1895, providing no further appraisement should be made until that year, and then every ten years thereafter. It also was stipulated that no appraisement of the land should be at less than $195,552. In 1895, under the new appraisement, the rent was fixed at $27,000 per year.

The property occupied by the theater company has a frontage in Madison street of 81½ feet, and a depth of 192 feet. While its value is estimated at $496,000, property directly opposite it in Madison street yesterday was appraised at $10,400 a front foot, which would make the value of the McVicker 81½ feet $847,600.

FIX VALUE IN MADISON STREET.

Experts Find Charles Netcher's Holding Worth $9,000 a Front Foot—Real Estate Transfers.

W. D. Kerfoot, W. A. Bond, and John C. Fetzer, the real estate experts named by the finance committee of the council to place a valuation on the school property at 77-79 Madison street, now held under a lease by Charles Netcher of the Boston store, submitted a report yesterday.

The committee's action was the result of a petition recently presented by Mr. Netcher asking for the abrogation of the present lease and the substitution of a straight ninety-nine year lease.

Value Put at $450,000.

The experts found $450,000 to be the present fair value of the land, which is at the rate of $9,000 a front foot. They expressed the opinion that 20 per cent should be added to this in case of a ninety-nine year lease without revaluation clause. This gives a value of $540,000, or $10,800 a front foot, and placing the rent on a 5 per cent basis the experts are of the opinion the annual rent should be $27,000.

Up to 1892 the annual rent of the property was $10,000, but as the result of a reappraisal at that time by Joseph Donnersberger, W. A. Bond, and E. H. Fishburn a valuation of $400,000 was placed on the property, and basing the rent on a 6 per cent basis an annual rent of $24,000 was fixed upon. Exception was taken to this report by Mr. Netcher, who has since paid it under protest, waiting upon a legal settlement of the matter.

Transactions in Real Estate.

Bronson B. Tuttle of Naugatuck, Conn., whose purchase of the electrical building at Jackson boulevard and Desplaines street for $155,000 was reported Thursday, has sold the store and flat building at the southwest corner of Cottage Grove avenue and Forty-first street, with 101x90 feet of ground, for $70,000, and the flat property at the northeast corner of Woodlawn avenue and Forty-sixth street, 120x170 feet, for $50,000. The Union Trust company took title in both cases.

Frederick Goetz has executed a trust deed to Peabody, Houghteling & Co. for $125,000 to secure an issue of 5 per cent building bonds for a similar sum. The loan is secured by 169x100 feet in Michigan street, between Kingsbury and Orleans, together with the new eight story factory building thereon.

Willis & Frankenstein have sold for the Norton Milling company to Ida A. Richardson of New Orleans the property at 3, 5, 7 West Madison street, 50x88 feet, for $45,000. This gives Mrs. Richardson the entire frontage on Madison street, between Canal and West Water street.



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Cereta Coupon in Each Package.

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Special Bargains of Interest to Gift Seekers.

Special Sale of men's and women's Umbrellas, union taffeta silk, fancy handles, priced at about half for an immediate sale, $1.25.

Special Sale of 100 dozen Women's and Children's Wool Mittens in black & colors, at about half prices, pair, 15c, 25c, 35c.

These are now on sale in the Basement Salesroom.

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Best Materials. Satisfactory Work.
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Children's Morris Chairs, made in solid oak with loose reversible cushions. A very appropriate gift at any time. Mail orders filled. State color of cushions wanted.

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Cor. Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

PROPOSALS FOR GARBAGE CREMATORY AND SHED FOR SAME.—Chicago, Ill., NOV. 25, 1902.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m., December 26, 1902, for construction of a garbage crematory, and shed for same, at Fort Brady, Mich., in accordance with plans and specifications to be seen at this office and at the office of the Quartermaster there. Blanks for proposals and particulars will be furnished on application to Colonel E. B. Atwood, Chief Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR STONE DORMITORY AND addition, Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., Nov. 18, 1902. SEALED PROPOSALS endorsed "Proposals for Buildings, Chilocco, Oklahoma," and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at the Indian Office, until two o'clock p. m. of Thursday, Dec. 11, 1902, for furnishing the necessary materials and labor required to construct and complete a stone dormitory and an addition to a dormitory, with plumbing, electric light and steam heat, at the Chilocco Indian School, Oklahoma, in strict accordance with plans, specifications and instructions to bidders which may be examined at the office, the offices of the "Improvement Bulletin," Minneapolis, Minn.; the "Traveler," Arkansas City, Kansas; the "Journal," Kansas City, Mo.; the "Globe-Democrat," St. Louis, Mo.; the "Tribune," Chicago, Ill.; the "Builders' and Traders' Exchanges," at Omaha, Neb., and Milwaukee, Wis.; the "Northwestern Manufacturers' Association," St. Paul, Minn.; the U. S. Indian Warehouses at 205 South Canal street, Chicago, Ill., 815 Howard-st., Omaha, Neb.; 119 Wooster-st., New York City, and at the school.

For further information apply to S. M. McCowan, Supt. Indian School, Chilocco, Oklahoma.

A. C. TONNER, Acting Commissioner.

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WEEKLY LITERARY EDITION.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART THREE. NOVEMBER 29, 1902. TWENTY PAGES.

LATEST BOOK NEWS FROM AMERICA, ENGLAND, AND FRANCE

BY JEANNETTE L. GILDER, WILLIAM L. ALDEN, ELIA W. PEATTIE, GRACE CORNEAU,

MISS GILDER WRITES OF OLD LITERARY RAKES AND ANDREW LANG'S BOOK.

[By Jeannette L. Gilder, Editor of The Critic.]
[Copyright: 1902: By The Tribune Company.]

NOWHERE but in England could such a book as "Rochester and Other Literary Rakes of the Court of Charles II." have been made. Fortunately for us we do not have literary rakes—if we have we keep quiet about it—and possibly they do not have them in England today, but in the time of Charles II. they were plentiful. This curious book is published by Messrs. Longmans, Green & Co., and on the title page we are told that it is by the author of "The Life of Sir Kenelm Digby," "The Life of a Prig," etc. There is much that is interesting in this book for any one who likes to read the gossip of past centuries, particularly when it touches upon the scandalous. The author feels that he is justified in making the book, because frivolous and vicious as was the court of Charles II. some of its courtiers, while undoubtedly rakes, at the same time were not without talent in the world of letters, and are therefore worthy of his attention. The principal one of these rakes was Lord Rochester, whose name gives the title to the book. The author in his preface bids for a certain class of readers when he says: "In a study of the rakish side of the court of Charles II., and even in a study of the literary aspects of that rakishness, it will be necessary to enter some unsavory places and to mix among some questionable companions. Those who fear either had better accept this warning, and bid us farewell at the threshold; but, if any should feel inclined to go further, they may rest assured that the greatest care shall be taken to render details of nauseous deeds and events as inoffensive as circumstances will permit."

Rochester was typical of his rakish times. He began his notorious career at the age of 17 and ended it at the age of 32. He was the second earl of Rochester, and a man of considerable parts. Till the age of 17 he might almost have been called a good boy. He was healthy in mind and in body and was a good student. At the age of 18 he took his degree as master of arts, and then he was sent abroad to travel and enlarge his mind. "In other words," says this writer, "having learned what was good at Oxford, he was sent to learn what was bad at the dissolute continental courts of the seventeenth century." There was not much chance that a young, good looking, and clever lad of wealth and rank could have passed a novitiate at the court of Louis XIV. and not have become contaminated. He was a pet of the French ladies of Louis' court, and by the time he reached the age of 17 he had as many vices as the French monarch. From his father he inherited the vice of alcoholism, and it was said that when under the influence of wine his antics were amusing to the jaded men and women of Versailles, where most of the court beauties, though much older than he, were in love with him.

Rochester was exceptionally forward for his age—few lads could have been more so—and he was utterly without a moral sense. His claim to be a literary rake is not well substantiated. He did write, but I doubt if his writings are at all familiar to readers of today. It was particularly as a satirist that he made such name as he has in literature. Charles II. preferred rakes to any other class of men, but he wanted them to be witty, and this Rochester was. Even when the king was the subject of his satire the latter did not object.

After leading a wild and debauched life Rochester turned pious. When near his end he wrote to Dr. Burnett: "My spirits and body decay so equally together that I shall write you a letter, as weak as I am in person. I begin to value churchmen above all men in the world, etc. If God be yet pleased to spare me longer in this world, I hope in your conversation to be exalted to that degree of piety that the world may see how much I abhor what I so long loved, and how much I glory in repentance and in God's service. Bestow your prayers upon me, that God would spare me, if it be his good will, to show a true repentance and amendment of life for the time to come; or else, if the Lord pleaseth to put an end to my worldly being now, that he would mercifully accept of my death bed repentance, and perform that promise that he hath been pleased to make, that, at what time soever a sinner doth repent he would receive him. Put up these prayers, most dear doctor, to Almighty God, for your most obedient and languishing servant,

"ROCHESTER."

Which reminds us that when the devil was ill the devil a saint would be.

Perhaps if he had lived in different times he would have been a different man. There was not much encouragement of virtue in the time of Charles II. To kidnap a woman, to horsewhip a poet, were mere pastimes of the hour. No harm was thought of it, except by the woman who was kidnaped or the poet who was horsewhipped. Rochester was still in his teens when he hired two ruffians to carry off an heiress, and he was not much older when he hired two other ruffians to assault the poet Dryden, whom he thought had affronted him in one of his poems.

It is not a pretty story that is contained in this volume, but it is not without its lessons, and it makes us thank God that we did not live in the time of King Charles II. You can say what you like about King Edward VII., but you must admit that heiresses are not kidnaped in the streets of London, nor are poets waylaid and beaten at the instigation of gentlemen.

Mr. Andrew Lang now comes forward as a novelist, if "The Disentanglers" can be called a novel. "The Disentanglers" is really a series of stories on one theme, held together by a silken thread of plot. The idea is ingenious and its setting forth most amusing. This is the idea: Two young men, Marton and Logan, who have seen better days, are at their wit's end for money. They are not particularly well fitted for business, and they don't know just what there is for them to do. In turning the matter over they decided to establish a company to be called "The Disentanglers." The business of the disentanglers is to come to the rescue of families that are likely to be tangled up in disagreeable affairs if some one does not rescue them. For instance, if a nice old gentleman to the disgust of all his relations, who are sitting around, as it were, waiting for his money, decides to marry his cook because the cook has learned that the way to his heart is through his stomach, the disentanglers are sent for and they set up a counter attraction, or resort to some ingenious device, which diverts the attention of the epicurean old man and saves the day for the relations. One can see how to a man of Mr. Lang's fancy this idea could be most amusingly worked out. The firm, which traded under the title of Messrs. Gray & Graham, advertised in the newspapers, "To Parents, Guardians, Children, and Others," and the advertisement set forth "the sorrows and anxieties which beset families in the matter of undesirable matrimonial engagements and entanglements." The advertisers proposed, by a new method, to restore domestic peace and confidence. "No private inquiries will, in any case, be made into the past of the parties concerned. The highest references will in every instance be given and demanded. Intending clients must in the first instance apply by letter to Messrs. Gray & Graham. No charge will be made for a first interview, which can only be granted after satisfactory references have been exchanged by letter." The book suggests what for want of a better name is called "farce comedy." In clever hands something amusing for the stage could be made of it, but the hands would have to be extremely clever—as clever in stagecraft as Mr. Lang's are in his particular line of writing—that is, if he has a particular line—for all lines seem to fall with equal grace from his hands. One must be in the mood to enjoy this book, but once in the mood he will get a great deal of fun out of it.

Close upon the heels of President Kruger's book comes that of Gen. De Wet. The Kruger book is already published by the Century company, the De Wet is still to be published by Messrs. Scribner. A formal publication will be made next week, the regular publication a week later. One who has read the advance sheets, that is, the English sheets for which the American edition is being set, tells me that De Wet is as good a writer as he is a fighter, and that even if the book was written of a war of which we knew nothing we would find it as interesting.

Mrs. Max-Müller has discovered a serious loss in editing the letters of her distinguished husband. She finds that all his letters to Emerson, Holmes, Lowell, Carlyle, Froude, and other famous men have been lost or destroyed. Even those that he wrote to Humboldt cannot be found, and only a few fragments of those addressed to Mommsen have been discovered. "The Life and Letters of Max-Müller," which will soon be published, will, however, be found to contain enough interesting material to make good this loss.

Mr. W. W. Astor's Pall Mall Magazine will begin in its January number a study "The Young Napoleon," by Field Marshal Viscount Wolseley. It will run through three or four numbers of that magazine, where it is bound to attract wide attention. That so distinguished a soldier, one holding so high a position in the British army, should write a study of England's greatest enemy could not fail to be interesting. Lord Wolseley, I am told, is one of Napoleon Bonaparte's greatest admirers; indeed, his admiration for the little corporal amounts almost to worship. The Pall Mall Magazine, by the way, is no longer published in this country. Before Mr. Astor pronounced his American citizenship and became a British subject the Pall Mall had an office in the Astor Court building, but now the office is closed and only English copies of the magazine are sold in New York. The Pall Mall is not a bad magazine, as English magazines go, but when one considers that it is backed by unlimited capital one cannot but wonder that it is not a great deal better. No end of money is spent on it, but half the amount in the hands of an American editor and an American publisher would work wonders.

Lucky were the publishers who had English editions of D'Annunzio's dramas on their lists. Mr. Russell, who published "Gioconda," was not as lucky as he might have been, for he merely imported his edition and his stock was low. But Laird & Lee, who published the odious "Citta Morta," and the New York firm that published Mr. Symons' translation of "Francesca" did a thriving business. There were a few of the gorgeous Italian edition of the latter to be had at Brentano's, but even they were long since exhausted. I was fortunate in securing a copy some time ago before the rush began; now I am told that I have one of the scarce books that collectors covet. They will covet my copy in vain.

I am happy to say that there are few distinctly holiday books published this year. When I first took up my pen to write about books the holidays were made hideous with publications that no one read, but which every one thought must adorn the Christmas center table. Now those costly and garish volumes no longer exist. There are, to be sure, books published today with an eye largely to the holiday trade, but they are usually fine editions of good books, sets of standard authors, and other books that are welcome for their intrinsic literary merit rather than for the festive nature of their bindings. The nearest approach to the old style Christmas book is "The Book of Beauty," published by the Lippincotts. This sumptuous folio is much more interesting than its old time namesakes for the reason that the title means something. It is a veritable book of beauty, for it contains the portraits of most of the famous beauties of the day, done in photogravures and printed in the most luxurious style of the art. The edition is limited to 150 copies for the United States.

Not only has the book the portraits of the professional and unprofessional beauties of the "era King Edward VII.," but it has literary contributions by no end of wearers of titles, to say nothing of mere authors, among the latter Rudyard Kipling, Max Pemberton, Lucas Malet, and John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie). Among the titled authors I find H. H. Princess Henry of Pless, she who was accused of being Elizabeth of the German garden. That she writes of "My Baby's Garden" for this book would seem to lend foundation for the accusation. As a matter of fact, she has a German garden, but it is not the German garden in whose sunshine we have basked.

JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

CREATOR OF ONE "ELIZABETH."



Elinor Glyn is the author of the sprightly "Visits of Elizabeth," published a year or two ago, and of "The Reflections of Ambrosine," which Harper & Bros. have just published. She is an Englishwoman and these are the only books she has written, although others have been attributed to her.

NEW LIFE OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Biography Will Be Published Dec. 8 in London. Other Books Promised by British Publishers During the Winter.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Times.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co. will publish on Dec. 8 Sidney Lee's "Biography of Queen Victoria." The article in the supplement to the Dictionary of National Biography, on which it is founded, has been completely rewritten, and much new and important information is included. The illustrations include two portraits copied from originals at Windsor castle and a facsimile letter of the late queen. These are reproduced with the king's permission.

Henry Seton Merriman's new novel, "Barnarsch of the Guards," will begin in the January number of the Cornhill Magazine. It deals with the famous and disastrous retreat of Napoleon's army from Moscow and is exceedingly characteristic of the author.

A. E. Mason's next novel will be chiefly episodical. It will appear through Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co.

Mrs. Margaret L. Woods, one of the most gifted of the minor English poets, publishes in the Cornhill for December a poem that is generally praised. It is called "The Builders: A Nocturne in Westminster Abbey." Its nine long, unrhymed stanzas contain verses reminding one both of Walt Whitman's rude vigor and Matthew Arnold's classical polish. Mrs. Woods is the daughter of Dean Bradley, recently retired from service to Westminster abbey because of advancing years. She is the wife of a clergyman who was formerly president of Trinity college, Oxford.

Sir Francis C. Burnand, editor of Punch, will publish through Methuen & Co. early next year his "Reminiscences." His career has been full of interest and his book will be rich in anecdotes of famous contributors to Punch and men and women who have had social, literary, or artistic prominence in London.

S. R. Crockett's new novel for next year will be published serially in Good Words here, and, it is understood, in Leslie's Monthly in New York. Its provisional title is "The Adventurer in Spain." It will appear subsequently through Isbister & Co. here and the Frederick A. Stokes company in New York. The Isbisters, by the way, are starting Canadian editions of Good Words and the Sunday Magazine by arrangement with William Tyrrell of Toronto.

"Hand in Hand," verses by "A Mother and Daughter," published by Elkin Matthews, is a book which has attracted considerable attention. The authors are Rudyard Kipling's mother and sister.

Beatrice Harraden is putting the finishing touches on her new novel, the scene of which is laid largely in Norway. Dodd, Mead & Co. will publish the book in New York.

Arthur W. Pinero will deliver a lecture on Robert Louis Stevenson as a dramatist, viewed from a dramatist's standpoint, at the Edinburg Philosophical institution on March 3, 1903, and the Birmingham and Midland institute on March 9.

E. B.

NOTED AMERICAN ARTIST.



Mr. Edwin A. Abbey has come into his own. After a long and honorable career he is at last recognized by critics on both sides of the Atlantic as one of the leading artists of his day. His work as a mural decorator of public buildings has put him in the first rank. But he also occupies an enviable position as an illustrator. His pictures for Shakspeare's plays and Herrick's poems made him fame long ago, and this year his illustrations for Goldsmith's "Deserted Village" have just been issued with the poem in book form by Harper & Bros.

BOOK GOSSIP OF LONDON.

Production of New Works Is Slackening with the Approach of the Christmas Holidays.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The production of books is slackening with the approach of Christmas. Among the weightier books of the week Edward Arnold has published Bavan's "House of Seleneus," with the story of Greco-Macedonian rule after Alexander the Great. Murray has issued an elaborate "History of Siena" by Prof. Langton Douglas, and Constable has published C. J. Holmes' "Study of the Influence of Constable on Landscape Painting."

Chaplain Kestell's war book, issued by Methuen, contains the records of De Wet's and Steyn's adventures and a Boer account of the peace conference.

Sampson Low pays a poor tribute to the learning of the late Lord Penzance by publishing his "Summary of the Evidence of the Authorship of Shakspeare's Plays, with Trend Toward Bacon."

New novels by Dr. Barry and Quiller-Couch have been completed, and Sir William Clowes' "History of the British Navy" will soon be published.

I. N. F.

PRAIRIE GIRL'S BIOGRAPHY.

Strong and Original Work by Eleanor Gates.

The charm of a life which to the uninitiated is meager and utterly desolate is vividly portrayed in "The Biography of a Prairie Girl," by Eleanor Gates. One can see the brown, unbroken expanse of prairie, hear the howl of the coyote at night, and feel the little girl's horrible fear of the Indians of the nearby reservation. The description of an old fashioned Dakota blizzard is especially realistic.

"An icy blizzard, carrying in its teeth the blinding sleet that neither man nor animal could breast, was driving fiercely across the wide plains; and the red frame dwelling and its near lying buildings of sod, which only the previous morning had stood out bravely against the dreary white waste, were wrapped and almost hidden in great banks that had been caught up from the river heights and hurled with piercing roars against them. The storm had begun the day before, blowing first in fitful gusts that whistled under the eaves, sent the hay from the stacks flying through the yard, and lifted the ends of the roof shingles threateningly. It had gradually strengthened toward midday, and the steady downfall of flakes had been turned into a biting scourge that whipped up the soft cloak from the face of the open, treeless prairie and sent it lashing through the frigid air. Long before night had begun to settle down no eye could penetrate the scudding snow a foot beyond the window ledges, except when a sudden stilling of the tempest disclosed the writhing cottonwood break to the north and the double row of ash saplings leading south to the blotted, pointless highway."

The picture of a prairie fire and its consequent stampede of cattle and horses is equally good.

"There was fire all around them now, and smoke and cinders floated over the biggest brother and the little girl, choking them and shutting out the road ahead. The wind, as it brushed by, seemed to sear their faces with their torrid breath. Suddenly, the dust and smoke clearing to the right, the little girl clutched the biggest brother's arm and pointed out a dark, bulky creature that was in the lead. It was a bison, evidently one of those lonely bachelors that, exiled from their kind, were the first hermits of the plains. His bushy head was lowered and his beard swept the ground. The biggest brother and the little girl could see his naked body gleam and quiver as he was crowded forward by a band of antelope. He galloped blindly, as if he was failing in strength. Even as they looked he tumbled to his knees and let the antelope pass over him, meeting an ignoble death beneath a hundred sharp hoofs and in the embrace of the fire." (The Century company.)

ELIA W. PEATTIE TAKES ISSUE WITH THE PAGANISM OF BLISS CARMAN'S POETRY.

BLISS CARMAN, that modern classicist, has written five books of verse, each bearing a relation to the other. The general title is "Pipes of Pan," and the five volumes are named as follows: "From the Book of Myths," "From the Green Book of the Bards," "From the Songs of the Sea Children," "From the Book of Grand Pre," "From the Book of Pierrot." (L. C. Page & Co., Boston). Of these the last four are in preparation, and the first has appeared from the press. It is dedicated to C. G. D. R.—evidently Mr. Roberts, the poet. The frontispiece shows Pan's horned head and the fly leaves are green and white with a design of bamboo, water lilies, and a piping Pan. The binding is cream cloth with green design.

Mr. Carman is one of the most consistent—one might say exultant—pagans writing at the present day. The only trouble is that his paganism is self-conscious. When the hedonistic poet contemplates himself and observes and analyses his own joy he confesses after all that he is the child of a reflective and philosophic century. In endeavoring to escape from the Christian idea, he makes an involuntary protest against it, and thus gives tacit recognition of its power. It must not be supposed that Mr. Carman fights the grave faiths of the time with naked blade. Rather—to employ his own symbolic method of speech—by his loud piping on midsummer hills he hopes to drown the droning of the monks.

The opening hymn in his book is to all beholding and all pervading Pan, who spells nothing but joy out of the hieroglyphs of the universe. A more insouciant strain than that which follows it would be difficult to find in contemporary verse. It has the enchanting subtlety of the Celtic songs. Every idea, delightful though it may be in itself, is also a symbol.

Yes, the world is growing old,
But the joys it used to hold
Love and beauty, only grow
Greater as they come and go—
Larger, keener, and more splendid,
Seen to be superbly blended,
As the cadenced years go by,
Into chord and melody.
Strong and clear as ever ran
Over the rude pipes of Pan.

In "sweet Pandean strain" is celebrated all the natural joys of life—love, joy in nature, freedom, carelessness, the communion of man and beasts, the good fellowship of all creatures, and the harmony of the world.

Come into the woods once more;
Leave the fire and close the door;
Trust the spirit that has made
Musical the light and shade.
Still to guard you, still to guide you,
Somewhere in the wood beside you,
Pace for pace upon the road
To your larger next abode.
Though the world should lay a finger
On your arm to bid you linger,
Ye shall neither halt nor tarry
(Little be the load ye carry!)
When ye hear the pipes of Pan
Shrill and pleading in the van.
'Tis the music that has freed you
From the old life and shall lead you,
Gently wise and strongly fond,
To the greater life beyond.
Yet I whisper to you, "Stay;
That new life is here; today
Is your home, whose roof shall rise
From the ground before your eyes."

And so farewell, fret and sordidness, hate and responsibility! Here lies a world where there lurks no punishment for crime, no creature unloved, no cruelty of nature or of fate, no man deformed, no woman stricken with ugliness, no one bereft or aged or alone! There would be only young lovers—Daphne overtaken, Phœdra with passion returned, Marsyas rivaling Apollo!

Night would come,
And I should make thy home
In the deep pines, lit by a yellow star
Hung in the dark blue dome—

A fragrant house
Of woven balsam boughs,
Where the great Cyprian mother should receive
Our warm unsullied vows.

Who shall make an argument against beauty, or stand opposed to joy? Truly no one with good heart. Yet it seems not wholly dull or mistaken to warn Mr. Carman that after all, there lies little comfort in his beautiful rhymes. He may be:

A vagrom man,
Favored of Pan,
Made out of ardor, and sinew, and tan,
With the seeing eye
For meadow and sky,
The want only beauty can satisfy,
And the wandering will,
The questing will,
The inquisitive, glad, unanxious will——

But some of us are old and lame and cannot dance, and some of us have lost our loves and may no longer kiss, and others of us are broken with much sorrow and cannot laugh. What for us? What place have we, with bent bodies and wrinkled skins and heavy hearts, in this gay troupe of creatures singing through the untamed woods? Verily, we have need of "an overlord" of another sort than Pan—one which detects the soul and endeavor in us, sees us when we crawl in the dust as well as when we dance in festal groves; forgives us for all stupidities, griefs, and apprehensions; beholds nothing of the distorted limbs, the weazened face, the scant locks; does not mind the mute, unsinging tongue; and treasures us even when our wits have fled.

In a sense Mr. Carman is sincere—that is, he tries to mean what he says. The luscious lines he makes must give others, as well as himself, exquisite pleasure. But the fundamental sincerity seems not to be there. He is deliberately out of touch with his time—so much so that his joyous flutings fall on unheeding ears. He will be accused of artificiality, though what he has really aspired to above all things is to return to nature. He cannot, however much he may try, divest himself utterly of the habiliments of civilization, nor longer find a place in which the habitations of men do not arise. To sing of Arcady to men whose feet can never go that way is, after all, not much comfort.

Here we are, workers all of us, in a grim time. Our superstitions, our hopes, our dreams have raised about us a peculiar structure of serious outline, some architectural monstrosities, some inner and pure sanctuaries. The genius of the time is creative, inventive, utilitarian. Common men, scientists, pedagogues, historians, artists, tillers of the soil, the bearers of children, the preachers of religions, the sailors on the seas, the miners in the earth, are all bound together by ideas born of the time. They feel a responsibility. They are under the

BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE WEEK.

[Reported by telegraph for THE TRIBUNE'S Saturday Literary Supplement.]

VERSE.

"Love, Laurels, and Laughter," by Beatrice Hanscom. Stokes company.
"Cupid Is King," by Roy Farrell Greene. Richard G. Badger.
"Francesca da Rimini," by Gabrielle d'Annunzio. Translated by Arthur Symons. Stokes company.
"A Voice on the Wind," by Madison Cawein. J. P. Morton & Co.
"Swords and Plowshares," by Ernest Crosby. Funk & Wagnalls company.
"Every Day in the Year," by James L. and Mary K. Ford. Dodd, Mead & Co.
"Later Lyrics," by John B. Tabb. John Lane.
"A Summer Snowflake," by W. D. Ellwanger. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"A Nonsense Anthology," by Carolyn Wells. Scribner's Sons.
"The Pipes of Pan—The Book of the Myths," by Bliss Carman. L. C. Page & Co.
"Sisters of Repartrice," by Lucia Gray Sweet. Lee & Shepard.
"The Sunset Song and Other Verses," by Elizabeth Akers. Lee & Shepard.

FOR CHILDREN.

"Althea," by D. Ella Nirdlinger. 1904 Publishing company.
"Young George," by Edith Farmiloe. Stokes company.
"Miss Muffett's Christmas Party," by Samuel McChord Crothers. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.
"Where the Wind Blows," by Katharine Pyle. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.
"A Romance of the Nursery," by Allen Harker. John Lane.
"Hortense," by Edna A. Foster; "Boy Donald and His Hero," by Pen Shirley; "Randy and Her Friends," by Amy Brooks; "Madge, a Girl in Earnest," by S. Jennie Smith; "Tom Winstone," Wideawake," by Martha James; "In the Days of Queen Elizabeth," by Eva March Tappan; "A Girl of the Century," by Mary Darling; "Cruising on the St. Lawrence," by Everett R. Tomlinson; "The Story of Joan of Arc," by Kate E. Carpenter; "The Little Girl Next Door" by Nina Rhoades; "Brave Heart Elizabeth," by Adele E. Thompson; "Marching on Niagara," by Edward Stratemeyer; "The Young Volcano Explorers," by Edward Stratemeyer; "Concerning Polly," by Helen M. Winslow; "Dorothy Dainty," by Amy Brooks; "Boy a Thousand Years Ago," by Harriet T. Comstock. Lee & Shepard.
"With Rogers on the Frontier," by J. M. Oxley. A. Wessels company.

FICTION.

"The Lighted Taper," by M. Oakman Patton. Botolph Book company.
"A Romance of Wolf Hollow," by Anna Wolfrom. Gorham press.
"The Reformer," by Charles W. Sheldon. Advance Publishing company.
"A Daughter of Raasay," by William McL. Raine. Stokes company.
"Penruddock of the White Lambs," by Samuel Hardern Church. Stokes company.
"The King's Agent," by Arthur Paterson. D. Appleton & Co.
"Lizette," by Edward Marshall. Lewis Scribner & Co.
"Her Majesty the King," by James Jeffrey Roche. R. H. Russell.
"The Master of Appleby," by Francis Lynde. Bowen-Merrill company.
"Donna Diana," by Richard Bagot. Longmans, Green & Co.
"Adnah," by J. Breckenridge Ellis. George W. Jacobs & Co.
"The Thousand Eugenias," by Mrs. Alfred Sidgwick. Longmans, Green & Co.
"Vive l'Empereur," by Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews. Scribner's Sons.
"The Four Feathers," by A. E. W. Mason. Macmillan company.
"John Gayther's Garden," by Frank R. Stockton. Scribner's Sons.
"The Lane That Had no Turning," by Sir Gilbert Parker. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"Old Plantation Days," by Martha S. Gielow. R. H. Russell.
"Thelma," by Marie Corelli. Illustrated. R. H. Fenno & Co.
"The Weavers of Weba," by Francis W. Van Praag. R. F. Fenno & Co.
"The Last Buccaneer," by L. Cope Cornford. Lippincott company.
"Oldfield," by Nancy Huston Banks. New illustrated edition. Macmillan company.
"Roger Drake, Captain of Industry," by H. K. Webster. Macmillan company.
"Dogtown," by Mabel Osgood Wright. Macmillan company.
"Danny," by Alfred Ollivant. Doubleday, Page & Co.
"Cecelia," by F. Marion Crawford. Macmillan company.
"Love and Louisa," by E. Maria Albanesi. Lippincott company.
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necessity of working together and for each other. The sacrificial," or, in other words, the Christian idea, dominates and impells them all, whether they are conscious of it or not. The captain of the Atlantic liner may not miss his port—he cannot set toward that pale land where the lotus eaters raise their choral song. The miner of coal cannot pause, lest others suffer by his negligence and the world hold him accountable. The scientist must utilize his hours lest the discovery half perceived by him be missed and left among the unknown things for another century. The historian must set down the record of his time—a sense of responsibility for which he cannot account holds him to it. The woman bears her children with thought to their physical and mental development, and sets about the elaborate task of civilizing them. And over us all hangs the pervading practicality of the complex time.

Now, what we really need is encouragement. What we expect of our poets is an understanding of our trials. We like to be heartened as William Vaughn Moody heartened us in "The Brute."

Of course if Mr. Carman were French or Italian or one of those dallying Celts everything might be forgiven him, because the conscience of art is not theirs. Loveliness of line, charm of idea will do for them any time. But as Hippolyte Taine pointed out many years ago, the spirit of Anglo-Saxon poetry is a nobler one. It has a mission which makes the songs of these others thin and trivial. It must speak the truth, it must deal with questions of the spirit, it must encompass within its cogitations both the known and the unknown. It has the epic outlook; its sentiment is profound; its estimate of life is of the largest.

When, therefore, the lessons of the centuries are passed by, the achievements of man disregarded, his mature point of view set aside as too sad, too sophisticated, or mistaken, and by one of the best poets writing in the English tongue today, there is a feeling akin to resentment in the mind of the reader. Perhaps the solemn voice of Tolstoi will not be hushed. Perhaps we are too conscious of the dignity and significance that the carrying of our burdens gives us; perhaps we have become too much enamored with the esoteric meaning of the sacrificial philosophy; but, however it may be, we cannot lament that the day of "star eyed wonder" is passed. Though the beauty of the lines of "The Dead Faun" move us as music does, we cannot really wish time to move back and leave us in the blank joyousness of man's earlier fancy.

Here are three stanzas of that exquisite lament over "The Dead Faun":

Who hath done this thing? What wonder is this that lies
On the green earth so still under purple skies,
Like a hyacinth shaft the careless mower has cut
And thought of no more?

Who hath wrought this pitiful wrong on the lovely earth?
What ruthless hand could ruin that harmless mirth?
O, heart of things, what undoing is here, never now
To be mended more!

No more, O beautiful boy, shall thy fleet feet stray
Through the cool beechwood on the shadowy mountain way,
Nor halt by the well at noon, nor trample the flowers
On the forest floor.

Here is limpid beauty—here, too, is exquisite frugility—entrancing folly!

Come, the roar of the city is outside, there is labor to be done; we are learned because of all the centuries are taught; let us bear our burdens cheerfully, remembering that even for us who are failures, who are old and broken and ugly and sinful, there is comfort in a more pitying faith! For, indeed, though all the poets sang together, they could not deceive any of us into the belief that in mere joy lay blessedness, or that the pagan idea can guide one through any save the few triumphant and glowing hours of life. And for half a dozen of these we have decades of plain, laborious, and unselfish living.

Would it please Mr. Carman to stop piping on little reeds and sing us a deep throated song as becomes a man of the twentieth century?

ELIA W. PEATTIE.

MORRIS, CRAFTSMAN, POET, AND SOCIALIST.

"WILLIAM MORRIS—Poet, Craftsman, Socialist." By Elizabeth Luther Cary. Illustrated. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York.

G. P. Putnam's Sons have published a sumptuous volume on William Morris, written by Elizabeth Luther Cary, and identical in printing and makeup with the Tennyson, Browning, and Rossetti volumes by the same author. The present study of Morris is timely, for never has Morris stood so prominently before the world or so high in the world's estimation as now. He has come to his place by reason of a universal genius—a genius so varied, indeed, as to cause one almost to doubt the report that the author of "The Defense of Guinevere" promulgated the social doctrines of "News from Nowhere" and was also the designer of the "Morris chair" and of sundry tapestries and wall papers. The record of the development of a genius so complex and many sided is perhaps the most interesting story in recent human history. Morris presents phases of culture wholly unique in history. Keats was a poet, but not a socialist. Carlyle was a reformer, but not a poet. Shelley was a poet and social reformer, but not a craftsman. Rossetti was a poet and artist, but not a socialist. Ruskin was poet, artist, and socialist, but he could not write a "Story of the Glittering Plain," and he was not a democrat. Tolstoi has many capacities, but he cannot make a chair or weave a rug.

To write the history of a man who ranged life so widely as Morris did is not an easy task. The biographer who undertakes it must be well equipped at many points. There is, of course, no question attaching to the facts of Morris' life, for all the details are now well known and authenticated. But innumerable perplexities arise when the historian turns critic and presumes to pass judgment—then the critic's own prejudices come into play and distort the record and history. Probably no two critics at the present time will agree as to the values to be accredited to Morris' different productions. A socialist will ignore his poetry, the literary student will overlook his craft work, the craftsman will not care for his socialism. Miss Cary apparently holds all the elements equal, though she seems to take most pleasure in his craftsmanship and to have the least sympathy with his efforts at social reform. She girds occasionally at the social heresies—it is likely she is not at all in sympathy with the revolutionary movement he sustained. I hardly think the time has come to treat Morris' work critically or negatively, except perhaps his literary productions—the world's literary sense being so much more definite than its social consciousness.

Thus I can accept Miss Cary's critical dicta as to the merits of the poems and romances—as when she says of certain of the tales: "In the deeper realities of life, with which even romantic fiction may deal, and must deal if it is to lay hold of the modern imagination, these romances are poor." But I am not at all certain that Morris "never really understood what socialism technically and economically meant," or that the theories he held can be so "easily torn to ribbons," and I am more disposed than Miss Cary to accept the reading he gave of life in general. The "cause" for which Morris labored was the democratization of art. He is, therefore, on the modern and winning side of the greatest of all historic movements. His "mediævalism" counts for nothing against his interests in the future. Miss Cary's account is eminently readable and the volume is as complete in its details as any that has yet appeared on Morris—poet, craftsman, and socialist.

OSCAR L. TRIGGS.

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GRACE CORNEAU ON PAUL AND VICTOR MARGUERITE'S "TWO LIVES."

PARIS, Nov. 19.—It seems an extraordinary thing that two novelists such as Paul and Victor Marguerite should start out with a crusade in favor of abolishing marriage and establishing what sounds poetic enough, but what certainly lacks the practical sense—in other words, the "free union of congenial souls." To arrive at this blissful liberty the Marguerite brothers propose to make divorce so easy a matter that it will be no longer possible to talk of "the bonds of matrimony" nor "the chains of marriage." No cause is necessary, declare the novelists, to rationally grant a divorce, for the latter should be given upon the simple assertion of one of the parties that he or she no longer desires to live with the other half. To arrive at this state of things, the Marguerites have written a new novel entitled "Les Deux Vies," which is a long argument in favor of their theory, and which is naturally the talk of Paris, and which has actually created such a sensation that a parliamentary commission summoned the brothers to hear their opinion upon the divorce question with a view to introducing a bill to modify present legislation in regard to divorces.

"It is an idiotic law!"

"But it is the law!"

These two phrases, spoken by Mme. le Hagre, and her lawyer, Marchal, in "Les Deux Vies," resume Paul and Victor Marguerite's theory upon the present divorce laws, which they consider idiotic. As an instance, the writers claim it is absurd that a woman in France only obtains by right a divorce if her husband is condemned to death, to hard labor, or to deportation to penal colonies. To prove the only other reason for which a divorce is granted, that is to say, infidelity, a woman is forced to take such measures that she is rarely tempted to try them, and should she be bold enough to make the effort she surely succeeds in accomplishing her task. Thus, her only refuge is to transact with the man she abhors, and the Marguerites consider it would be far better to simply authorize the divorce upon demand when such a demand has been repeated three times within three years. Every one, the writers consider, ought to have the courage to declare that marriage is "a later form of prehistoric slavery." In order to obtain a rapid divorce in France, "Les Deux Vies" goes to illustrate that all sorts of tricks and comedies are resorted to by the parties, and to these hypocritical subterfuges French judges shut their eyes.

The story runs as follows:

When only 19 years of age Francine Favier had the misfortune to marry a man of the world, Fernand Le Hagre. Despite his exterior respectability he was a faithless, lying, avaricious husband, whom even the birth of a charming little daughter, Josette, failed to render a small sense of dignity. Full of desolation the young wife finally decides to open her heart to her mother at the château d'Aygues-Vives, for she considers resignation to one's misfortunes is the "virtue of cowards." Mme. Favier, her mother, however, is not of the same opinion. She has not the convictions which stimulate her daughter into declaring she has a "right to happiness" which if she has not found in her marriage she should be free to seek elsewhere. Like her daughter, Mme. Favier had been wretchedly unhappy during her married life, but she does not believe she has a right to seek happiness, although she is so charming that a young lieutenant is madly in love with her and begs her to forget her age and join her lot with his. She thinks of old age, which is rapidly advancing for her.

"Growing old! In the years—which are precipitating themselves upon her by months and by days—she will see fine little wrinkles plaiting the satin of her eyelids, white threads scattered through her golden locks. Nothing can stop this almost insensible degradation. Every one—and Charlie first of all—must notice it.

"Age has sounded! whether it has yet appeared or not—she 43, he 27. Such a difference, after a fugitive happiness, would never be filled in save by humiliation and suffering."

Nice reflections for the modern women who are about to do so or who have married boys.

While the mother sadly realizes that happiness is not for her, the daughter is in the midst of the turmoil necessary to secure a divorce in France, for she refuses to follow her mother's advice and vindicates her "right to happiness."

The idea of justice and the palace of justice which Mme. Le Hagre enters in an effort to obtain what she believes "justice" are thus described:

"The only work of justice is to maintain violent laws."

"For me, human justice is the greatest buffoonery in the world; a man in judging another man is a spectacle which would make me die laughing if it did not fill me with pity."

So much for the Marguerites' idea of human justice, which, however, has resisted the fiercer attacks of Rabelais, Voltaire, and Victor Hugo; and now for the palace of justice as the heroine enters it.

She traversed an immense hall dotted on every side with men and women, lawyers and attorneys, in their robes, a well stuffed portfolio under their arms; plaignants conferring with their counselors, seated on wooden benches, while others circulated about the hall with a monotonous going and coming.

A kind of an uproar sounded, as if the talking, whispering, and gossiping had been taken into a huge mill, turned round and round, and thrown out from the walls of the modest first tribunal, Cour d'Appel and Cour de Cassation, to the simple police courts as far as the solemn Cour d'Assises. From every side, crushing in its grinding limitless sufferings; passing along the crimes of misery, of vice of covetousness for lucre, of cruelty, of hatred, all the moral villainies, the gigantic machine, with the uninterrupted roll of a hundred thousand voices, ground up arguments, conclusions, evidence, advice, cross questionings, pleadings, requisitions, judgments, decrees.

Francine had a terrible feeling, an intuition of a horrible, racking wheel, upon which as soon as a finger was placed the whole body would be drawn to be passed and thrown out flattened, the members torn apart, the soul in pieces."

As far as these ideas concerning justice, as practiced by humanity, are concerned, I wonder if the distinguished writers realize that they express precisely the anarchist doctrine in declaring a "man has no right to judge another man"; yet one could hardly term the Marguerite brothers anarchists; indeed, no one would be as astonished as the brothers themselves if the anarchists claimed them as members of their fold.

To go on with the story, it all ends badly. Francine, despite her entry in the palace of justice, fails to obtain her divorce. She is caught in a trap set for her by her husband and his lawyers, to prevent her from obtaining a divorce. As she cannot have a new legal foyer she therefore decides to have a free union with the man she loves—naturally not her husband, but a M. Eparvil, who possesses all the qualities her husband lacks. This is one life, and a vindication of the new theory of a "right to happiness." The other life, for there are "deux vies" (two lives), is that of her mother, the charming Countess Favie, who is resigned to her lot and bids good-by to the boy lieutenant.

"Their adieux were marked by the nobility and beauty which two such souls could put into them, that is to say, they were simple and pure, vivid by the suffering consciousness of a love which was of a kind which would only die with them, shadowed by the unknown which hung upon such a separation so bitter that it was a taste of death."

Briefly, this is the book about which all Paris is talking and which has aroused even a national parliament. GRACE CORNEAU.

MISS SEAWELL'S NEW STORY.

A Historical Novel Well Told, but in an Old Vein.

Molly Elliot Seawell must have had another Francesca in mind when she framed the plot of her latest historical romance, "Franceska." For it is the tragic story of Francesca da Rimini over again, with the important difference that Franceska is deceived into thinking that her husband's brother is her long lost husband, with the inevitable tragedy that follows the discovery of the deception. The historical element is brought in by introducing Voltaire and many others of the Paris of the early fifteenth century.

The story is told by Babache of the bodyguard of the duke of Saxe, whose praises of his master sometimes grow tiresome, and who is a faithful but hopeless lover of Franceska and a stanch friend of her sweetheart, Gaston Cheverny. The two are married secretly, and Gaston goes to the wars and does not return. His brother, Regnard, who had been his unsuccessful rival, failing to win Franceska by fair means, gets her by foul, returning as Gaston with a story of being a prisoner for seven years and accounting for any changes by the privations of that time.

The story is at its weakest here, for Franceska, with her lauded keenness and self-reliance, to say nothing of her womanly instinct, should have seen at once through the fraud. But after two years Gaston returns, and the tragedy moves swiftly to its inevitable end. The false brother kills him in a duel, and Franceska leaps into the lake. Historical romances are overdone, and this is not likely to do much to restore their vogue. It is well told, as all of this writer's stories are, but it is in the same old vein, and its tragic ending, although the only one possible, will not tend to increase its popularity. (The Bowen-Merrill company.)

"A BASHFUL MAN AND OTHERS."

A Book of Pleasant Papers by Charles P. Burton.

In the great output of strenuous literature with which the era of the historical romance has deluged the public it is a relief to pick up so delicate and happy a bit of humor and sentiment as Charles Pierce Burton's little book of essays, "The Bashful Man and Others," just issued in attractive form by the Blue Sky Press, Chicago. The range of topics treated is wide, but in the main they are of a homely sort, intimately related to the every day experiences of those who have eyes for the beauties of wayside flowers, ears for the music with which nature serenades her lovers, and sympathies for the hopes, the griefs, and the aspirations of common humanity.

Here and there in this modest little volume the reader is met with a passage which might well have been written by Burroughs or some other of the adepts in the secrets of nature. Whenever the out of door world is touched upon the author achieves genuine literary quality. Thoughout these papers there is a quaint and whimsical vein of homely philosophy that provokes a smile or brings back to the city exile some pleasant and half forgotten impression of his boyhood in the country. Some of the essays are trite and make small appeal to the average reader, but there is scarcely one of them that has not a passage which makes it well worth the reading, and not a few of them have an atmosphere that belongs to the best of the serious triflers who have made much of the pleasantest of the world's literature.

VILLAGE LIFE IN INDIA.

What a Missionary Has Noticed of Native Existence There.

Interest in missions and in the laborious, self-sacrificing life of the missionary should be greatly heightened by a reading of "Village Work in India," by Norman Russell of the Presbyterian mission in central India. Mr. Russell is full of the missionary spirit, as one must be who undertakes such labors as he describes, and he puts it into his book as well as his work, and seeks by describing the wideness of the field and the fewness of the workers to develop sympathisers and supporters for the cause. Mr. Russell makes out a good case both by the accounts he gives of typical journeys among the numberless villages and the statistics with which he forces home the lesson of these experiences. Caste, idolatry, custom, indifference, and hostility have all to be combated, and Mr. Russell says:

"The Hindu is clothed in an armor in which no link seems incomplete; socially, intellectually, and religiously he has an answer ready at every point of attack. And yet his heart is not impenetrable; glossed over with superstition, bound down by conservatism, perverted by the false teachings of sages, and stupefied by an equally false philosophy, great aspirations and great possibilities lie sleeping there."

There are 32,000 villages in central India, with an average population of 288, and among these the missionary moves—preaching, teaching, helping, and in every way trying to win the hearts of the people for his master. Mr. Russell's enthusiasm shows that the work has its compensations, but they are not of the worldly sort. (The Fleming H. Revell company.)

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Hutchins Hapgood's Stories of Jewish Life in New York City.

Hutchins Hapgood, in "The Spirit of the Ghetto," describes the Jewish quarter of the east side of New York as seen through Gentile eyes and ideas. Most people have got their conception of this remarkable community through the fiction that made it a fad for a few years, but this view, which is from the inside, after years of residence among them, is evidently the more accurate. It does not linger on the poverty, dirt, ignorance, and immorality, but seeks the influences which are changing and developing the life of this strange people. Mr. Hapgood finds them in the rapid Americanization of the young, the growth of wealth, the activity of the socialists, and the work of the Yiddish newspapers, theaters, and poets.

There is an art, too, of the Ghetto, and Jacob Epstein, one of its exponents, has illustrated the book with crude but strong delineation of the suffering picturesqueness of his people. Much that is sordid and pathetic cannot be avoided in a study of a people so out of keeping with its environment, and the saddest feature of it all is that great Hebrew scholars are living on beggarly pittances because they are out of touch with the Yiddish spirit. Many of the sketches have already appeared in the magazines. (The Funk & Wagnalls company.)

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MR. ALDEN WRITES OF THE BOOKS OF THE HOUR IN LONDON.

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LONDON, Nov. 21.—The Gorky boom is a feature of the season. There are half a dozen London publishers who are issuing translations of Gorky's books. In more than one instance two publishers have published the same Gorky book, each with a title differing from the title of the other. Evidently either Gorky is popular here or the publishers think that he will be. This is not a pleasant state of things. Nobody who has read one of Gorky's novels can deny his brutality. His books are precisely the sort of books that we might expect from a drunken ruffian. He brings his readers into the society of the dregs of humanity, and by implication, at least, teaches that all men are either brutes or hypocrites. Zola wrote many pages that were not fit to be read aloud, but he was always a moralist. He was always on the side of right, and his books never painted vice in a way to make it alluring. Gorky sees no distinction between what is good and what is bad, or, rather, he does not recognize the existence of such a thing as good. He shows us the lowest depths of human nature, and says to us, "this is all there is in life." How is it possible that his books can do any good to any one? They can brutalize the reader, but they never awaken in him one elevating thought or spur him to a single noble impulse. Of course, it may be said that the object of a novel is not to elevate the reader; that it is, or should be, a work of art, and that preaching is no part of a novelist's business. This is perfectly true, but what we have a right to demand of every writer is that his novels should not degrade his readers, and this is what Gorky's books must do, if they do anything. He represents the reductio ad absurdum of the Russian craze, which has led us from the really superb books of Turgenieff, through the muddy mysticism of Tolstoi, down to the cesspool of Gorky. I am by no means squeamish, but Gorky seems to me the incarnation of everything that is vile, and his popularity is discouraging to every one who believes that there is something noble in man that is worth cultivating.

D'Annunzio is in his way as objectionable as Gorky, and I am glad to see that Mr. Edward Hutton, in the last number of the Monthly Review, has spoken plainly and strongly of D'Annunzio and his books. The man has both genius and style, but to what base uses does he put them! He writes from the standpoint of a man who believes that there is nothing in life but adultery, and that the pursuit of it is the only business and diversion fit for a man. In Italy the public is thoroughly disgusted with D'Annunzio. He is regarded as an erotomaniac, and, while his genius is acknowledged, Italians are heartily ashamed of him. The man or woman who can enjoy reading D'Annunzio is a fit subject not so much for the moralist as for the physician. He needs medicine more than preaching, for the latter would be of no help to him. Yet D'Annunzio is praised by the English and American press, and, although his immorality is condemned, it is virtually assumed that his genius atones for everything else. The man should have been sent to a lunatic asylum long ago instead of being permitted to soil paper with his infamous writings.

The Times has published a violent onslaught on Casanova and all his works, apropos of the recent publications of an expurgated edition of Casanova's "Memoirs." It is true that the "Memoirs" are to the last degree indecent, but as compared with the Gorky or the D'Annunzio books they are almost harmless. Casanova, like D'Annunzio, looked upon intrigue as the great business of life, but he went about it in a frank, joyous manner. He never pretended that vice was anything else, and he would have utterly failed to understand the charnel house gloom in Gorky and D'Annunzio. In his "Memoirs" he is sometimes amusing, but who ever found anything amusing in the Russian ruffian or the Italian sensualist! The Times in its zeal to show its contempt for Casanova's "Memoirs" expresses doubt as to their genuineness. This is a little late in the day. The theory that the "Memoirs" were written in the present century is an old one, but it has been annihilated by the fact that the manuscript of at least a part of the "Memoirs" is still in the library of the German castle where Casanova spent his last years. Of course the "Memoirs" in their unexpurgated state are hideously indecent, but the man who strains at Casanova and swallows Gorky and D'Annunzio is not a logical person.

Mr. Jack London's book, entitled "The Son of the Wolf," has been received with mild praise. Mr. London is of the school of those who believe that strength in writing is obtained by discarding all refinement of thought and feeling and showing man as a rather dull and loud mouthed bully. There is certainly a good deal of merit in some of Mr. London's stories, but he is too prone to shout them at us at the top of his lungs. This seems to be, in substance, the general opinion among the critics here, and, although the advertisements inform us that Mr. London is a second Kipling, the public will hardly share that opinion.

Mr. William Le Quex's new book, "The Unnamed," is a story of the English colonies of Rome and Florence, and is evidently drawn from life. It is doubtful if all the members of the Florence colony will altogether enjoy reading Mr. Le Quex's book. It is, however, an interesting story, full of adventure of a thrilling character. The author fully understands that what the public wants just at present is adventure, and he gives it to them to an unlimited extent. The Neapolitan Camorra plays a part in the book, and it is really the only English book novel with which I am acquainted in which the Camorra is represented in anything like its true colors. That the Camorra can have its good points will seem to most people an impossibility, but Mr. Le Quex plainly shows that such may be the case, and he is entirely right in so doing. It is said, and it happens to be a fact, that Mr. Le Quex once had twenty-one short stories published in a single Christmas season. That record has never yet been equaled. Since then Mr. Le Quex has given up short story writing and resigned the position of subeditor of the Globe, which he had held for many years. He has blossomed, if the expression may be allowed, into a most successful writer of novels of adventure, and at the present moment his books are appearing in Italian, French, Spanish, German, and Danish.

Has Miss Silberrad's "Mark Wyngate" been republished in America? If not, it ought to be, for it is one of the strongest stories of the year. Miss Silberrad made a mark with her first novel, but her latest is a great advance upon its predecessors. It is artistic in structure and development, and moreover it is interesting as a story, two qualities which are not always found together. As a rule, the artistic novel is prone to be rather dull reading, and the story that interests one is seldom artistic. But Miss Silberrad has been successful in combining the two, and her book is thoroughly readable, while it is always worthy of praise as a piece of good workmanship. Its success is an indication that the reign of "tushery" is approaching its end—for which let us be truly thankful.

Mr. Anthony Hope's "Intrusions of Peggy" would probably be considered by most persons as the most important novel of the season. It is selling rapidly, and the chorus of praise is rarely broken. Certainly it is a most fascinating book. I never cared as much for Mr. Hope's "Dolly Dialogue" variety of book as I cared for his other works, but, although "The Intrusions of Peggy" belong more to the "Dolly" than to the "Zenda" or the "God in the Car" class, it is far and away the most readable of all Mr. Hope's books which deal with modern society. No one can take it up and then willingly lay it down unfinished. I fancy that something of this kind has already been said about some other book, but at any rate it is strictly true. If Mr. Hope will continue to give us books like this one we shall no longer ask him for more "Prisoners of Zenda" or more "Phrosos."

I have been interested in Mr. Frank Podmore's "Modern Spiritualism." It purports to be a history and a criticism, and it is honestly both. It gives a full account of the beginning and growth of Spiritualism, and its verdict upon the whole matter is that no evidence of communication with spirits has been furnished which is credible. The vitality of Spiritualism, which can survive the endless frauds of the medium and, the awful twaddle of the alleged "communications" from the spirit world, is a phenomenon at least as wonderful as any of the so-called phenomena of Spiritualism would be if they were genuine. Mr. Podmore brings to us a work intelligence, sound judgment, industry, and toleration. His book is altogether the best book on the subject it treats of which I have any knowledge, and I know the literature of the subject perhaps better than most men.

The news that Mr. Hall Caine is lying dangerously ill has been received with much regret. It is easy to chaff a writer so long as he is in good health and his books are selling by the hundreds of thousands, but Mr. Caine's illness recalls the fact that he has always written on the side of what he holds to be right, and, whatever may be the literary value of his books, no one calls in question his honesty and conscientiousness.

Mr. Clarence Brownell, who has just published "The Heart of Japan," is an American. I don't like to think of the years that have passed since he went with me on a canoe cruise down the St. John river. Since then he has been on a longer cruise to Japan, where he has spent five years to good purpose, as his book shows. It is an attempt to show us the Japan that the tourist never sees, and that is revealed only to the japanned foreigner. It is a delightful book, and one which ought to accompany every European who goes to Japan. The London press has spoken in the highest terms of it, and there can be no doubt that Mr. Brownell's fellow countrymen will appreciate it as warmly as has the British public. More about Japanese character can be learned from Mr. Brownell's book than from nearly all the other books of Japanese travel put together. It has corrected a number of convictions concerning the Japanese which I had cherished firmly on the faith of previous bookmakers concerning Japan. Mr. Brownell writes in an easy and pleasant style, and his readers are sure to like him as well as his book.

W. L. ALDEN.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

Mrs. Elisa Armstrong Bengough's Novel of a Neighborhood.

Mrs. Elisa Armstrong Bengough, who under her maiden name attained some local reputation as a writer, has written a good story. It is called "The Talk of the Town" (D. Appleton & Co.), and it is a story of the life in a city, presumably in Pennsylvania. The characters are all working men and their families, and the tone of the book faithfully represents the tone of a community of that sort, the good, the bad, the vulgar and ignoble, the vanity and the trivial, with a leaven of hope and purity sufficient to sweeten it all and make it worth while.

Jim Sullivan, while drunk, has been arrested for the murder of a fellow carouser. Maggie, his wife, is nearly mad with grief and despair. Ruin for her and her two children faces her if Jim is punished, and after a fiasco of a trial he is sentenced for life. Of all who surround her, men, women, and children, sympathetic, hard, or sneering, she leans only on Dan Butler, Jim's friend and companion on the fatal night. He, too, was too drunk to be able to clear Jim, so he says, but he acts the part of her true friend in the hour of trial, and Jim tells her to let Dan advise her when he is gone.

This she does, and he apparently makes it as easy for her as possible, though this is not easy, for she is vain and proud. But the time comes when neighbors talked and Dan talked, too. He told her Jim's lawyer said she could get a divorce because her husband was in prison. After withstanding temptation a long while, she finally falls and she and Dan are married. But it turns out that Jim is released and Dan is arrested for the crime for which Jim was punished. The murderer dies before his trial, and Jim and Maggie are reunited through their children.

That sounds like a vulgar tale, but it is not so as Mrs. Bengough tells it. It is a transcript from life, but it is life touched by an art which gilds the vulgarity. There is much more to the story than is here told. Dan Butler had his charm for Maggie, and one sympathizes with her, for her temptations from within and without were strong. Jim Sullivan takes on a nobility which commands the respect of even the most jaded reader.

The pathetic love story of Maggie's dying brother Hugh is one of the most touching things in the book, and the bickering, vain, mercurial, good hearted neighbors are depicted with humor and truth.

COVER OF MR. MABIE'S NEW BOOK.

[Copyright, 1902, by Dodd, Mead & Co.]



HAMILTON·WRIGHT·MABIE

Not the least interesting feature of Hamilton Wright Mabie's new book, "Under the Trees," are the pictures by Mr. Hinton. The volume is a handsome example of modern bookmaking.

HOLIDAY BOOKS FOR CHILDREN.

AMERICAN children owe much to the Beard family. For years Dan Beard has been telling boys what to do and how to do it, and how to make the traps and boats and tents that every healthy youngster likes to putter over, and now Lina Beard and Adelia B. Beard have taken up a similar work for girls. In "What a Girl Can Make and Do," a book of nearly 400 pages, they show what girls can make for themselves in a wide variety of things useful, entertaining, and instructive. The new girl is strong, healthy, and self-reliant, and there are instructions for home and outdoor sports as well. It is evident that the authors hope to develop a race of girls that can drive a nail straight, for the opening chapters are devoted to home carpentry. (Charles Scribner's Sons.)

In "The Boys of Waveney" (G. P. Putnam's Sons) Robert Leighton presents a story of life at an English educational institution, with its record of frolics, escapades, and the more serious side of a college career. It is a vivid picture of such a life, and is recommended to boys and young men whose notions of that form of existence have been drawn chiefly from "Tom Brown."

"Incaland," a story of adventure in the interior of Peru, with the closing chapters of the war between that country and Chile, which ended so disastrously for the former, is from the pen of Claude H. Wetmore (W. A. Wilde company), and is part of a series, the initial volume being "Fighting Under the Southern Cross." Mr. Wetmore is thoroughly at home when dealing with South American countries, and he treats in a graphic way of the opening up of the ancient mines from which the Incas drew their marvelous wealth, not forgetting to trace the resolute manner in which Peru set itself to work to retrieve the losses of its latest war. Young readers will find much to entertain and instruct in this story.

"Sweetbrier and Thistledown," by James Newton Baskett (W. A. Wilde company), is a pleasing story of western farm life, the hero being one Shan McBride. Shan, though simple in his mode of living, has always been a student, his principal text book being the great world about him. To trace the manner in which Shan rounds into a man such as we sometimes see but more frequently read of in fiction is the author's task, and the verdict of most readers will be that he accomplishes it with skill and fidelity. The story is elevating in its tone, and the "young person" may read it with profit and with entire safety.

A beautiful fairy book, called "The Reign of King Oberon," has come from J. M. Dent & Co., London. Many of the stories are old friends in new dresses, some from the pen of Andersen and Grimm and others from the pens of Ben Jonson, Thomas Hood, Charles Perrault, Thomas Crofton Croker, Benjamin Thorpe, Douglas Jerrold, and Sir George Dasent. All these delicious fairy tales, for they are delicious, have been served up in a new way under the careful supervision of Walter Jerrold. The illustrations are by Charles Robinson, and they are as pretty and as dainty as any fairy who ever existed for the delight of the child world. The cover design is a dream of color. A disappointment is in store for the child who gets an eye on the cover and does not find the book among its Christmas presents.

"Maid Sally," by Harriet A. Cheever, is a wholesome story for girls. The scene is Virginia in the days just prior to the revolution, though the action extends into the earlier years of the war. Maid Sally comes into the scene as Sally Dukeen of Silpside Row, and makes her exit as Miss Sarah du Quesne of Ingleside. The girl's life is a hard one while she is the household drudge of Mistress Cory Ann. She has cheery friendships, however, with Goodwife Kendall and the parson. Sally's daring night ride to rescue Master Lionel gives a touch of the dramatic to the book. The story is fresh and charming. There are eight full page illustrations by Bertha G. Davidson. (Dana Estes & Co., Boston.)

"Games and Gambols" is the name of a book for the little folk. It is an English publication imported by Charles Scribner's Sons. The games and gambols are indulged in by animals of different kinds, who are dressed as little boys and girls, and who take as much pleasure in their sports as do any human youngsters alive. The illustrations are all full page, are beautifully drawn, and richly colored. The fun that the bear, the mouse, the rabbit, the fox, and the rest are having is told about in verse. "Games and Gambols" is one of the most attractive books of the season. The verses are by John Brymer and the illustrations are by Henry B. Neilson.

A great deal has been written concerning Gen. St. Clair, Ohio's first governor, but every new chapter in his eventful history is sure to find readers. "On the Frontier with St. Clair," by Charles S. Wood (W. A. Wilde company), is a story of the disastrous campaign that holds so unique and important a position in Ohio's early annals. The whole country mourned for the brave officers and men who lost their lives in that unfortunate campaign, and their heroism and devotion became the theme of many a popular ballad. On this historical foundation Mr. Wood has built a story full of adventure, with more than a dash of Indian warfare, which young people, boys especially, will read with deep interest.

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